



TPC Benchmark C® Full Disclosure Report

Digital AlphaServer™1000A 5/300 1 CPU
Client/Server System
Using
Sybase SQL Server 11.0®,
BEA TUXEDO®,
and
Digital UNIX® V3.2F-2

Company Name	System Name	Database Software	Operating System Software
Digital Equipment Corporation	Digital AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU	Sybase SQL Server 11.0 BEA TUXEDO System/T v4.2	Digital UNIX V3.2F-2
Sybase, Inc.			

Availability Date: August, 1996

Total System Cost	TPC-C Throughput	Price Performance
- Hardware - Software - 5-Years Maintenance	Sustained maximum throughput of system running TPC Benchmark C expressed in transactions per minute	Total system cost/TPC-C® throughput \$158.24/1691.04
\$267,586	1691.04 tpmC®	\$158.24/per tpmC

First Printing July 1996

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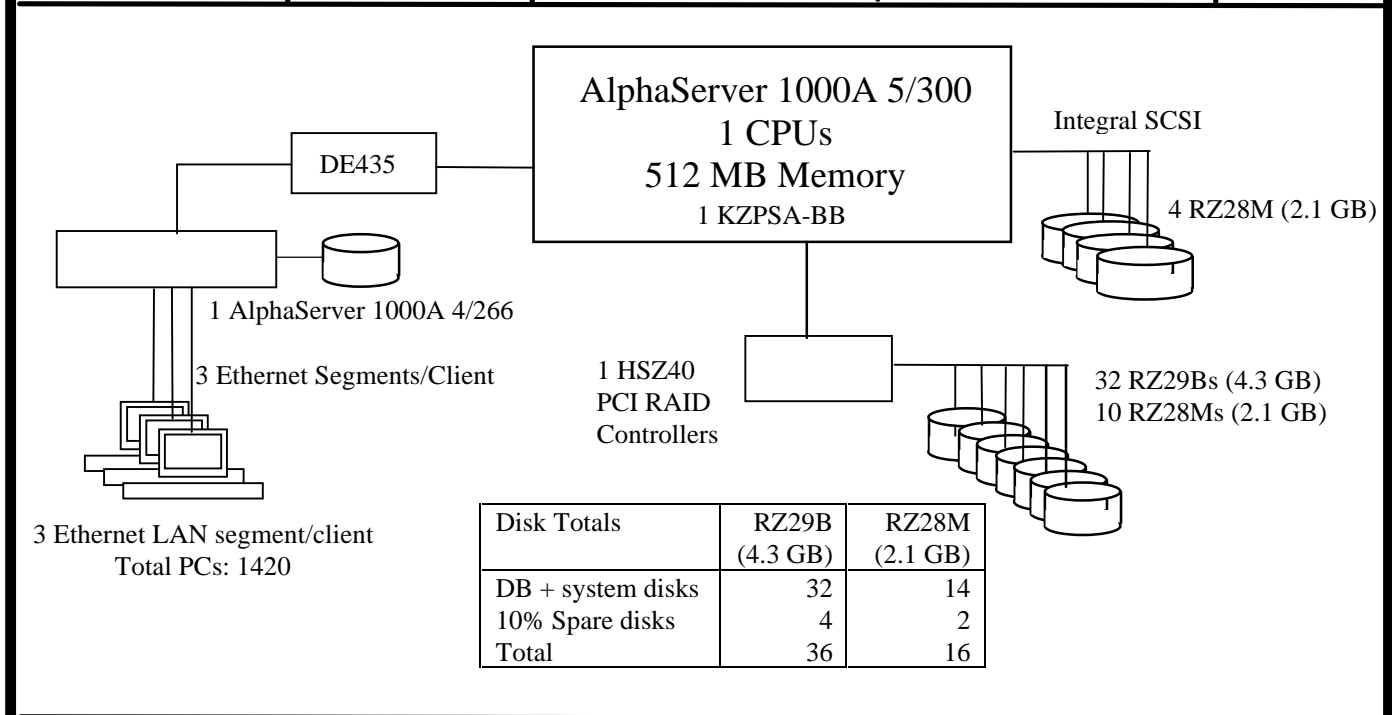
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Digital Equipment Corporation	Digital AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU C/S and 1 AlphaServer 1000A 4/266 Front-End System		TPC-C Rev 3.2	
Sybase, Inc.			Report Date: July 96	
Total System Cost	TPC-C Throughput	Price/Performance		Availability Date
\$267,586	1691.04 tpmC	\$158.24 /tpmC		August 1996
Processors	Database Manager	Operating System	Other Software	Number of Users
1 300 MHz DECchip 21164	Sybase SQL Server 11.0	Digital UNIX V3.2F-2	BEA TUXEDO System/T v4.2	1420



