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**TPC Benchmark <sup>TM</sup> H**  
**Full Disclosure Report**  
**DELL PowerEdge 6800/800FSB**  
**Using**  
**Red Hat Enterprise Linux AS Version 3.0**  
**And**  
**Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition with**  
**RAC**



**First Edition**

**Submitted for Review**

**April 24, 2006**

Dell Computer Corp PowerEdge 6800 Server with Red Hat Enterprise Linux AS version 3.0 and Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition with RAC

First Printing April 2006

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## Abstract

This report documents the methodology and results of the TPC Benchmark H test conducted on a cluster of 2 PowerEdge 6800 Servers using Oracle database 10g Release 2 in conformance with the requirements of the TPC-H Benchmark Specification. The operating system used for the benchmark was Red Hat Enterprise Linux Advanced Server 3.0.

Hardware	Software	Total System Cost
<b>2xDell PowerEdge 6800 with Quad Dual-Core 3.0GHz Intel Xeon MP Dell PowerVault 22XS Storage Enclosures</b>	<b>Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition Red Hat Enterprise Linux AS version 3.0</b>	<b>USD \$460,004</b>

<b>TPC-H Power@300GB</b>	<b>TPC-H Throughput@300GB</b>	<b><a href="#">QphH@300GB</a></b>	<b>\$/QphH@300GB</b>
<b>22,547.0</b>	<b>15,811.0</b>	<b>18,881.0</b>	<b>USD \$24.37</b>

The Transaction Processing Performance Council (TPC) developed the TPC-H Benchmark. The TPC was founded to define transactions processing benchmarks and to disseminate objective, verifiable performance data to the industry.

In order to verify compliance to the TPC-H benchmark specification, Lorna Livingtree, Performance Metrics, Inc., audited the benchmark configuration, environment and methodology used to produce and validate the test results, and the pricing model used to calculate the price/performance.



**DELL**  
**PowerEdge 6800/800FSB**  
**with Oracle Database 10g**  
**R2**

**TPC-H Revision**  
**2.3.0**

**Report Date:**  
**April 24, 2006**

**Total System Cost**  
**USD \$460,004**

**TPC-H Composite Query**  
**per Hour**  
**18,881.0 QphH@300GB**

**Price/Performance**  
**USD**  
**\$24.37/QphH@300GB**

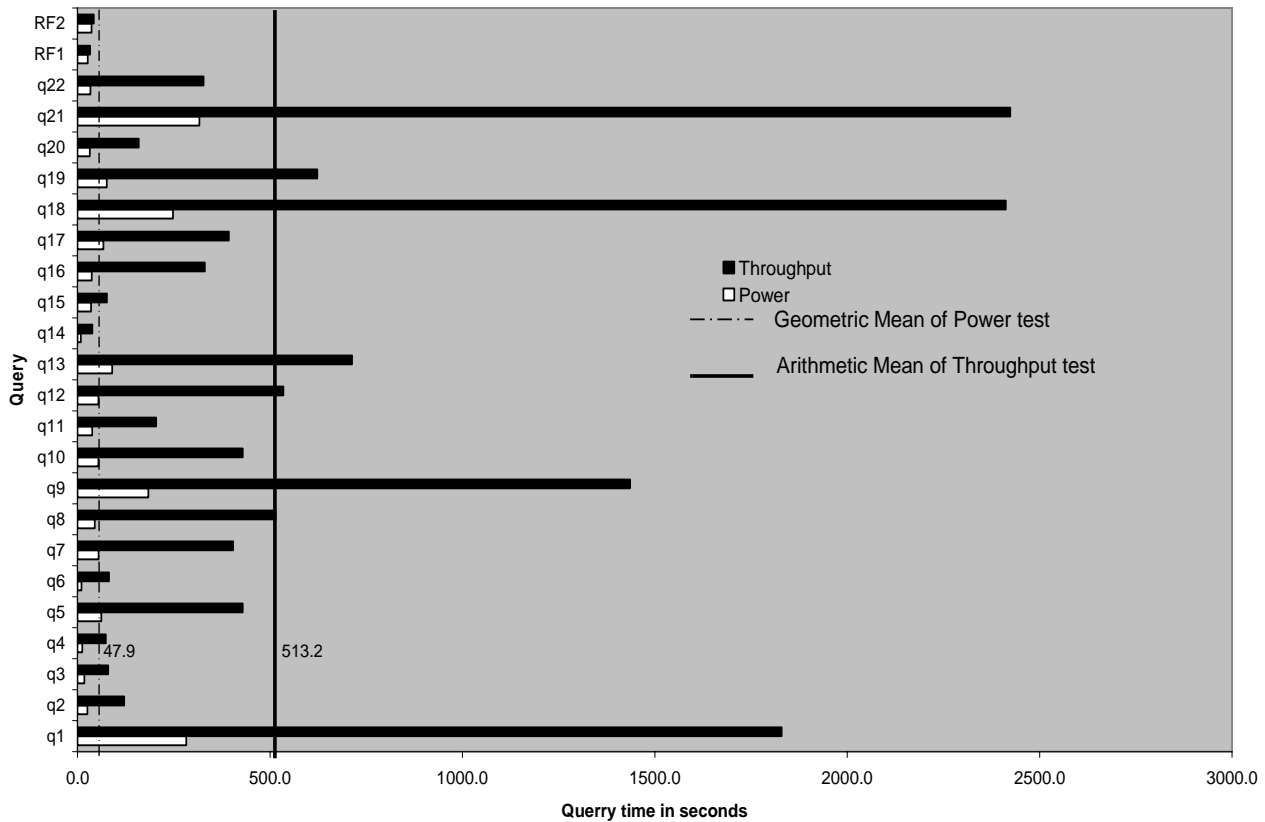
**Database Size**  
**300GB**

**Database Manager**  
 Oracle Database 10g Release 2  
 Enterprise Edition with Oracle Real  
 Application Clusters and  
 Partitioning

**Operating System**  
 Red Hat Enterprise Linux  
 Advanced Server v3.0

**Other Software**

**Availability Date**  
**April 24, 2006**



**Database Load Time**  
 1:55:48

**Total Disk/Database Size**  
 24.16

**Load Includes Backup**  
 N

**RAID (Base tables only) : N**

**RAID (Base tables and auxiliary data structures) : N**

**RAID (Everything) : Y**

**System Configuration :** 2 nodes  
**Processors/Cores/Threads (per node) :** 4/8/16 3.0GHz/2x2MB L3 Intel Xeon MP  
**Memory: (per node) :** 16GB RAM  
**Disk Drives: 214 Drives;** 105 – 36GB 15k, FC HDD ; 105 - 73GB 15K, FC HDD ; 4 – 36GB 15K SCSI, OS

“Database Size includes only raw data (e.g., no temp, index, redundant storage space, etc.)”

Dell		PowerEdge 6800/800FSB		TPC-H EXECUTIVE SUMMARY PAGE 2 OF 2			
		Client/Server		Report Date: 24-Apr-06			
Description	Part Number	Third Party Brand	Pricing	Unit Price	Qty	Extended Price	3 yr. Maint. Price
<b>Server Hardware</b>							
Dell PowerEdge 6800 / 800FSB	222-0684			18,882	2	37,764	600
Includes :							
Intel Xeon MP 3.0GHz / 2x2MB L3 - 4 processors	311-5643			0	2	-	-
16 GB,DDR2, 8 x 2048MB DIMMS	311-4658			0	2	-	-
36 GB U320M SCSI 15K RPM Hard Drive	340-1897			0	4	-	-
Dell 15" Monitor	320-4599			0	2	-	-
Crossover cable	43-425			2	3	5	-
QLA2342 2GB OPT HBA	221-1293			1,490	6	8,940	0
QLA2462 4GB OPT HBA	222-0423			1,339	8	10,712	0
<b>Subtotal</b>						<b>57,421</b>	<b>600</b>
<b>PowerVault Disk Subsystem</b>							
CX300 DPE 2Gbps, 15x73GB, 15K	221-6878, etc.			22,387	7	156,709	32,393
DAE2 Enclosure, 15x36GB 15K FC-2, 5M FC2 Cables	221-0894			17,636	7	123,452	13,181
42U Rack	220-4492			964	2	1,928	-
<b>Subtotal</b>						<b>282,089</b>	<b>45,574</b>
<b>Server Software</b>							
Oracle Database 10g Release 2, Enter. Ed.,Named User Plus, 3yrs				10,000	8**	80,000	
Partitioning, Named User Plus, 3yrs				2,500	8**	20,000	
Oracle Real Application Clusters, Named User Plus, 3yrs				5,000	8**	40,000	
Oracle Database Server Support Package for 3yrs, per server				4,000	3		12,000
Oracle Mandatory E-Business Discount						(\$22,800)	0
Red Hat Enterprise Linux Advanced Server, 3yrs SUB NFI	420-4250			2,699	2	5,398	0
<b>Subtotal</b>						<b>122,598</b>	<b>12,000</b>
<b>**** Other Discounts</b>						<b>(60,278)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>						<b>401,830</b>	<b>58,174</b>
Notes: * Maint. included in PowerVault 220S disk pod or PV650F/630F fibre channel disk pod						<b>Three-Year Cost of Ownership: USD \$460,004</b>	
** Oracle Pricing Contact: MaryBeth Pierantoni, mary.beth.pierantoni@oracle.com,916-315-5081						<b>QphH Rating: 18881.00</b>	
8 = 16*0.50. Explanation: For purposes of counting the number of processors which require licensing, an Intel multicore chip with "n" cores shall be determined by multiplying "n" cores by a factor of 0.50.							
*** Pricing: 1 - Dell 2 - Oracle 3 - Computer Network Associates							
**** 15.4% Discount based upon total system cost as purchased by a regular customer on Dell hardware and services. Pricing may be verified by calling 1-800-BUY-DELL referencing quote numbers 288117585 as complex quotes.						<b>USD \$ / QphH: 24.37</b>	
<b>Audited by Lorna Livingtree, Performance Metrics Inc.</b>							



**DELL**  
**PowerEdge 6800/800FSB**  
**w/ Oracle 10g R2 / RHEL**  
**v3.0**

**TPC-H Revision**  
**2.3.0**

**Report Date:**  
**April 24, 2006**

**Numerical Quantities Summary**

**Measurement Results:**

Database Scale Factor	300
Total Data Storage/Database Size	24.16
Start of Database Load	04/11/2006 10:33:13
End of Database Load	04/11/2006 12:29:01
Database Load Time	1:55:48
Query Streams for Throughput Test	8
TPC-H Power	22,547.0
TPC-H Throughput	15,811.0
TPC-H Composite Query-per-Hour Metric (QpH@300GB)	18,881.0
Total System Price Over 3 Years	\$460,004
TPC-H Price Performance Metric (\$/QpH@300GB)	USD \$24.37

**Measurement Interval:**

Measurement Interval in Throughput Test (Ts) = 12,022.0 seconds

**Duration of stream execution:**

	Seed	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	Duration
<b>Stream00</b>	411122901	04/11/2006 16:26:16	04/11/2006 16:56:01	0:29:45
<b>Stream01</b>	411122902	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:04:23	3:07:44
<b>Stream02</b>	411122903	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:01:47	3:05:08
<b>Stream03</b>	411122904	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:07:33	3:10:54
<b>Stream04</b>	411122905	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:02:35	3:05:56
<b>Stream05</b>	411122906	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:02:51	3:06:12
<b>Stream06</b>	411122907	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:04:06	3:07:27
<b>Stream07</b>	411122908	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 20:07:54	3:11:15
<b>Stream08</b>	411122909	04/11/2006 16:56:39	04/11/2006 19:58:26	3:01:47
<b>Refresh00</b>		04/11/2006 16:25:49	04/11/2006 16:26:16	0:00:27
		04/11/2006 16:56:01	04/11/2006 16:56:38	0:00:37
<b>Refresh01</b>		04/11/2006 20:07:54	04/11/2006 20:08:58	0:01:04
<b>Refresh02</b>		04/11/2006 20:08:58	04/11/2006 20:10:06	0:01:08
<b>Refresh03</b>		04/11/2006 20:10:06	04/11/2006 20:11:08	0:01:02
<b>Refresh04</b>		04/11/2006 20:11:08	04/11/2006 20:12:15	0:01:07
<b>Refresh05</b>		04/11/2006 20:12:15	04/11/2006 20:13:24	0:01:09
<b>Refresh06</b>		04/11/2006 20:13:24	04/11/2006 20:14:32	0:01:08
<b>Refresh07</b>		04/11/2006 20:14:32	04/11/2006 20:15:47	0:01:15
<b>Refresh08</b>		04/11/2006 20:15:47	04/11/2006 20:17:01	0:01:14



## Numerical Quantities Summary

### Timing Intervals in Seconds:

<b>Query</b>	<b>Q1</b>	<b>Q2</b>	<b>Q3</b>	<b>Q4</b>	<b>Q5</b>	<b>Q6</b>	<b>Q7</b>	<b>Q8</b>
Stream00	282.8	25.7	17.4	12.5	61.7	10.3	55.0	44.6
Stream01	1512.8	69.6	80.1	33.4	339.5	41.4	277.4	211.9
Stream02	1434.3	121.5	49.9	62.0	412.3	25.6	336.2	295.5
Stream03	1673.1	62.3	32.7	73.4	429.3	63.1	314.9	514.5
Stream04	1663.7	69.7	42.0	68.6	312.3	41.7	328.9	191.0
Stream05	1826.3	108.8	61.4	51.1	383.8	81.8	404.3	197.2
Stream06	1729.6	90.1	40.2	56.5	388.2	53.7	342.7	258.0
Stream07	1829.7	71.0	56.8	58.2	322.7	13.1	322.0	214.8
Stream08	1502.5	66.3	58.8	59.3	329.6	50.9	266.9	182.9
Min Qi	1434.3	62.3	32.7	33.4	312.3	13.1	266.9	182.9
Max Qi	1829.7	121.5	80.1	73.4	429.3	81.8	404.3	514.5
Avg Qi	1646.5	82.4	52.7	57.8	364.7	46.4	324.1	258.2
<b>Query</b>	<b>Q9</b>	<b>Q10</b>	<b>Q11</b>	<b>Q12</b>	<b>Q13</b>	<b>Q14</b>	<b>Q15</b>	<b>Q16</b>
Stream00	184.2	54.7	37.8	54.4	90.2	8.5	35.0	37.0
Stream01	1275.2	372.3	146.8	330.2	666.7	38.7	75.1	291.9
Stream02	1246.2	429.7	175.7	285.6	570.9	29.6	63.4	272.0
Stream03	1268.3	327.5	132.0	130.3	713.1	20.4	59.0	159.4
Stream04	1220.0	362.0	197.1	422.0	627.9	35.7	76.6	330.9
Stream05	1196.1	338.1	204.6	331.7	570.1	35.0	55.4	256.1
Stream06	1351.8	127.1	180.1	534.9	527.1	17.3	34.8	300.5
Stream07	1436.0	245.6	153.7	183.5	644.6	18.1	32.2	65.4
Stream08	1302.0	380.9	125.9	400.3	559.1	34.7	68.2	309.8
Min Qi	1196.1	127.1	125.9	130.3	527.1	17.3	32.2	65.4
Max Qi	1436.0	429.7	204.6	534.9	713.1	38.7	76.6	330.9
Avg Qi	1286.9	322.9	164.5	327.3	609.9	28.7	58.1	248.2
<b>Query</b>	<b>Q17</b>	<b>Q18</b>	<b>Q19</b>	<b>Q20</b>	<b>Q21</b>	<b>Q22</b>	<b>RF1</b>	<b>RF2</b>
Stream00	67.7	248.3	75.9	31.7	316.7	33.7	26.8	36.5
Stream01	263.4	2019.3	465.4	143.4	2282.2	327.2	24.5	39.8
Stream02	319.6	1986.9	471.6	154.6	2131.2	233.8	27.0	40.5
Stream03	321.8	1980.6	396.7	139.7	2423.7	217.9	25.7	36.6
Stream04	148.9	2073.3	514.1	93.1	2128.3	208.1	28.0	38.5
Stream05	374.8	1789.2	449.4	131.9	2083.1	241.0	28.0	40.9
Stream06	339.4	1898.2	444.0	152.5	2110.2	270.0	30.8	37.2
Stream07	393.1	2411.8	189.9	158.9	2421.5	232.2	32.9	42.3
Stream08	157.7	2004.3	623.2	135.2	2046.1	241.8	32.0	41.6
Min Qi	148.9	1789.2	189.9	93.1	2046.1	208.1	24.5	36.6
Max Qi	393.1	2411.8	623.2	158.9	2423.7	327.2	32.9	42.3
Avg Qi	289.8	2020.5	444.3	138.7	2203.3	246.5	28.6	39.7

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# General Items

## Test Sponsor

*A statement identifying the benchmark sponsor(s) and other participating companies must be provided.*

DELL is the sponsor of this TPC Benchmark™ H result.

## Parameter Settings

*Settings must be provided for all customer-tunable parameters and options that have been changed from the defaults found in actual products, including but not limited to:*

- *Database Tuning Options*
- *Optimizer/Query execution options*
- *Query processing tool/language configuration parameters*
- *Recovery/commit options*
- *Consistency/locking options*
- *Operating system and configuration parameter*
- *Configuration parameters and options for any other software in the pricing structure*
- *Compiler optimization options*

*Providing a full list of all parameters and options can satisfy this requirement, as long as all those that have been modified from their default values have been clearly identified and these parameters and options are only set once.*

**Comment 1:** *In the event that some parameters and options are set multiple times, it must be easily discernible by an interested reader when the parameter or option was modified and what new value it received each time.*

**Comment 2:** *This requirement can be satisfied by providing a full list of all parameters and options, as long as all those that have been modified from their default values have been clearly identified and these parameters and options are only set once.*

Details of system and database configurations and parameters are provided in Appendix A.

## Configuration Items

*Diagrams of both measured and priced configurations must be provided, accompanied by a description of the differences. This includes, but is not limited to:*

- *Number and type of processors*
- *Size of allocated memory, and any specific mapping/partitioning of memory in the test.*
- *Number and type of disk units (and controllers, if applicable).*
- *Number of channels or bus connections to disk units, including their protocol type.*
- *Number of LAN (e.g. Ethernet) Connections, including routers, workstations, terminals, etc., that were physically used in the test or are incorporated into the pricing structure.*

- *Type and the run-time execution location of software components (e.g., DBMS, query processing tools/languages, middle-ware components, software drivers, etc.).*

The System Under Test (SUT), 2x DELL PowerEdge 6800/800FSB Servers, depicted in the next diagram consists of:

- 8 - 3.0GHz Intel ® Xeon MP Processors, each with 2x2MB of L3 cache.
- 32GB RAM.
- 8 – Qlogic 2462 PCIe HBAs.
- 6 - Qlogic 2342 PCI-X HBAs.
- 7x CX300 DPE 2Gbs
- 7x DAE enclosures
- 105 – 73GB, 15k FC2
- 105 – 36GB, 15K FC2

Per *Clause 7.1.1*:

*Specifically excluded from the priced system calculation are:*

- *End-user communication devices and related cables, connectors, and concentrators;*
- *Equipment and tools used exclusively in the production of the full disclosure report;*
- *Equipment and tools used exclusively for the execution of the DBGEN or QGEN (see Clause 2.1.4 and Clause 4.2.1) programs.*

## Measured and Priced Configuration

The measured and priced configurations are the same.

### PE6800A

800 Mhz FSB  
 4xIntel Xeon MP 3.0GHz/2x2MB-L3  
 16 GB DDR  
 4xQLE2462 FC HBA  
 3x QLA2342 FC HBA  
 2x36GB, U320, 15K SCSI

### PE6800B

800 Mhz FSB  
 4xIntel Xeon MP 3.0GHz/2x2MB-L3  
 16 GB DDR  
 4xQLE2462 FC HBA  
 3x QLA2342 FC HBA  
 2x36GB, U320, 15K SCSI

### DBMS

Oracle 10g R2 w/ RAC

### OS

Red Hat Linux AS 3.0 w/  
 2.4.21-37.ELsmp kernel

### DBMS

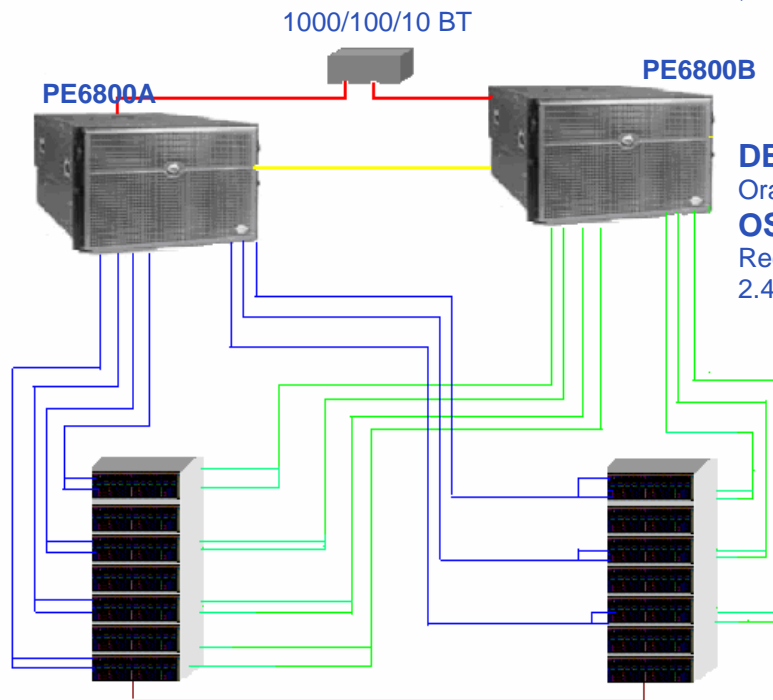
Oracle 10g R2 w/ RAC

### OS

Red Hat Linux AS 3.0 w/  
 2.4.21-37.ELsmp kernel

4x CX300 DPE w/  
 15x73GB,15k,FC  
 4x DAE encl. w/  
 15x36GB,15k,FC

3x CX300 DPE w/  
 15x73GB,15k,FC  
 3x DAE encl. w/  
 15x36GB,15k,FC



# Clause 1: Logical Database Design

## Table Definitions

*Listings must be provided for all table definition statements and all other statements used to set up the test and qualification databases.*

Appendix B contains the scripts that create and analyze the tables and indexes for the TPC-H database.

## Physical Organization of Database

*The physical organization of tables and indices, within the test and qualification databases, must be disclosed. If the column ordering of any table is different from that specified in Clause 1.4, it must be noted.*

No record clustering or index clustering was used for this benchmark. Column ordering was reordered in tables. Refer to the table create statements in Appendix B for further details.

## Horizontal Partitioning

*Horizontal partitioning of tables and rows in the test and qualification databases (see Clause 1.5.4) must be disclosed.*

Horizontal partitioning was used for all base and index tables except NATION and REGION. The details of this partitioning can be understood by examining the syntax of the table and index definition statements in Appendix B. Similar partitioning was used in the qualification database.

## Replication

*Any replication of physical objects must be disclosed and must conform to the requirements of Clause 1.5.6.*

Replication was not used for this benchmark.

## Clause 2: Queries and Update Functions

### Query Language

*The query language used to implement the queries must be identified.*

SQL was the query language used to implement all queries.

### Random Number Generation

*The method of verification for the random number generation must be described unless the supplied DBGEN and QGEN were used.*

Version 2.3.0 of DBGEN and version 2.3.0 of QGEN were used to generate the random numbers for this TPC-H benchmark.

### Substitution Parameters Generation

*The method used to generate values for substitution parameters must be disclosed. If QGEN is not used for this purpose, then the source code of any non-commercial tool used must be disclosed. If QGEN is used, the version number, release number, modification number and patch level of QGEN must be disclosed.*

QGEN version 2.3.0 was used to generate the substitution parameters.

### Query Text and Output Data from Database

*The executable query text used for query validation must be disclosed along with the corresponding output data generated during the execution of the query text against the qualification database. If minor modifications (see Clause 2.2.3) have been applied to any functional query definitions or approved variants in order to obtain executable query text, these modifications must be disclosed and justified. The justification for a particular minor query modification can apply collectively to all queries for which it has been used. The output data for the power and throughput tests must be made available electronically upon request.*

Appendix D contains the query text and query output. The minor query modifications used in this implementation include the following:

Variant A of query 15 was used for this benchmark.

### Query Substitution Parameters and Seeds Used

*All the query substitution parameters used during the performance test must be disclosed in tabular format, along with the seeds used to generate these parameters.*

Appendix E contains the seed and query substitution parameters.

### Isolation Level

*The isolation level used to run the queries must be disclosed. If the isolation level does not map closely to one of the isolation levels defined in Clause 3.4, additional descriptive detail must be provided.*

The queries and transactions were run with isolation level 3 (repeatable read).

## **Refresh Function Source Code**

*The details of how the refresh functions were implemented must be disclosed (including source code of any non-commercial program used).*

The source code for the refresh functions is included in Appendix F.



# Clause 3: Database System Properties

## Atomicity

*The results of the ACID tests must be disclosed along with a description of how the ACID requirements were met. This includes disclosing the code written to implement the ACID Transaction and Query.*

## Atomicity of Completed Transaction

*Perform the ACID Transaction for a randomly selected set of input data and verify that the appropriate rows have been changed in the ORDER, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.*

1. The total prices from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1.
3. The ACID Transaction was committed.
4. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key. It was verified that the appropriate rows had been changed.

Appendix C contains source code for ACID transactions.

## Aborted Transaction

*Perform the ACID transaction for a randomly selected set of input data, substituting a ROLLBACK of the transaction for the COMMIT of the transaction. Verify that the appropriate rows have not been changed in the ORDER, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.*

1. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1. The transaction was stopped prior to the commit.
3. The ACID Transaction was rolled back.
4. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key, and verified to not have changed.

## Consistency

*A consistent state for the TPC-H database is defined to exist when:*

$$O\_TOTALPRICE = SUM (trunc (trunc (L\_EXTENDEDPRICE *(1 - L\_DISCOUNT), 2) * (1+L\_TAX), 2)) \text{ for each ORDERS and LINEITEM defined by } (O\_ORDERKEY = L\_ORDERKEY)$$

## Consistency Test

*Verify that ORDER and LINEITEM tables are initially consistent, submit the prescribed number of ACID Transactions with randomly selected input parameters, and re-verify the consistency of the ORDER and LINEITEM tables.*

1. The consistency of the ORDER and LINEITEM tables was verified based on a sample of O\_ORDERKEYs.
2. 100 ACID transactions were submitted from each of 8 execution streams.

3. The consistency of the ORDER and LINEITEM tables was verified a second time with the same O\_ORDERKEYs.

## **Isolation**

*Operations of concurrent transactions must yield results which are indistinguishable from the results which would be obtained by forcing each transaction to be serially executed to completion in some order.*

### **Read-Write Conflict with Commit**

*Demonstrate isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the read-write transaction is committed.*

1. An ACID transaction was started for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID transaction was suspended prior to commit.
2. An ACID query was started for the same O\_KEY used in step 1. The ACID query completed and did not see the uncommitted changes made by the ACID transaction.
3. The ACID transaction was committed.

### **Read-Write Conflict with Rollback**

*Demonstrate isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the read-write transaction is rolled back.*

1. An ACID transaction was started for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID transaction was suspended prior to rollback.
2. An ACID query was started for the same O\_KEY used in step 1. The ACID query completed and did not see the uncommitted changes made by the ACID transaction.
3. The ACID transaction was rolled back.

### **Write-Write Conflict with Commit**

*Demonstrate isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is committed.*

1. An ACID transaction, T1, was started for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID transaction was suspended prior to commit.
2. A second ACID transaction, T2, was started using the same O\_KEY and L\_KEY and a different randomly selected DELTA.
3. T2 waited.
4. T1 was allowed to commit and then T2 completed.
5. It was verified that T2.L\_EXTENDPRICE was calculated correctly.

### **Write-Write Conflict with Rollback**

*Demonstrate isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is rolled back.*

1. An ACID transaction, T1, was started for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID transaction was suspended prior to rollback.
2. A second ACID transaction, T2, was started using the same O\_KEY and L\_KEY and a different randomly selected DELTA.

3. T2 waited.
4. T1 was allowed to rollback and then T2 completed.
5. It was verified that T2.L\_EXTENDPRICE was calculated correctly.

### **Concurrent Read and Write Transactions on Different Tables**

*Demonstrate the ability of read and write transactions affecting different database tables to make progress concurrently.*

The following steps were performed:

1. An ACID Transaction T1 for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA. The ACID Transaction T1 was suspended prior to commit.
2. Another ACID Transaction T2 was started using random values for PS\_PARTKEY and PS\_SUPPKEY.
3. T2 completed.
4. T1 completed and the appropriate rows in the ORDER, LINEITEM and HISTORY tables were changed.

### **Update Transactions during Continuous Read-Only Query Stream**

*Demonstrate the continuous submission of arbitrary (read-only) queries against one or more tables of the database does not indefinitely delay update transactions affecting those tables from making progress.*

The following steps were performed:

1. An ACID Transaction T1 was started, executing Q1 against the qualification database. The substitution parameter was chosen from the interval [0..2159] so that the query ran for a sufficient amount of time.
2. Before T1 completed, an ACID Transaction T2 was started using randomly selected values of O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA.
3. T2 completed before T1 completed.
4. It was verified that the appropriate rows in the ORDER, LINEITEM and HISTORY tables were changed.

### **Durability**

*The tested system must guarantee durability: the ability to preserve the effects of committed transactions and insure database consistency after recovery from any one of the failures listed in Clause 3.5.2.*

### **Failure of a Durable Medium**

*Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across a permanent irrecoverable failure of any single durable medium containing TPC-H database tables or recovery log tables.*

The database logs were stored on a RAID-10.

The tables for the database were stored on RAID-10 stripes.

During the test, one disk from the DELL\_EMG DAE enclosure containing data and re-do log files was removed. As all data and re-do log files resided on RAID 10 volumes, the test continued uninterrupted.

## **System Crash**

*Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across an instantaneous interruption (system crash/system hang) in processing which requires the system to reboot to recover.*

1. The qualification database was brought up on both nodes.
2. Eight streams of ACID transactions were started.
3. While the streams of ACID transactions were running the system was powered off.
4. When power was restored the system rebooted and the database was restarted.
5. The database went through a recovery period.
6. The success file and the HISTORY table counts were compared, and they matched.

## **Memory Failure**

*Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across failure of all or part of memory (loss of contents).*

The system crash test and the memory failure test were combined. See the previous section.

Appendix C contains source code for all transactions.

## Clause 4: Scaling and Database Population

### Initial Cardinality of Tables

The cardinality (e.g., the number of rows) of each table of the test database, as it existed at the completion of the database load (see clause 4.2.5) must be disclosed.

#### *Initial number of rows*

Table	Occurrences
Orders	450,000,000
Lineitem	1,799,989,091
Customer	45,000,000
Part	60,000,000
Supplier	3,000,000
Partsupp	240,000,000
Nation	25
Region	5

### Distribution of Tables and Logs Across Media

The distribution of tables and logs across all media must be explicitly described.

The Oracle 10g Database was stored on a shared-storage system composed of the following:

7 x DELL\_EMCCX300 FC Storage Processors each with 15x73GB, 15K FC disks  
7 x DAE enclosure each with 36GB, 15k rpm, FC disk drives

14 logical volumes were configured each spanning 14 physical drives across both CX300 DPE and DAE enclosures in a RAID10 formation. Both nodes had 2 36GB, SCSI disks each for the operating system.