System Components	Server		Client	
	Qty	Type	Qty	Type
Database Nodes	1	AlphaServer 1000A 5/300	1	AlphaServer 1000A 4/266
Processors	1	300 MHz DECchip 21164	1	266 MHz DECchip 21064A
Cache Memory	2	MB		512 KB
Memory	1	512 MB	4	128 MB
Disk Controller	1	PCI		
Disks	32	4.3 GB Disks	2	2.1 GB Disks
	14	2.1 GB Disks		
Total Disk Storage	167.0	GB		

Digital Equipment Corporation	Digital AlphaServer 1000A 5/300	TPC-C REV 3.2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY PAGE 2 OF 2
		Report Date: 29-July -1996

Description	Part Number	Third Party	Unit Price	Qty	Extended Price	5 yr. Maint. Price
Server Hardware		Brand	Pricing			
Digital AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 UNIX SBB	PB77C-FA	Digital	1	9,505	1	9,505
AS1000A 5/300 128 MB Memory	PB7MA-CD	Digital	1	4,525	4	18,100
SW 6-CH SCSI 32mb R/CA 42 Dev	HSZ40-CF	Digital	1	10,620	1	10,620
SWxxx Cntrlr Basic Shelf	BA350-MA	Digital	1	1,085	1	1,085
Stor Shelf/Metric w/ps SCSI	BA350-JA	Digital	1	1,395	6	8,370
PCI-Host Bus Adapter (FWD)	KZPSA-BB	Digital	1	860	1	860
PCI Bus, 32 Bit, PC NIC	DE435-AA	Digital	1	140	1	140
8GB DAT w/snap-in carrier	TLZ07-VA	Digital	1	1,565	1	1,565
VT510, White, North Amer, No Key	VT510-AA	Digital	1	330	1	330
1.0M Cable, SCSI-2 "A"	BN21H-01	Digital	1	65	3	195
2.0M Cable, SCSI-2 "A"	BN21H-02	Digital	1	75	3	225
3.0M Cable, SCSI-3 "P: 1S/1R	BN21K-03	Digital	1	125	1	125
2.1 GB Disk w/snap-in carrier	RZ28M-VA	Digital	1	1,000	14	14,000
4.3 GB Disk/ w/snap-in carrier	RZ29B-VA	Digital	1	1,725	32	55,200
				Subtotal	120,320	0
Client Hardware						
AlphaServer 1000A 4/266 Unix PKG	PB74B-FA	Digital	1	15,700	1	15,700
Dataram Memory 128mb Memory Module	DRD 70/128	BayState	2	3,850	4	15,400
2.1 Gbf 3.5" DK in Mod Carrier	RZ28M-VA	Digital	1	1,060	2	2,120
PCI Bus, 32 Bit, PC NIC	DE435-AA	Digital	1	140	4	560
VT510, White, North Amer, No Key	VT510-AA	Digital	1	330	1	330
				Subtotal	34,110	0
Client Software						
Digital UNIX Unld IA User License, Media & I	QL-MT7AE-AA	Digital	1	4,680	1	4,680
Digital UNIX Media & Doc CD	QA-MT4AA-H8	Digital	1	280	1	280
BEA Tuxedo R4.2.2	BEA TP Mo	BEA Systems	3	7,500	1	7,500
1YR BEA Warranty for Tuxedo	BEA TP Mo	BEA Systems	3	1,650	5	8,250
Sybase Open Client/DB Lib	Sybase	Sybase	4	795	1	795
Sybase SQL Server RDBMS Software	Sybase	Sybase	4	27,996	1	27,996
1YR Sybase Maintenance	Sybase	Sybase	4	6,999	5	34,995
				Subtotal	41,251	43,245
Warranties						
Extended Warranty 13-24 Months	FM-WRNTY-24	Bay State	2	890	1	890
Extended Warranty 13-36 Months	FM-WRNTY-36	Bay State	2	1,775	1	1,775
Extended Warranty 13-48 Months	FM-WRNTY-48	Bay State	2	2,725	1	2,725
Extended Warranty 13-60 Months	FM-WRNTY-60	Bay State	2	2,810	1	2,810
				Subtotal	8,200	
User Connectivity						
Allied Tel 24 port HUB	DEH1487	MacWhse	5	310	66	20,460
				Subtotal	20,460	0
				Total	\$216,141	\$51,445

Notes:		Five-Year Cost of Ownership: \$267,586
1=Digital 2=Bay State Comp Grp, 3=BEA Systems, 4= Sybase, 5=MacWarehouse		tpmC Rating: 1691.00
Audited by Information Paradigm, Inc.		\$ / tpmC: 158.24

Abstract

This report documents the compliance of Digital Equipment Corporation's and Sybase, Inc.'s TPC Benchmark C tests on the AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU client/server system with Version 3.2 of the TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification. One AlphaServer 1000A 4/266 computer was used as the front-end client. This system was also used as a development system.

The tests were performed using the BEA TUXEDO V4.2 transaction processing monitor, which is based on BEA TUXEDO System/T Transaction Processing Monitor Version 4.2, and Sybase SQL Server 11.0 relational database, running under Digital UNIX.

Two standard metrics, transactions-per-minute-C (tpmC) and price per tpmC (\$/tpmC) are reported, in accordance with the TPC Benchmark C Standard. The independent auditor's report by Information Paradigm is appended at the end of this report.

Numeric Quantities Summary
AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU C/S System

MQTH

MQTH, computed Maximum Qualified Throughput	1691.04 tpmC
% throughput difference, reported and reproducibility runs	1 %

Response Times (seconds)

Transaction	90th percentile	Average	Maximum
New-Order	1.7	1.1	11.1
Payment	1.3	0.8	11.3
Order-Status	1.5	1.0	6.8
Delivery (interactive)	0.3	0.3	0.4
Delivery (deferred)	3.0	1.0	6.0
Stock-Level	8.3	4.2	24.5
Menu	0.3	0.3	1.2

Transaction Mix, in percent of total transactions

Transaction	Total Occurrences	Percentage
New-Order	50970	44.29
Payment	49807	43.28
Order-Status	4773	4.15
Delivery	4669	4.06
Stock-Level	4862	4.22

Keying/Think Times (seconds)

Transaction	Min.	Average	Max.
New-Order	18.0/0.0	18.0/12.1	18.1/159.7
Payment	3.0/0.0	3.0/12.2	3.1/135.9
Order-Status	2.0/0.0	2.0/10.1	2.1/98.1
Delivery	2.0/0.0	2.0/5.1	2.1/45.4
Stock-Level	2.0/0.0	2.0/5.0	2.1/42.1

Emulation Delay (in seconds)

Transaction	Resp_Time	Menu
New order	None	N/A
Payment	None	N/A
Order status	None	N/A
Delivery (interactive)	None	N/A
Stock level	None	N/A

Test Duration

Ramp up time	30 min.
Measurement interval	30 min.
Number of checkpoints	1
Checkpoint interval	30 min.
Number of New order transactions	50970
Number of transactions (all types) completed in measurement interval	115081

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Preface

This report documents the compliance of Digital Equipment Corporation's and Sybase, Inc., and TPC Benchmark C (TPC-C) testing on the AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU client/server system with Version 3.2 of the *TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification*¹. The TPC-C Standard represents an effort by Digital Equipment Corporation and other members of the Transaction Processing Performance Council (TPC) to create industry-wide benchmarks for evaluating the performance and price/performance of transaction processing systems.