Each logical volume had 3 Linux partitions except for volume6 and volume14, which had 4 partitions. Each logical volume had an ext2 Linux file system for flat file storage and raw partitions for the database and temp files. Volume6 and Volume14 each had an extra raw partition for the Oracle Cluster Registry (OCR) and Voting disk respectively. The database raw partitions were configured into an Automatic Storage Management (ASM) disk group. Oracle ASM transparently managed the placement of the database and log data onto the shared-storage system.

A detailed description of distribution of database file groups and log can be found below.

### Distribution of Storage

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 1 191941MB			HBA # 0		Bart		
Partition			Slot# 1		Storage Processor A		
1	2	3	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdc1 Raw1 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdc2 ff1 Flat files 30282525KB ext2 FS	/dev/sdc3 raw31 Temp files 49070542KB Raw FS	1	A0-1	A1-1		
			2	A0-2	A1-2		
			3	A0-3	A1-3		
			4	A0-4	A1-4		
			5	A0-5	A1-5		
			6	A0-6	A1-6		
			7	A0-7	A1-7		
			8				
			9				
			10				
			11				
			12				
			13				
			14				

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 2 236472MB			HBA # 0		Bart		
Partition			Slot# 1		Storage Processor B		
1	2	3	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdh1 Raw2 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdh2 ff2 Flat files 30282525KB ext2 FS	/dev/sdh3 raw32 Temp files 94671045KB Raw FS	1				
			2				
			3				
			4				
			5				
			6				
			7				
			8	A0-8	A1-8		
			9	A0-9	A1-9		
			10	A0-10	A1-10		
			11	A0-11	A1-11		
			12	A0-12	A1-12		
			13	A0-13	A1-13		
			14	A0-14	A1-14		

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 3 191941MB			HBA # 1		Jonah		

Partition			Slot# 2		Storage Processor A			
1	2	3		FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdk1 Raw3 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdk2 ff3 Flat files 30282525KB ext2 FS	/dev/sdk3 raw33 Temp Files 49070542KB Raw FS		1	A0-1	A1-1		
				2	A0-2	A1-2		
				3	A0-3	A1-3		
				4	A0-4	A1-4		
				5	A0-5	A1-5		
				6	A0-6	A1-6		
				7	A0-7	A1-7		
				8				
				9				
				10				
				11				
				12				
				13				
				14				

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration					
Volume 4 236472MB			HBA # 1		Jonah			
Partition			Slot# 2		Storage Processor B			
1	2	3		FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdp1 Raw4 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdp2 ff4 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sdp3 raw34 Temp file 94671045KB Raw FS		1				
				2				
				3				
				4				
				5				
				6				
				7				
				8	A0-8	A1-8		
				9	A0-9	A1-9		
				10	A0-10	A1-10		
				11	A0-11	A1-11		
				12	A0-12	A1-12		
				13	A0-13	A1-13		
				14	A0-14	A1-14		

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration				CX300 FC Configuration			
Volume 5 191941MB				HBA # 2		Barney	
Partition			Slot# 3	Storage Processor A			
1			2	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1	
/dev/sds1 Raw5 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sds2 ff5 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sds3 raw35 Temp files 49070542KB Raw FS		1	A0-1	A1-1	
				2	A0-2	A1-2	
				3	A0-3	A1-3	
				4	A0-4	A1-4	
				5	A0-5	A1-5	
				6	A0-6	A1-6	
				7	A0-7	A1-7	
				8			
				9			
				10			
				11			
				12			
				13			
				14			

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration				CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 6 236472MB				HBA # 2		Barney		
Partition			Slot# 3	Storage Processor B				
1	2	3	4	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdx1 raw6 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	..dx2 Raw15 OCR 200MB Raw FS	/dev/sdx3 ff6 Flat Files 29573MB Ext2 FS	..sdx4 raw36 Temp 90GB Raw FS		1			
					2			
					3			
					4			
					5			
					6			
					7			
					8	A0-8	A1-8	
					9	A0-9	A1-9	
					10	A0-10	A1-10	
					11	A0-11	A1-11	
					12	A0-12	A1-12	
					13	A0-13	A1-13	
					14	A0-14	A1-14	



Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration					
Volume 7 191941MB			HBA # 3 Homer					
Partition			Slot# 4		Storage Processor A			
1	2	3		FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdaa1 raw7 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdaa2 ff7 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sdaa3 raw37 Temp files 49070542KB Raw FS		1	A0-1	A1-1		
				2	A0-2	A1-2		
				3	A0-3	A1-3		
				4	A0-4	A1-4		
				5	A0-5	A1-5		
				6	A0-6	A1-6		
				7	A0-7	A1-7		
				8				
				9				
				10				
				11				
				12				
				13				
				14				

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration					
Volume 8 236472MB			HBA # 3 Homer					
Partition			Slot# 4		Storage Processor B			
1	2	3		FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdaf1 raw8 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdaf2 ff8 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sdaf3 raw38 Temp files 94671045KB Raw FS		1				
				2				
				3				
				4				
				5				
				6				
				7				
				8	A0-8	A1-8		
				9	A0-9	A1-9		
				10	A0-10	A1-10		
				11	A0-11	A1-11		
				12	A0-12	A1-12		
				13	A0-13	A1-13		
				14	A0-14	A1-14		

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 9 191941MB			HBA # 4 Kuky				
Partition			Slot# 5		Storage Processor A		
1	2	3	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdai1 Raw9 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdai2 ff9 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sdai3 raw39 Temp files 49070542KB Raw FS	1	A0-1	A1-1		
			2	A0-2	A1-2		
			3	A0-3	A1-3		
			4	A0-4	A1-4		
			5	A0-5	A1-5		
			6	A0-6	A1-6		
			7	A0-7	A1-7		
			8				
			9				
			10				
			11				
			12				
			13				
			14				

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 10 236472MB			HBA # 4 Kuky				
Partition			Slot# 5		Storage Processor B		
1	2	3	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdan1 Raw10 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdan2 ff10 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sdan3 ff40 Temp Files 94671045KB Raw FS	1				
			2				
			3				
			4				
			5				
			6				
			7				
			8	A0-8	A1-8		
			9	A0-9	A1-9		
			10	A0-10	A1-10		
			11	A0-11	A1-11		
			12	A0-12	A1-12		
			13	A0-13	A1-13		
			14	A0-14	A1-14		

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration	CX300 FC Configuration
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Volume 11 191941MB			HBA # 5				Bob
Partition			Slot# 6	Storage Processor A			
1		2	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdaq1 raw11 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdaq2 ff11 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sdaq3 /raw41 Temp Files 49070542KB Raw FS	1	A0-1	A1-1		
			2	A0-2	A1-2		
			3	A0-3	A1-3		
			4	A0-4	A1-4		
			5	A0-5	A1-5		
			6	A0-6	A1-6		
			7	A0-7	A1-7		
			8				
			9				
			10				
			11				
			12				
			13				
			14				

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 12 236472MB			HBA # 5				Bob
Partition			Slot# 6	Storage Processor B			
1		2	FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdav1 Raw12 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sdav2 ff12 Flat Files 30282525KB ext2 FS	/dev/sdav3 raw42 Temp files 94671045KB Raw FS	1				
			2				
			3				
			4				
			5				
			6				
			7				
			8	A0-8	A1-8		
			9	A0-9	A1-9		
			10	A0-10	A1-10		
			11	A0-11	A1-11		
			12	A0-12	A1-12		
			13	A0-13	A1-13		
			14	A0-14	A1-14		

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration			CX300 FC Configuration				
Volume 13 191941MB			HBA # 6				Itchy

Partition			Slot# 7		Storage Processor A			
1	2	3		FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sday1 raw13 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	/dev/sday2 ff13 Flat Files 30282525KB Ext2 FS	/dev/sday3 raw43 Temp files 94671045KB Raw FS		1	A0-1	A1-1		
				2	A0-2	A1-2		
				3	A0-3	A1-3		
				4	A0-4	A1-4		
				5	A0-5	A1-5		
				6	A0-6	A1-6		
				7	A0-7	A1-7		
				8				
				9				
				10				
				11				
				12				
				13				
				14				

Red Hat Linux AS v3.0 Disk Administration				CX300 FC Configuration					
Volume 14 236472MB						HBA # 6		Itchy	
Partition				Slot# 7		Storage Processor B			
1	2	3	4		FC ID	Enc. 0	Enc. 1		
/dev/sdbd1 raw14 DB data 117194143KB Raw FS	...bd2 Raw16 Vote dsk 200MB Raw FS	..bd3 ff14 Flat Files 29573MB ext2 FS	..bd4 Raw44 Temp 90GB Raw FS		1				
					2				
					3				
					4				
					5				
					6				
					7				
					8	A0-8	A1-8		
					9	A0-9	A1-9		
					10	A0-10	A1-10		
					11	A0-11	A1-11		
					12	A0-12	A1-12		
					13	A0-13	A1-13		
					14	A0-14	A1-14		

## Partitioning and Replication

*The mapping of database partitions/replications must be explicitly described.*

The database was not replicated.

Horizontal partitioning was used for base tables except NATION and REGION.

### **RAID Implementations**

*Implementations may use some form of RAID to ensure high availability. If used for data, auxiliary storage (e.g. indexes) or temporary space, the level of RAID used must be disclosed for each device.*

RAID 10 was used for all tables, indexes, temp files, logs and flat files.

### **DBGEN Version and Modifications**

*The version number, release number, modification number, and patch level of DBGEN must be disclosed. Any modifications to the DBGEN (see Clause 4.2.1) source code....must be disclosed. In the event that a program other than DBGEN was used to populate the database, it must be disclosed in its entirety.*

The supplied DBGEN Version 2.3.0 was used for database population. No modifications were made to DBGEN.

### **Database Load time**

*The database load time for the test database (see clause 4.3) must be disclosed.*

Database load time was 1hour 55 minutes 48 seconds.

### **Data Storage Ratio**

*The data storage ratio must be disclosed. It is computed by dividing the total data storage of the priced configuration (expressed in GB) by the size chosen for the test database as defined in 4.1.3.1. The ratio must be reported to the nearest 1/100, rounded up.*

#### **Data Storage Ratio**

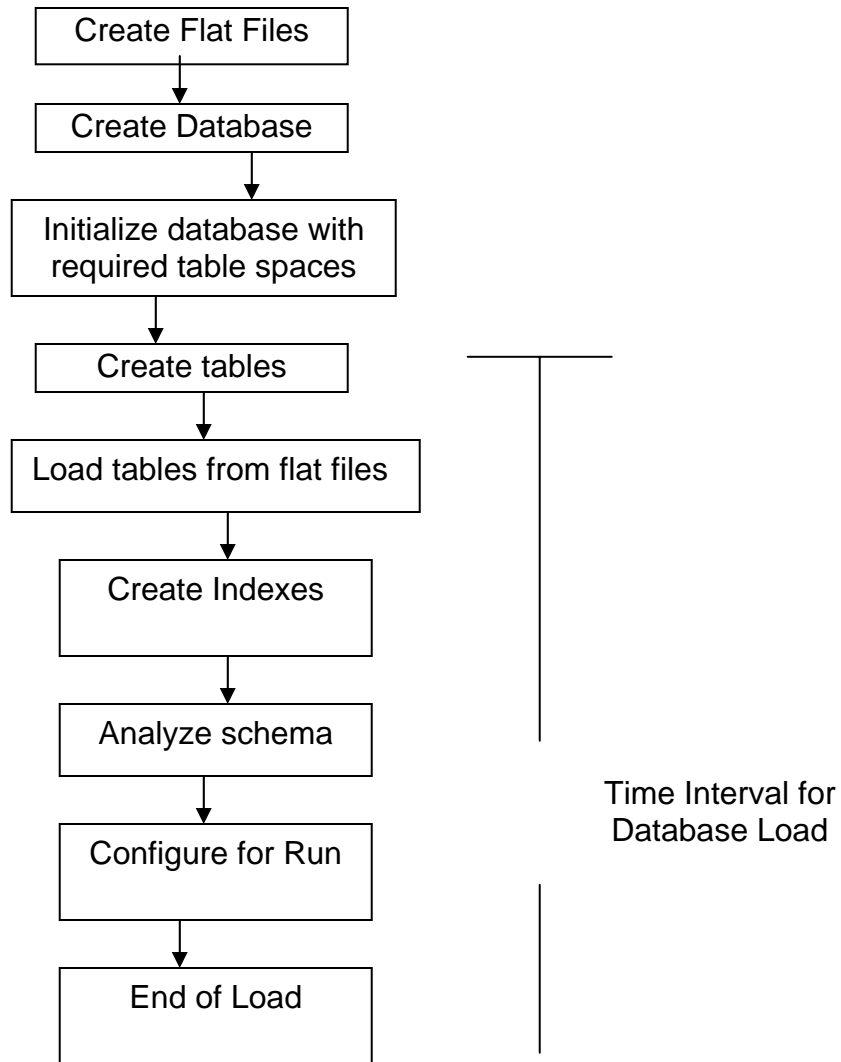
<b>Disk Type</b>	<b>Number of Disks</b>	<b>Space per Disk</b>	<b>Subtotal Disk Space</b>	<b>Total Disk Storage</b>	<b>Data Storage Ratio</b>
36GB 15k	105	33.87GB	3556.35GB		
36GB 15k	4	33.92GB	135.68GB		
73GB 15k	105	33.87GB	3556.35GB		
				7248.38GB	24.16

### **Database Load Mechanism Details and Illustration**

*The details of the database load must be disclosed, including a block diagram illustrating the overall process. Disclosure of the load procedure includes all steps, scripts, input and configuration files required to completely reproduce the test and qualification databases.*

DBGEN was used to create the flat files. The figure below describes the load procedure.

## ***Database Load Process***



# Clause 5: Performance Metrics and Execution Rules

## Steps in the Power Test

*The details of the steps followed to implement the power test (e.g., system boot, database restart, etc.) must be disclosed.*

The following steps were used to implement the power test:

1. Database restart.
2. RF1 update transaction.
3. Stream 00 execution.
4. RF2 update transaction.

## Timing Intervals

*The timing intervals (see Clause 5.3.6) for each query of the measured set and for both update functions must be reported for the power test.*

The power test timing intervals are disclosed in the Numerical Quantities Summary at the beginning of this document.

## Number of Streams for the Throughput Test

*The number of execution streams used for the throughput test must be disclosed.*

Eight streams were used for the throughput test.

## Start/Finish Time of Each Query Stream

*The start time and finish time for each query execution stream must be reported for the throughput test.*

The throughput test start time and finish time for each stream are disclosed in the Numerical Quantities Summary at the beginning of this document.

## Total Elapsed Time

*The total elapsed time of the measurement interval must be reported for the throughput test.*

The total elapsed time of the throughput test was 12,022.0 seconds.

## Start/Finish Time for Refresh Functions

*Start and finish time for each refresh function in the update stream must be reported for the throughput test.*

The start and finish time for each refresh function in the update stream are disclosed in the Numerical Quantities Summary at the beginning of this document.

## Timing Intervals for Each Query and Each Update

*The timing intervals (see Clause 5.3.6) for each query of each stream and for each update function must be reported for the throughput test.*

The timing intervals for each query and each update function are contained in the Numerical Quantities Summary disclosed earlier in this document.

## Performance Metrics

*The computed performance metrics, related numerical quantities and the price performance metric must be reported.*

The performance metrics, and the numbers, on which they are based, are contained in the Numerical Quantities section of the Executive Summary.

## Reproducibility Method

*A description of the method used to determine the reproducibility of the measurement results must be reported. This must include the performance metrics (QppH and QthH) from the reproducibility runs.*

Performance results from the first two executions of the TPC-H benchmark indicated the following percent differences for the metrics:

### ***Percentage Differences in Benchmark Executions***

Run	QppH@300GB	QthH@300GB	QphH@300GB
1	22,547.0	15,811.0	18,881.0
2	23,841.1	15,932.9	19,489.9
Percent Difference	5.7%	0.8%	3.2%

## System Activity Between Run1 and Run2

*Any activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of Run1 and the beginning of Run2 must be disclosed.*

Database was not re-started between Run1 and Run2.



## Clause 6: SUT and Driver Implementation

### Driver

*A detailed description of how the driver performs its functions must be supplied, including any related source code or scripts. This description should allow an independent reconstruction of the driver.*

A single script performs all stream executions. QGEN is used to produce query text.

For each power-test run:

- RF1 refresh updates are submitted to the database
- QGEN-generated queries are submitted in the order defined by Clause 5.3.5.4
- RF2 refresh updates are submitted to the database

### Implementation Specific Layer (ISL)

*If an implementation-specific layer is used, then a detailed description of how it performs its functions must be supplied, including any related source code or scripts. This description should allow an independent reconstruction of the implementation-specific layer.*

A command script was used to control and track the execution of queries. Source file for qexec utility can be found in Appendix F. Qgen was used to generate the query streams, along with the appropriate substitution values.

### Profile-Directed Optimization

*If profile-directed optimization as described in Clause 5.2.9 is used, such use must be disclosed. In particular, the procedure and any scripts used to perform the optimization must be disclosed.*

Profile-directed optimization was used.

## **Clause 7: Pricing**

### **Hardware and Software Used in the Priced System**

*A detailed list of hardware and software used in the priced system must be reported. Each item must have vendor part number, description, and release/revision level, and either general availability status or committed delivery date. If package-pricing is used, contents of the package must be disclosed. Pricing source(s) and effective date(s) of price(s) must also be reported.*

A detailed list of the hardware and software used in the priced system is included in the Executive Summary at the beginning of this document. The price quotes are located in Appendix G.

### **Total Three Year Price**

*The total 3-year price of the entire configuration must be reported including: hardware, software, and maintenance charges. Separate component pricing is recommended. The basis of all discounts used must be disclosed.*

A detailed price sheet of all the hardware and software used in this configuration, including the 3-year maintenance cost, and total price, is included in the executive summary at the beginning of this document. This purchase qualifies for a 16% discount from Dell Computer Corporation. The price quotes are located in Appendix G.

### **Availability Date**

*The committed delivery date for general availability of products used in the price calculations must be reported. When the priced system includes products with different availability dates, the availability date reported on the executive summary must be the date by which all components are committed to being available. The full disclosure report must report availability dates individually for at least each of the categories for which a pricing subtotal must be provided.*

All Dell components are available at the time of publication.

## Clause 8: Auditor-Related Items

### Auditor's Report

*The auditor's agency name, address, phone number, and Attestation letter with a brief audit summary report indicating compliance must be included in the full disclosure report. A statement should be included specifying who to contact in order to obtain further information regarding the audit process.*

Lorna Livingtree of Performance Metrics audited this implementation of the TPC Benchmark H. Information regarding the audit process may be obtained from:

Performance Metrics, Inc.  
P.O Box 984  
Klamath, CA 95548  
(Phone) (916) 985-1131  
(Fax) (916) 985-1185  
E-mail: [lorna@perfmetrics.com](mailto:lorna@perfmetrics.com)

Requests for this TPC Benchmark H Full Disclosure Report should be sent to:

Transaction Processing Performance Council  
Presidio of San Francisco  
Building 572B (surface)  
P.O Box 29920 (Mail)  
San Francisco, CA 94129-0920 USA  
Telephone: (415) 561-6272  
Fax: (415) 561-6120  
Info@tpc.org



April 18, 2006

Mr. Nicholas Wakou  
Dell Computer Corporation  
One Dell Way  
Round Rock, TX 78682

I have verified the TPC Benchmark™ H for the following configuration:

Platform: DELL PowerEdge 6800 2 node cluster  
Database Manager: Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition, Release 2  
Operating System: Red Hat Enterprise Linux AS

CPU's	Memory	Total Disks	Qpph@ 300GB	QthH@ 300GB	QphH@ 300GB
8 Intel Xeon MP @ 3.0 Ghz	16 GB	109 @ 36 GB 105 @ 73 GB	<b>22,547.0</b>	<b>15,811.0</b>	<b>18,881.0</b>

In my opinion, these performance results were produced in compliance with the TPC requirements for the benchmark. The following attributes of the benchmark were given special attention:

- The database tables were defined with the proper columns, layout and sizes.
- The tested database was correctly scaled and populated for 300 GB using DBGEN version 2.3.0.
- The qualification database layout was identical to the tested database except for the number and size of the files.
- The query text was verified to use only compliant variants and minor modifications.
- The executable query text was generated by QGEN and submitted through Oracle's standard interactive interface. The version of QGEN was 2.3.0.
- The validation of the query text against the qualification database produced compliant results.
- The refresh functions were properly implemented and executed the correct number of inserts and deletes.
- The load timing was properly measured and reported.
- The execution times were correctly measured and reported.
- The performance metrics were correctly computed and reported.
- The repeatability of the measurement was verified.

- The ACID properties were tested and verified.
- Sufficient mirrored log space was present on the tested system.
- The system pricing was checked for major components, maintenance, price quotes and discounts.
- The executive summary pages of the FDR were verified for accuracy.

## **Auditor's Notes: None**

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Lorna Livingtree".

Lorna Livingtree  
Auditor

## ***Appendix A: Parameter settings***

## Appendix A

### init\_build.ora

```
cpu_count=8
db_cache_size = 1500m
aq_tm_processes      = 0
audit_trail          = false
compatible           = 10.1.0.2
control_files        = (+data/control_001,
+data/control_002)
db_block_checksum    = false
db_block_size        = 16384
db_file_multiblock_read_count = 128
db_files             = 500
db_name              = 10i
db_writer_processes  = 4
dml_locks            = 5000
global_names         = false
instance_name        = pe68a
log_buffer            = 4194304
log_checkpoints_to_alert = true
max_dump_file_size   = unlimited
nls_date_format      = YYYY-MM-DD
open_cursors         = 600
optimizer_mode       = CHOOSE
optimizer_features_enable = 10.2.0.1.1
optimizer_index_cost_adj = 450
parallel_adaptive_multi_user = true
```

### init\_pe68a.ora

```
instance_number      = 1
thread               = 1
undo_management      = auto
undo_tablespace      = ts_undo1
cluster_database     = true
cluster_interconnects = 192.1.2.170
ifile                =
/home/oracle/10gR2/DB/dbs/init_build.ora
```

### init\_pe68b.ora

```
instance_number      = 2
thread               = 2
undo_management      = auto
undo_tablespace      = ts_undo2
cluster_database     = true
cluster_interconnects = 192.1.2.170
ifile                =
/home/oracle/10gR2/DB/dbs/init_build.ora
```

### init+ASM1.ora

```
#####
# Miscellaneous
#####
instance_type=asm
```

```
#####
# Pools
#####
shared_pool_size=120M
large_pool_size=12M

#####
# Security and Auditing
#####
remote_login_passwordfile=exclusive

asm_diskgroups=DATA,NEW_TEMP
#asm_diskgroups=DATA
+ASM2.instance_number=2
+ASM1.instance_number=1
instance_number = 1
processes = 500
```

### init+ASM2.ora

```
#####
#####
# Copyright (c) 1991, 2001, 2002 by Oracle Corporation
#####
#####

#####
# Cluster Database
#####
cluster_database=true

#####
# Diagnostics and Statistics
#####
background_dump_dest=/home/oracle/10gR2/admin/+ASM/b
dump
core_dump_dest=/home/oracle/10gR2/admin/+ASM/cdump
user_dump_dest=/home/oracle/10gR2/admin/+ASM/udump

#####
# Miscellaneous
#####
instance_type=asm
```

```
#####
# Pools
#####
shared_pool_size=120M
large_pool_size=12M

#####
# Security and Auditing
#####
remote_login_passwordfile=exclusive
```

```
#asm_diskgroups=DATA,TEMP
asm_diskgroups=DATA,NEW_TEMP
#asm_diskgroups=DATA
+ASM2.instance_number=2
+ASM1.instance_number=1
instance_number = 2
processes = 500
```

## **.bashrc**

```
# .bashrc
# User specific aliases and functions
# Source global definitions
if [ -f /etc/bashrc ]; then
    . /etc/bashrc
fi
export ORACLE_SID=pe68a
#export ORACLE_SID=1g_A
export ASM_SID=+ASM1
export ORACLE_BASE=/home/oracle/10gR2
export
PATH=.:$PATH:$HOME/bin:$O:$O/bin:$O/rdbms/log:$FR
AME_PATH/bin
export
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/lib
export ORACLE_HOME=$ORACLE_BASE/DB
export O=$ORACLE_HOME
export ORA_CRS_HOME=$ORACLE_BASE/CRS
export FRAME_PATH=$HOME/frame
export KIT_DIR=$HOME/kit
```

```
export
PATH=.:$PATH:$HOME/bin:$O:$O/bin:$O/rdbms/log:$FR
AME_PATH/bin
export
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:$OR
ACLE_HOME/rdbms/lib

export
PATH=$PATH:/mnt/sdb2/usr/bin:/mnt/sdb2/home/oracle/kit/
utils:/opt/intel/v
tune/bin
```





## Appendix B

### build\_dg\_10gR2.sh

```
export ORACLE_SID=+ASM1
sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
connect /as sysdba
drop diskgroup DATA including contents;
CREATE DISKGROUP DATA External REDUNDANCY
DISK
'/dev/raw/raw1' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw2' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw3' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw4' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw5' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw6' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw7' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw8' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw9' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw10' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw11' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw12' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw13' SIZE 95378M ,
'/dev/raw/raw14' SIZE 95378M;
```

```
CREATE DISKGROUP new_temp External
REDUNDANCY
DISK
```

```
'/dev/raw/raw31' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw32' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw33' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw34' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw35' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw36' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw37' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw38' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw39' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw40' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw41' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw42' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw43' SIZE 15000M ,
'/dev/raw/raw44' SIZE 15000M ;
```

!

### dbcre\_10gR2.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
echo "database creation"
date;
```

```
sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
connect /as sysdba
```

```
startup pfile = /home/oracle/10gR2/DB/dbs/init_build.ora
nomount;
create database
controlfile reuse
logfile '+DATA' size 4096m reuse,
'+DATA' size 4096m reuse
```

```
datafile '+DATA' size 1024m reuse
sysaux datafile '+DATA' size 1024m reuse
undo tablespace ts_undo1
datafile '+DATA' size 8192m reuse
default temporary tablespace ts_temp
tempfile '+NEW_TEMP' size 14400m reuse
extent management local uniform size 10m
maxdatafiles 4000
maxinstances 2;
```

```
create undo tablespace ts_undo2 datafile '+DATA' size 8192m
reuse;
alter database add logfile thread 2 '+DATA' size 4096m reuse,
'+DATA' size 4096m reuse;
alter database enable public thread 2;
```

```
set termout off
set echo off
spool /tmp/cat
@?/rdms/admin/catalog.sql;
@?/rdms/admin/catproc.sql;
@?/rdms/admin/catclust.sql;
connect system/manager
@?/sqlplus/admin/pupbld.sql;
spool off
!
echo "end of database creation"
date
```

### dapop\_10gR2.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
sqlplus /NOLOG <<EOF
connect / as sysdba
drop user tpch cascade;
grant DBA
to tpch identified by tpch;
connect tpch/tpch;
drop directory ff1;
drop directory ff2;
drop directory ff3;
drop directory ff4;
drop directory ff5;
drop directory ff6;
drop directory ff7;
drop directory ff8;
drop directory ff9;
drop directory ff10;
drop directory ff11;
drop directory ff12;
drop directory ff13;
drop directory ff14;
create directory ff1 as '/ff1';
create directory ff2 as '/ff2';
create directory ff3 as '/ff3';
create directory ff4 as '/ff4';
create directory ff5 as '/ff5';
create directory ff6 as '/ff6';
create directory ff7 as '/ff7';
```

## Appendix B

```
create directory ff8 as '/ff8';
create directory ff9 as '/ff9';
create directory ff10 as '/ff10';
create directory ff11 as '/ff11';
create directory ff12 as '/ff12';
create directory ff13 as '/ff13';
create directory ff14 as '/ff14';
create directory log_dir as
'/home/oracle/kit/schema/10.0/build/log';
```

```
drop table l_et;
create table l_et(
  l_orderkey      number ,
  l_partkey       number ,
  l_suppkey       number ,
  l_linenumbers   number ,
  l_quantity      number ,
  l_extendedprice number ,
  l_discount      number ,
  l_tax           number ,
  l_returnflag    char(1) ,
  l_linestatus    char(1) ,
  l_shipdate      date ,
  l_commitdate    date ,
  l_receiptdate   date ,
  l_shipinstruct  char(25) ,
  l_shipmode      char(10) ,
  l_comment       varchar(44)
)
```

```
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
  default directory ff1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
```

```
location (
ff1:'lineitem.tbl.1',
ff2:'lineitem.tbl.2',
ff3:'lineitem.tbl.3',
ff4:'lineitem.tbl.4',
ff5:'lineitem.tbl.5',
ff6:'lineitem.tbl.6',
ff7:'lineitem.tbl.7',
ff8:'lineitem.tbl.8',
ff9:'lineitem.tbl.9',
ff10:'lineitem.tbl.10',
ff11:'lineitem.tbl.11',
ff12:'lineitem.tbl.12',
ff13:'lineitem.tbl.13',
ff14:'lineitem.tbl.14'
))
parallel reject limit unlimited;
```

```
drop table o_et;
```

```
create table o_et(
  o_orderkey      number ,
  o_custkey       number ,
  o_orderstatus   char(1) ,
  o_totalprice    number ,
  o_orderdate     date ,
  o_orderpriority char(15) ,
  o_clerk         char(15) ,
  o_shippriority  number ,
  o_comment       varchar(79)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  badfile log_dir:'o_et.bad'
  logfile log_dir:'o_et.log'
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
```

```
location (
ff1:'orders.tbl.1',
ff2:'orders.tbl.2',
ff3:'orders.tbl.3',
ff4:'orders.tbl.4',
ff5:'orders.tbl.5',
ff6:'orders.tbl.6',
ff7:'orders.tbl.7',
ff8:'orders.tbl.8',
ff9:'orders.tbl.9',
ff10:'orders.tbl.10',
ff11:'orders.tbl.11',
ff12:'orders.tbl.12',
ff13:'orders.tbl.13',
ff14:'orders.tbl.14'
))
parallel reject limit unlimited;
```

```
drop table ps_et;
create table ps_et(
  ps_partkey      number ,
  ps_suppkey      number ,
  ps_availqty     number ,
  ps_supplycost   number ,
  ps_comment      varchar(199)
)
```

```
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
```

```
)
```