These tests were run using the TUXEDO transaction processing monitor and Sybase SQL Server relational database under the Digital UNIX operating system. One AlphaServer 1000A 4/266 computer was used as the front-end client. This system was also used as a development system.

About the TPC-C Benchmark

TPC Benchmark C (TPC-C) is an OLTP workload. It is a mixture of read-only and update-intensive transactions that simulate the activities found in complex OLTP application environments. It does so by exercising a breadth of system components associated with such environments, which are characterized by:

- The simultaneous execution of multiple transaction types that span a breadth of complexity
- On-line and deferred transaction execution modes
- Multiple on-line terminal sessions
- Moderate system and application execution time
- Significant disk input/output
- Transaction integrity (ACID properties)
- Non-uniform distribution of data access through primary and secondary keys
- Databases consisting of many tables with a wide variety of sizes, attributes, and relationships
- Contention on data access and update

The performance metric reported by TPC-C is a "business throughput" measuring the number of orders processed per minute. Multiple transactions are used to simulate the business activity of processing an order, and each transaction is subject to a response time constraint. The performance metric for this benchmark is expressed in transactions-per-minute-C (tpmC). To be compliant with the TPC-C standard, all references to tpmC results must include the tpmC rate, the associated price-per-tpmC, and the availability date of the priced configuration.

Benchmark results are highly dependent upon workload, specific application requirements, and systems design and implementation. Relative system performance will vary as a result of these and other factors. Therefore, TPC-C should not be used as a substitute for a specific customer application benchmarking when critical capacity planning and/or product evaluation decisions are contemplated.

¹*TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification*, Transaction Processing Performance Council, Version 3.2.

Document Structure

This *TPC Benchmark C Full Disclosure Report* is organized as follows:

- The main body of the document lists each item in Clause 8 of the TPC-C Standard and explains how each requirement is satisfied.
- Appendix A contains the source code of the TPC-C application code used to implement the TPC-C transactions.
- Appendix B contains the database definition and population code used in the tests.
- Appendix C contains the Remote Terminal Emulator (RTE) code used to generate and record transactions.
- Appendix D contains the tunable parameters.
- Appendix E contains the independent auditor's report on the compliance of this disclosure with the benchmark specifications.
- Appendix F contains third-party price quotations.

Additional Copies

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TPC Benchmark C Full Disclosure

The *TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification* requires test sponsors to publish, and make available to the public, a full disclosure report for the results to be considered compliant with the Standard. The required contents of the full disclosure report are specified in Clause 8. This report is intended to satisfy the Standard's requirement for full disclosure. It documents the compliance of the benchmark tests with each item listed in Clause 8 of the *TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification*.

In the *Standard Specification*, the main headings in Clause 8 are keyed to the other clauses. The headings in this report use the same sequence, so that they correspond to the titles or subjects referred to in Clause 8.

Each section in this report begins with the text of the corresponding item from Clause 8 of the *Standard Specification*, printed in italic type. The plain type text that follows explains how the tests comply with the TPC Benchmark C requirement. In sections where Clause 8 requires extensive listings, the section refers to the appropriate appendix at the end of this report.

1. General Items

1.1 Order and Titles

The order and titles of sections in the Test Sponsor's Full Disclosure Report must correspond with the order and titles for the TPC-C standard specification. The intent is to make it as easy as possible for readers to compare and contrast material in different Full Disclosure reports.

The order and titles of sections in this report correspond with that of the TPC-C standard specification.

1.2 Summary Statement

The TPC Executive Summary Statement must be included near the beginning of the Full Disclosure report.

The TPC Executive Summary Statement is included at the beginning of this report.

1.3 Numerical Quantities Summary

The numerical quantities listed below must be summarized near the beginning of the Full Disclosure Report.

- *measurement interval in minutes,*
- *number of checkpoints in the measurement interval,*
- *computed maximum Qualified Throughput in tpmC,*
- *percentage difference between reported throughput and throughput obtained in reproducibility run,*
- *ninetieth percentile, average, and maximum response times for the New-Order, Payment, Order-Status, Stock-Level, Delivery (deferred and interactive) and Menu transactions,*
- *time in seconds added to response time to compensate for delays associated with emulated components, and*
- *percentage of transaction mix for each transaction type.*

These numerical quantities are summarized at the beginning of this report.

1.4 Application Program

The application program (as defined in Clause 2.1.7) must be disclosed. This includes, but is not limited to, the code implementing the five transactions and the terminal input and output functions.

Appendix A contains the DEC C application code and the Sybase stored procedures.

1.5 Sponsor

A statement identifying the benchmark sponsor(s) and other participating companies must be provided.

This benchmark test was sponsored by Digital Equipment Corporation and Sybase, Inc., and attested to by Information Paradigm.

1.6 Parameters and Options

Settings must be provided for all customer-tunable parameters and options that have been changed from the defaults found in the actual products, including, but not limited to:

- *Database tuning options*
- *Recovery/locking options*
- *Operating system and application configuration parameters*

The Test Sponsor has elected to provide a listing of all parameters and options. Appendix D contains the tunable parameters used in the TPC-C tests.

1.7 Configuration Diagrams

Provide diagrams of both the measured and priced configurations, accompanied by a description of the differences. This includes, but is not limited to:

- *Number and type of processors*
- *Size of allocated memory, and any specific mapping/partitioning or memory unique to the test.*
- *Number and type of disk drive units (and controllers, if applicable)*
- *Number of channels or bus connections to disk units, including their protocol type*
- *Number of LAN (e.g. Ethernet) connections, including routers, workstations, terminals, etc., that were physically used in the test or are incorporated into the pricing structure.*
- *Type and the run-time execution location of software components (e.g., DBMS, client processes, transaction monitors, software drivers, etc.)*

The TPC-C terminal users were emulated by Digital's Remote Terminal Emulator (RTE) software, which ran on one VAX 3100. Each emulated terminal was connected through LAT to a client node.