## Appendix B

```
location (
ff1:'partsupp.tbl.1',
ff2:'partsupp.tbl.2',
ff3:'partsupp.tbl.3',
ff4:'partsupp.tbl.4',
ff5:'partsupp.tbl.5',
ff6:'partsupp.tbl.6',
ff7:'partsupp.tbl.7',
ff8:'partsupp.tbl.8',
ff9:'partsupp.tbl.9',
ff10:'partsupp.tbl.10',
ff11:'partsupp.tbl.11',
ff12:'partsupp.tbl.12',
ff13:'partsupp.tbl.13',
ff13:'partsupp.tbl.14'
))
parallel reject limit unlimited;
```

```
drop table p_et;
create table p_et(
p_partkey number ,
p_name varchar(55) ,
p_mfgr char(25) ,
p_brand char(10) ,
p_type varchar(25) ,
p_size number ,
p_container char(10) ,
p_retailprice number ,
p_comment varchar(23)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
records delimited by newline
nobadfile
nologfile
fields terminated by '|'
missing field values are null
)
)
```

```
location (
ff1:'part.tbl.1',
ff2:'part.tbl.2',
ff3:'part.tbl.3',
ff4:'part.tbl.4',
ff5:'part.tbl.5',
ff6:'part.tbl.6',
ff7:'part.tbl.7',
ff8:'part.tbl.8',
ff9:'part.tbl.9',
ff10:'part.tbl.10',
ff11:'part.tbl.11',
ff12:'part.tbl.12',
ff13:'part.tbl.13',
ff14:'part.tbl.14'
))
parallel reject limit unlimited;
```

```
drop table c_et;
create table c_et(
c_custkey number ,
c_name varchar(25) ,
c_address varchar(40) ,
c_nationkey number ,
c_phone char(15) ,
c_acctbal number ,
c_mktsegment char(10) ,
c_comment varchar(117)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
records delimited by newline
nobadfile
nologfile
fields terminated by '|'
missing field values are null
)
location (
ff1:'customer.tbl.1',
ff2:'customer.tbl.2',
ff3:'customer.tbl.3',
ff4:'customer.tbl.4',
ff5:'customer.tbl.5',
ff6:'customer.tbl.6',
ff7:'customer.tbl.7',
ff8:'customer.tbl.8',
ff9:'customer.tbl.9',
ff10:'customer.tbl.10',
ff11:'customer.tbl.11',
ff12:'customer.tbl.12',
ff13:'customer.tbl.13',
ff14:'customer.tbl.14'
))
parallel reject limit unlimited;
```

```
drop table s_et;
create table s_et(
s_suppkey number ,
s_name char(25) ,
s_address varchar(40) ,
s_nationkey number ,
s_phone char(15) ,
s_acctbal number ,
s_comment varchar(101)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
records delimited by newline
nobadfile
nologfile
fields terminated by '|'
)
```

## Appendix B

```
        missing field values are null
    )
    location (
ff1:'supplier.tbl.1',
ff2:'supplier.tbl.2',
ff3:'supplier.tbl.3',
ff4:'supplier.tbl.4',
ff5:'supplier.tbl.5',
ff6:'supplier.tbl.6',
ff7:'supplier.tbl.7',
ff8:'supplier.tbl.8',
ff9:'supplier.tbl.9',
ff10:'supplier.tbl.10',
ff11:'supplier.tbl.11',
ff12:'supplier.tbl.12',
ff13:'supplier.tbl.13',
ff14:'supplier.tbl.14'
    ))
parallel reject limit unlimited;

drop table n_et;
create table n_et(
    n_nationkey    number ,
    n_name         char(25) ,
    n_regionkey   number ,
    n_comment     varchar(152)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
    fields terminated by '|'
    missing field values are null
)
    location (
ff14:'nation.tbl'
))
reject limit unlimited;

drop table r_et;
create table r_et(
    r_regionkey    number ,
    r_name         char(25) ,
    r_comment     varchar(152)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory ff1
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
    fields terminated by '|'
    missing field values are null
```

```
    )
    location (
ff14:'region.tbl'
))
reject limit unlimited;

alter user tpch default tablespace ts_data1;
alter user tpch temporary tablespace ts_temp;

set timing on
set echo on
rem drop table orders;
create table orders(
    o_orderdate    ,
    o_orderkey     NOT NULL,
    o_custkey     NOT NULL,
    o_orderpriority ,
    o_shippriority ,
    o_clerk        ,
    o_orderstatus  ,
    o_totalprice   ,
    o_comment
)
pctfree 2
pctused 98
initrans 10
storage (initial 16m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
compress
parallel
nologging
partition by range (o_orderdate)
subpartition by hash(o_custkey)
subpartitions 32
(
partition ord1 values less than (to_date('1992-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord2 values less than (to_date('1992-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord3 values less than (to_date('1992-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord4 values less than (to_date('1992-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord5 values less than (to_date('1992-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord6 values less than (to_date('1992-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord7 values less than (to_date('1992-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord8 values less than (to_date('1992-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord9 values less than (to_date('1992-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord10 values less than (to_date('1992-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord11 values less than (to_date('1992-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
partition ord12 values less than (to_date('1992-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
```



## Appendix B

```
partition ord71 values less than (to_date('1997-11-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord72 values less than (to_date('1997-12-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord73 values less than (to_date('1998-01-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord74 values less than (to_date('1998-02-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord75 values less than (to_date('1998-03-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord76 values less than (to_date('1998-04-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord77 values less than (to_date('1998-05-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord78 values less than (to_date('1998-06-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord79 values less than (to_date('1998-07-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord80 values less than (to_date('1998-08-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord81 values less than (to_date('1998-09-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord82 values less than (to_date('1998-10-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord83 values less than (to_date('1998-11-01','YYYY-
MM-DD')),
partition ord84 values less than (MAXVALUE))
as select
  o_orderdate      ,
  o_orderkey       ,
  o_custkey        ,
  o_orderpriority  ,
  o_shippriority   ,
  o_clerk          ,
  o_orderstatus    ,
  o_totalprice     ,
  o_comment
from o_et ;
```

```
rem drop table partsupp;
```

```
create table partsupp(
  ps_partkey      NOT NULL,
  ps_suppkey      NOT NULL,
  ps_supplycost   NOT NULL,
  ps_availqty     ,
  ps_comment
)
partition by hash(ps_partkey)
partitions 32
storage (initial 100m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
compress
parallel
nologging
as select
  ps_partkey      ,
  ps_suppkey      ,
  ps_supplycost   ,
  ps_availqty     ,
  ps_comment
```

```
from ps_et;
```

```
rem drop table customer;
```

```
create table customer(
  c_custkey       NOT NULL,
  c_mktsegment    ,
  c_nationkey     ,
  c_name          ,
  c_address       ,
  c_phone         ,
  c_acctbal       ,
  c_comment
)
pctfree 0
pctused 99
storage (initial 100m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
compress
parallel
nologging
partition by hash (c_custkey)
partitions 32
as select
  c_custkey      ,
  c_mktsegment   ,
  c_nationkey    ,
  c_name         ,
  c_address      ,
  c_phone        ,
  c_acctbal      ,
  c_comment
from c_et;
```

```
rem drop table part;
```

```
create table part(
  p_partkey      NOT NULL,
  p_type         ,
  p_size         ,
  p_brand        ,
  p_name         ,
  p_container    ,
  p_mfgr         ,
  p_retailprice  ,
  p_comment
)
pctfree 0
pctused 99
storage (initial 66m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
compress
parallel
nologging
partition by hash (p_partkey)
partitions 32
as select
  p_partkey      ,
  p_type         ,
  p_size         ,
  p_brand        ,
  p_name         ,
  p_container    ,
```

## Appendix B

```
p_mfgr      ,
p_retailprice ,
p_comment
from p_et;

rem drop table supplier;
create table supplier(
  s_suppkey      NOT NULL,
  s_nationkey    ,
  s_comment      ,
  s_name         ,
  s_address      ,
  s_phone        ,
  s_acctbal
)
pctfree 0
pctused 99
storage (initial 16m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
compress
parallel
nologging
partition by hash (s_suppkey)
partitions 32
as select
  s_suppkey      ,
  s_nationkey    ,
  s_comment      ,
  s_name         ,
  s_address      ,
  s_phone        ,
  s_acctbal
from s_et;

rem drop table nation;
create table nation(
  n_nationkey    NOT NULL,
  n_name         ,
  n_regionkey    ,
  n_comment      )
as select * from n_et;

rem drop table region;
create table region(
  r_regionkey    ,
  r_name         ,
  r_comment      )
as select * from r_et;

rem drop table lineitem;
create table lineitem(
  l_shipdate     ,
  l_orderkey     NOT NULL,
  l_discount     NOT NULL,
  l_extendedprice NOT NULL,
  l_suppkey      NOT NULL,
  l_quantity     NOT NULL,
  l_returnflag   ,
  l_partkey      NOT NULL,
  l_linestatus   ,
  l_tax          NOT NULL,
  l_commitdate  ,
  l_receiptdate ,
  l_shipmode     ,
  l_linenum      NOT NULL,
  l_shipinstruct ,
  l_comment
)
pctfree 2
pctused 98
initrans 10
storage (initial 66m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
compress
parallel
nologging
partition by range (l_shipdate)
subpartition by hash(l_partkey)
subpartitions 32
(
  partition item1 values less than (to_date('1992-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item2 values less than (to_date('1992-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item3 values less than (to_date('1992-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item4 values less than (to_date('1992-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item5 values less than (to_date('1992-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item6 values less than (to_date('1992-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item7 values less than (to_date('1992-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item8 values less than (to_date('1992-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item9 values less than (to_date('1992-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item10 values less than (to_date('1992-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item11 values less than (to_date('1992-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item12 values less than (to_date('1992-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item13 values less than (to_date('1993-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item14 values less than (to_date('1993-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item15 values less than (to_date('1993-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item16 values less than (to_date('1993-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item17 values less than (to_date('1993-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item18 values less than (to_date('1993-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item19 values less than (to_date('1993-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
  partition item20 values less than (to_date('1993-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD')),
```





## Appendix B

```
partition item79 values less than (to_date('1998-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD')) ,
partition item80 values less than (to_date('1998-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD')) ,
partition item81 values less than (to_date('1998-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD')) ,
partition item82 values less than (to_date('1998-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD')) ,
partition item83 values less than (to_date('1998-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD')) ,
partition item84 values less than (MAXVALUE))
as select
  l_shipdate      ,
  l_orderkey      ,
  l_discount      ,
  l_extendedprice ,
  l_suppkey       ,
  l_quantity      ,
  l_returnflag    ,
  l_partkey       ,
  l_linestatus    ,
  l_tax           ,
  l_commitdate    ,
  l_receiptdate   ,
  l_shipmode      ,
  l_linenumber    ,
  l_shipinstruct  ,
  l_comment
from l_et ;

drop table l_et;
drop table o_et;
drop table ps_et;
drop table p_et;
drop table c_et;
drop table s_et;
drop table n_et;
drop table r_et;

rem drop index i_l_orderkey;
create index i_l_orderkey
on lineitem (l_orderkey) global partition by hash (l_orderkey)
partitions 32
pctfree 2
initrans 10
storage (initial 66m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;
alter index i_l_orderkey allocate extent (size 66m);
alter index i_l_orderkey allocate extent (size 66m);
alter index i_l_orderkey allocate extent (size 66m);
alter index i_l_orderkey allocate extent (size 66m);

rem drop index i_o_orderkey;
create unique index i_o_orderkey
on orders (o_orderkey) global partition by hash (o_orderkey)
```

```
partitions 32
pctfree 2
initrans 10
storage (initial 16m freelist groups 2 freelists 99 )
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;
alter index i_o_orderkey allocate extent (size 16m);
alter index i_o_orderkey allocate extent (size 16m);
alter index i_o_orderkey allocate extent (size 16m);
alter index i_o_orderkey allocate extent (size 16m);
  rem drop index i_c_custkey;
create unique index i_c_custkey
on customer (c_custkey) global partition by hash (c_custkey)
partitions 32
pctfree 2
initrans 10
storage (initial 10m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;

create unique index i_ps_partkey_suppkey
on partsupp (ps_partkey,ps_suppkey) global partition by hash
(ps_partkey)
partitions 32
pctfree 2
initrans 10
storage (initial 10m freelist groups 2 freelists 99)
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;

execute dbms_stats.gather_schema_stats('TPCH' ,
estimate_percent => 1, degree =>
  32 , granularity => 'GLOBAL' );
connect / as sysdba
execute dbms_stats.gather_system_stats;
exec
dbms_scheduler.disable('AUTO_TASKS_JOB_CLASS');
alter system switch logfile;

addts.sh

sqlplus /NOLOG<<!
connect / as sysdba;
alter tablespace $1 add datafile '$2' size $3 reuse;
!
addtts.sh
sqlplus /NOLOG<<!
connect / as sysdba;
alter tablespace $1 add tempfile '$2' size $3 reuse;
!
tscre_10gR2.sh
#!/bin/ksh
echo "START: tablespace creation"
date;
```

## Appendix B

```
sqlplus /NOLOG <<!  
connect /as sysdba  
drop tablespace ts_data1 including contents;  
  
create tablespace ts_data1  
nologging  
datafile '+DATA' size 30720m reuse  
extent management dictionary default storage (initial 100m  
next 10m maxextents u  
nlimited pctincrease 0);  
  
!  
  
i=1  
while [ $i -lt 16 ]  
do  
    i=`expr $i + 1`  
    addts.sh ts_data1 +DATA 30720m &  
done  
  
i=1  
while [ $i -lt 14 ]  
do  
    i=`expr $i + 1`  
    addts.sh ts_temp +NEW_TEMP 14000m &  
done  
  
wait;  
  
echo "END: tablespace creation"  
date;
```

## ***Appendix C: ACID Scripts***

## Appendix C

### a\_query.sql

```
Rem
Rem $Header: a_query.sql 06-aug-99.10:51:10 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem a_query.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem a_query.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
rem DESCRIPTION
Rem Performs ACID Query for TPC-D benchmark.
Rem Asks user to input values for o_key
Rem The range of okey is 1 to 600000
Rem
=====
=====
Rem
Rem Usage: sqlplus tpcd/tpcd @a_query <o_key>
Rem
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/06/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/06/99 - Created
Rem

set serverout on;

select
'BEFORE ACID QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD
HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

select SUM(trunc(trunc(1-extendedprice * (1-1_discount),2) *
(1+1_tax),2)) AS RESULT
from lineitem
where l_orderkey = &&1;

select
'AFTER ACID QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD
HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

exit;

a_query2.sql
Rem
Rem $Header: aquery2.sql 07-aug-99.23:54:47 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem aquery2.sql
Rem
```

```
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem aquery2.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
Rem DESCRIPTION
Rem Performs query on PARTSUPP for TPC-D
benchmark
Rem Isolation Test 5.
Rem Asks user to input values for ps_partkey and
ps_suppkey
Rem The range for ps_partkey is 1 to 20000
Rem The range for ps_suppkey is 1 to 1000
Rem A valid combination is 46 and 47
Rem Usage: sqlplus tpcd/tpcd @a_query2 <ps_partkey>
<ps_suppkey>
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/07/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/07/99 - Created
Rem
rem DESCRIPTION
rem Performs query on PARTSUPP for TPC-D
benchmark
rem Isolation Test 5.
rem Asks user to input values for ps_partkey and
ps_suppkey
rem The range for ps_partkey is 1 to 20000
rem The range for ps_suppkey is 1 to 1000
rem A valid combination is 46 and 47

set serverout on;

select
'BEFORE PARTSUPP QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD
HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

select *
from partsupp
where ps_partkey = &&1
and ps_suppkey = &&2;

select
'AFTER PARTSUPP QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD
HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

exit;

atom.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: atom.sh 08-aug-99.13:48:02 mpoess Exp $
#
# atom.sh
```

## Appendix C

```
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# atom.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Performs atomicity tests.
# Usage: atom.sh [-n iter] [-p prog] [-u usr/pswd] -h
#
# Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#

.$KIT_DIR/env

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT
DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

usage() {

    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-n iter] [-p prog] [-u usr/pswd] -h"
    echo ""
    echo "-n iter    : number of iterations, default is 100"
    echo "-p prog    : program to run, default is atranspl.ott"
    echo "-u usr/pswd : user/password combo for database
access, default is tpcd/tpcd"
    echo "-h        : print this usage summary"
    exit 1;
}

ITER=3
SF=1
PROG=$KIT_DIR/utills/atranspl
OUT=${OUT_DIR}/atom
USER=${DATABASE_USER}

set -- `getopt "n:p:u:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
    -n) shift; ITER=$1;;
    -p) shift; PROG=$1;;
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
    shift
done
```

```
done

echo "Starting Atomicity Test at `date`..."
echo ""
echo "Performing $ITER ACID transactions with COMMIT"
echo ""

$KIT_DIR/utills/randkey $ITER $SF u$USER | $PROG 1 1 1
0 u$USER > ${OUT}c 2>&1

echo "ACID transactions with COMMIT ended. Output in
${OUT}c"
echo ""
echo "Performing $ITER ACID transactions with
ROLLBACK"
echo ""

$KIT_DIR/utills/randkey $ITER $SF u$USER | $PROG 1 1 0
0 u$USER > ${OUT}r 2>&1

echo "ACID transactions with ROLLBACK ended. Output in
${OUT}r"
echo ""
echo "Ending Atomicity Test at `date`..."
```

### atranspl.c

```
/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights
reserved. */

/*

NAME
    atranspl.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
    TPC-HR benchmark ACID transaction driver, OCI version
8

NOTES
    <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>

MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
mpoess 10/23/02 - mpoess_update_from_visa
mpoess 10/17/01 - add parameter in ACIDinit
mpoess 02/22/01 - enlarge timing array
mpoess 01/04/01 - Creation

*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

#include "atranspl.h"

/* Declare error handling functions */
```

## Appendix C

```
double gettime();
void sql_error();
void usage();
void ACIDinit();
void ACIDexit();
int atoi();
void srand48();
long lrand48();

/* declarations for ORDERS */

int o_key = 0;
double o_tprice = 0.0;
double o_newtprice = 0.0;

/* declarations for LINEITEM */

int l_key = 0;
int l_pkey = 0;
int l_skey = 0;

int l_quan = 0;
int l_newquan = 0;
double l_eprice = 0.0;
double l_neweprice = 0.0;
double l_disc = 0.0;
double l_tax = 0.0;

sb2 l_npricei;

/* other declarations */

int delta = 0;
double rprice;
double cost;

int proc_no = 1; /* process number, global */
int num_streams = 1; /* number of transaction streams */
/*
int trig = 0; /* Trigger Time */
int slp = 0; /* Sleep Time */

int logfile; /* fdes for logfile for durability (optional) */
/*
int outfile = 1; /* output file (optional) */
#ifdef LINUX
FILE *infile; /* input file (optional) */
#else
FILE *infile = stdin; /* input file (optional) */
/* in the format of <o_key> <delta> */
#endif
char lname[UNAME_LEN]; /* username/passwd combo */
/*
char *passwd; /* pointer to password */
/*

char buf[WRITE_BUF_LEN]; /* buffer to write */
/*
```

```
unsigned flag = (unsigned) 0; /* flag to store all sorts of
options */

#define INFILE 0x01u
#define OUTFILE 0x02u
#define LOGFILE 0x04u
#define COMMIT 0x08u
#define DELTA 0x10u

double tr_end = 0.0; /* transaction end time */
double tr_start = 0.0; /* transaction start time */

int num_iter = 0; /* number of iterations */

time_t curr_time; /* Current Time */

/* OCI handles */

OCIEnv *tpcenv = NULL;
OCIServer *tpcsrv = NULL;
OCIError *errhp = NULL;
OCISvcCtx *tpcsvc = NULL;
OCISession *tpcusr = NULL;
OCIStmt *curi = NULL;
OCIStmt *curr = NULL;
OCIStmt *cure1 = NULL;
OCIStmt *cure2 = NULL;

/* OCI bind handles */

#ifdef NOLKEY
OCIBind *l_keyi_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_keyi_bp = NULL;
#endif /* NOLKEY */

OCIBind *l_key_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_key_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *delta_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_pkey_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_skey_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_quan_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_newquan_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_tax_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_disc_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_eprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_neweprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_tprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_newtprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *rprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *cost_bp = NULL;

OCIBind *l_neweprice1_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_newquan1_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_key1_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_key1_bp = NULL;

OCIBind *o_newtprice2_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_key2_bp = NULL;
```

## Appendix C

```

sword status = OCI_SUCCESS; /* OCI return value */

char sqlstmt[1024];

/* usage: prints the usage of the program */

void usage()
{
    fprintf(stderr, "\nUsage: atrans.o[st]t <proc_no>
<num_streams> <commit> <delta>[i<pathname for input>]
[o<pathname for output>] [d<pathname for durability file>]
[u<uid/passwd>] \n\n");

    fprintf(stderr, "  proc_no    :the process number within this
ACID\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  num_streams :the total number of ACID
transaction streams\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  commit      :1 to commit transaction, abort
otherwise\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  delta        :1 to generate new random delta,
otherwise obtain delta from input\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  OPTIONAL PARAMETERS:\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  i<pathname for input>   :full path name
for input file - default is stdin\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  o<pathname for output>   :full path name
for output file - default is stdout\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  d<pathname for durability> :full path name
for durability success file - must specify for durability test\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  u<uid/passwd>
:Username/Password string - default is tcpd/tcpd\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  t<trigger>          :Trigger Time - sleep
<trigger> seconds before start\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  s<sleep>          :Sleep Time - sleep
<sleep> seconds before commit or rollback\n");
    exit(-1);
}

void ACIDexit() {
    OCILogoff(tpcsvc, errhp);
    OCIhfree(tpcenv, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhfree(tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIhfree(tpcsrv, OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
    OCIhfree(tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);
}

/* type: 0 if environment handle is passed, 1 if error handle is
passwd */

void sql_error(errhp, status, type)
    OCIError *errhp;
    sword status;
    sword type;

```

```

{
    char msg[2048];
    ub4 errcode;
    ub4 msglen;
    int i, j;

    switch(status) {
    case OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Statement returned with info.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp, 1, NULL, (sb4*) &errcode,
(text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp, 1, NULL, (sb4*) &errcode,
(text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", msg);
        break;
    case OCI_ERROR:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: OCI call error.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp, 1, NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode,
(text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp, 1, NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode,
(text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", msg);
        break;
    case OCI_INVALID_HANDLE:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid Handle.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp, 1, NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode,
(text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp, 1, NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode,
(text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", msg);
        break;
    }
    /* Rollback just in case */

    (void) OCITransRollback(tpcsvc, errhp, OCI_DEFAULT);

    fprintf(stderr, "Exiting Oracle...\n");
    fflush(stderr);

    ACIDexit();

    exit(1);
}

#ifdef LINUX
int main(argc, argv)
#else

```



## Appendix C

```

void main(argc,argv)
#ifdef
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    int i;
    char line[64];
    ub4 errcode;
    char msg[2048];
    int need_commit = 0;

    /* Initialize some variables */
#ifdef LINUX
    infile=fopen("/dev/stdin","r");
#endif
    strcpy((char *) lname, "tpcd/tpcd");

    if ((argc > 10) || (argc < 5)) {
        usage();
    }

    /* argv[1] -- Process Number */

    proc_no = atoi(argv[1]);

    /* argv[2] -- Number of Streams */

    num_streams = atoi(argv[2]);

    /* argv[3] -- Commit? */

    if (atoi(argv[3]) == 1)
        BIS(flag, COMMIT);

    /* argv[4] -- Delta? */

    if (atoi(argv[4]) == 1)
        BIS(flag, DELTA);

    /* Process optional parameters */

    argc -= 4;
    argv += 4;

    while(--argc) {
        ++argv;
        switch(argv[0][0]) {
            case 'u':
                strncpy((char *) lname, ++(argv[0]), UNAME_LEN);
                if (strchr((char *) lname, '/') == NULL) {
                    fprintf(stderr, "Login name must be in the format of
userid/passwd\n");
                    usage();
                    exit(-1);
                }
                break;
            case 'i':
                if ((infile = fopen(++(argv[0]), "r")) == NULL) {
                    fprintf(stderr, "Cannot open input file %s\n", argv[0]);
                    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", strerror(errno));
                    exit(-1);
                }
                BIS(flag, INFILE);
                break;
            case 'o':
                if ((outfile = open(++(argv[0]), (O_RDWR | O_SYNC |
O_CREAT), S_IRWXU)) == -1) {
                    fprintf(stderr, "Cannot open output file %s\n", argv[0]);
                    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", strerror(errno));
                    exit(-1);
                }
                BIS(flag, OUTFILE);
                break;
            case 'd':
                if ((logfile = open(++(argv[0]), (O_RDWR | O_SYNC |
O_CREAT), S_IRWXU)) == -1) {
                    fprintf(stderr, "Cannot open durability success file %s\n",
argv[0]);
                    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", strerror(errno));
                    exit(-1);
                }
                BIS(flag, LOGFILE);
                break;
            case 'b':
                num_iter = atoi(++(argv[0]));
                break;
            case 't':
                trig = atoi(++(argv[0]));
                break;
            case 's':
                slp = atoi(++(argv[0]));
                break;
            default:
                fprintf(stderr, "Unknown argument %s\n", argv[0]);
                usage();
                break;
        }
    }

    FPRTF(outfile, "-----\n");

    /* Initialize the cursors etc. */

    (void) ACIDinit();

    /* sleep for some time (triggering) */

    sleep(trig);

    /* start doing the ACID transactions */

    tr_start = gettimeofday();

    /* The number of iteration we will run depends on the
number of */
    /* input lines */
}

```

## Appendix C

```

while (fgets(line, 64, infile) != NULL) {
#ifdef NOLKEY
    sscanf(line, "%d %d\n", &o_key, &delta);

    /* Obtain l_key from l_key query */

    OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

    /* l_key is the highest l_linenumber available. We need to
pick */
    /* at random a number between 1..l_key. */

    l_key = (int) ((lrand48() % l_key) + 1);
#else
    sscanf(line, "%d %d %d\n", &o_key, &l_key, &delta);
#endif /* NOLKEY */

    /* Generate delta if necessary */

    if (BIT(flag, DELTA))
        delta = (int) (floor((drand48() * 100)) + 1);

    /* Now, we are ready to run the ACID transaction. */

    curr_time = time(NULL);

    FPRTF2(outfile, "Starting ACID transaction %d at %s...\n",
(++num_iter),
        ctime(&curr_time));

    FPRTF1(outfile, "o_key: %d\n", (int) o_key);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_key: %d\n", (int) l_key);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "delta: %d\n", (int) delta);

    OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curr,errhp,1);

    curr_time = time(NULL);

    if (!BIT(flag, LOGFILE)) {
        FPRTF1(outfile, "BEFORE COMMIT/ROLLBACK
TRANSACTION at %s\n", ctime(&curr_time));
        FPRTF1(outfile, "l_extendedprice: %.2f\n", l_епrice);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "l_quantity: %d\n", (int) l_quan);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "o_totalprice: %.2f\n\n", o_tprice);
    }

    FPRTF1(outfile, "Sleep %d seconds before
COMMIT/ROLLBACK...\n\n", slp);
    sleep(slp);

    /* Shall we commit? */

    if (BIT(flag, COMMIT)) {
        need_commit = 1;
        while (need_commit) {
            OCIrol(tpcsvc,errhp);
            OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curr,errhp,1);
        } else {
            need_commit = 0;
            curr_time = time(NULL);
            FPRTF2(outfile, "ACID Transaction iteration %d
COMMITTED at %s\n",
                num_iter, ctime(&curr_time));
        }
    } else {
        OCIrol(tpcsvc,errhp);
        curr_time = time(NULL);
        FPRTF2(outfile, "ACID Transaction iteration %d
ROLLBACK at %s\n",
            num_iter, ctime(&curr_time));
    }

    /* Report all results to outfile and if necessary, to success
file. */

    /* Report initial and new values for o_totalprice,
l_extendedprice, */
    /* l_quantity. */

    /*
curr_time = time(NULL);
FPRTF1(outfile, "Transaction Completed at %s\n",
ctime(&curr_time));
*/

    /* Get the values in LINEITEM and ORDERS after the
transaction */

    if (BIT(flag, LOGFILE)) {
        FPRTF1(logfile, "p_key: %d\n", (int) l_pkey);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "s_key: %d\n", (int) l_skey);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "o_key: %d\n", (int) o_key);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "l_key: %d\n", (int) l_key);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "delta: %d\n", (int) delta);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "Transaction Completed at %s\n",
ctime(&curr_time));
        FPRTF(logfile, "-----
\n");
    } else {
        OCIsexec(tpcsvc,cure1,errhp,1);
        OCIsexec(tpcsvc,cure2,errhp,1);

        FPRTF(outfile, "AFTER TRANSACTION:\n");
        FPRTF1(outfile, "l_extendedprice: %.2f\n", l_newepprice);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "l_quantity: %d\n", (int) l_newquan);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "o_totalprice: %.2f\n\n", o_newtprice);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "l_tax: %.2f\n", l_tax);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "l_discount: %.2f\n", l_disc);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "rprice: %.2f\n", rprice);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "cost: %.2f\n", cost);
        FPRTF(outfile, "-----
\n");
    }
}

```

## Appendix C

```

    }
    }

    tr_end = gettimeofday();

    if (!BIT(flag, LOGFILE)) {
        FPRTF1(outfile, "Start Time: %.2f\n", tr_start);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "End Time: %.2f\n", tr_end);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "Elapsed Time: %.2f\n", (tr_end -
tr_start));
        FPRTF1(outfile, "Transaction Count: %d\n", num_iter);
        FPRTF1(outfile, "Transaction Rate: %.2f\n",
num_iter/(tr_end - tr_start));
    } else {
        FPRTF1(logfile, "Start Time: %.2f\n", tr_start);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "End Time: %.2f\n", tr_end);
        FPRTF1(logfile, "Elapsed Time: %.2f\n", (tr_end -
tr_start));
        FPRTF1(logfile, "Transaction Count: %d\n", num_iter);
    }

    /* Disconnect from ORACLE. */

    if (BIT(flag, INFILE))
        fclose(infile);
    if (BIT(flag, OUTFILE))
        close(outfile);
    if (BIT(flag, LOGFILE))
        close(logfile);

    ACIDexit();

    exit(0);
}

void ACIDinit()
{

    /* run random seed */

    srand48(getpid());

    /* Connect to ORACLE. Program will call sql_error()
    if an error occurs in connecting to the default database. */

    (void) OCIInitialize(OCI_DEFAULT, (dvoid *)0, 0, 0, 0);
    if ((status = OCIEnvInit((OCIEnv
***)&tpcenv, OCI_DEFAULT, 0, (dvoid **)0)) !=
OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(tpcenv, status, 0);

    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &errhp, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &curi, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &curr, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &cure1, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &cure2, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &tpcsrv, OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);

    OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

    /* Disables auto commit */
    /*
    if (ocof(&tpclda)) {
        sql_error(&tpclda, &tpclda);
        ologof(&tpclda);
        exit(-1);
    }
    */

    /* get username and password */

    passwd = strchr(lname, '/');
    *passwd = '\0';
    passwd++;

    if ((status = OCIServerAttach(tpcsrv, errhp, (text
*)0, 0, OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(errhp, status, 1);

    OCIaset(tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX, tpcsrv, 0, OCI_ATTR
_SERVER, errhp);

    OCIaset(tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION, lname, strlen(lname),
OCI_ATTR_USERNAME,
        errhp);

    OCIaset(tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION, passwd, strlen(passw
d), OCI_ATTR_PASSWORD,
        errhp);

    if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
        OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(errhp, status, 1);

    OCIaset(tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX, tpcusr, 0, OCI_ATTR
_SESSION, errhp);

    /* Enable session parallel dml */

    sprintf((char *) sqlstmt, PDMLTXT);
    OCISstmtPrepare(curi, errhp, (text *)sqlstmt, strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
        OCI_NTV_SYNTAX, OCI_DEFAULT);
    OCIsexec(tpcsvc, curi, errhp, 1);

    /* Enable session parallel ddl */

    /*sprintf((char *) sqlstmt, PDDLTX);
    OCISstmtPrepare(curi, errhp, (text *)sqlstmt, strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
        OCI_NTV_SYNTAX, OCI_DEFAULT);
    OCIsexec(tpcsvc, curi, errhp, 1);*/