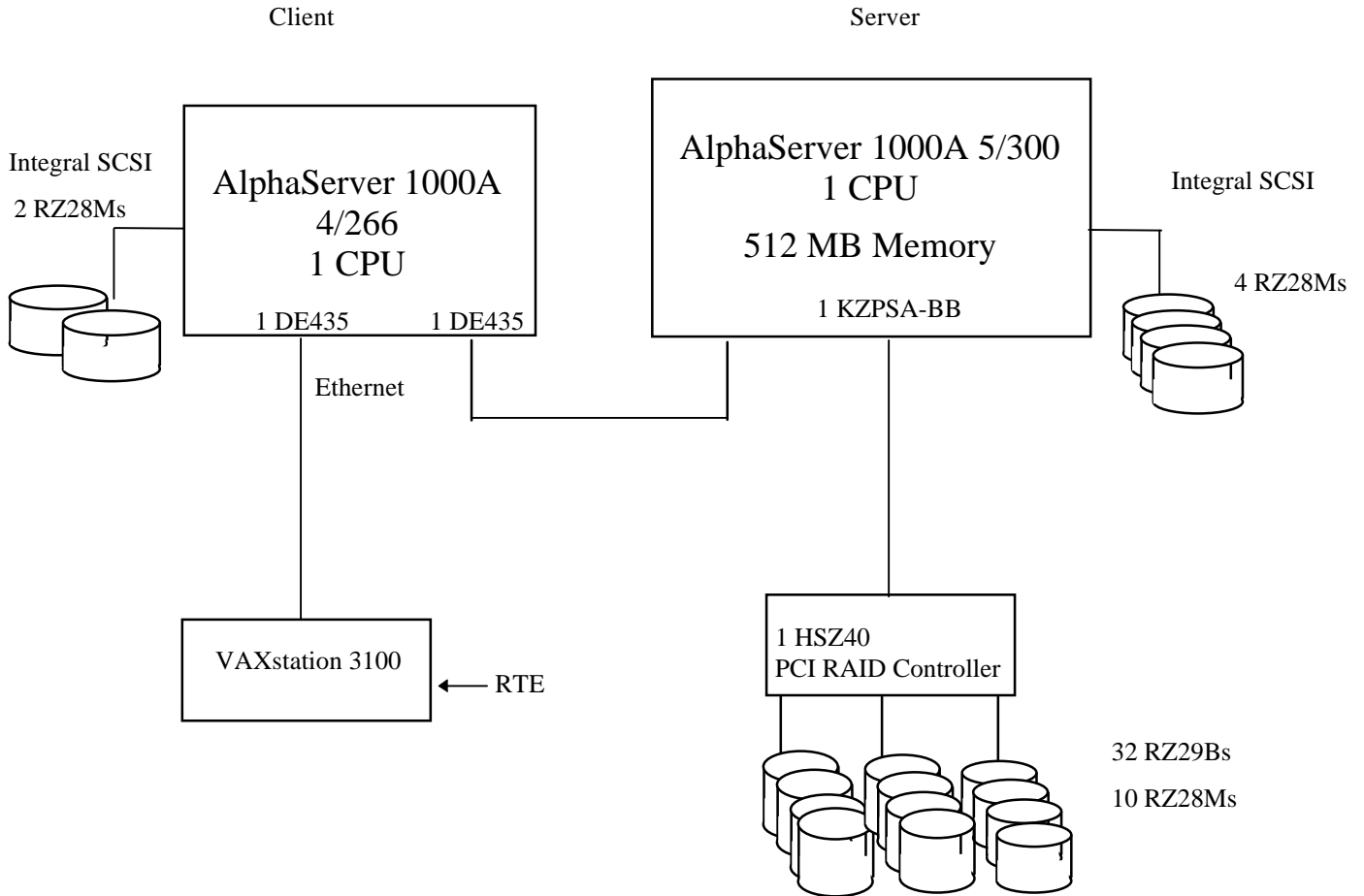
The clients consisted of one AlphaServer 1000A 4/266 computer running the TUXEDO transaction monitor. Each emulated terminal ran a client application which made a request to the TUXEDO services for each transaction. The TUXEDO services used dblib calls to complete the transaction in the database.

The server was an AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU configuration running Sybase SQL Server 11.0. The measured server was configured with 42 disks. The priced configuration has 46 disks, which includes the additional 10% spareable disks with a minimum of 2 for each disk type.

The priced server is an AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 with 1 CPU and 512 MB of memory. The benchmarked server was actually an AlphaServer 1000A 5/300.