```

## Appendix C

```
/* Make session serializable */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt, ISOTXT);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
    OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);
OCIExec(tcpsvc,curi,errhp,1);

/* Set optimizer_index_cost_adj = 25 */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt, OICATXT);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
    OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);
OCIExec(tcpsvc,curi,errhp,1);

curr_time = time(NULL);
printf("\nConnected to ORACLE as user: %s at %s\n\n",
lname, ctime(&curr_time));

#ifdef NOLKEY
/* Open and Parse cursor for query to choose determine
l_key. */
/* Binds l_key to :l_key. */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT1);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

OCIbname(curi,&l_keyi_bp,errhp,":l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(
l_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curi,&o_keyi_bp,errhp,":o_key",ADR(o_key),SI
Z(o_key),SQLT_INT);

#endif /* NOLKEY */

/* Open and Parse cursor for the ACID transaction. */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT2);
OCIStmtPrepare(curr,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
    OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

/* bind variables */

OCIbname(curr,l_key_bp,errhp,":l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(l_
key),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,o_key_bp,errhp,":o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(
o_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,delta_bp,errhp,":delta",ADR(delta),SIZ(delt
a),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,l_pkey_bp,errhp,":l_pkey",ADR(l_pkey),SI
Z(l_pkey),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,l_skey_bp,errhp,":l_skey",ADR(l_skey),SIZ
(l_skey),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,l_quan_bp,errhp,":l_quan",ADR(l_quan),SI
Z(l_quan),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,l_newquan_bp,errhp,":l_newquan",ADR(l_n
ewquan),
    SIZ(l_newquan),SQLT_INT);

OCIbname(curr,l_tax_bp,errhp,":l_tax",ADR(l_tax),SIZ(l_t
ax),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbname(curr,l_disc_bp,errhp,":l_disc",ADR(l_disc),SIZ(
l_disc),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbname(curr,l_eprice_bp,errhp,":l_eprice",ADR(l_eprice
),SIZ(l_eprice),
    SQLT_FLT);

OCIbname(curr,l_neweprice_bp,errhp,":l_neweprice",ADR(
l_neweprice),
    SIZ(l_neweprice),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbname(curr,o_tprice_bp,errhp,":o_tprice",ADR(o_tprice
),SIZ(o_tprice),
    SQLT_FLT);

OCIbname(curr,o_newtprice_bp,errhp,":o_newtprice",ADR(
o_newtprice),
    SIZ(o_newtprice), SQLT_FLT);

OCIbname(curr,rprice_bp,errhp,":rprice",ADR(rprice),SIZ(r
price), SQLT_FLT);
OCIbname(curr,cost_bp,errhp,":cost",ADR(cost),SIZ(cost),
SQLT_FLT);

/* Open & Parse cursor for end values query */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT3);
OCIStmtPrepare(cure1,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
    OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT4);
OCIStmtPrepare(cure2,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
    OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

/* bind variables */

OCIbname(cure1,l_neweprice1_bp,errhp,":l_neweprice",AD
R(l_neweprice),
```

## Appendix C

```

        SIZ(l_neweprice),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(cure1,l_newquan1_bp,errhp,":l_newquan",ADR(
l_newquan),
        SIZ(l_newquan),SQLT_INT);

OCIbbname(cure1,o_key1_bp,errhp,":o_key",ADR(o_key),SI
Z(o_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIbbname(cure1,l_key1_bp,errhp,":l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ
(l_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIbbname(cure2,o_newtprice2_bp,errhp,":o_newtprice",AD
R(o_newtprice),
        SIZ(o_newtprice),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(cure2,o_key2_bp,errhp,":o_key",ADR(o_key),SI
Z(o_key),SQLT_INT);

}

```

### atranspl.h

/\* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. \*/

```

/*
NAME
    atranspl.h - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION

MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
mpoess    10/23/02 - mpoess_update_from_visa
mpoess    10/17/01 - add TXT parameter
mpoess    04/09/01 - add hint to find max linenumber
mpoess    01/04/01 - Creation
*/

```

```
#ifndef ATRANSPL_H
```

```
#define ATRANSPL_H
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>

```

```

#include <oratypes.h>
#ifndef OCIDFN
#include <ocidfn.h>
#endif /* OCIDFN */

```

```
#ifndef OCI_ORACLE
```

```

#include <oci.h>
#endif /* OCI_ORACLE */

/*
#ifdef __STDC__
#include <ociapr.h>
#else
#include <ocikpr.h>
#endif /* /* __STDC__ */

```

```
extern int errno;
```

```

#ifndef NULL
#define NULL 0
#endif

#ifndef NULLP
#define NULLP (void *)NULL
#endif /* NULLP */

```

```

#ifndef DISCARD
#define DISCARD (void)
#endif

```

```

#ifndef sword
#define sword int
#endif

```

```

#ifndef ub1
#define ub1 unsigned char
#endif

```

```

#define UNAME_LEN 64
#define WRITE_BUF_LEN 1024

```

```

#define NA -1 /* ANSI SQL NULL */
#define VER7 2
#define NOT_SERIALIZABLE 8177 /* ORA-08177:
transaction not serializable */
#define WRITE_BUF_LEN 1024

```

```

#define ADR(object) ((ub1 *)&(object))
#define SIZ(object) ((sword)sizeof(object))
#define BIS(flq,mask) (unsigned) (flq |= (unsigned) mask)
#define BIT(flq,mask) (unsigned) ((unsigned) flq &
(unsigned) mask)

```

```

#define FPRTF(fd,s) \
{ sprintf(buf,s); write(fd, buf, strlen(s)); }
#define FPRTF1(fd,s,p) \
{ sprintf(buf,s,p); write(fd, buf, strlen(buf)); }
#define FPRTF2(fd,s,p1,p2) \
{ sprintf(buf,s,p1,p2); write(fd, buf, strlen(buf)); }

```

```

#define OCIhalloc(envh,hndl,htyp) \
if((status=OCIHandleAlloc((dvoid *)envh,(dvoid **)hndl,htyp,0,(dvoid **)0))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(envh,status,0); \
else \

```

## Appendix C

DISCARD 0

```
#define OCIfree(hndl,htyp) \
    if((status=OCIHandleFree((dvoid *)hndl,htyp)) ==
OCI_SUCCESS) \
    fprintf(stderr, "Error freeing handle of type %d\n", htyp)

#define OCIaget(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
    if((status=OCIAttrGet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid
*)attp,(dvoid *)size,atyp,errh)) != OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIaset(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
    if((status=OCIAttrSet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid
*)attp,size,atyp,errh)) != OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIsexec(svch,stmh,errh,iter) \

if((status=OCISmtExecute(svch,stmh,errh,iter,0,NULL,NUL
L,OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
    DISCARD 0

#define
OCIbname(stmh,bindp,errh,sqlvar,progv,progv1,ftype) \
    if((status=OCIBindByName(stmh,&bindp,errh,(text
*)sqlvar,strlen(sqlvar), \
    progv,progv1,ftype,0,0,0,0,OCI_DEFAULT)) !=
OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
    DISCARD 0

#define
OCIbnamei(stmh,bindp,errh,sqlvar,progv,progv1,ftype,indp)
\
    if((status=OCIHandleAlloc((dvoid *)stmh,(dvoid
**)&bindp,OCI_HTYPE_BIND, \
    0,(dvoid **)0))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(stmh,status,0); \
    if((status=OCIBindByName(stmh,&bindp,errh,(text
*)sqlvar,strlen(sqlvar), \
    progv,progv1,ftype,indp,0,0,0,0,OCI_DEFAULT))
!= OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIcon(svcp,errh) \
    if((status=OCITransCommit(svcp,errh,OCI_DEFAULT))
!= OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
```

DISCARD 0

```
#define OCIfrol(svcp,errh) \
    if((status=OCITransRollback(svcp,errh,OCI_DEFAULT))
!= OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
    DISCARD 0

#define ISOTXT "alter session set isolation_level =
serializable"
#define PDMLTXT "alter session force parallel dml parallel
(degree 2)"
#define PDDLTX "alter session force parallel ddl parallel
(degree 2)"
#define OICATXT "alter session set
optimizer_index_cost_adj=25"

#define SQLTXT1 "BEGIN SELECT /*+
index(lineitem,i_l_orderkey) */ MAX(l_linenumber) INTO
:l_key FROM lineitem \
WHERE l_orderkey = :o_key; END;"

#define SQLTXT2 "BEGIN d_atrans.doatrans(:l_key, :o_key,
:delta, :l_pkey, \
:l_skey, :l_quan, :l_newquan, :l_tax, :l_disc, :l_eprice,
:l_neweprice, \
:o_tprice, :o_newtprice, :rprice, :cost); END;"

#define SQLTXT3 "BEGIN SELECT l_extendedprice,
l_quantity \
INTO :l_neweprice, :l_newquan \
FROM lineitem \
WHERE l_orderkey = :o_key \
AND l_linenumber = :l_key; END;"

#define SQLTXT4 "BEGIN SELECT o_totalprice INTO
:o_newtprice \
FROM orders \
WHERE o_orderkey = :o_key; END;"

#define SQLTXT5 "BEGIN SELECT l_extendedprice,
l_quantity \
INTO :l_eprice, :l_quan \
FROM lineitem \
WHERE l_orderkey = :o_key \
AND l_linenumber = :l_key; END;"

#define SQLTXT6 "BEGIN SELECT o_totalprice INTO
:o_tprice \
FROM orders \
WHERE o_orderkey = :o_key; END;"

#endif /* ATRANSPL_H */

ckpt.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: ckpt.sh 08-aug-99.17:32:22 mpoess Exp $
```

## Appendix C

```
#
# ckpt.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# ckpt.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# <short description of component this file
declares/defines>
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env
sqlplus -s /NOLOG << !

    connect / as sysdba;
    alter system switch logfile;
    alter system switch logfile;
    exit;
!

consist.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: consist.sh 08-aug-99.14:20:51 mpoess Exp $
#
# consist.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# consist.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Performs consistency tests.
# Usage: consist.sh [-n iter] [-s number of stream] [-p prog]
# [-u usr/pswd] -h
#
# Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env
```

```
OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

KEY=$OUT_DIR/key$$_
OUTFILE=${OUT_DIR}/consrte
CON1=${OUT_DIR}/conb
CON2=${OUT_DIR}/cona
CHK=${OUT_DIR}/conskpt

/bin/rm -rf ${KEY}* $CON1 $CON2 $OUTFILE $CHK

trap "/bin/rm -rf ${KEY}*; exit 1" 1 2 3 15

STREAM=${NUM_STREAMS}
let STREAM="$STREAM + 1" # add one for the update
stream
ITER=100
PROG=atranspl
USER=${DATABASE_USER}
CK=10

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-n iter] [-s number of stream] [-p prog] [-u
usr/pswd] -h"
    echo ""
    echo "-n iter          : number of iterations, default is 100"
    echo "-s number of stream : number of streams, default is 2"
    echo "-p prog           : program to run, default is
atranspl.ott"
    echo "-u usr/pswd      : user/password for database access,
default is tpcd/tpcd"
    echo "-t chkpt        : time after the start of ACID
transaction to perform the checkpoint"
    echo "                default is 10 seconds"
    echo "-h              : print this usage summary"
    exit 1;
}

set -- `getopt "n:p:u:s:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
-s) shift; STREAM=$1;;
-n) shift; ITER=$1;;
-p) shift; PROG=$1;;
-u) shift; USER=$1;;
-t) shift; CK=$1;;
-h) usage; exit 0;;
--) break;;
esac
    shift
done

if [ $ITER -lt 100 ]
```

## Appendix C

```
then
echo "Error: Must at least run 100 iterations!"
echo "Exiting..."
exit 1
fi

if [ $STREAM -lt 2 ]
then
echo "Error: Must at least run 2 streams!"
echo "Exiting..."
exit 1
fi

echo "Starting Consistency Test at `date`..."
echo ""
echo "Generate some keys first"
echo ""

i=0

while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
echo randkey $ITER 1 u$USER
randkey $ITER 1 u$USER > ${KEY}$i
i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo "Check consistency before Submitting Transactions
`date`"
echo "Check consistency before Submitting Transactions
`date`" >> $CON1

echo "Obtain 10 keys from the each key file to check
consistency"

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
KEYS=`head -10 ${KEY}$i | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}`
echo "The 10 Keys for file $i are: $KEYS"
#for j in `head -10 ${KEY}$i | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}`
for j in $KEYS
do
sqlplus $USER @consist $j >> $CON1
echo "-----" >> $CON1
done
i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo ""
echo "Starting ACID transactions at `date`"
echo ""

i=0

while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
$PROG $i $STREAM 1 0 u${USER} i${KEY}$i
o${OUTFILE}$i s1 &
i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo "Schedule a Checkpoint"
echo "Checkpoint scheduled at $CK seconds after `date`"

(sleep $CK; $ACID_DIR/ckpt.sh) &

wait

echo ""
echo "Ending ACID transactions at `date`"
echo ""

echo "Completed $STREAM transaction streams with $ITER
iterations each"
echo ""

echo "Check consistency after Submitting Transactions
`date`"
echo "Check consistency after Submitting Transactions
`date`" >> $CON2

cat
${ORACLE_HOME}/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
>> $CHK

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
KEYS=`head -10 ${KEY}$i | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}`
#for j in `head -10 ${KEY}$i | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}`
echo "The keys to check for consistency after the test from file
$i are:"
echo "$KEYS"
for j in $KEYS
do
sqlplus $USER @consist $j >> $CON2
echo "-----" >> $CON2
done
i=`expr $i + 1`
done

consist.sql
Rem
Rem $Header: consist.sql 08-aug-99.16:59:17 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem consist.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem consist.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
Rem DESCRIPTION
Rem Verifies the consistency of TPC-D database using the
Rem consistency condition.
Rem
```



## Appendix C

```
Rem Usage: sqlplus tpcd/tpcd @consist
Rem
Rem NOTE
Rem REQUIRES PACKAGES prvtotpt and dbmsotpt
rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/08/99 - Created
Rem

set verify off
rem set termout on
rem set echo on

REM
REM Get today's date.
REM

select
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD
HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

set serverout on;

DECLARE
    o_okey    number;
    o_tprice number;
    l_tprice  number;
    diff      number;
BEGIN
    select o_totalprice
    into o_tprice
    from orders
    where o_orderkey = &&1;

    select sum(trunc((trunc((l_extendedprice * (1-l_discount)),
2)
    * (1+l_tax)), 2))
    into l_tprice
    from lineitem
    where l_orderkey = &&1;

    diff := l_tprice - o_tprice;

    dbms_output.put_line('O_TOTALPRICE: ' ||
TO_CHAR(trunc(o_tprice,2)));
    dbms_output.put_line('L_TOTALPRICE: ' ||
TO_CHAR(trunc(l_tprice,2)));
    dbms_output.put_line('Difference: ' ||
TO_CHAR(trunc(diff,2)));

END;
.
```

```
spool off
exit

dura.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: dura.sh 08-aug-99.15:21:38 mpoess Exp $
#
# dura.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   dura.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   <short description of component this file
declares/defines>
#
# NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#

. $KIT_DIR/env

# Create history table

# Count number of entries in the history table

SERVER="ultraperf2"

echo "-----"
echo "Capturing Process information before durability tests
`date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda ps -ef; date
echo "-----"

echo "-----"
echo "Starting the durability tests `date`"
run_acid.sh &
echo "-----"

sleep 1200

echo "-----"
echo "Collecting user information. `date`"
./cnt_user.sh pswong spyda ultraperf2 > dura/duraucnt 2>&1
echo "-----"

echo "-----"
echo "Capturing Process information while running
Transactions `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda ps -ef; date
echo "-----"
```

## Appendix C

```
echo "-----"
echo "Capturing disk information on Server: Ultraperf2
`date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda vxprint -ht ; date
echo "-----"

echo "-----"
echo "Detaching mirror on data disk. `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l root "vxplex -v ordr23 det ordr23-01"
echo "-----"

echo "-----"
echo "Capturing Disk information information on Server:
Ultraperf2 `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda vxprint -ht ; date
echo "-----"

sleep 120

echo "-----"
echo "Capturing Process information after breaking data
mirror. `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda ps -ef; date
echo "-----"

echo "-----"
echo "Detaching mirror on log2 disk. `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l root "vxplex -v log2 det log2-01"
echo "-----"

echo "-----"
echo "Capturing Disk information information on Server:
Ultraperf2 `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda vxprint -ht ; date
echo "-----"

sleep 120

echo "-----"
echo "Capturing Process information after detaching log
mirror. `date`"
rsh $SERVER -n -l spyda ps -ef; date
echo "-----"

# Power Off

end_acid.sh

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: end_acid.sh 08-aug-99.17:06:20 mpoess Exp $
#
# end_acid.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
```

```
# NAME
# end_acid.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# end_cons.sh <pid of the durability run>
# Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#

.$KIT_DIR/env

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$OH/tpcd/audit set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT/
DURA_DIR=$ACID_OUT/dura
RUN_ID_FILE=$ACID_DIR/run_id

SHELL_PID=`cat ${DURA_DIR}/shellpid`
ITER=100
STEM=${NUM_STREAMS}
let STEM="$STEM + 1" # add one for the update stream
PROG=${ACID_DIR}/atranspl.ott
IN=${ACID_DIR}/acid_in
DURA=${DURA_DIR}/drate
OUT=${DURA_DIR}/drate
DSMPL=${DURA_DIR}/durasmpl
KEY=${DURA_DIR}/key${SHELL_PID}_
USER=tpch/tpch
TRIG=1
HCNT=duracnta

# get history count

sqlplus $USER @cnt_hist > $DURA_DIR/$HCNT 2>&1

# perform the consistency

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
  for j in `head -10 ${KEY}${i} | awk '{printf "%d ",$1}`
  do
    sqlplus tpch/tpch @consist $j >> $DURA_DIR/duraconsa
  done
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
  sample.sh $DURAS${i} > ${DSMPL}${i} 2>&1
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done
```

## Appendix C

```
gettime.c
#ifdef RCSID
static char *RCSid =
    "$Header: gettime.c 15-jul-99.14:27:44 mpoess Exp $ ";
#endif /* RCSID */

/* Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved. */

/*

NAME
    gettime.c

DESCRIPTION
    get wall clock time.
    get cpu time.

FUNCTIONS
    get wall clock time.
    get cpu time.

NOTES
    Both routines return time in seconds as a double.
MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
    mpoess 07/15/99 - Creation
    mpoess 07/15/99 - Creation

*/

/*
** Options:
** TIME_W_TIMES:    implement gettime() with times().
** TIME_W_GETTIME: implement gettime() with
gettimeofday().
** CPU_W_TIMES:    implement getcpu() with times().
** CPU_W_GETTRU:   implement getcpu() with
getrusage().
** GETRU_STATS:    collect getrusage statistics
** GET_P_STATS:    collect get_process_stats statistics
*/

#define SUN_OS5

#ifdef SUN_OS5
#define TIME_W_GETTIME
#define CPU_W_TIMES
#undef GETRU_STATS
#undef CPU_W_GETTRU
#endif /* SUN_OS5 */

#ifdef sequent || defined(SEQ_PSX)
#define GET_P_STATS
#endif /* sequent */

#ifdef aix || defined(AIXRIOS)
```

```
#define TIME_W_GETTIME
#define CPU_W_TIMES
#define GETRU_STATS
#endif /* AIXRIOS */

#ifdef a_osf || defined(A_OSF)
#define TIME_W_GETTIME
#define CPU_W_GETTRU
#define GETRU_STATS
#endif /* AIXRIOS */

#ifdef HPUX || defined(XENIX_386) ||
defined(SYSV_386) || defined(ATT_3B)
#define TIME_W_TIMES
#define CPU_W_TIMES
#endif /* HPUX || XENIX_386 || SYSV_386 */

#ifdef !defined(TIME_W_GETTIME) &&
!defined(TIME_W_TIMES)
#define TIME_W_TIMES
#endif

#ifdef !defined(CPU_W_GETTRU) &&
!defined(CPU_W_TIMES)
#define CPU_W_TIMES
#endif

#ifdef GET_P_STATS
#ifdef GETRU_STATS
#undef GETRU_STATS
#endif
#endif

#ifdef TIME_W_GETTIME ||
defined(CPU_W_GETTRU) || defined(GETRU_STATS)
#include <sys/time.h>
#endif /* TIME_W_GETTIME || CPU_W_GETTRU ||
GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef CPU_W_GETTRU || defined(GETRU_STATS)
#include <sys/resource.h>
#endif /* CPU_W_GETTRU || GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef TIME_W_TIMES || defined(CPU_W_TIMES)
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/times.h>
#include <sys/param.h> /* most systems define HZ here */
#endif /* TIME_W_TIMES or CPU_W_TIMES */

#ifdef GET_P_STATS
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/procstats.h>
#endif /* GET_P_STATS */

#include <stdio.h>

#ifdef GETRU_STATS
struct rusage selfru;
struct rusage kidsru;
```

## Appendix C

```
#endif /* GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef GET_P_STATS
struct process_stats selfru;
struct process_stats kidsru;
#endif /* GET_P_STATS */

double gettime ()

{
#ifdef TIME_W_GETTIME
    struct timeval tv;

    (void) gettimeofday (&tv, (struct timezone *) 0);
    return ((double) tv.tv_sec + (1.0e-6 * (double) tv.tv_usec));
#endif /* TIME_W_GETTIME */

#ifdef TIME_W_TIMES
    struct tms buf;

    return ((double) times (&buf) / HZ);
#endif /* TIME_W_TIMES */
}

double getcpu ()

{
#ifdef CPU_W_TIMES
    struct tms buf;

    (void) times (&buf);
    return (((double) buf.tms_utime + (double) buf.tms_stime) /
    HZ);
#endif /* CPU_W_TIMES */

#ifdef CPU_W_GETRU
    struct rusage ru;
    double usecs;

    (void) getrusage (0, &ru);
    usecs = 1.0e-6 * (double) (ru.ru_utime.tv_usec +
    ru.ru_stime.tv_usec);
    return ((double) (ru.ru_utime.tv_sec + ru.ru_stime.tv_sec) +
    usecs);
#endif /* CPU_W_GETRU */
}

getru (fp, kids, config, runname, proc_no)

FILE *fp;
int kids;
char *config;
char *runname;
int proc_no;

{
#ifdef GETRU_STATS
    struct rusage ru;

    fprintf (fp, "%-10.10s %-10.10s %10d %10d ",
    config, runname, proc_no, kids);
    getrusage (kids ? RUSAGE_CHILDREN :
    RUSAGE_SELF, &ru);
    print_ru (fp, &ru);
    fprintf (fp, "\n");
#endif /* GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef GET_P_STATS
    timeval_t tv;
    struct process_stats ru;

    fprintf (fp, "%-10.10s %-10.10s %10d %10d ",
    config, runname, proc_no, kids);
    if (kids)
        get_process_stats (&tv, PS_SELF, (struct process_stats *)
    0, &ru);
    else
        get_process_stats (&tv, PS_SELF, &ru, (struct
    process_stats *) 0);
    print_ru (fp, &ru);
    fprintf (fp, "\n");
#endif /* GET_P_STATS */
}

getru1 (kids)

int kids;

{
#ifdef GETRU_STATS
    if (kids) {
        memset (&kidsru, 0, sizeof (kidsru));
        getrusage (RUSAGE_CHILDREN, &kidsru);
    }
    else {
        memset (&selfru, 0, sizeof (selfru));
        getrusage (RUSAGE_SELF, &selfru);
    }
#endif /* GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef GET_P_STATS
    timeval_t tv;

```

## Appendix C

```

if (kids) {
    memset (&kidsru, 0, sizeof (kidsru));
    get_process_stats (&tv, PS_SELF, (struct process_stats *)
0, &kidsru);
}
else {
    memset (&selfru, 0, sizeof (selfru));
    get_process_stats (&tv, PS_SELF, &selfru, (struct
process_stats *) 0);
}
#endif /* GET_P_STATS */
}

getru2 (fp, kids, config, runname, proc_no)

FILE *fp;
int kids;
char *config;
char *runname;
int proc_no;

{
#ifdef GETRU_STATS
    struct rusage ru;

    fprintf (fp, "%-10.10s %-10.10s %10d %10d ", config,
runname, proc_no, kids);
    getrusage (kids ? RUSAGE_CHILDREN :
RUSAGE_SELF, &ru);
    if (kids)
        diffru (&ru, &kidsru);
    else
        diffru (&ru, &selfru);
    print_ru (fp, &ru);
    fprintf (fp, "\n");
#endif /* GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef GET_P_STATS
    timeval_t tv;
    struct process_stats ru;

    fprintf (fp, "%-10.10s %-10.10s %10d %10d ", config,
runname, proc_no, kids);
    if (kids)
        get_process_stats (&tv, PS_SELF, (struct process_stats *)
0, &ru);
    else
        get_process_stats (&tv, PS_SELF, &ru, (struct
process_stats *) 0);
    if (kids)
        diffru (&ru, &kidsru);
    else
        diffru (&ru, &selfru);
    print_ru (fp, &ru);
    fprintf (fp, "\n");
#endif /* GET_P_STATS */
}

#endif /* GET_P_STATS */
}

fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_utime.tv_sec * 1000 +
(ru->ru_utime.tv_usec/1000));
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_stime.tv_sec * 1000 +
(ru->ru_stime.tv_usec/1000));
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_maxrss);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_majflt);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_minflt);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_nswap);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_nvcsw);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_nivcsw);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_nsignals);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_inblock);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", ru->ru_oublock);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld ", 0);
fprintf (fp, "%10ld", 0);
}

diffru (ru2, ru)

struct rusage *ru2;
struct rusage *ru;

{
    ru2->ru_utime.tv_sec -= ru->ru_utime.tv_sec;
    ru2->ru_utime.tv_usec -= ru->ru_utime.tv_usec;
    ru2->ru_stime.tv_sec -= ru->ru_stime.tv_sec;
    ru2->ru_stime.tv_usec -= ru->ru_stime.tv_usec;
    ru2->ru_maxrss -= ru->ru_maxrss;
    ru2->ru_ixrss -= ru->ru_ixrss;
    ru2->ru_idrss -= ru->ru_idrss;
    ru2->ru_minflt -= ru->ru_minflt;
    ru2->ru_majflt -= ru->ru_majflt;
    ru2->ru_nswap -= ru->ru_nswap;
    ru2->ru_inblock -= ru->ru_inblock;
}

```

## Appendix C

```
ru2->ru_oublock -= ru->ru_oublock;
ru2->ru_msgsnd -= ru->ru_msgsnd;
ru2->ru_msgrcv -= ru->ru_msgrcv;
ru2->ru_nsignals -= ru->ru_nsignals;
ru2->ru_nvcsw -= ru->ru_nvcsw;
ru2->ru_nivcsw -= ru->ru_nivcsw;
}

#endif /* GETRU_STATS */

#ifdef GET_P_STATS

print_ru (fp, ps)

FILE *fp;
struct process_stats *ps;

{

    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_untime.tv_sec * 1000 +
             (ps->ps_untime.tv_usec/1000));
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_stime.tv_sec * 1000 +
             (ps->ps_stime.tv_usec/1000));
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_maxrss);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_pagein);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_reclaim);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_zerofill);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_pffincr);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_pffdecr);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_swap);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_syscall);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_volcsw);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_involcsw);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_signal);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_lread);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_lwrite);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_bread);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_bwrite);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu ", ps->ps_phread);
    fprintf (fp, "%lu", ps->ps_phwrite);
}

diffru (ru2, ru)

struct process_stats *ru2;
struct process_stats *ru;

{

    ru2->ps_untime.tv_sec -= ru->ps_untime.tv_sec;
    ru2->ps_untime.tv_usec -= ru->ps_untime.tv_usec;
    ru2->ps_stime.tv_sec -= ru->ps_stime.tv_sec;
    ru2->ps_stime.tv_usec -= ru->ps_stime.tv_usec;
```

```
ru2->ps_maxrss -= ru->ps_maxrss;
ru2->ps_pagein -= ru->ps_pagein;
ru2->ps_reclaim -= ru->ps_reclaim;
ru2->ps_zerofill -= ru->ps_zerofill;
ru2->ps_pffincr -= ru->ps_pffincr;
ru2->ps_pffdecr -= ru->ps_pffdecr;
ru2->ps_swap -= ru->ps_swap;
ru2->ps_syscall -= ru->ps_syscall;
ru2->ps_volcsw -= ru->ps_volcsw;
ru2->ps_involcsw -= ru->ps_involcsw;
ru2->ps_signal -= ru->ps_signal;
ru2->ps_lread -= ru->ps_lread;
ru2->ps_lwrite -= ru->ps_lwrite;
ru2->ps_bread -= ru->ps_bread;
ru2->ps_bwrite -= ru->ps_bwrite;
ru2->ps_phread -= ru->ps_phread;
ru2->ps_phwrite -= ru->ps_phwrite;
}

#endif /* GET_P_STATS */
```

### gtime.c

/\* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. \*/

/\*

#### NAME

gtime.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

#### DESCRIPTION

<short description of facility this file declares/defines>

#### EXPORT FUNCTION(S)

<external functions defined for use outside package - one-line descriptions>

#### INTERNAL FUNCTION(S)

<other external functions defined - one-line descriptions>

#### STATIC FUNCTION(S)

<static functions defined - one-line descriptions>

#### NOTES

<other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>

#### MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)

mposs 10/23/02 - mposs\_update\_from\_visa

mposs 08/29/01 - Creation

\*/

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

# include <sys/time.h>

main ()

{

## Appendix C

```
struct timeval tv;

(void) gettimeofday (&tv, (struct timezone *) 0);

printf ("%0.2f\n", ((double) tv.tv_sec + (1.0e-6 * (double)
tv.tv_usec)) );

}

/* end of file gtime.c */
```

### iso1.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso1.sh 29-jul-98.17:00:11 akarasik Exp $
#
# iso1.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1998. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   iso1.sh
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: iso1.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
#   Options: See usage below
# NOTES
#   For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node
is
#   one of the participating nodes. The other node can
be
#   specified by the -n option.
#   You need to set the environment variable
TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess   12/16/98 - update to version 8.1.6
#   mpoess   09/25/98 - update audit
#   akarasik 07/29/98 -
#   akarasik 07/29/98 - Creation
#

.$KIT_DIR/env

# May need to change the following:
RSH=ssh

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
#ACID_DIR=$KIT_DIR/acid is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$$$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$$$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$$$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso1
```

```
USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl
```

```
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

```
trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit
1" 1 2 3 15
```

```
usage() {
```

```
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
    echo ""
    exit 1;
}
```

```
set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage
```

```
while :
```

```
do
    case "$1" in
        -u) shift; USER=$1;;
        -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
        -h) usage; exit 0;;
        --) break;;
    esac
    shift;
done
```

```
de=`direxists.sh $ACID_OUT c` # I am not using $de
afterward, but I want to avoid the output of direxists
```

```
# generate key files
```

```
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
```

```
OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is "$OKEY
```

```
# before the ACID transaction, let's run a ACID query to
record the
# initial state of lineitem
```

```
echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation
Test 1" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
```

```
sleep 1
```

```
# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 60 second before
COMMIT
```

## Appendix C

```
$PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s60 b0 >> $TXN1FILE
&
```

```
# let's sleep 10 seconds before starting ACID query
```

```
sleep 15
```

```
# start ACID query with the same OKEY
```

```
echo "Running ACID query 15 seconds AFTER the start of
ACID Transaction" \
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN2FILE
if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting ACID query on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} sqlplus $USER
@$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >> $TXN2FILE
else
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
fi
```

```
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
wait
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE
```

```
cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE
```

```
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

### iso2.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso2.sh 04-aug-99.09:19:54 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso2.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# iso2.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Usage: iso2.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
# Options: See usage below
# NOTES
# For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# You need to set the environment variable
TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
```

```
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#
#
```

```
=====
=====+
# May need to change the following:
```

```
. $KIT_DIR/env
```

```
RSH=ssh
```

```
OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT
```

```
DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura
```

```
TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso2
```

```
USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl
```

```
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

```
trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit
1" 1 2 3 15
```

```
usage() {
```

```
echo ""
echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
echo ""
exit 1;
}
```

```
set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage
```

```
while :
```

```
do
case "$1" in
-u) shift; USER=$1;;
-n) shift; HOST="$1";;
-h) usage; exit 0;;
--) break;;
esac
shift;
done
```

```
# generate key files
```

```
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
```

```
OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is "$OKEY
```



## Appendix C

```
# before the ACID transaction, let's run a ACID query to
record the
# initial state of lineitem

echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation
Test 1" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
sqlplus "$USER" @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 30 second before
ROLLBACK

$PROG 1 1 0 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s30 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 15 seconds before starting ACID query

sleep 15

# start ACID query with the same OKEY

echo "Running ACID query 15 seconds AFTER the start of
ACID transaction" \
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN2FILE
if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting ACID query on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} sqlplus "$USER"
@$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >> $TXN2FILE
else
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
fi

echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
wait
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

iso3.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso3.sh 04-aug-99.09:20:35 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso3.sh
#
```

```
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# iso3.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Usage: iso3.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
# Options: See usage below
# NOTES
# For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# We need to make sure the remote node has access to
the
# file system on the local node. Otherwise, we need to
rcp
# the keyfile to the remote system.
# You need to set the environment variable
TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#

.$KIT_DIR/env

# May need to change the following:
RSH=ssh

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
#ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso3

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit
1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {

echo ""
echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
echo ""
exit 1;
}

set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage
```

## Appendix C

```
while :
do
  case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
  shift
done

# generate key files

randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
scp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 30 second before
COMMIT

$PROG 1 2 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s30 b0 >> $TXN1FILE
&

# let's sleep 15 seconds before starting second ACID
transaction

sleep 15

# start another ACID transaction with the same LKEY and
OKEY
# but different DELTA

# Do not sleep before COMMIT so that we can see TXN2 has
waited.

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting TXN2 on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} $PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER
s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE &
else
$PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE
&
fi

wait
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

iso4.sh
```

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso4.sh 04-aug-99.09:21:12 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso4.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   iso4.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: iso4.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
#   Options: See usage below
# NOTES
#   For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
#   one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
#   specified by the -n option.
#   We need to make sure the remote node has access to the
#   file system on the local node. Otherwise, we need to rcp
#   the keyfile to the remote system.
#   You need to set the environment variable
TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#

. $KIT_DIR/env

# May need to change the following:
RSH=ssh

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso4

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit
1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {

  echo ""
  echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
  echo ""
```

## Appendix C

```
exit 1;
}

set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
  case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
  shift
done

# generate key files

randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
scp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 30 second before
ROLLBACK

$PROG 1 2 0 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s30 b0 >> $TXN1FILE
&

# let's sleep 15 seconds before starting second ACID
transaction

sleep 15

# start another ACID transaction with the same LKEY and
OKEY
# but different DELTA

# Do not sleep before COMMIT so that we can see TXN2 has
waited.

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting TXN2 on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} $PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER
s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE &
else
$PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE
&
fi

wait
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE
```

```
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

### iso5.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso5.sh 04-aug-99.09:21:45 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso5.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# iso5.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Usage: iso5.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
# Options: See usage below
# NOTES
# For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# You need to set the environment variable
TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#

.$KIT_DIR/env

# May need to change the following:
RSH=ssh

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT
DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso5

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit
1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {
  echo ""
  echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
  echo ""
```

## Appendix C

```
exit 1;
}

set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
  case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
  shift;
done

# generate key files

randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
scp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE

OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is "$OKEY

# before the ACID transaction, let's run a ACID query to
record the
# initial state of lineitem

echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation
Test 5" >> $TXN1FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN1FILE
echo "" >> $TXN1FILE
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN1FILE
echo "" >> $TXN1FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 60 second before
COMMIT

$PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s60 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 5 seconds before starting PARTSUPP query

sleep 5

# First generate PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY

PSKEY=`randpsup 1`

echo "Running PARTSUPP query 5 seconds AFTER the start
of ACID Transaction" \
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN2FILE
```

```
echo "PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY are: $PSKEY" >>
$TXN2FILE

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting PARTSUPP query on node $HOST" >>
$TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} sqlplus $USER
@$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query2 ${PSKEY} >>
$TXN2FILE &
else
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query2 ${PSKEY}
>> $TXN2FILE &
fi

wait

echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFIELD

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

iso6.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso6.sh 04-aug-99.09:22:12 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso6.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# iso6.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Usage: iso6.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
# Options: See usage below
# NOTES
# For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# We need to make sure the remote node has access to the
# file system on the local node. Otherwise, we need to rcp
# the keyfile to the remote system.
# You need to set the environment variable
TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#

.$KIT_DIR/env
```

## Appendix C

```
# May need to change the following:
RSH=ssh

OH=/private/tpcd
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
TXN3FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn3$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso6

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE
$KEYFILE

trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE
$KEYFILE; exit 1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
    echo ""
    exit 1;
}

set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
    shift;
done

# generate key files

randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
scp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE

OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is "$OKEY

# before the any transaction, let's run a ACID query to record
the
# initial state of lineitem

echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation
Test 6" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "`date`" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE

sleep 1

# start Query 1, use 0 as the delta

echo "Running Query 17b at `date`" >> $TXN1FILE
sqlplus $USER @q1 >> $TXN1FILE &

# sleep 2 seconds before starting ACID transaction

sleep 2

# start ACID transaction, COMMIT after one second

echo "Starting AICD transaction at `date`" >> $TXN2FILE

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting ACID transaction on node $HOST" >>
$TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} $PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER
s1 >> $TXN2FILE &
else
$PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 >> $TXN2FILE &
fi

# start Query 17

sleep 2

echo "Running 2nd Query 17b at `date`" >> $TXN3FILE
sqlplus $USER @q1 >> $TXN3FILE &
# wait for everyone to finish

wait

echo "-----" >>
$TXN3FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >>
$TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE
$KEYFILE
```

**randkey.c**

## Appendix C

```
/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */
```

```
/*
```

```
NAME
```

```
randkey.c - <one-line expansion of the name>
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
Generate random keys for ACID transactions:
```

```
O_ORDERKEY unique random (1..SF*150000*4) and only
```

```
first 8 keys out of every 32 are populated.
```

```
and
```

```
L_ORDERKEY based on Clause 3.1.6.2
```

```
DELTA random (1..100)
```

```
*/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
#include "atranspl.h"
```

```
#define ORDERCNT 150000.0
```

```
/* MK_SPARSE adopted from dss.h */
```

```
#define MK_SPARSE(key, seq) \
    (((key>>3)<<2)|(seq & 0x0003)<<3)|(key & 0x0007))
```

```
void sql_error();
```

```
void usage();
```

```
void ACIDinit();
```

```
long atol();
```

```
void srand48();
```

```
long lrand48();
```

```
/* Not really used here, but retained it for future purposes. */
```

```
typedef struct aciddef {
```

```
    long okey;
```

```
    long lkey;
```

```
    int delta;
```

```
} adef;
```

```
long l_key = 0;
```

```
long o_key = 0;
```

```
char lname[UNAME_LEN];
```

```
char *passwd;
```

```
/* OCI handles */
```

```
OCIEnv *tpcenv;
```

```
OCIServer *tpcsrv;
```

```
OCIError *errhp;
```

```
OCISvcCtx *tpcsvc;
```

```
OCISession *tpcusr;
```

```
OCISmt *curi;
```

```
OCIBind *l_key_bp;
```

```
OCIBind *o_key_bp;
```

```
sword status = OCI_SUCCESS; /* OCI return value */
```

```
char sqlstmt[1024];
```

```
void ACIDexit() {
```

```
    OCILogoff(tpcsvc,errhp);
```

```
    OCIhfree(tpcenv,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
```

```
    OCIhfree(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
```

```
    OCIhfree(tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
```

```
    OCIhfree(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);
```

```
}
```

```
/* type: 0 if environment handle is passed, 1 if error handle is passwd */
```

```
void sql_error(errhp,status,type)
```

```
    OCIError *errhp;
```

```
    sword status;
```

```
    sword type;
```

```
{
```

```
    char msg[2048];
```

```
    sb4 errcode;
```

```
    ub4 msglen;
```

```
    int i,j;
```

```
    switch(status) {
```

```
        case OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO:
```

```
            fprintf(stderr, "Error: Statement returned with info.\n");
```

```
            if (type)
```

```
                (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
```

```
                    2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
```

```
            else
```

```
                (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
```

```
                    2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
```

```
            fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case OCI_ERROR:
```

```
            fprintf(stderr, "Error: OCI call error.\n");
```

```
            if (type)
```

```
                (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
```

```
                    2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
```

```
            else
```

```
                (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
```

```
                    2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
```

```
            fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case OCI_INVALID_HANDLE:
```

```
            fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid Handle.\n");
```

```
            if (type)
```

## Appendix C

```

(void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text
*)msg,
        2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
else
(void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text
*)msg,
        2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
break;
}
/* Rollback just in case */

(void) OCITransRollback(tpcsvc,errhp,OCI_DEFAULT);

fprintf(stderr, "Exiting Oracle...\n");
fflush(stderr);

ACIDexit();

exit(1);
}

main(argc, argv)
int argc;
char **argv;
{
long count;
long i;
double sf; /* need to accomodate sf 0.1 */
double random;
double ordcnt;
adef *res;

if ((argc < 3) || (argc > 4)) {
usage();
exit(-1);
}

strcpy((char *) lname, "tpcd/tpcd");

count = atol(argv[1]);
sf = atof(argv[2]);

argc -= 2;
argv += 2;

while (--argc) {
++argv;
switch(argv[0][0]) {
case 'u':
strncpy((char *) lname, ++(argv[0]), UNAME_LEN);
if (strchr((char *) lname, '/') == NULL) {
usage();
exit(-1);
}
break;
default:
fprintf(stderr, "Unknown argument %s\n", argv[0]);
usage();
break;
}
}

ACIDinit();

/* initialize array for random numbers */

res = (adef *) malloc(count*sizeof(adef));
ordcnt = (double) ORDERCNT * (double) sf;

for (i=0; i<count; i++) {

/* The algorithm: */
/* Assumes drand's output is 'unique', first get a number
within */
/* the range of [0..sf*ORDERCNT) and then maps the
different */
/* ranges to generate the real output. */

random = floor(drand48() * (double) ordcnt) + 1;
res[i].okey = o_key = (long) MK_SPARSE((long) random,
0);
res[i].delta = (long) floor(drand48() * 100) + 1;

/* Obtain l_key from l_key query */

OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

/* l_key is the highest l_linenummer available. We need to
pick */
/* at random a number between 1..l_key. */

res[i].lkey = (lrand48() % l_key) + 1;

printf("%ld %ld %d\n", res[i].okey, res[i].lkey, res[i].delta);
}

ACIDexit();
free(res);
}

void usage() {
fprintf(stderr, "Usage: randkey <number of random keys to
generate> <SF> u<user/password>\n");
fprintf(stderr, "\n");
}

void ACIDinit()
{
/* run random seed */

srand48(getpid());

```

## Appendix C

```
/* Connect to ORACLE. Program will call sql_error()
   if an error occurs in connecting to the default database. */

(void) OCIInitialize(OCI_DEFAULT,(dvoid *)0,0,0,0);
if((status=OCIEnvInit((OCIEnv
***)&tpcenv,OCI_DEFAULT,0,(dvoid **)0)) !=
OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(tpcenv, status, 0);

OCIhalloc(tpcenv,&errhp,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv,&curi,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv,&tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

/* get username and password */

passwd = strchr(lname, '/');
*passwd = '\0';
passwd++;

if ((status=OCIServerAttach(tpcsrv,errhp,(text
*)0,0,OCI_DEFAULT))!=OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcsrv,0,OCI_ATTR
_SERVER,errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,lname,strlen(lname),
OCI_ATTR_USERNAME,
errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,passwd,strlen(passw
d),OCI_ATTR_PASSWORD,
errhp);

if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcusr,0,OCI_ATTR
_SESSION,errhp);

/* Open and Parse cursor for query to choose determine
l_key. */
/* Binds l_key to :l_key. */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT1);
OCIStmtPrepare(cur_i,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char
*)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

OCIbname(cur_i,l_key_bp,errhp,":l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(l_
key),SQLT_INT);
```

```
OCIbname(cur_i,o_key_bp,errhp,":o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(
o_key),SQLT_INT);
}
```

### randpsup.c

```
/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights
reserved. */
```

```
/*
```

NAME

randpsup.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION

Generate random keys for ACID PARTSUPP transactions:  
(Clause 4.2.3)

PS\_PARTKEY random within [SF\*200000]

and

$PS\_SUPPKEY = (PS\_PARTKEY + (i * ((S/4) +$   
 $(int)(PS\_PARTKEY - 1)$   
 $/S))) \% S + 1$

where i random within [0..3] and S = SF \* 10000

MODIFIED

mposs 10/23/02 - mposs\_update\_from\_visa

mposs 01/04/01 - Creation

```
*/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
#define PS_PER_SF 200000.0
```

```
#define S_PER_SF 10000.0
```

```
#define SUPP_PER_PART 4
```

```
/* borrowed from build.c in the dbgen distribution */
```

```
#define PART_SUPP_BRIDGE(tgt, p, s) \
```

```
{ \
```

```
long tot_scnt = (long) (S_PER_SF * sf); \
```

```
tgt = (p + s * (tot_scnt / SUPP_PER_PART + \
```

```
(long) ((p - 1) / tot_scnt))) % tot_scnt + 1; \
```

```
}
```

```
void usage();
```

```
double atof();
```

```
void srand48();
```

```
long lrand48();
```

```
main(argc, argv)
```

```
int argc;
```

```
char **argv;
```

```
{
```

```
double sf = 0.1; /* scale factor */
```



## Appendix C

```
long supp;          /* the i-th supplier */
long pkey;          /* partkey */
long maxpkey;      /* highest partkey */
long ps_skey;      /* ps_supkey */

if (argc < 2) {
    usage();
    exit(-1);
}

/* seed the random number generator */

srand48(getpid());

sf = atof(argv[1]);
maxpkey = (long) (sf * PS_PER_SF);
supp = lrand48() % 4;
pkey = lrand48() % maxpkey + 1;

PART_SUPP_BRIDGE(ps_skey, pkey, supp);

fprintf(stdout, "%ld %ld", pkey, ps_skey);

exit(0);
}

void usage()
{
    fprintf(stderr, "Usage: randpsup <SF>\n\n");
}
```

### run\_acid.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: run_acid.sh 08-aug-99.15:30:10 mpoess Exp $
#
# run_acid.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   run_acid.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: run_acid.sh [-n iter] [-s stream] [-p prog] [-i
infile]
#           [-o outfile] [-d durafile] [-u usr/pswd]
#           [-t trigger] [-f scale factor] -h
#
#   Options: See usage below
#
#   MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
```

```
. $KIT_DIR/env

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
ACID_DIR=$ACID_DIR
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-n iter] [-s stream] [-p prog] [-i infile] [-o
outfile]"
    echo "        [-d durafile] [-u usr/pswd] -h"
    echo ""
    echo "-n iter    : number of iterations, default is 100"
    echo "-s stream  : number of streams, default is 2"
    echo "-p prog    : program to run, default is atranspl.ott"
    echo "-i infile  : input file prefix, suffix by process number
within a"
    echo "        stream and run ID, default is ./acid_in"
    echo "-o outfile : output file prefix, similar to input file"
    echo "        default is ./out/acid_out"
    echo "-d durafile : durability file prefix, used for durability
tests"
    echo "        default is ./dura/acid_dura"
    echo "-u usr/pswd : user/password combo for database
access, default is tpch/tpch"
    echo "-t trigger : trigger time between process starts, default
is 1 second"
    echo "-h        : print this usage summary"
    exit 1;
}

ITER=600
STEM=${NUM_STREAMS}
let STEM="$STEM + 1" # add one for the update stream
SF=1
PROG=atranspl
IN=${ACID_DIR}/acid_in
DURA_DIR=$ACID_OUT/dura
OUT=$DURA_DIR/drate
DURA=$DURA_DIR/dura
KEY=${DURA_DIR}/key$$_
echo "$$" > ${DURA_DIR}/shellpid
USER=tpch/tpch
TRIG=1
HCNT=duracontb

set -- `getopt "n:s:p:i:o:d:u:ht:f:" "$@"` || usage

# get all the options

while :
do
    case "$1" in
        -n) shift; ITER=$1;;
        -s) shift; STEM=$1;;
        -p) shift; PROG=$1;;
        -i) shift; IN=$1;;
        -o) shift; OUT=$1;;
```

## Appendix C

```
-d) shift; DURA=$1;;
-u) shift; USER=$1;;
-h) usage; exit 0;;
-t) shift; TRIG=$1;;
-f) shift; SF=$1;;
--) break;;
esac
shift;
done

echo "Starting ACID run..."

i=0
T=`expr $STEM \* $TRIG + 6`

# Get history count before the run

sqlplus $USER @cnt_hist > $DURA_DIR/$HCNT 2>&1

while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
    randkey $ITER ${SF} u${USER} > ${KEY}${i} &
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done

wait
# perform the consistency

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
    for j in `head -10 ${KEY}${i} | awk '{printf "%d ",$1}`
    do
        sqlplus tpch/tpch @consist $j >> $DURA_DIR/duraconsb
        done
        i=`expr $i + 1`
    done

echo "Starting Transaction Counting Program"
count_tx.sh $STEM 100 $DURA_DIR &

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do

    $PROG $i $STEM 1 0 i${KEY}${i} o${OUT}${i}
d${DURA}${i} u$USER s1 &
    T=`expr $T - $TRIG`
    i=`expr $i + 1`

done

wait

echo "ACID run completed"

sample.sh
#!/bin/ksh

#
# $Header: sample.sh 08-aug-99.17:10:00 mpoess Exp $
#
# sample.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
#
# NAME
# sample.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# <short description of component this file
declares/defines>
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#

# $1 durability output file

.$KIT_DIR/env

cat $1 | grep o_key | awk '{printf "%d \n", $2}' | head -106 >
/tmp/okey$$
cat $1 | grep l_key | awk '{printf "%d \n", $2}' | head -106 >
/tmp/lkey$$

paste /tmp/okey$$ /tmp/lkey$$ > /tmp/keys$$
tail -6 /tmp/keys$$ > /tmp/6keys$$

echo "Keys chosen are:"
cat /tmp/6keys$$

i=1
while [ $i -le 6 ]
do
    j=`cat /tmp/6keys$$ | tail -${i} | head -1`
    sqlplus tpch/tpch @sample $j
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done
#/bin/rm -f /tmp/*key*

sample.sql
Rem
Rem $Header: sample.sql 08-aug-99.17:10:34 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem sample.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights
Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
```

## Appendix C

```
Rem    sample.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
Rem    DESCRIPTION
Rem    <short description of component this file
declares/defines>
Rem
Rem    NOTES
Rem    <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
Rem
Rem    MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem    mpoess    08/08/99 - Creation
Rem    mpoess    08/08/99 - Created
Rem
alter session set nls_date_format = 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH:MI:SS';
select * from history where h_o_key = &&1 and
h_l_key = &&2;
exit;
```

Appendix D: Query text and Output

## Appendix E

Stream Started at 1143584459.50  
Stream Ended at 1143584466.17  
Stream Processed in 6.66 seconds

### 1.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:20:59 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
l_returnflag,
l_linestatus,
sum(l_quantity) as sum_qty,
sum(l_extendedprice) as sum_base_price,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as sum_disc_price,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) * (1 + l_tax)) as
sum_charge,
avg(l_quantity) as avg_qty,
avg(l_extendedprice) as avg_price,
avg(l_discount) as avg_disc,
count(*) as count_order
from
lineitem
where
l_shipdate <= to_date ('1998-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD') - 90
group by
l_returnflag,
l_linestatus
order by
l_returnflag,
l_linestatus
```

L_RETURNFLAG	L_LINESTATUS	SUM_QTY	SUM_BASE_PRICE	SUM_DISC_PRICE	SUM_CHARGE	AVG_QTY	AVG_PRICE	AVG_DISC	COUNT_ORDER
A	F	37734107.00	56586554400.73	53758257134.87	55909065222.83	25.52	38273.13	0.05	1478493.00
N	F	991417.00	1487504710.38	1413082168.05	1469649223.19	25.52	38284.47	0.05	38854.00
N	O	74476040.00	111701729697.74	106118230307.61	110367043872.50	25.50	38249.12	0.05	2920374.00
R	F	37719753.00	56568041380.90	53741292684.60	55889619119.83	25.51	38250.85	0.05	1478870.00

4 rows processed.

Query Processed in 6.66 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:06 2006

### 2.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:06 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select * from (
select
s_acctbal,
s_name,
n_name,
p_partkey,
p_mfgr,
s_address,
s_phone,
s_comment
from
part,
supplier,
partsupp,
nation,
region
where
p_partkey = ps_partkey
and s_suppkey = ps_suppkey
and p_size = 15
and p_type like '%BRASS'
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'EUROPE'
and ps_supplycost = (
select
min(ps_supplycost)
from
partsupp,
supplier,
nation,
region
where
p_partkey = ps_partkey
and s_suppkey = ps_suppkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'EUROPE'
)
)
order by
s_acctbal desc,
n_name,
s_name,
p_partkey
)
where rownum <= 100
S_ACCTBAL      S_NAME      N_NAME
```

## Appendix D

P_PARTKEY	P_MFGR		7852.45	Supplier#000005864	RUSSIA
S_ADDRESS	S_PHONE		8363.00	Manufacturer#4	
S_COMMENT			WCNfBPZeSXh3h,c		32-454-883-3821
9938.53	Supplier#000005359	UNITED			
KINGDOM			7850.66	Supplier#000001518	UNITED
185358.00	Manufacturer#4		KINGDOM		
QKuHYh,vZGiwu2FWEJoLDx04		33-429-790-6131	86501.00	Manufacturer#1	
blithely silent pinto beans are furiously. slyly final deposits across			ONda3YJiHKJOC		33-730-383-3892
			furiously final accounts wake carefully idle requests. even dolphins wake acc		
9937.84	Supplier#000005969	ROMANIA	7843.52	Supplier#000006683	FRANCE
108438.00	Manufacturer#1		11680.00	Manufacturer#4	
ANDENSOSmk,miq23Xfb5RWt6dvUcvt6Qa		29-520-692-3537	2Z0JGkiv01Y00oCFwUGfviIbhzCdy		16-464-517-8943
carefully slow deposits use furiously. slyly ironic platelets above the ironic			carefully bold accounts doub		
9936.22	Supplier#000005250	UNITED			
KINGDOM					
249.00	Manufacturer#4				
B3rqp0xbSEim4Mpy2RH J		33-320-228-2957			
blithely special packages are. stealthily express deposits across the closely fi					
nal instructi					
9923.77	Supplier#000002324	GERMANY			
29821.00	Manufacturer#4				
y3OD9UywSTOk		17-779-299-1839			
quickly express packages breach quiet pinto beans. requ					
9871.22	Supplier#000006373	GERMANY			
43868.00	Manufacturer#5				
J8fcXWsTqM		17-813-485-8637			
never silent deposits integrate furiously blit					
.					
.					
.					
.					
7894.56	Supplier#000007981	GERMANY			
85472.00	Manufacturer#4				
NSJ96vMROAbeXP		17-963-404-3760			
regular, even theodolites integrate carefully. bold, special theodolites are sly					
ly fluffily iron					
7887.08	Supplier#000009792	GERMANY			
164759.00	Manufacturer#3				
Y28ITVeYriT3kIGdV2K8fSZ V2UqT5H1Otz		17-988-938-4296			
pending, ironic packages sleep among the carefully ironic accounts. quickly fina					
l accounts					
7871.50	Supplier#000007206	RUSSIA			
104695.00	Manufacturer#1				
3w fNCnrVmvJjE95sgWZzvW		32-432-452-7731			
furiously dogged pinto beans cajole. bold, express notornis until the slyly pend					
ing					

100 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 0.69 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:06 2006

Stream Started at 1143584466.27  
Stream Ended at 1143584466.96  
Stream Processed in 0.69 seconds

### 3.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:07 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select * from (
select
l_orderkey,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue,
o_orderdate,
o_shippriority
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem
where
c_mktsegment = 'BUILDING'
and c_custkey = o_custkey
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and o_orderdate < to_date( '1995-03-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate > to_date( '1995-03-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
group by
l_orderkey,
o_orderdate,
```

## Appendix E

```
o_shippriority
order by
revenue desc,
o_orderdate)
where rownum <= 10
```

L_ORDERKEY	REVENUE	O_ORDERDATE	O_SHIPRIORITY
2456423.00	406181.01	1995-03-05	0.00
3459808.00	405838.70	1995-03-04	0.00
492164.00	390324.06	1995-02-19	0.00
1188320.00	384537.94	1995-03-09	0.00
2435712.00	378673.06	1995-02-26	0.00
4878020.00	378376.80	1995-03-12	0.00
5521732.00	375153.92	1995-03-13	0.00
2628192.00	373133.31	1995-02-22	0.00
993600.00	371407.46	1995-03-05	0.00
2300070.00	367371.15	1995-03-13	0.00

10 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 3.43 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:10 2006

Stream Started at 1143584467.05  
Stream Ended at 1143584470.49  
Stream Processed in 3.43 seconds

### 4.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:10 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
o_orderpriority,
count(*) as order_count
from
orders
where
o_orderdate >= to_date( '1993-07-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
```

```
and o_orderdate < add_months(to_date( '1993-07-01',
'YYYY-MM-DD'),3)
and exists (
select
*
from
lineitem
where
l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and l_commitdate < l_receiptdate
)
group by
o_orderpriority
order by
o_orderpriority
```

O_ORDERPRIORITY	ORDER_COUNT
1-URGENT	10594.00
2-HIGH	10476.00
3-MEDIUM	10410.00
4-NOT SPECIFIED	10556.00
5-LOW	10487.00

5 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 2.72 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:13 2006

Stream Started at 1143584470.58  
Stream Ended at 1143584473.30  
Stream Processed in 2.72 seconds

SQL statements processed: 1

### 5.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:13 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
n_name,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem,
supplier,
nation,
region
where
c_custkey = o_custkey
```

## Appendix D

```
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and l_suppkey = s_suppkey
and c_nationkey = s_nationkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'ASIA'
and o_orderdate >= to_date( '1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and o_orderdate < add_months(to_date( '1994-01-01',
'YYYY-MM-DD'), 12)
group by
n_name
order by
revenue desc
```

N_NAME	REVENUE
INDONESIA	55502041.17
VIETNAM	55295087.00
CHINA	53724494.26
INDIA	52035512.00
JAPAN	45410175.70

5 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 3.34 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:16 2006

Stream Started at 1143584473.39  
Stream Ended at 1143584476.73  
Stream Processed in 3.34 seconds

### 6.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:16 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
sum(l_extendedprice * l_discount) as revenue
from
lineitem
where
l_shipdate >= to_date( '1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate < add_months(to_date( '1994-01-01', 'YYYY-
MM-DD'), 12)
and l_discount between .06 - 0.01 and .06 + 0.01
and l_quantity < 24
```

REVENUE  
123141078.23

1 row processed.  
Query Processed in 0.56 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:17 2006

Stream Started at 1143584476.82  
Stream Ended at 1143584477.38  
Stream Processed in 0.56 seconds

SQL statements processed: 1

### 7.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:17 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year,
sum(volume) as revenue
from
(
select
n1.n_name as supp_nation,
n2.n_name as cust_nation,
to_number(to_char(l_shipdate,'yyyy')) as
l_year,
l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) as volume
from
supplier,
lineitem,
orders,
customer,
nation n1,
nation n2
where
s_suppkey = l_suppkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
and c_custkey = o_custkey
and s_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
and c_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
and (
(n1.n_name = 'FRANCE' and n2.n_name = 'GERMANY')
or (n1.n_name = 'GERMANY' and n2.n_name = 'FRANCE')
)
and l_shipdate between to_date( '1995-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-
DD') and to_date( '1996-1
2-31', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
) shipping
group by
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
```



## Appendix E

```
l_year
order by
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year
```

SUPP_NATION	CUST_NATION	L_YEAR
REVENUE		
FRANCE	GERMANY	1995.00
54639732.73		
FRANCE	GERMANY	1996.00
54633083.31		
GERMANY	FRANCE	1995.00
52531746.67		
GERMANY	FRANCE	1996.00
52520549.02		

4 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 3.12 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:20 2006

Stream Started at 1143584477.47  
Stream Ended at 1143584480.60  
Stream Processed in 3.12 seconds

### 8.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:20 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
o_year,
sum(case when nation='BRAZIL' then volume else 0 end )/
sum(volume)
as mkt_share
from
(
select
to_number (to_char (o_orderdate, 'yyyy')) as o_year,
l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) as volume,
n2.n_name as nation
from
part,
supplier,
lineitem,
orders,
customer,
nation n1,
nation n2,
region
where
p_partkey = l_partkey
and s_suppkey = l_suppkey
```

```
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and o_custkey = c_custkey
and c_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
and n1.n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'AMERICA'
and s_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
and o_orderdate between to_date ('1995-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-
DD') and to_date ('1996-
12-31', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and p_type = 'ECONOMY ANODIZED STEEL'
) all_nations
group by
o_year
order by
o_year
```

O_YEAR	MKT_SHARE
1995.00	0.03
1996.00	0.04

2 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 3.02 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:23 2006

Stream Started at 1143584480.69  
Stream Ended at 1143584483.71  
Stream Processed in 3.02 seconds

### 9.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:23 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
nation,
o_year,
sum(amount) as sum_profit
from
(
select
n_name as nation,
to_number (to_char (o_orderdate, 'yyyy')) as o_year,
l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) - ps_supplycost *
l_quantity as amount
from
part,
supplier,
lineitem,
partsupp,
orders,
nation
```

## Appendix D

where

```
s_suppkey = l_suppkey
and ps_suppkey = l_suppkey
and ps_partkey = l_partkey
and p_partkey = l_partkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and p_name like '%green%'
) profit
group by
nation,
o_year
order by
nation,
o_year desc
```

NATION	O_YEAR	SUM_PROFIT
ALGERIA	1998.00	31342867.23
ALGERIA	1997.00	57138193.02
ALGERIA	1996.00	56140140.13
ALGERIA	1995.00	53051469.65
ALGERIA	1994.00	53867582.13
ALGERIA	1993.00	54942718.13
ALGERIA	1992.00	54628034.71
ARGENTINA	1998.00	30211185.71
ARGENTINA	1997.00	50805741.75
ARGENTINA	1996.00	51923746.58
ARGENTINA	1995.00	49298625.77
ARGENTINA	1994.00	50835610.11
ARGENTINA	1993.00	51646079.18
ARGENTINA	1992.00	50410314.99
BRAZIL	1998.00	27217924.38
BRAZIL	1997.00	48378669.20
BRAZIL	1996.00	50482870.36
.		
.		
.		
UNITED STATES	1998.00	25126238.95
UNITED STATES	1997.00	50077306.42
UNITED STATES	1996.00	48048649.47
UNITED STATES	1995.00	48809032.42
UNITED STATES	1994.00	49296747.18
UNITED STATES	1993.00	48029946.80
UNITED STATES	1992.00	48671944.50
VIETNAM	1998.00	30442736.06
VIETNAM	1997.00	50309179.79
VIETNAM	1996.00	50488161.41
VIETNAM	1995.00	49658284.61
VIETNAM	1994.00	50596057.26
VIETNAM	1993.00	50953919.15
VIETNAM	1992.00	49613838.32

175 rows processed.

Query Processed in 5.23 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:29 2006

Stream Started at 1143584483.80  
Stream Ended at 1143584489.03  
Stream Processed in 5.23 seconds

### 10.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:29 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select * from (
select
c_custkey,
c_name,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue,
c_acctbal,
n_name,
c_address,
c_phone,
c_comment
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem,
nation
where
c_custkey = o_custkey
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and o_orderdate >= to_date('1993-10-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and o_orderdate < add_months(to_date('1993-10-01',
'YYYY-MM-DD'), 3)
and l_returnflag = 'R'
and c_nationkey = n_nationkey
group by
c_custkey,
c_name,
c_acctbal,
c_phone,
n_name,
c_address,
c_comment
order by
revenue desc)
where rownum <= 20
```

C_CUSTKEY	C_NAME	REVENUE
C_ACCTBAL	N_NAME	
C_ADDRESS	C_PHONE	
C_COMMENT		

57040.00	Customer#000057040	734235.25
632.87	JAPAN	
Eioyjf4pp	22-895-641-3466	
requests sleep	blithely about the	furiously i

## Appendix E

143347.00 Customer#000143347 721002.69  
 2557.47 EGYPT  
 1aReFYv,Kw4 14-742-935-3718  
 fluffily bold excuses haggle finally after the u

.  
 .  
 .  
 52528.00 Customer#000052528 556397.35  
 551.79 ARGENTINA  
 NFztyTOR10UOJ 11-208-192-3205  
 unusual requests detect. slyly dogged theodolites use slyly.  
 deposit

23431.00 Customer#000023431 554269.54  
 3381.86 ROMANIA  
 HgiV0phqhaIa9aydNoIlb 29-915-458-2654  
 instructions nag quickly. furiously bold accounts cajol

20 rows processed.  
 Query Processed in 3.31 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:32 2006

Stream Started at 1143584489.12  
 Stream Ended at 1143584492.44  
 Stream Processed in 3.31 seconds

### 11.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:32 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
ps_partkey,
sum(ps_supplycost * ps_availqty) as value
from
partsupp,
supplier,
nation
where
ps_suppkey = s_suppkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'GERMANY'
group by
ps_partkey having
sum(ps_supplycost * ps_availqty) > (
select
sum(ps_supplycost * ps_availqty) * 0.0001000000
from
partsupp,
```

```
supplier,
nation
where
ps_suppkey = s_suppkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'GERMANY'
)
order by
value desc
```

PS_PARTKEY	VALUE
129760.00	17538456.86
166726.00	16503353.92
191287.00	16474801.97
161758.00	16101755.54
34452.00	15983844.72
139035.00	15907078.34
9403.00	15451755.62
154358.00	15212937.88
38823.00	15064802.86
85606.00	15053957.15
33354.00	14408297.40
154747.00	14407580.68
82865.00	14235489.78
76094.00	14094247.04
222.00	13937777.74
121271.00	13908336.00
55221.00	13716120.47
22819.00	13666434.28
76281.00	13646853.68
85298.00	13581154.93
85158.00	13554904.00
139684.00	13535538.72

```
.
.
.
77207.00 7897752.72
96712.00 7897575.27
10157.00 7897046.25
171154.00 7896814.50
79373.00 7896186.00
113808.00 7893353.88
27901.00 7892952.00
128820.00 7892882.72
25891.00 7890511.20
122819.00 7888881.02
154731.00 7888301.33
101674.00 7879324.60
51968.00 7879102.21
72073.00 7877736.11
5182.00 7874521.73
```

1048 rows processed.  
 Query Processed in 1.20 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:33 2006

## Appendix D

Stream Started at 1143584492.53  
Stream Ended at 1143584493.73  
Stream Processed in 1.20 seconds

Stream Started at 1143584493.83  
Stream Ended at 1143584496.29  
Stream Processed in 2.46 seconds

### 12.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:33 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
  l_shipmode,
  sum(case
    when o_orderpriority = '1-URGENT'
    or o_orderpriority = '2-HIGH'
    then 1
    else 0
  end) as high_line_count,
  sum(case
    when o_orderpriority <> '1-URGENT'
    and o_orderpriority <> '2-HIGH'
    then 1
    else 0
  end) as low_line_count
from
  orders,
  lineitem
where
  o_orderkey = l_orderkey
  and l_shipmode in ('MAIL', 'SHIP')
  and l_commitdate < l_receiptdate
  and l_shipdate < l_commitdate
  and l_receiptdate >= to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
  and l_receiptdate < add_months(to_date('1994-01-01',
'YYYY-MM-DD'), 12)
group by
  l_shipmode
order by
  l_shipmode
```

L_SHIPMODE	HIGH_LINE_COUNT	LOW_LINE_COUNT
MAIL	6202.00	9324.00
SHIP	6200.00	9262.00

2 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 2.46 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:36 2006

### 13.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:36 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
  c_count,
  count(*) as custdist
from
  (
  select
    c_custkey,
    count(o_orderkey) as c_count
  from
    customer, orders where
    c_custkey = o_custkey(+)
    and o_comment(+) not like '%special%requests%'
  group by
    c_custkey
  ) c_orders
group by
  c_count
order by
  custdist desc,
  c_count desc
```

C_COUNT	CUSTDIST
0.00	50004.00
9.00	6641.00
10.00	6566.00
11.00	6058.00
8.00	5949.00
12.00	5553.00
13.00	4989.00
19.00	4748.00
7.00	4707.00
18.00	4625.00
15.00	4552.00
17.00	4530.00
14.00	4484.00
20.00	4461.00
16.00	4323.00
21.00	4217.00
22.00	3730.00
6.00	3334.00
23.00	3129.00
24.00	2622.00
25.00	2079.00

## Appendix E

```

5.00      1972.00
26.00     1593.00
27.00     1185.00
4.00      1033.00
28.00     869.00
29.00     559.00
3.00      398.00
30.00     373.00
31.00     235.00
2.00      144.00
32.00     128.00
33.00     71.00
34.00     48.00
35.00     33.00
1.00      23.00
36.00     17.00
37.00     7.00
40.00     4.00
38.00     4.00
39.00     2.00
41.00     1.00

```

```

1 row processed.
Query Processed in 0.53 seconds.

```

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:40 2006

```

Stream Started at 1143584499.56
Stream Ended at 1143584500.09
Stream Processed in 0.53 seconds

```

```

15.log
Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:40 2006

```

```
-- using default substitutions
```

```

42 rows processed.
Query Processed in 3.09 seconds.

```

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:39 2006

```

Stream Started at 1143584496.38
Stream Ended at 1143584499.47
Stream Processed in 3.09 seconds

```

```

14.log
Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:39 2006

```

```
-- using default substitutions
```

```

select
  100.00 * sum(case
    when p_type like 'PROMO%'
      then l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)
    else 0
  end) / sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as
  promo_revenue
from
  lineitem,
  part
where
  l_partkey = p_partkey
  and l_shipdate >= date '1995-09-01'
  and l_shipdate < date '1995-09-01' + interval '1' month

```

```

PROMO_REVENUE
16.38

```

```

with revenue
as (select
  l_suppkey supplier_no,
  sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) total_revenue
from
  lineitem
where
  l_shipdate >= date '1996-01-01'
  and l_shipdate < date '1996-01-01' + interval '3'
  month
group by
  l_suppkey)
select
  s_suppkey,
  s_name,
  s_address,
  s_phone,
  total_revenue
from
  supplier,
  revenue
where
  s_suppkey = supplier_no
  and total_revenue = (
  select
    max(total_revenue)
  from
    revenue )
order by
  s_suppkey

```

```

S_SUPPKEY      S_NAME
S_ADDRESS      S_PHONE
TOTAL_REVENUE
8449.00        Supplier#000008449

```

## Appendix D

Wp34zim9qYFbVctdW  
1772627.21

20-469-856-8873

1 row processed.  
Query Processed in 17.28 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:57 2006

Stream Started at 1143584500.18  
Stream Ended at 1143584517.46  
Stream Processed in 17.28 seconds

### 16.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:57 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
p_brand,
p_type,
p_size,
count(distinct ps_suppkey) as supplier_cnt
from
partsupp,
part
where
p_partkey = ps_partkey
and p_brand <> 'Brand#45'
and p_type not like 'MEDIUM POLISHED%'
and p_size in (49, 14, 23, 45, 19, 3, 36, 9)
and ps_suppkey not in (
select
s_suppkey
from
supplier
where
s_comment like '%Customer%Complaints%'
)
group by
p_brand,
p_type,
p_size
order by
supplier_cnt desc,
p_brand,
p_type,
p_size
```

```
P_BRAND P_TYPE P_SIZE
SUPPLIER_CNT
```

Brand#41 MEDIUM BRUSHED TIN 3.00  
28.00

```
Brand#54 STANDARD BRUSHED COPPER 14.00
27.00

Brand#11 STANDARD BRUSHED TIN 23.00
24.00

Brand#11 STANDARD BURNISHED BRASS 36.00
24.00

Brand#15 MEDIUM ANODIZED NICKEL 3.00
24.00

Brand#15 SMALL ANODIZED BRASS 45.00
24.00

Brand#15 SMALL BURNISHED NICKEL 19.00
24.00

Brand#21 MEDIUM ANODIZED COPPER 3.00
24.00

Brand#22 SMALL BRUSHED NICKEL 3.00
24.00
.
.
.
Brand#15 LARGE PLATED NICKEL 45.00
3.00

Brand#15 LARGE POLISHED NICKEL 9.00
3.00

Brand#21 PROMO BURNISHED STEEL 45.00
3.00

Brand#22 STANDARD PLATED STEEL 23.00
3.00

Brand#25 LARGE PLATED STEEL 19.00
3.00

Brand#32 STANDARD ANODIZED COPPER 23.00
3.00

Brand#33 SMALL ANODIZED BRASS 9.00
3.00

Brand#35 MEDIUM ANODIZED TIN 19.00
3.00

Brand#51 SMALL PLATED BRASS 23.00
3.00

Brand#52 MEDIUM BRUSHED BRASS 45.00
3.00

Brand#53 MEDIUM BRUSHED TIN 45.00
3.00
```

## Appendix E

Brand#54 ECONOMY POLISHED BRASS 9.00  
3.00

Brand#55 PROMO PLATED BRASS 19.00  
3.00

Brand#55 STANDARD PLATED TIN 49.00  
3.00

18314 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 0.82 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:21:58 2006

Stream Started at 1143584517.55  
Stream Ended at 1143584518.37  
Stream Processed in 0.82 seconds

**17.log**  
Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:21:58 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
sum(l_extendedprice) / 7.0 as avg_yearly
from
lineitem ,
part
where
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#23'
and p_container = 'MED BOX'
and l_quantity < (
select
0.2 * avg(l_quantity)
from
lineitem
where
l_partkey = p_partkey
)
```

AVG\_YEARLY  
348406.05

1 row processed.  
Query Processed in 2.56 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:22:01 2006

Stream Started at 1143584518.77  
Stream Ended at 1143584521.33  
Stream Processed in 2.56 seconds

**18.log**  
Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:22:01 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select * from (
select
c_name,
c_custkey,
o_orderkey,
o_orderdate,
o_totalprice,
sum(l_quantity)
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem
where
o_orderkey in (
select
l_orderkey
from
lineitem
group by
l_orderkey having
sum(l_quantity) > 300
)
and c_custkey = o_custkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
group by
c_name,
c_custkey,
o_orderkey,
o_orderdate,
o_totalprice
order by
o_totalprice desc,
o_orderdate
)
where rownum <= 100
```

C_NAME	C_CUSTKEY	O_ORDERKEY
O_ORDERD		
ATE		
O_TOTALPRICE	SUM(L_QUANTITY)	
Customer#000128120	128120.00	4722021.00
1994-04-07		
544089.09	323.00	
Customer#000144617	144617.00	3043270.00
1997-02-		

## Appendix D

```
12
530604.44      317.00
Customer#000013940  13940.00      2232932.00
1997-04-
13
522720.61      304.00
Customer#000066790  66790.00      2199712.00
1996-09-
30
```

### 19.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:22:06 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
sum(l_extendedprice* (1 - l_discount)) as revenue
from
lineitem,
part
where
(
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#12'
and p_container in ('SM CASE', 'SM BOX', 'SM PACK', 'SM
PKG')
and l_quantity >= 1 and l_quantity <= 1 + 10
and p_size between 1 and 5
and l_shipmode in ('AIR', 'AIR REG')
and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'
)
or
(
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#23'
and p_container in ('MED BAG', 'MED BOX', 'MED PKG',
'MED PACK')
and l_quantity >= 10 and l_quantity <= 10 + 10
and p_size between 1 and 10
and l_shipmode in ('AIR', 'AIR REG')
and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'
)
or
(
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#34'
and p_container in ('LG CASE', 'LG BOX', 'LG PACK', 'LG
PKG')
and l_quantity >= 20 and l_quantity <= 20 + 10
and p_size between 1 and 15
and l_shipmode in ('AIR', 'AIR REG')
and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'
)

REVENUE
```

3083843.06

1 row processed.

Query Processed in 3.09 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:22:09 2006

Stream Started at 1143584526.57

Stream Ended at 1143584529.66

Stream Processed in 3.09 seconds

### 20.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:22:09 2006

-- using default substitutions

```
select
s_name,
s_address
from
supplier,
nation
where
s_suppkey in (
select
ps_suppkey
from
partsupp
where
ps_partkey in (
select
p_partkey
from
part
where
p_name like 'forest%'
)
and ps_availqty > (
select
0.5 * sum(l_quantity)
from
lineitem
where
l_partkey = ps_partkey
and l_suppkey = ps_suppkey
and l_shipdate >= to_date ('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate < add_months( to_date ('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-
MM-DD'), 12)
)
)
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'CANADA'
order by
```



## Appendix E

s\_name

```

S_NAME          S_ADDRESS
Supplier#00000020   iybAE,RmTymrZVYaFZva2SH,j
Supplier#00000091
YV45D7TkfdQanOOZ7q9QxkyGUapU1oOWU6q3
Supplier#000000197
YC2Acon6kjY3zj3Fbxs2k4Vdf7X0cd2F
Supplier#000000226   83qOdU2EYRdPQAQhEtn GRZEd
Supplier#000000285   Br7e1nnt1yxrw6ImgpJ7YdhFDjuBf
Supplier#000000378   FfbhyCxWvcPrO8ltp9
Supplier#000000402
i9Sw4DoyMhzhKXCH9By,AYSgmD
Supplier#000000530   0qwCMwobKY
OcmLyfRXlagA8ukENJv,
Supplier#000000688   D
fw5ocppmZpYBBIPi718hCihLDZ5KhKX
Supplier#000000710   f19YPvOyb
QoYwjKC,oPycpGfieBAcwKJo
Supplier#000000736
l6i2nMwVuovfKnuVgaSGK2rDy65D1AFLegiL7
Supplier#000000761
zISLelQUj2XrvTTFnv7WAcYZGvvMTx882d4
.
.
.
Supplier#000009278   RqYTzgxj93CLX 0mcYfCENOfD
Supplier#000009327   uoqMdf7e7Gj9dbQ53
Supplier#000009430   igRqmneFt
Supplier#000009567   r4Wfx4c3xsEAjcGj71HHZByornl
D9vrztXlv4
Supplier#000009601   51m637bO,Rw5DnHWFUvLacRx9
Supplier#000009709
rRnCbHYgDg19PZYnyWKVYSUW0vKg
Supplier#000009753   wLhVEcRmd7PkJF4FBnGK7Z
Supplier#000009796   z,y4Idmr15DOvPUqYG
Supplier#000009799   4wNjXGa4OKWl
Supplier#000009811   E3iuyq7UnZxU7oPZie2Gu6
Supplier#000009812
APFRMy3ICbgFga53n5t9DxzFPQPgnjrGt32
Supplier#000009862   rJzweWeN58
Supplier#000009868   ROjGgx5gvtkmnUUoegy7v
Supplier#000009869
ucLqxzrpBTRMewGSM29t0rNTM30g1Tu3Xgg3mKag
Supplier#000009899   7XdpaHrzt1t,UQFZE
Supplier#000009974
7wJ,J5DKcxSU4Kp1cQLpbcAvB5AsvKT

```

204 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 1.14 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:22:10 2006

Stream Started at 1143584529.75  
Stream Ended at 1143584530.89  
Stream Processed in 1.14 seconds

### 21.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:22:10 2006

-- using default substitutions

```

select * from (
select
s_name,
count(*) numwait
from
supplier,
lineitem l1,
orders,
nation
where
s_suppkey = l1.l_suppkey
and o_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and o_orderstatus = 'F'
and l1.l_receiptdate > l1.l_commitdate
and exists (
select
*
from
lineitem l2
where
l2.l_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and l2.l_suppkey <> l1.l_suppkey
)
and not exists (
select
*
from
lineitem l3
where
l3.l_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and l3.l_suppkey <> l1.l_suppkey
and l3.l_receiptdate > l3.l_commitdate
)
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'SAUDI ARABIA'
group by
s_name
order by
numwait desc,
s_name)
where rownum <= 100

```

S_NAME	NUMWAIT
Supplier#000002829	20.00
Supplier#000005808	18.00
Supplier#000000262	17.00
Supplier#000000496	17.00
Supplier#000002160	17.00
Supplier#000002301	17.00
Supplier#000002540	17.00

## Appendix D

Supplier#000003063	17.00
.	.
.	.
Supplier#000007417	13.00
Supplier#000007497	13.00
Supplier#000007602	13.00
Supplier#000008134	13.00
Supplier#000008234	13.00
Supplier#000009435	13.00
Supplier#000009436	13.00
Supplier#000009564	13.00
Supplier#000009896	13.00
Supplier#000000379	12.00
Supplier#000000673	12.00
Supplier#000000762	12.00
Supplier#000000811	12.00
Supplier#000000821	12.00
Supplier#000001337	12.00
Supplier#000001916	12.00
Supplier#000001925	12.00
Supplier#000002039	12.00
Supplier#000002357	12.00
Supplier#000002483	12.00

100 rows processed.  
Query Processed in 8.67 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:22:19 2006

Stream Started at 1143584530.98  
Stream Ended at 1143584539.66  
Stream Processed in 8.67 seconds

### 22.log

Begin Execution at Tue Mar 28 16:22:19 2006-- using default substitutions

```
Select centrycode, count(*) as numcust, sum(c_acctbal) as  
totacctbal from(selectsubstr(c_phone, 1, 2) as  
centrycode,c_acctbal from customer where substr(c_phone,1,  
2) in ('13', '31', '23', '29', '30', '18', '17') and c_acctbal > (  
select avg(c_acctbal) from customer where c_acctbal > 0.00  
and substr(c_phone, 1, 2) in ('13', '31', '23', '29', '30', '18', '17')  
) and not exists ( select * from orders where o_custkey =  
c_custkey ) ) custsale group by centrycode order by centrycode
```

## Appendix E

CNTRYCODE	NUMCUST	TOTACCTBAL
13	888.00	6737713.99
17	861.00	6460573.72
18	964.00	7236687.40
23	892.00	6701457.95
29	948.00	7158866.63
30	909.00	6808436.13
31	922.00	6806670.18

7 rows processed.

Query Processed in 2.28 seconds.

Ended Executing this Stream at Tue Mar 28 16:22:22 2006

Stream Started at 1143584539.75

Stream Ended at 1143584542.03

Stream Processed in 2.28 seconds



## Appendix E

### Seed

0411122901

### Stream 0

14 1995-07-01  
2 4 BRASS AMERICA  
9 tan  
20 turquoise 1997-01-01 ALGERIA  
6 1993-01-01 0.08 24  
17 Brand#44 MED DRUM  
18 314  
8 ALGERIA AFRICA PROMO PLATED STEEL  
21 SAUDI ARABIA  
13 pending requests  
3 HOUSEHOLD 1995-03-07  
22 10 17 28 27 13 19 23  
16 Brand#44 LARGE POLISHED 30 41 27  
48 46  
43 33 10  
4 1994-01-01  
11 PERU 0.0000003333  
15 1993-10-01  
1 63  
10 1994-05-01  
19 Brand#35 Brand#51 Brand#54 7 17  
28  
5 MIDDLE EAST 1993-01-01  
7 ROMANIA ALGERIA  
12 FOB RAIL 1995-01-01

### Stream 1

21 JORDAN  
3 BUILDING 1995-03-23  
18 312  
5 AFRICA 1993-01-01  
11 ETHIOPIA 0.0000003333  
7 IRAQ PERU  
6 1993-01-01 0.05 25  
20 green 1995-01-01 MOROCCO  
17 Brand#41 JUMBO BAG  
12 TRUCK RAIL 1995-01-01  
16 Brand#34 STANDARD ANODIZED 34 9  
35 32  
7 25 29 16  
15 1996-05-01  
13 pending accounts  
10 1993-02-01  
2 42 TIN EUROPE  
8 PERU AMERICA PROMO ANODIZED STEEL  
14 1995-10-01  
19 Brand#42 Brand#34 Brand#54 2 18  
24

9 sky  
22 13 17 31 26 29 21 11  
1 71  
4 1996-08-01

### Stream 2

6 1994-01-01 0.06 25  
17 Brand#22 SM BAG  
14 1996-02-01  
16 Brand#12 MEDIUM BURNISHED 3 1  
22 12  
10 2 49 50  
19 Brand#11 Brand#22 Brand#14 9 20  
23  
10 1995-01-01  
9 moccasin  
2 28 BRASS AFRICA  
15 1995-02-01  
8 SAUDI ARABIA MIDDLE EAST LARGE  
PLATED STEEL  
5 AMERICA 1994-01-01  
22 15 14 26 12 22 18 31  
12 RAIL MAIL 1995-01-01  
7 KENYA SAUDI ARABIA  
13 pending accounts  
18 313  
1 66  
4 1993-08-01  
20 beige 1994-01-01 ETHIOPIA  
3 FURNITURE 1995-03-04  
11 EGYPT 0.0000003333  
21 GERMANY

### Stream 3

8 ARGENTINA AMERICA ECONOMY  
BURNISHED COPPER  
5 ASIA 1994-01-01  
4 1996-12-01  
6 1994-01-01 0.08 24  
17 Brand#44 JUMBO DRUM  
7 SAUDI ARABIA ARGENTINA  
1 87  
18 315  
22 29 28 17 16 33 24 14  
14 1996-05-01  
9 powder  
10 1994-08-01  
15 1996-08-01  
11 FRANCE 0.0000003333  
20 cornsilk 1997-01-01 ROMANIA  
2 17 STEEL MIDDLE EAST  
21 RUSSIA  
19 Brand#41 Brand#54 Brand#42 3 20  
28  
13 pending accounts  
16 Brand#44 ECONOMY POLISHED 40 10  
22 1

## Appendix E

4 15 13 48  
12 AIR TRUCK 1996-01-01  
3 AUTOMOBILE 1995-03-25

### Stream 4

5 EUROPE 1994-01-01  
21 KENYA  
14 1996-08-01  
19 Brand#54 Brand#32 Brand#41 8 10  
24  
15 1994-05-01  
17 Brand#41 WRAP BAG  
12 REG AIR TRUCK 1996-01-01  
6 1994-01-01 0.06 25  
4 1994-09-01  
9 pale  
8 CHINA ASIA LARGE BRUSHED COPPER  
16 Brand#34 STANDARD BRUSHED 44 33  
6 10  
32 26 18 11  
11 ROMANIA 0.0000003333  
2 5 BRASS AMERICA  
10 1993-06-01  
18 312  
1 95  
13 unusual accounts  
7 JAPAN CHINA  
22 19 16 26 17 15 12 10  
3 HOUSEHOLD 1995-03-11  
20 navy 1995-01-01 INDONESIA

### Stream 5

21 FRANCE  
15 1996-11-01  
4 1997-04-01  
6 1994-01-01 0.03 24  
7 EGYPT IRAN  
16 Brand#14 LARGE BURNISHED 18 30 14  
35 29  
26 10 34  
19 Brand#51 Brand#25 Brand#35 3 11  
20  
18 314  
14 1996-11-01  
22 20 15 25 13 17 18 22  
11 GERMANY 0.0000003333  
13 unusual deposits  
3 AUTOMOBILE 1995-03-27  
1 103  
2 43 NICKEL MIDDLE EAST  
5 MIDDLE EAST 1994-01-01  
8 IRAN MIDDLE EAST LARGE PLATED COPPER  
20 azure 1994-01-01 UNITED STATES  
12 SHIP TRUCK 1996-01-01  
17 Brand#43 WRAP PKG  
10 1994-03-01  
9 moccasin

### Stream 6

10 1994-12-01  
3 FURNITURE 1995-03-13  
15 1994-08-01  
13 unusual deposits  
6 1994-01-01 0.08 24  
8 BRAZIL AMERICA LARGE ANODIZED COPPER  
9 maroon  
7 VIETNAM BRAZIL  
4 1995-01-01  
11 SAUDI ARABIA 0.0000003333  
22 24 22 10 18 11 17 32  
18 315  
12 MAIL FOB 1994-01-01  
1 111  
5 AFRICA 1994-01-01  
16 Brand#54 PROMO PLATED 39 23 48  
29 25  
18 15 7  
2 31 COPPER AMERICA  
14 1997-02-01  
19 Brand#53 Brand#53 Brand#35 9 12  
27  
20 lavender 1997-01-01 KENYA  
17 Brand#45 WRAP DRUM  
21 UNITED KINGDOM

### Stream 7

18 313  
8 ROMANIA EUROPE MEDIUM POLISHED COPPER  
20 slate 1996-01-01 CANADA  
21 MOZAMBIQUE  
2 19 STEEL MIDDLE EAST  
4 1997-08-01  
22 24 22 11 18 10 19 16  
17 Brand#42 SM BAG  
1 119  
11 INDIA 0.0000003333  
9 lawn  
19 Brand#15 Brand#41 Brand#34 4 13  
24  
3 MACHINERY 1995-03-29  
13 unusual deposits  
5 ASIA 1995-01-01  
7 JORDAN ROMANIA  
10 1993-09-01  
16 Brand#34 SMALL BRUSHED 4 21 42  
26 1  
34 18 17  
6 1995-01-01 0.06 25  
14 1997-05-01  
15 1997-03-01  
12 TRUCK MAIL 1997-01-01

### Stream 8

19 Brand#12 Brand#24 Brand#23 9 14  
20  
1 66

## Appendix E

15 1994-12-01  
17 Brand#44 SM PKG  
5 EUROPE 1995-01-01  
8 IRAQ MIDDLE EAST MEDIUM PLATED TIN  
9 hot  
12 RAIL MAIL 1997-01-01  
14 1997-09-01  
7 ETHIOPIA IRAQ  
4 1995-04-01  
3 FURNITURE 1995-03-15  
20 firebrick 1994-01-01 CHINA  
16 Brand#14 ECONOMY ANODIZED 7 42  
17 8  
18 27 44 34  
6 1995-01-01 0.03 24  
22 15 27 23 31 30 14 10  
10 1994-06-01  
13 unusual deposits  
2 6 BRASS ASIA  
21 INDIA  
18 314  
11 VIETNAM 0.0000003333

## Appendix F

### *Appendix F: Benchmark Scripts*



## Appendix F

```
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY =19763);
```

### dbtables.sql

```
set echo on
set numwidth 25
spool rdbtablest
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM LINEITEM;

SELECT * FROM LINEITEM
WHERE L_ORDERKEY IN
( 4, 26598, 148577, 387431, 56704, 517442, 600000)
AND L_LINENUMBER = 1
ORDER BY L_ORDERKEY;

SELECT * FROM REGION;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM NATION;

SELECT * FROM NATION
WHERE N_NATIONKEY IN (3,10,14,20)
ORDER BY N_NATIONKEY;
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ORDERS;
SELECT * FROM ORDERS
WHERE O_ORDERKEY IN ( 7, 44065, 287590, 411111,
483876, 599942 )
ORDER BY O_ORDERKEY;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM PART;

SELECT * FROM PART
WHERE P_PARTKEY IN
(1,984,8743,9028,13876,17899,20000)
ORDER BY P_PARTKEY;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM PARTSUPP;

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 3398
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 3398);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY =15873
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 15873);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 11394
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 11394);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 6743
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 6743);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 19763
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
```

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM SUPPLIER;
```

```
SELECT * FROM SUPPLIER
WHERE S_SUPPKEY IN (83,265,492,784,901,1000)
ORDER BY S_SUPPKEY;
```

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM CUSTOMER;
```

```
DROP TABLE MINMAX;
```

```
CREATE TABLE MINMAX
(TNAME CHAR(15),
KEYMIN INTEGER,
KEYMAX INTEGER);
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'LINEITEM_ORD',MIN(L_ORDERKEY),MAX(L_ORDER
KEY)
FROM LINEITEM ;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'LINEITEM_NBR',MIN(L_LINENUMBER),MAX(L_LINE
NUMBER)
FROM LINEITEM;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'ORDERTBL',MIN(O_ORDERKEY),MAX(O_ORDERKEY)
FROM ORDERS;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'CUSTOMER',MIN(C_CUSTKEY),MAX(C_CUSTKEY)
FROM CUSTOMER;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'PART',MIN(P_PARTKEY),MAX(P_PARTKEY)
FROM PART;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'SUPPLIER',MIN(S_SUPPKEY),MAX(S_SUPPKEY)
FROM SUPPLIER;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'PARTSUPP_PART',MIN(PS_PARTKEY),MAX(PS_PART
KEY)
FROM PARTSUPP;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
```

## Appendix F

```
SELECT
'PARTSUPP_SUPP',MIN(PS_SUPPKEY),MAX(PS_SUPPK
EY)
FROM PARTSUPP ;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'NATION',MIN(N_NATIONKEY),MAX(N_NATIONKEY)
FROM NATION;
```

```
INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'REGION',MIN(R_REGIONKEY),MAX(R_REGIONKEY)
FROM REGION;
```

```
SELECT * FROM MINMAX;
spool off
exit;
```

### dbinsert.sql

```
rem
rem
=====
=====+
rem FILENAME
rem   inserts.sql
rem DESCRIPTION
rem   Inserts duplicate rows with new key numbers and
rem   inserts rows with values beyond the TPC-D values.
rem
rem
=====
=====
rem
rem Usage:  sqlplus tpcc/tpcc @insert
rem

set pagesize 100
set termout on
set echo on
set timing on
spool rdbinsert

rem
=====
=====
rem Duplicates
rem
=====
=====

REM get timestamp
```

```
select to_char (sysdate, 'HH24:MI:SS') timestamp from dual;
```

```
drop table temp_part;
create table temp_part as
  select * from part
    where p_partkey = 1;
update temp_part
  set p_partkey = 2147483647;
insert into part
  (select * from temp_part);
select * from part
  where p_partkey = 2147483647
 or p_partkey = 1;
delete from part
  where p_partkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_part;
commit;
```

```
drop table temp_supplier;
create table temp_supplier as
  select * from supplier
    where s_suppkey = 1;
update temp_supplier
  set s_suppkey = 2147483647;
insert into supplier
  (select * from temp_supplier);
select * from supplier
  where s_suppkey = 2147483647
 or s_suppkey = 1;
delete from supplier
  where s_suppkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_supplier;
commit;
```

```
drop table temp_partsupp;
create table temp_partsupp as
  select * from partsupp
    where ps_partkey = 1
      and ps_suppkey = 2;
update temp_partsupp
  set ps_partkey = 2147483647,
    ps_suppkey = 2147483647;
insert into partsupp
  (select * from temp_partsupp);
select * from partsupp
  where (ps_partkey = 2147483647
 and ps_suppkey = 2147483647)
 or (ps_partkey = 1
 and ps_suppkey = 2);
delete from partsupp
  where ps_partkey = 2147483647
 and ps_suppkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_partsupp;
commit;
```

```
drop table temp_customer;
create table temp_customer as
```

## Appendix F

```
select * from customer
  where c_custkey = 1;
update temp_customer
  set c_custkey = 2147483647;
insert into customer
  (select * from temp_customer);
select * from customer
  where c_custkey = 2147483647
 or c_custkey = 1;
delete from customer
  where c_custkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_customer;
commit;

drop table temp_orders;
create table temp_orders as
  select * from orders
  where o_orderkey = (select min(o_orderkey) from
orders);
update temp_orders
  set o_orderkey = 2147483647;
insert into orders
  (select * from temp_orders);
select * from orders
  where o_orderkey = 2147483647
 or o_orderkey = (select min(o_orderkey) from
orders);
delete from orders
  where o_orderkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_orders;
commit;

drop table temp_lineitem;
create table temp_lineitem as
  select * from lineitem
  where l_orderkey = (select min(o_orderkey) from
orders)
 and l_linenumber = 1;
update temp_lineitem
  set l_orderkey = 2147483647,
  l_partkey = 2147483647,
  l_suppkey = 2147483647,
  l_linenumber = -2147483646;
insert into lineitem
  (select * from temp_lineitem);
select * from lineitem
  where (l_orderkey = 2147483647
 and l_partkey = 2147483647
 and l_suppkey = 2147483647
 and l_linenumber = -2147483646)
 or (l_orderkey = (select min(o_orderkey) from
orders)
 and l_linenumber = 1);
delete from lineitem
  where l_orderkey = 2147483647
 and l_partkey = 2147483647
 and l_suppkey = 2147483647
 and l_linenumber = -2147483646;
drop table temp_lineitem;
```

```
commit;

drop table temp_nation;
create table temp_nation as
  select * from nation
  where n_nationkey = 1;
update temp_nation
  set n_nationkey = 2147483647;
insert into nation
  (select * from temp_nation);
select * from nation
  where n_nationkey = 2147483647
 or n_nationkey = 1;
delete from nation
  where n_nationkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_nation;
commit;

drop table temp_region;
create table temp_region as
  select * from region
  where r_regionkey = 1;
update temp_region
  set r_regionkey = 2147483647;
insert into region
  (select * from temp_region);
select * from region
  where r_regionkey = 2147483647
 or r_regionkey = 1;
delete from region
  where r_regionkey = 2147483647;
drop table temp_region;
commit;

rem
=====
=====
rem Duplicates finished starting inserts for domain range
rem
=====
=====

REM get timestamp
select to_char (sysdate, 'HH24:MI:SS') timestamp from dual;

insert into supplier
  (s_suppkey, s_name, s_address, s_nationkey,
s_phone,
s_acctbal, s_comment)
values
(2147483647, 'NAME text .....25E',
'Address varchar .....30.....40E',
2147483647, 'This is phone E', 123456789012,
'Supplier comment field is 101 long no E');
select * from supplier
  where s_suppkey = 2147483647;
delete from supplier D
```

## Appendix F

```
where s_suppkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====
insert into part
(p_partkey, p_name, p_mfgr, p_brand, p_type,
p_size, p_container, p_retailprice, p_comment)
values
(2147483647, 'Pname text .....2.....3.....4....5E',
'Pmfgr text.....2....5E', 'Pbrand 10E',
'Ptype varchar.....2....5E', 2147483646,
'PcontainrE', 123456789012,
'Part comment field 23E');
select * from part
where p_partkey = 2147483647;
delete from part
where p_partkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====
insert into partsupp
(ps_partkey, ps_suppkey, ps_availqty, ps_supplycost,
ps_comment)
values
(2147483647, 2147483647, -2147483646,
123456789012,
'PS comment field is 199 long no E');
select * from partsupp
where ps_partkey = 2147483647
and ps_suppkey = 2147483647;
delete from partsupp
where ps_partkey = 2147483647
and ps_suppkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====
insert into customer
(c_custkey, c_name, c_address, c_nationkey,
c_phone, c_acctbal, c_mktsegment, c_comment)
values
(2147483647, 'Customer Name goes to 25E',
'Customer Address goes here..3.....4E',
2147483647, 'This is phone E', 123456789012,
'ZMark segE', 'Customer comments fiels is 117 long
no E');
select * from customer
where c_custkey = 2147483647;
delete from customer
where c_custkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====
insert into orders
(o_orderkey, o_custkey, o_orderstatus, o_totalprice,
o_orderdate, o_orderpriority, o_clerk, o_shippriority,
o_comment)
values
(2147483647, 2147483647, 'X', 123456789012,
TO_DATE('2005-12-30','YYYY-MM-DD'),
```

```
'Order Priority5E', 'Fixed text 15E', -2147483646,
'Order comments field is 79 no E');
select * from orders
where o_orderkey = 2147483647
and o_custkey = 2147483647;
delete from orders
where o_orderkey = 2147483647
and o_custkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====
insert into lineitem
(l_orderkey, l_partkey, l_suppkey, l_linenummer,
l_quantity, l_extendedprice, l_discount, l_tax,
l_returnflag, l_linestatus, l_shipdate, l_commitdate,
l_receiptdate, l_shipinstruct, l_shipmode,
l_comment)
values
(2147483647,
2147483647,
2147483647,
-2147483646,
-123456789012,
-123456789012,
-123456789012,
-123456789012,
'Q',
'R',
TO_DATE('2005-12-30','YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_DATE('2005-12-30','YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_DATE('2005-12-30','YYYY-MM-DD'),
'Ship by camel .....5E',
'Ship ASAPE',
'Is this really what you wanted? 44 long....E');
select * from lineitem
where l_orderkey = 2147483647
and l_partkey = 2147483647
and l_suppkey = 2147483647
and l_linenummer = -2147483646;
delete from lineitem
where l_orderkey = 2147483647
and l_partkey = 2147483647
and l_suppkey = 2147483647
and l_linenummer = -2147483646;
rem
=====
=====
insert into nation
(n_nationkey, n_name, n_regionkey, n_comment)
values
(2147483647,
'Ze Republic d MakebelievE',
2147483647,
'A nation comment for field size 152 no E');
select * from nation
where n_nationkey = 2147483647
and n_regionkey = 2147483647;
delete from nation
where n_nationkey = 2147483647
```

## Appendix F

```
and n_regionkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====
insert into region
  (r_regionkey, r_name, r_comment)
  values
  (2147483647,
  'Ze ends of the earth....E',
  'A reasonable comment would go herE');
select * from region
  where r_regionkey = 2147483647;
delete from region
  where r_regionkey = 2147483647;
rem
=====
=====

REM get timestamp
select to_char (sysdate, 'HH24:MI:SS') timestamp from dual;
rem
=====
=====

rem Done
rem
=====
=====

spool off;
exit;
```

### gen\_seed.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh

SEED_FILE=$1

#Generate the seed
echo "Setting the random number seed"
PSEED=`date +%m:%d:%H:%M:%S | sed -e 's://g'`
echo "Using ${PSEED} as seed0"
echo ${PSEED} > $SEED_FILE
echo "Done setting the random number seed"
```

### runTPCHall.load

```
#!/bin/ksh
. $KIT_DIR/env

ECHO=echo

sqlplus=$ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus
GTIME=${KIT_DIR}/utils/gtime

RUN_ID_FILE=${KIT_DIR}/audit/r_id
```

```
if [ ! -f $RUN_ID_FILE ]
then
  echo "0" > $RUN_ID_FILE
fi

RUN_ID=`cat $RUN_ID_FILE`
RUN_ID=`expr $RUN_ID + 1`
echo $RUN_ID > $RUN_ID_FILE

OUT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/audit/tests/${RUN_ID}
if [ ! -d $OUT_DIR ]
then
  mkdir $OUT_DIR
fi

SCRIPT_LOG_FILE=${OUT_DIR}/main.out
RDB_TABLES=${OUT_DIR}/rdbtablest
FIRST_TEN=${OUT_DIR}/firstten
LD1DBCRE=${OUT_DIR}/Ld1dbcre
LD2SCTSO=${OUT_DIR}/Ld2sctso
LD3DAPOP=${OUT_DIR}/Ld3dapop

2shut
2asmshut
#
echo Start TPC-H Benchmark SEQUENCE NUMBER:
$RUN_ID > $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "Starting a new Oracle log file:
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}
.log" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
##
mv
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${
ORACLE_SID}.log.preAudit.$RUN_ID
touch
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
##
echo "Start: load database `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
asmstart
dbcre_10gR2.sh >> $LD1DBCRE
tscre_10gR2.sh >> $LD2SCTSO
tshut
asmshut
2asmstart
2start
STIME=`$GTIME`
echo "Start: timed load portion `date`" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
dapop_10gR2.sh >> $LD3DAPOP
$KIT_DIR/audit/gen_seed.sh $KIT_DIR/audit/seed
echo Generated seed: `cat $KIT_DIR/audit/seed` >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "End: timed load portion `date`" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
```

## Appendix F

```
2shut >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
2asmshut >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
exit
```

### runTPCHall.afterload

```
#!/bin/ksh
. $KIT_DIR/env

ECHO=echo

sqlplus=$ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus
GTIME=${KIT_DIR}/utils/gtime

RUN_ID_FILE=${KIT_DIR}/audit/r_id

if [ ! -f $RUN_ID_FILE ]
then
    echo "0" > $RUN_ID_FILE
fi

RUN_ID=`cat $RUN_ID_FILE`
#RUN_ID=`expr $RUN_ID + 1`
echo $RUN_ID > $RUN_ID_FILE

OUT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/audit/tests/${RUN_ID}
if [ ! -d $OUT_DIR ]
then
    mkdir $OUT_DIR
fi

SCRIPT_LOG_FILE=${OUT_DIR}/main.out
RDB_TABLES=${OUT_DIR}/rdbtablest
FIRST_TEN=${OUT_DIR}/firstten
LD1DBCRE=${OUT_DIR}/Ld1dbcre
LD2SCTSO=${OUT_DIR}/Ld2sctso
LD3DAPOP=${OUT_DIR}/Ld3dapop

2asmstart >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
2start >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
ckpnt.sh

echo "Start: dbtables.sql and count.sql" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$sqlplus ${DATABASE_USER} @$KIT_DIR/audit/dbtables
> ${RDB_TABLES} 2>&1
$sqlplus ${DATABASE_USER} @$KIT_DIR/audit/firstten
> ${FIRST_TEN} 2>&1
echo "End: dbtables.sql and count.sql `date`" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

runTPCHpt ${SCALE_FACTOR} 1 ${RUN_ID}
runTPCHpt ${SCALE_FACTOR} 2 ${RUN_ID}

cp $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
$OUT_DIR
```

```
echo "End TPC-H Benchmark SEQUENCE NUMBER:
$RUN_ID `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
```

### runTPCHpt.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
. $KIT_DIR/env
#ECHO=/bin/echo
SCRIPT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/scripts
SQL_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/sql
UPD_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
SRC_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
QRY_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/queries # this is the location of the
query template file
QGEN_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/dbgen
QGEN=${QGEN_DIR}/qgen
QEXEC=${SRC_DIR}

DSS_QUERY=${KIT_DIR}/queries
export DSS_QUERY

UPD_SQL=${UPD_DIR}/sql
UPD_SPT=${UPD_DIR}/scripts
UPD_SRC=${UPD_DIR}/source
UPD_DAT=${UPD_DIR}/data

TPCD_BIN=${KIT_DIR}/audit/bin

GTIME=${SRC_DIR}/gtime
SEED_FILE=${KIT_DIR}/audit/seed

DF=/dev/null
HID=1
INTERVAL=60
COUNT=1200

# The defaults

QPROG=${QEXEC}/qexec

usage () {
    echo " "
    echo "Usage: $0 [-p <program for query stream>] [-u1
<program for UF1>]"
    echo "      [-u2 <program for UF2>] [-o] [-s] [-h] [-u
<user/password>]"
    echo "      <scale factor> <run_number>"
    echo ""
    echo "scale factor    : The scale factor of the run."
    echo "update ||ism    : The parallelism to use for the UFs."
    echo ""
    echo "-p <program>    : Program for Query Stream."
    echo "                Default is $QPROG."
    echo "-u1 <program>   : Program for UF1."
    echo "                Default is $U1PROG."
    echo "-u2 <program>   : Program for UF2."
    echo "                Default is $U2PROG."
    echo "-o              : Collect Oracle statistics."
```

## Appendix F

```
echo "-s          : Collect System statistics."
echo "-u <user/passwd> : User/Password. Default is
tpch/tpch."
echo "-h          : Displays this message."
}
set -- `getopt "p:u1:u2:osu:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
  case "$1" in
    -u1) shift; U1PROG=$1;;
    -u2) shift; U2PROG=$1;;
    -p) shift; QPROG=$1;;
    -o) OSTAT=1;;
    -s) SSTAT=1;;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) shift; break;;
    esac
  shift;
done

if [ "$#" -ne "3" ]
then
  usage
  exit 1
fi

SF=$1
PARA=$2
RUN_ID=$3

OUT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/audit/tests/${RUN_ID}
if [ ! -d $OUT_DIR ]
then
  mkdir $OUT_DIR
fi

TPCD_LOG=${OUT_DIR}
TPCD_RPT=${OUT_DIR}
OUT=${OUT_DIR}

let UF_SET="($PARA-1)*($NUM_STREAMS+1)+1"
START_SET=1
let STOP_SET=$NUM_STREAMS
let START_SET_UPDATE="($PARA-
1)*($NUM_STREAMS+1)+2"
let
STOP_SET_UPDATE="$START_SET_UPDATE+$NUM_S
TREAMS-1"

TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s0
TPCD_RPT_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/m${PARA}s0inter
QRY_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/qtemp.${PARA}s0
QUERY_PARAMETER=${TPCD_LOG}/qp${PARA}.0
SCRIPT_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}timing
UF1_LOG=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s0rf1
UF2_LOG=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s0rf2
```

```
STREAM_COUNT_LOG=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}tstren
t

echo "TPC-H Test - RUN:${PARA}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} `date`" > $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "TPC-H Test - RUN:${PARA}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} `date`" > $TPCD_RPT_FILE
echo "Generates query template file with seed: `cat
$SEED_FILE` for stream 0" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

${QGEN} -c -r `cat $SEED_FILE` -p 0 -s ${SF} -l
$QUERY_PARAMETER > ${QRY_FILE}
START=`$GTIME`
echo "Start Power Test - RUN:${PARA}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} Execution Starts $START,
`date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

# Execute UF1

SDATE=`date`
UF1_START=`$GTIME`
echo "Start UF1 $UF1_START, `date`" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

${ECHO} ${UPD_SPT}/runuf1.sh ${UF_SET} >>
$UF1_LOG 2>&1
# Execute Query Stream

UF1_END=`${GTIME}`
E1DATE=`date`

UF1_TIME=`echo $UF1_END - $UF1_START | bc`
echo UF1: Execution Time: $UF1_TIME >>
${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo Start Time: $UF1_START, $SDATE >>
${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo End Time: $UF1_END, $E1DATE >>
${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo "" >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}

echo "End UF1 $UF1_END, ${E1DATE}" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo UF1: Execution Time: $UF1_TIME >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

echo "Start Query Part ` $GTIME`, `date` " >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

${QPROG} ${DATABASE_USER} q${QRY_FILE}
l${TPCD_LOG_FILE} r${TPCD_RPT_FILE} > $D
F 2>&1

# Execute UF2

UF2_START=`${GTIME}`
```

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```
E2DATE=`date`

echo "End Query Part ` $GTIME`, ${E2DATE}" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

echo "Start UF2 $UF2_START, `date`" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
${ECHO} ${UPD_SPT}/runuf2.sh ${UF_SET} >>
$UF2_LOG 2>&1
UF2_END=` $GTIME`
END=` $GTIME`
EDATE=`date`

UF2_TIME=`echo $UF2_END - $UF2_START | bc`
echo UF2: Execution Time: $UF2_TIME >>
${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo Start Time: $UF2_START, $E2DATE >>
${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo End Time: $UF2_END, $EDATE >>
${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo "End UF2 $UF2_END, $EDATE" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo UF2: Execution Time: $UF2_TIME >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "End TPC-H Power Test - RUN:${PARAM}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID}, $END, $EDATE" >> $S
CRIPT_LOG_FILE
MEA_INT=`echo $END - $START | bc`
echo "Elapsed Time for TPC-H Power Test - RUN:${PARAM}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} is $MEA
_INT" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
${KIT_DIR}/audit/abridge.pl ${TPCD_LOG_FILE}

i=$START_SET
PSEED=`cat $SEED_FILE`
while [ $i -le $STOP_SET ]; do

TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/mt${RUN_ID}_${i}.log
TPCD_RPT_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/mt${RUN_ID}_${i}.rpt

QUERY_PARAMETER=${TPCD_LOG}/qp${PARAM}.${i}
QRY_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/qtemp.${PARAM}s${i}

PSEED=`expr $PSEED + 1`
${QGEN} -c -r ${PSEED} -p ${i} -s ${SF} -l
$QUERY_PARAMETER > ${QRY_FILE}

i=`expr $i + 1`
done
TH_START_D=`date`
TH_START_T=` $GTIME`
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

rm -f /tmp/th_pipe1
mknod /tmp/th_pipe1 p
rm -f /tmp/th_pipe2

mknod /tmp/th_pipe2 p
i=$START_SET

echo "Start Throughput Test - RUN:${PARAM}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} $TH_START_T, $TH_ST
ART_D" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

# starts a script to count the streams during the throughput
run
(scnt.sh $PARAM $RUN_ID > $STREAM_COUNT_LOG &)

while [ $i -le $STOP_SET ]; do
M_SDATE=`date`
M_STIME=` $GTIME`
TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARAM}s${i}

TPCD_RPT_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/m${PARAM}s${i}inter
echo "Start Query Stream $i $M_STIME, ${M_SDATE}"
>> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
QRY_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/qtemp.${PARAM}s${i}
${QPROG} ${DATABASE_USER} q${QRY_FILE}
l${TPCD_LOG_FILE} r${TPCD_RPT_FILE} | gr
ep -v "Connected to ORACLE" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE &
i=`expr $i + 1`
done
(${KIT_DIR}/audit/runTPCHus $RUN_ID
$START_SET_UPDATE $STOP_SET_UPDATE ${SF}
$PA
RA >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE 2>&1 &)

wait
THQ_END_T=` $GTIME`
THQ_END_D=`date`
echo End all Query Streams $THQ_END_T, $THQ_END_D
>> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
print > /tmp/th_pipe1
read < /tmp/th_pipe2

TH_END_D=`date`
TH_END_T=` $GTIME`
echo End Update Stream ${TH_END_T}, ${TH_END_D}
>> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "End Throughput Test ${TH_END_T},
${TH_END_D}" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

i=$START_SET
while [ $i -le $STOP_SET ]; do
TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARAM}s${i}
${KIT_DIR}/audit/abridge.pl ${TPCD_LOG_FILE}
i=`expr $i + 1`
done
PIDS=`ps -fu oracle | grep scnt.sh | grep -v grep | awk '{print
$2}'`
kill -9 $PIDS
#calculate the metric
#analyze_streams.pl -f p -n $RUN_ID >
${TPCD_RPT}/tpch_metric.${RUN_ID}.${HID}.r
pt
```



## Appendix F

# first create the temp tables

```
runuf1.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: runuf1.sh 25-oct-2001.15:56:04 mpoess Exp $
#
# runuf1.sh
#
# Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights
reserved.
#
# NAME
#   runuf1.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   runuf1.sh -l [<path name for reports>] -u [<uid/passwd>]
#       -p [<program>] <run_id> <scale factor> <pair
number>
#       <parallelism>
# USAGE
#   To execute UF1.
#
# NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess   10/25/01 - change default directory for update
sets
#   mpoess   10/17/01 - add support for external tables
#   mpoess   08/15/99 - Creation
#   mpoess   08/15/99 - Creation
#
# $KIT_DIR/env
O=${ORACLE_HOME}
UPDATE_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
SCRIPT_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/scripts
UTILS_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
LOG_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/log
GTIME=${UTILS_DIR}/gtime
SF=${SCALE_FACTOR}
PAR_HINT=16

LOGPATH=.
PASSWD=${DATABASE_USER}

if [ $# -lt 1 ];
then
    echo runuf1.sh setnum
    exit 1
fi
SETNUM=$1
i=1
PID=""

# perform the update function 1

START=`$GTIME`
```

```
sqlplus /NOLOG << !
connect $PASSWD;
set timing on
set serveroutput on
set echo on
drop directory data_dir;
create directory data_dir as '/ff14/updates';

drop table temp_l_et;
create table temp_l_et(
    l_orderkey      number ,
    l_partkey       number ,
    l_suppkey       number ,
    l_linenumbr     number ,
    l_quantity      number ,
    l_extendedprice number ,
    l_discount      number ,
    l_tax           number ,
    l_returnflag    char(1) ,
    l_linestatus    char(1) ,
    l_shipdate      date ,
    l_commitdate    date ,
    l_receiptdate   date ,
    l_shipinstruct  char(25) ,
    l_shipmode      char(10) ,
    l_comment       varchar(44)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
    fields terminated by '|'
    missing field values are null
)
location (
'lineitem.tbl.u${SETNUM}'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel ${PAR_HINT};

drop table temp_o_et;
create table temp_o_et(
    o_orderkey      number ,
    o_custkey       number ,
    o_orderstatus   char(1) ,
    o_totalprice    number ,
    o_orderdate     date ,
    o_orderpriority char(15) ,
    o_clerk         char(15) ,
    o_shippriority  number ,
    o_comment       varchar(79)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
```

## Appendix F

```
default directory data_dir
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
    fields terminated by '|'
    missing field values are null
)
location (
'orders.tbl.u${SETNUM}'
)
reject limit unlimited parallel ${PAR_HINT};

alter session force parallel dml parallel (degree
${PAR_HINT});
alter session set isolation_level = serializable;
alter session set optimizer_index_cost_adj = 25;

insert into orders(
select
o_orderdate      ,
o_orderkey       ,
o_custkey        ,
o_orderpriority  ,
o_shippriority   ,
o_clerk          ,
o_orderstatus    ,
o_totalprice     ,
o_comment
from temp_o_et);

insert into lineitem(
select
l_shipdate      ,
l_orderkey      ,
l_discount      ,
l_extendedprice ,
l_suppkey       ,
l_quantity      ,
l_returnflag    ,
l_partkey       ,
l_linestatus    ,
l_tax           ,
l_commitdate    ,
l_receiptdate   ,
l_shipmode      ,
l_linenum       ,
l_shipinstruct  ,
l_comment
from temp_l_et);

commit;
drop table temp_l_et;
drop table temp_o_et;

exit;
!
```

```
END=`$GTIME`

# Done

echo ""
echo "Update Function 1 Set $SETNUM done!"
echo "Elapsed Time is `echo $END - $START | bc`"
echo ""

runuf2.sh
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: runuf2.sh 25-oct-2001.15:56:05 mpoess Exp $
#
# runuf2.sh
#
# Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights
reserved.
#
# NAME
#   runuf2.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   runuf2.sh [-u <uid/passwd to login>] [-p <program>]
<run_id>
#           <scale factor> <pair number> <parallelism>
# USAGE
#   To execute UF2.
#
# NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess   10/25/01 - change default directory for update
sets
#   mpoess   10/17/01 - add support for external tables
#   mpoess   08/15/99 - Creation
#   mpoess   08/15/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env
UPDATE_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
SCRIPT_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/scripts
UTILS_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
GTIME=${UTILS_DIR}/gtime
LOG_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/log
PAR_HINT=32
SF=${SCALE_FACTOR}
PASSWD=${DATABASE_USER}

if [ $# -lt 1 ]
then
    usage
    exit 1
fi

SETNUM=$1

i=1
```

## Appendix F

```
PID=""

START=`$GTIME`
# first create the temp tables

sqlplus /NOLOG << !

connect $PASSWD;
set timing on
set serveroutput on
set echo on
drop directory data_dir;
create directory data_dir as '/ff14/updates';
drop table temp_okey_et;
drop table temp_okey;

create table temp_okey_et(
  t_orderkey      number
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
location (
'delete.${SETNUM}')
reject limit unlimited;

alter table temp_okey_et parallel ${PAR_HINT};

create table temp_okey parallel ${PAR_HINT} nologging as
select * from temp_okey
_et;

create unique index i_temp_okey on temp_okey (t_orderkey)
parallel ${PAR_HINT}
nologging compute statistics;

analyze table temp_okey estimate statistics sample 2 percent;

alter session force parallel dml parallel ${PAR_HINT};
alter session set isolation_level=serializable;
alter session set optimizer_index_cost_adj = 25;

delete from (select /*+ use_nl(o) */ o.rowid from orders o,
temp_okey t where o.
o_orderkey = t.t_orderkey order by 1);

delete from (select /*+ use_nl(l) */ l.rowid from lineitem
l,temp_okey t where l
.l_orderkey = t.t_orderkey order by 1);
```

```
commit;
drop table temp_okey;
drop table temp_okey_et;
exit;
!

END=`$GTIME`

# Done

echo ""
echo "Update Function 2 Set $SETNUM done!"
echo "Elapsed Time is `echo $END - $START | bc`"

qexecpl.c
#ifdef RCSID
static char *RCSid =
  "$Header: qexecpl.c 17-oct-2001.09:29:47 mpoess Exp $ ";
#endif /* RCSID */

/* Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights
reserved. */

/*

NAME
  qexecpl.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
  SQL Execution Engine, Oracle v8, OCI version

PRIVATE FUNCTION(S)
  <list of static functions defined in .c file - with one-line
descriptions>

MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
  mpoess 10/17/01 - add serialization level in SQLInit
  mpoess 02/22/01 - add linux changes
  mpoess 08/05/99 - make compile
  mpoess 11/13/98 - fix pddl statement
  pswong 02/19/97 - migrating to version 8
  pswong 04/02/96 - more polishing
  pswong 03/25/96 - polish up
  pswong 03/06/96 - created

*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <setjmp.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "qexecpl.h"
```

## Appendix F

```
/* Function Prototypes */
extern double gettime();

/* function prototypes from gen.c */
int get_statement();

/* Declare error handling functions */
void sql_error();

/* Other prototypes */
int define_output_variables();
void process_select_list();
void usage();
void SQLinit();
void SQLexec();
void SQLexit();
void *memalloc();
void print_header();
void print_rows();
int OFEN();
void remove_newline();

char logname[UNAME_LEN]; /* username/passwd combo */
char *passwd;

double tr_start = 0.0; /* query start time */
double tr_end = 0.0; /* query end time */

double s_tr_start = 0.0; /* statement start time */
double s_tr_end = 0.0; /* statement end time */

/* For our purpose of timing, we will treat comments as
delimiters */
/* for queries. Thus, we will collect query timings whenever
we */
/* encounter a comment (of course not for the first comment
in a */
/* file). */

int end_flag = 0; /* flag to indicate that we have reached
*/
/* the end of a query */

int stmt_cnt = 0; /* Number of statements processed.
*/
int qry_cnt = 0; /* Number of query processed. */

double product = 1.0; /* cumulative product of query times
*/
int rows_ret = 0; /* the number of rows fetched */
int num_sel_list = 0; /* the number of select list item */

long num_to_fetch = -1; /* Number of rows to fetch. -1
means fetch all */

sltype slist[MAX_SEL_LIST]; /* Array for describing Select
List */
dlist *dlist[MAX_SEL_LIST]; /* Array of ptrs for Defining
Select List */

char stmt[SQL_LEN]; /* The SQL statement or comment
line. */
char qn[4]; /* Number of the query being executed
*/
char qnp[4]; /* Number of the previous query
executed */
char cmnt[5000]; /* Buffer to save the comment.
*/
#ifdef LINUX
FILE *qtemp; /* fd for query template */
FILE *logfile; /* log and report files */
FILE *rep;
#else
FILE *qtemp = stdin; /* fd for query template */
FILE *logfile = stdout; /* log and report files */
FILE *rep = stdout;
#endif
void *defbuf; /* Buffer pointer for ODEFIN */
int deflen = 0; /* Size of data type for ODEFIN */
int deftype = 1; /* Oracle type number for ODEFIN
*/

int pfmem = PFMEMSIZE; /* Memory to prefetch rows
*/

time_t tim; /* To get wall clock time */

/* OCI handles */

OCIEnv *tpcenv = NULL;
OCIServer *tpcsrv = NULL;
OCIError *errhp = NULL;
OCISvcCtx *tpscvc = NULL;
OCISession *tpcusr = NULL;
OCISmt *curq = NULL;
OCISmt *cur_dml = NULL;
OCISmt *cur_ddl = NULL;
OCIParm *tpcpar = NULL;

sword status = OCI_SUCCESS; /* OCI return value */

/* usage: prints the usage of the program */
void usage() {
    fprintf(stderr, "\nUsage: qexec username/password [q<path
name for query template file>]\n");
    fprintf(stderr, " [l<path name for log>] [r<path
name for reports>]\n\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "Options:\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "q<path for query> : full path name for the
query template file.\n");
    fprintf(stderr, " (default is stdin)\n");
}
```

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```

fprintf(stderr,"l<path name for log> : full path name for
log files\n");
fprintf(stderr,"                (default is stdout)\n");
fprintf(stderr,"r<path name for reports> : full path name for
reports\n");
fprintf(stderr,"                (default is stdout)\n");
exit(-1);
}

```

```

/* type: 0 if environment handle is passed, 1 if error handle is
passwd */

```

```

void sql_error(errhp,status,type)
    OCIError *errhp;
    sword status;
    sword type;
{
    char msg[2048];
    ub4 errcode;
    ub4 msglen;
    int i,j;

    switch(status) {
    case OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Statement returned with info.\n");
        if (type)
            (void)
OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
            2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);

        else
            (void)
OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
            2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);

        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_ERROR:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: OCI call error.\n");
        if (type)
            (void)
OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
            2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);

        else
            (void)
OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
            2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);

        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_INVALID_HANDLE:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid Handle.\n");
        if (type)
            (void)
OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
            2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);

        else
            (void)
OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
            2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);

```

```

fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
break;
}

```

```

/* Rollback just in case */

```

```

(void) OCITransRollback(tpcsvc,errhp,OCI_DEFAULT);

```

```

fprintf(stderr, "Exiting Oracle...\n");
fflush(stderr);

```

```

SQLexit();

```

```

exit(1);
}

```

```

#ifdef LINUX

```

```

int main(argc,argv)

```

```

#else

```

```

void main(argc,argv)

```

```

#endif

```

```

    int argc;

```

```

    char *argv[];

```

```

{

```

```

    int i,pos,pos2;

```

```

    int retcode; /* Return code for get_statement */

```

```

#ifdef LINUX

```

```

    logfile=fopen("/dev/stdout","w");

```

```

    qtemp=fopen("/dev/stdin","rw");

```

```

    rep=fopen("/dev/stdout","w");

```

```

#endif

```

```

/* Initialize some variables */

```

```

if ((argc > 5) || (argc < 2)) {

```

```

    usage();

```

```

}

```

```

/* argv[1] -- User and Password for Database */

```

```

strcpy(logname, argv[1]);

```

```

/* Process optional parameters */

```

```

argc -= 1;

```

```

argv += 1;

```

```

while(--argc) {

```

```

    ++argv;

```

```

    switch(argv[0][0]) {

```

```

    case 'q':

```

```

        if ((qtemp = fopen(++(argv[0]),"r")) == NULL) {

```

```

            fprintf(stderr,"Unable to open file '%s'\n", argv[0]);

```

```

            fprintf(stderr,"%s: %s\n", argv[0], strerror(errno));

```

```

            exit(-1);

```

```

        }

```

```

        break;

```

```

    case 'r':

```

```

        if ((rep = fopen(++(argv[0]),"a")) == NULL) {

```

## Appendix F

```

    fprintf(stderr,"Unable to open file '%s'\n", argv[0]);
    fprintf(stderr,"%s: %s\n", argv[0], strerror(errno));
    exit(-1);
}
break;
case 'l':
if ((logfile = fopen(++(argv[0]),"a")) == NULL) {
    fprintf(stderr,"Unable to open file '%s'\n", argv[0]);
    fprintf(stderr,"%s: %s\n", argv[0], strerror(errno));
    exit(-1);
}
break;
default:
fprintf(stderr,"Invalid Option: %c\n", argv[0][0]);
usage();
break;
}
}

/* Do some initialization and establish connection with the
database */

SQLinit();

/* May want to add some triggering mechanism here */

time(&tim);
fprintf(logfile, "Begin Execution at %s\n\n", ctime(&tim));
fprintf(rep, "Begin Executing this Stream at %s\n\n",
ctime(&tim));
/* Get the next statement and start processing it */

while ((retcode = get_statement()) > 0) {

    switch (retcode) {

        /* If this is a comment, skips it */
        case COMMENT:
            /*if (end_flag) {
                end_flag = 0; /* reset query end flag */
                /* save the comment so that we can print it out later
on */
                /* strcpy(cmnt, stmt);
                break;
            } */
            if (stmt[3]== '@') {
                pos=4;
                strcpy(qnp,qn);
                while (stmt[pos] != ')') {
                    pos++;
                }
                pos2=0;
                pos++;
                while (stmt[pos] != '.') {
                    /*printf ("qn %d %c \n",pos2,stmt[pos]);*/
                    qn[pos2]=stmt[pos];
                    pos2++;
                    pos++;
                }
            }
            qn[pos2] = 0;
            /* printf("found a new query: %s\n",qn); */
        }
        /* save the comment so that we can print it out later */
        strcat(cmnt, stmt);
        break;

        /* if this is a set_row_fetch command */
        case SET_FETCHROW:
            fprintf(logfile,"Setting the number of rows to fetch to:
%d\n\n",
                num_to_fetch);
            break;

        /* if this is a SQL statement */
        case SQL_STMT:

            /* Executes the query */
            SQLexec();

            stmt_cnt++;
            qry_cnt++;
            fflush(rep);
            fflush(logfile);
            /*
            fprintf(logfile,"\nStatement Started at %.2f\n", s_tr_start);
            fprintf(logfile,"Statement Ended at %.2f\n", s_tr_end);

            fprintf(logfile,"Statement Processed in %.2f seconds.\n",
                (s_tr_end - s_tr_start));
            fprintf(rep, "Query %s: Execution Time: %.2f started %.2f
ended %.2f\n",
                qn,(s_tr_end - s_tr_start)s_tr_start,s_tr_end);
            fflush(rep);
            fflush(logfile);*/
            break;

        /* Should never reach here */
        default:
            fprintf(stderr, "Invalid statement type!!\n");
            SQLexit();
            break;
    }
}

/* Get Timing for the last query */

tr_end = gettime();

fprintf(logfile,"Query Processed in %.2f
seconds.\n\n",(tr_end - s_tr_start));

/* print comments for this query that we have saved */

/* fprintf(logfile, "%s\n", cmnt); */

/* fprintf(rep, "Query %s : Execution time %.2f\n",
qn,(tr_end - s_tr_start));*/

```

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```

fprintf(rep, "Query %s: Execution Time: %.2f started %.2f
ended %.2f\n",
        qn,(tr_end - s_tr_start),s_tr_start,tr_end);

time(&tim);
fprintf(logfile, "\nEnded Executing this Stream at %s\n",
ctime(&tim));
fprintf(logfile, "\nStream Started at %.2f\n", tr_start);
fprintf(logfile, "Stream Ended at %.2f\n", tr_end);
fprintf(logfile, "Stream Processed in %.2f
seconds\n\n", (tr_end - tr_start));

fprintf(rep, "\nEnded Executing this Stream at %s\n",
ctime(&tim));
fprintf(rep, "\nStream Started at %.2f\n", tr_start);
fprintf(rep, "Stream Ended at %.2f\n", tr_end);
fprintf(rep, "Stream Processed in %.2f seconds\n\n",
        (tr_end - tr_start));

fprintf(logfile, "\nSQL statements processed: %d\n",
stmt_cnt);
/*fprintf(logfile, "Queries processed: %d\n", qry_cnt);*/

fflush(rep);
fflush(logfile);

/* Close the query template file */

fclose(qtemp);

/* Disconnect from ORACLE. */

SQLexit();
exit(0);
}

/* SQLinit(): Perform initialization tasks.          */
/* Logs on to Oracle, opens some files and open a  */
/* cursor for */
/* later use.                                     */

void SQLinit() {

    int i;

    /* preallocate MAX_PREALLOC members of the dlist array
    */
    /* initializes others to NULL so that we can determine who
    to free later */

    for (i=0; i<MAX_SEL_LIST; i++) {
        if (i < MAX_PREALLOC) {
            dlist[i] = (dltyp *) memalloc (sizeof(dltyp));
            dlist[i]->defhdl = NULL;
        }
        /* OCIhalloc(curq, &(dlist[i]-
        >defhdl), OCI_HTYPE_DEFINE); */
    }
    else
        dlist[i] = NULL;
}

/* Connect to ORACLE. Program will call sql_error()
*/
/* if an error occurs in connecting to the default database. */

(void) OCIInitialize(OCI_DEFAULT, (dvoid *)0, 0, 0, 0);

if ((status=OCIEnvInit((OCIEnv
**) &tpcenv, OCI_DEFAULT, 0, (dvoid **)0)) !=
OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(tpcenv, status, 0);

OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &errhp, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &curq, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &cur_dml, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &cur_ddl, OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &tpcsrv, OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
OCIhalloc(tpcenv, &tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

/* get username and password */

passwd = strchr(logname, '/');
*passwd = '\0';
passwd++;

if ((status = OCIServerAttach(tpcsrv, errhp, (text
*)0, 0, OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp, status, 1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX, tpcsrv, 0, OCI_ATTR
_SERVER, errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION, logname, strlen(logna
me), OCI_ATTR_USERNAME,
        errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr, OCI_HTYPE_SESSION, passwd, strlen(passw
d), OCI_ATTR_PASSWORD,
        errhp);

if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
                                OCI_DEFAULT)) !=
OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp, status, 1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc, OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX, tpcusr, 0, OCI_ATTR
_SESSION, errhp);

/*
if ((status=OCILogon((OCIEnv *)tpcenv, (OCIError
*)errhp, (OCISvcCtx *)tpcsvc,
                    (text *)logname, strlen(logname), (text
*)passwd,

```

## Appendix F

```

        strlen(passwd), (text *) 0, 0) !=
OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp, status, 1);
*/
    printf("\nConnected to ORACLE as user: %s\n\n", logname);
}

/* SQLexec() Executes the SQL statement.
*/
/*     Parse the SQL statement.                */
/*     If DDL or DML statements, execute right away.
*/
/*     Else describe and define select list outputs,
*/
/*     execute and fetch results.                */

void SQLexec()
{
    int i;
    ub2 stmttyp = OCI_STMT_SELECT; /* default is a
SELECT statement */

    /* Clause 5.3.6.2: QI(i,s) is the time between the first
character */
    /*     of this query text is submitted and the first */
    /*     character of the next query text is submitted. */

    if (qry_cnt) {
        time(&tim);
        s_tr_end = gettimeofday();
        fprintf(logfile, "Query Processed in %.2f seconds.\n\n",
            (s_tr_end - s_tr_start));

        /* print comments for this query that we have saved */

        /* fprintf(logfile, "%s\n", cmnt); */

        /*fprintf(rep, "Query %s : Execution time %.2f\n",
qnp,(s_tr_end - s_tr_start));*/
        fprintf(rep, "Query %s: Execution Time: %.2f started %.2f
ended %.2f\n",
            qnp,(s_tr_end - s_tr_start),s_tr_start,s_tr_end);

        /* Let's fflush stuff so that we can see what's going on */

        /* Fix for Q15 */
        fflush(logfile);
        fflush(rep);

        strcpy(qnp,qn);

        fflush(logfile);
        fflush(rep);
    }
    else
        tr_start = gettimeofday();
}

s_tr_start = gettimeofday();

/* prepare the statement */

if ((status = OCIStmtPrepare(curq, errhp, (text*) stmt, (ub4)
strlen(stmt),
                                OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,
OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

/* Prints the query text and comment to the logfile */

fprintf(logfile, "\n%s\n", cmnt);
cmnt[0]=0;
fprintf(logfile, "\n%s\n", stmt);

/* if this is a DDL or DML statement, execute it right away
*/
/* only worries about SELECT statements right now, cannot
*/
/* execute a stored PL/SQL procedure in this version */

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&stmttyp,NULL,OCI_ATTR_STMT_TYPE,errhp);

if (stmttyp != OCI_STMT_SELECT) {
    OCIexec(tpcsvc,curq,errhp,1);
    return;
}

/* otherwise, this is a select statement */
/* Describe and define output variables */

/* first let's execute it to get the select-list definition */

OCIaset(curq, OCI_HTYPE_STMT, &pfmem, 0,
OCI_ATTR_PREFETCH_MEMORY, errhp);

OCIexec(tpcsvc,curq,errhp,0);

num_sel_list = define_output_variables();

/* Executes the query and fetches the rows */

(void) process_select_list(num_sel_list);

/* Need to get the number of rows fetched first */
/* since the following statments will screw it up */

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&rows_ret,NULL,OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);

/* To control memory usage, let's free up the extra dlist
entries */
/* that we have allocated. */

```



## Appendix F

```

i=MAX_PREALLOC;
while(dlist[i] != NULL) {
    free(dlist[i]);
    dlist[i++] = NULL;
}

/* reset set_fetchrows */

num_to_fetch = -1;
}

void SQLexit() {

    int i;

    OCILogoff(tpcsvc,errhp);
    OCIhfree(tpcenv,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhfree(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIhfree(tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
    OCIhfree(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

    /* free all memory */

    for (i=0; i<MAX_SEL_LIST; i++) {
        if (dlist[i] != NULL) {
            free(dlist[i]);
        }
    }

    /* Flush all output */

    fflush(rep);
    fflush(logfile);

}

/* define_output_variables(): Describe and define select-list
items for */
/*          a query statement.          */
/*          Returns the number of select-list items */
/*          for this query.          */

int define_output_variables()
{
    int i;
    int retflag = 0;

    for (i=0; i<MAX_SEL_LIST; i++) {

        slist[i].buflen = MAX_COLNAME_SIZE;

        if (OCIParmGet(curq, OCI_HTYPE_STMT, errhp, (dvoid
**)) &tpcpar,
                POS(i)) != OCI_SUCCESS)

            break;

        /* dsiz and nullok fields of dlist not used */

        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].dbsize),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_DATA_SIZE, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].dbtype),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_DATA_TYPE, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].buf),
                &(slist[i].buflen), OCI_ATTR_NAME, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM,
                &(slist[i].precision),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_PRECISION, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].scale),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_SCALE, errhp);

        /* For formatting purpose, remove trailing blanks in select-
list name. */

        /*
        if (slist[i].buflen < MAX_COLNAME_SIZE)
            (slist[i].buf)[slist[i].buflen] = '\0';
        */

        /* Well, we need to allocate for entries for dlist */

        if (i >= MAX_PREALLOC) {
            dlist[i] = (dltyp *) memalloc(sizeof(dltyp));
            dlist[i]->defhdl = NULL;
        }

        /* Let's check the sizes and types for this select list item */

        switch (slist[i].dbtype) {

        case OCI_TYPECODE_NUMBER:

            /* The odescr will not give a good estimate to the scale if
            */
            /* no scale was given in the Oracle table definition. */

            #ifdef HAVE_SCALE
            if (slist[i].scale != 0) {
                defbuf = (double *) dlist[i]->fbuf;
                deflen = FLT;
                deftype = OCI_TYPECODE_DOUBLE;
                slist[i].dbtype = OCI_TYPECODE_DOUBLE;
            } else {
                defbuf = (int *) dlist[i]->ibuf;
                deflen = INT;
                deftype = OCI_TYPECODE_INTEGER;
                slist[i].dbtype = OCI_TYPECODE_INTEGER;
            }
            #else
            defbuf = (double *) dlist[i]->fbuf;
            deflen = FLT;
            deftype = OCI_TYPECODE_FLOAT;
            slist[i].dbtype = OCI_TYPECODE_FLOAT;
            #endif /* HAVE_SCALE */

```

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```

break;

default:

/* default is character string */

defbuf = (char **) dlist[i]->sbuf;
deflen = MAX_STR_LEN;
deftype = SQLT_STR;
/*   deftype = OCI_TYPECODE_CHAR; */
break;
}

/* Define the column */

if ((status=OCIDefineByPos(curq,&(dlist[i]-
>defhdl),errhp,POS(i),
                defbuf,deflen,deftype,NULL,
                dlist[i]-
>rlen,NULL,OCI_DEFAULT))!=OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);
}
return i;
}

/* process_select_list(): Fetch rows from a query. */

void process_select_list(num)
    int num;    /* number of select list items */
{

    int i,j;
    int ntf;
    int num_so_far;
    sword stats = OCI_SUCCESS;

/* Print the headers for the query execution result */

    print_header(num);

/* See if we need to limit the rows to fetch */

    ntf = (num_to_fetch >= 0) ? num_to_fetch : MAX_ARRAY;

/* Fetch the rows and print them out */

    if ((ntf > MAX_ARRAY) || (num_to_fetch == -1)) {

        stats = OCIStmtFetch(curq, errhp, MAX_ARRAY,
OCI_FETCH_NEXT, OCI_DEFAULT);

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&rows_ret,NULL,OCI_A
TTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);

        print_rows(num,rows_ret);

/* To avoid 1022 from OFEN */

/* More rows to fetch... */

        if (stats != OCI_NO_DATA) {
            if (num_to_fetch == -1) {
                while ((stats =
OCIStmtFetch(curq,errhp,MAX_ARRAY,OCI_FETCH_NEX
T,
                                OCI_DEFAULT)) ==
OCI_SUCCESS) {

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,NULL,
OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
                print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
                rows_ret = num_so_far;
            }
            /* Print the final rows */
OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,N
ULL,
                                OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
                print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
                rows_ret = num_so_far;
            } else {
                ntf -= MAX_ARRAY;

                while ((stats = OCIStmtFetch(curq,errhp,
                                (ntf>MAX_ARRAY)
? MAX_ARRAY:ntf),
                                OCI_FETCH_NEXT,
                                OCI_DEFAULT)) ==
OCI_SUCCESS) {
                    ntf -= MAX_ARRAY;

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,NULL,
OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
                    print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
                    rows_ret = num_so_far;
                    if (ntf <= 0) break;
                }
OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,N
ULL,
                                OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
                    print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
                    rows_ret = num_so_far;
                }
            } else {
                OCIStmtFetch(curq, errhp, ntf, OCI_FETCH_NEXT,
OCI_DEFAULT);

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&rows_ret,NULL,OCI_A
TTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
                    print_rows(num,rows_ret);
                }

                fprintf(logfile,"\n\n%d %s processed.\n", rows_ret,
                    rows_ret == 1 ? "row" : "rows");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

## Appendix F

```

int get_statement()
{
    char line[128];
    char *pos, *str;

    /* Reset statement buffer */

    stmt[0] = '\0';

    while (fgets(line, 127, qtemp) != NULL) {

        /* skip blank lines */
        if (line[0] == '\n')
            continue;

        /* remove blanks */

        str = line;

        while (*str == ' ') str++;

        /* Let's get the line together first */

        strcat(stmt, str);

        /* if this is a comment line */
        if ((str[0] == '-') && (str[1] == '-'))
            return COMMENT;

        /* see if this is a set_fetchrows line */
        if (strncmp(str, "set_fetchrows", 13) == 0) {
            pos = strchr(str, ';');
            *pos = '\0';
            pos = strchr(str, '=');
            num_to_fetch = atol(++pos);
            return SET_FETCHROW;
        }

        /* if this is the end of the current statement */
        if ((pos = strchr(stmt, ';')) != NULL) {
            *pos = '\0';
            return SQL_STMT;
        }
    }
    return END_OF_FILE;
}

/* memalloc(): Allocates memory, exit program if we have a
problem. */

void *memalloc(size)
    int size;
{
    void *tmp;

```

```

    if ((tmp = (void *) malloc(size)) == NULL) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Error in malloc\n");
        SQLexit();
        return NULL; /* should never reach here */
    } else {
        return tmp;
    }
}

void print_header(nsel)
    int nsel; /* Number of select list items */
{
    int i, diff;
    char colname[MAX_COLNAME_SIZE];
    int len = 0; /* Running column length */
    int cwid = 0;

    fprintf(logfile, "\n");

    for (i=0; i<nsel; i++) {

        /* extract the column name */

        strncpy((char *)colname, (char *)slist[i].buf, slist[i].buflen);
        colname[slist[i].buflen] = '\0';

        /* format the output a little */

        cwid = MAX(slist[i].dbsize, slist[i].buflen);

        /* do a little bit of formatting */

        if (cwid > 80) {
            fprintf(logfile, "\n");
            len = 0;
        } else if ((len += cwid) > 80) {
            fprintf(logfile, "\n");
            len = cwid;
        }
    }
#ifdef FORMAT1
    if ((slist[i].dbtype == INT_TYPE) || (slist[i].dbtype ==
FLT_TYPE))
        fprintf(logfile, "%*s", cwid, slist[i].buf);
    else /* string type */
        fprintf(logfile, "%*s", -cwid, slist[i].buf);
#else
        fprintf(logfile, "%*s", -cwid, colname);
#endif /* FORMAT1 */
    }

    fprintf(logfile, "\n");
}

void print_rows(ncol, nrow)
    int ncol;

```

## Appendix F

```
int nrow;
{

int i,j;
int len;
int diff;
int cwid;

for (i=0;i<nrow;i++) {

len = 0;

for (j=0;j<ncol;j++) {

cwid = MAX(slist[j].dbsize, slist[j].buflen);

/* do a little bit of formatting */

if (cwid > 80) {
    fprintf(logfile, "\n");
    len = 0;
} else if ((len += cwid) > 80) {
    fprintf(logfile, "\n");
    len = cwid;
}

switch(slist[j].dbtype) {
case INT_TYPE:
#ifdef HAVE_SCALE
    fprintf(logfile, "%*ld", cwid, (dlist[j]-
>ibuf)[i]);
    break;
#endif /* HAVE_SCALE */
case FLT_TYPE:
#ifdef FORMAT1
    fprintf(logfile, "%*.2f ", cwid, (dlist[j]->fbuf)[i]);
#else
    fprintf(logfile, "%*.2f ", -cwid, (dlist[j]->fbuf)[i]);
#endif /* FORMAT1 */
    break;
default:
    fprintf(logfile, "%*s ", -cwid, (dlist[j]->sbuf)[i]);
    break;
}
}
fprintf(logfile, "\n");
}

/* remove_newline(): Remove newline character from str. */

void remove_newline(str)
char *str;
{

char *p;

while ((p = strchr(str, '\n')) != NULL)
```

```
*p = ' ';
}

qexecpl.h
/*
 * $Header: qexecpl.h 13-nov-2001.17:52:35 mpoess Exp $
 */

/* Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights
reserved. */

/* NOTE: See 'header_template.doc' in the 'doc' dve under the
'forms'
directory for the header file template that includes
instructions.
*/

/*
NAME
qexecpl.h

DESCRIPTION
SQL statement execution front-end header file.

PUBLIC FUNCTION(S)
<list of external functions declared/defined - with one-line
descriptions>

PRIVATE FUNCTION(S)
<list of static functions defined in .c file - with one-line
descriptions>

EXAMPLES
NOTES
<other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>

MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
mpoess 11/13/01 - change DOP to 84 for DML and DDL
mpoess 02/22/01 - add linux changes
mpoess 08/05/99 - make compile
mpoess 07/15/99 - Creation
mpoess 07/15/99 - Creation

*/

/*
# ifndef S_ORACLE
# include <s.h>
# endif
*/
# ifndef QSTREAMPL_H

# define QSTREAMPL_H

# include <stdio.h>
# include <string.h>
# include <sys/param.h>
# include <sys/types.h>
# include <time.h>
```

## Appendix F

```
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>

#include <oratypes.h>

#include <oratypes.h>

#ifndef OCIDFN
#include <ocidfn.h>
#endif /* OCIDFN */

#ifndef OCI_ORACLE
#include <oci.h>
#endif /* OCI_ORACLE */
/*
#ifdef __STDC__
#include <ociapr.h>
#else
#include <ocikpr.h>
#endif /* __STDC__ */

/* some basic definitions */
#define UNAME_LEN 64
#define MAX_FILE_PATH_LEN 128

#ifndef TRUE
#define TRUE 1
#endif /* TRUE */

#ifndef FALSE
#define FALSE 1
#endif /* FALSE */
#ifndef LINUX
#define MAX(x,y) ((x >= y) ? x : y)
#define MIN(x,y) ((x <= y) ? x : y)
#endif
/* defines and typedefs for parsing */

#define CRT_TBL 1
#define INS_STMT 3
#define SEL_STMT 4
#define UPD_STMT 5
#define DRP_VIEW 7
#define DRP_TBL 8
#define DEL_STMT 9
#define CRT_VIEW 10
/* defines and typedefs for query description */

#define MAX_COLNAME_SIZE 32 /* Maximum length of
Column name */
#define MAX_SEL_LIST 16 /* Maximum items on a
select list */

#define END_OF_LIST 1007 /* Error code when we reach
the end of the */
/* select list. */

/* types for describe */

#define CHAR_TYPE 1
#define NUM_TYPE 2
#define INT_TYPE 3
#define FLT_TYPE 4
#define STR_TYPE 5
#define DATE_TYPE 12

#define NUMWIDTH 16 /* Width of the numeric fields
*/

#define POS(i) (i+1) /* The position is 1...n instead */
#define IND(i) (i-1) /* of 0..n-1 as in an array. */

typedef struct des
{
    ub2 dbsize;
    ub4 buflen;
    /* sb2 dsz; */
    sb4 scale;
    /* sb2 nullok; */
    OCIDefineCode dbtype;
    /* text buf[MAX_COLNAME_SIZE]; */
    text *buf;
    ub1 precision;
} sltype;

/* defines and typedefs for query select list definition */

#define MAX_ARRAY 50 /* Maximum array size for
array fetch */
#define PFMEMSIZE 65536 /* Memory size of prefetch
buffer */

#define MAX_STR_LEN 256 /* Maximum size for string
variables */
#define MAX_PREALLOC 8 /* Maximum number of
preallocated select list */
/* definitions. */

#define INT sizeof(long)
#define STR sizeof(char)
#define FLT sizeof(double)
#define FLTP (double *)
#define INTP (long *)
#define STRP (char **)

typedef struct def
{
    long ibuf[MAX_ARRAY];
    double fbuf[MAX_ARRAY];
    char sbuf[MAX_ARRAY][MAX_STR_LEN];
    ub2 rlen[MAX_ARRAY]; /* return length */
    OCIDefine *defhdl;
} dltype;

extern int errno;

#define SQL_LEN 2048
```

## Appendix F

```
#ifndef NULL
#define NULL 0
#endif

#ifndef NULLP
# define NULLP (void *)NULL
#endif /* NULLP */
#ifndef DISCARD
# define DISCARD (void)
#endif

#ifndef sword
# define sword int
#endif

#ifndef ub1
#define ub1 unsigned char
#endif

#define NA      -1 /* ANSI SQL NULL */
#define VER7    2
#define NOT_SERIALIZABLE 8177 /* ORA-08177:
transaction not serializable */

#define ADR(object) ((ub1 *)&(object))
#define SIZ(object) ((sword)sizeof(object))
#define SID(sid) ((sid == -1) ? 0 : sid)

/* For get_statement */

#define END_OF_FILE -1
#define COMMENT 1
#define SQL_STMT 2
#define SET_FETCHROW 3

#define OCIhalloc(envh,hndl,htyp) \
    if((status=OCIHandleAlloc((dvoid *)envh,(dvoid **)hndl,htyp,0,(dvoid **)0))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
        sql_error(envh,status,0); \
    else \
        DISCARD 0

#define OCIhfree(hndl,htyp) \
    if((status=OCIHandleFree((dvoid *)hndl,htyp))==OCI_SUCCESS) \
        fprintf(stderr, "Error freeing handle of type %d\n", htyp)

#define OCIaget(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
    if((status=OCIAttrGet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid *)attp,(dvoid *)size,atyp,errh))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
        sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
        DISCARD 0

#define OCIaset(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
```

```
    if((status=OCIAttrSet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid *)attp,size,atyp,errh))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
        sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
        DISCARD 0

#define OCIsexec(svch,stmh,errh,iter) \

if((status=OCISmtExecute(svch,stmh,errh,iter,0,NULL,NUL
L,OCI_DEFAULT))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define ISOTXT "alter session set isolation_level =
serializable"
#define PDMLTXT "alter session force parallel dml parallel
(degree 84)"
#define PDDLTX "alter session force parallel ddl parallel
(degree 84)"

#endif /* QSTREAMPL_H */
```

### 2asmshut

```
#!/bin/ksh
. $FRAME_PATH/env
export ORACLE_SID=$ASM_SID
if [ "$1" = "abort" ]; then
for i in $SECONDARY_NODES
do
ssh $i -n $KIT_DIR/rasmshuta
done
sqlplus << !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown abort
exit
!
else
for i in $SECONDARY_NODES
do
ssh $i -n $KIT_DIR/rasmshut
done
sqlplus << !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown immediate
exit
!
fi
```

### 2asmstart

```
#!/bin/ksh

. $FRAME_PATH/env
export ORACLE_SID=$ASM_SID
sqlplus /NOLOG << EOF
```

## Appendix F

```
!date
set timing on
connect / as sysdba
startup pfile=$ORACLE_HOME/dbs/init${ASM_SID}.ora
!date
exit
EOF
```

```
for i in $SECONDARY_NODES
do
ssh $i -n $KIT_DIR/rasmstart
done
```

### 2shut

```
#!/bin/ksh
. $FRAME_PATH/env
```

```
if [ "$1" = "abort" ]; then
for i in $SECONDARY_NODES
do
ssh $i -n /mnt/sdb2/home/oracle/frame/bin/tshut
done
sqlplus << !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown abort
exit
!
else
for i in $SECONDARY_NODES
do
ssh $i -n /mnt/sdb2/home/oracle/frame/bin/tshut abort
done
sqlplus << !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown immediate
exit
!
fi
```

### 2start

```
#!/bin/ksh
. $FRAME_PATH/env
```

tstart

```
for i in $SECONDARY_NODES
do
ssh $i -n /mnt/sdb2/home/oracle/frame/bin/tstart
done
```

### tshut

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: tshut.sh 08-aug-99.18:06:22 mpoess Exp $
#
# tshut.sh
#
```

```
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
```

```
#
# NAME
# tshut.sh
#
# DESCRIPTION
# shuts down a database
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
#!/bin/ksh
```

```
if [ "$1" = "abort" ]; then
sqlplus /NOLOG<< !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown abort
exit
!
else
sqlplus /NOLOG<< !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown
exit
!
fi
```

### tstart

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: tstart.sh 08-aug-99.18:05:50 mpoess Exp $
#
# tstart.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
# tstart.sh
#
# DESCRIPTION
# starts a database with a specific init.ora or uses the default.
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
#!/bin/ksh
```

```
DIR=`pwd`
```

## Appendix F

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/dbs
```

```
if [ "$1" != "" ]; then  
  PFILE="pfile=$ORACLE_HOME/dbs/$1.ora"  
else
```

```
PFILE="pfile=$ORACLE_HOME/dbs/init_${ORACLE_SID}.o  
ra"  
fi
```



## Appendix F

### ***Appendix G: Price Quotations***

# Appendix G

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10/100Base-T Patch Cable,UTP. Great for Hub to Hub and Machine to Machine connections.		
	<b>Buy 5+, \$0.89 each</b>	
<b>7' Cross Wired Cat5 Patch Cable</b> 43-425	<b>\$1.60</b>	1
10/100Base-T Patch Cable,UTP. Great for Hub to Hub and Machine to Machine connections.		
	<b>Buy 5+, \$1.30 each</b>	
<b>15' Cross Wired Cat5 Patch Cable</b>		

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## Appendix G

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<b>Product</b>	<b>Price</b>	<b>Quantity</b>	<b>Extended Price</b>
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 2, Named User Plus for 3 years	10,000	8*	80,000
Oracle Real Application Clusters	5,000	8*	40,000
Partitioning	2,500	8*	20,000
Database Server Support Package	4,000	3	12,000
Oracle Mandatory E-Business Discount			<22,800>
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>129,200</b>

Oracle Pricing Contact: MaryBeth Pierantoni, [mary.beth.pierantoni@oracle.com](mailto:mary.beth.pierantoni@oracle.com), 916-315-5081

\*\* 8 = 16 \* 0.50. Explanation: For the purposes of counting the number of processors which require licensing, an Intel multicore chip with "n" cores shall be determined by multiplying "n" cores by a factor of 0.50.