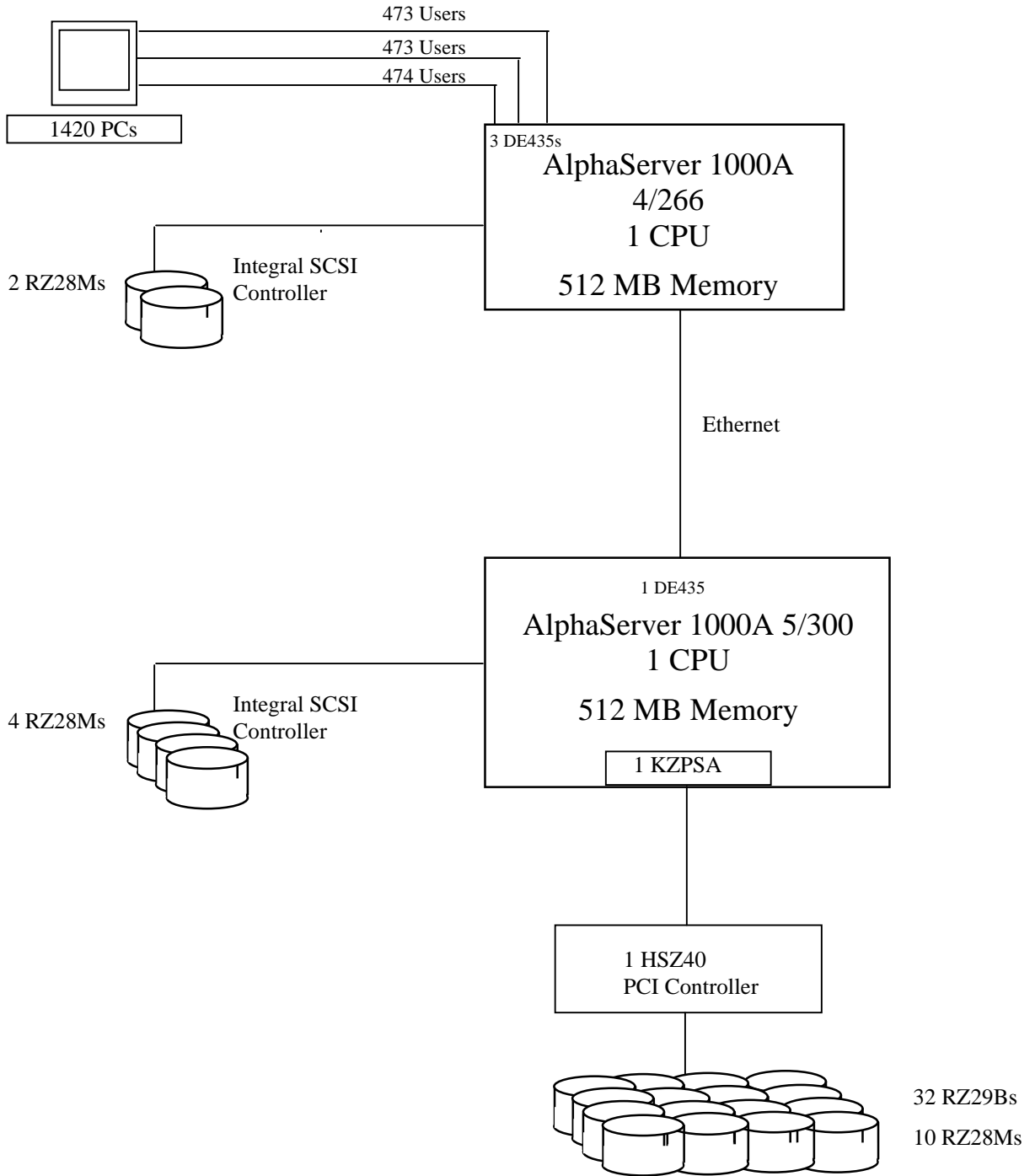
Measured Configuration

The following figure represents the measured configuration. The benchmark system used a remote terminal emulator (RTE) to initiate transactions and measure response times of transactions, as well as record various data for each transaction.



Priced System Configuration

The following figure depicts the priced system, whose cost determines the normalized price per tpmC reported for the test.



2. Logical Database Design Related Items

2.1 Table Definitions

Listings must be provided for all table definitions statements and all other statements used to set up the database.

Appendix B contains the database definition files that were used to set up the database.

2.2 Table Organization

The physical organization of tables and indices, within the database, must be disclosed.

Physical space was allocated to Sybase SQL Server on the server disks according to the details provided in Appendix B. The size of the space segments on each disk was calculated to provide even distribution of data across the disk subsystem. A fill factor was used on the Warehouse and District tables to minimize the amount of data per page. The indices were defined at table definition and were built at the initial table load by executing the database build script in of Appendix B.

2.3 Insert/Delete Operations

It must be ascertained that insert and/or delete operations to any of the tables can occur concurrently with the TPC-C mix. Furthermore, any restrictions in the SUT database implementation that precludes inserts beyond the limits defined in Clause 1.4.11 must be disclosed. This includes the maximum number of rows that can be inserted and the maximum key value for these new rows.

There were no restrictions on insert and/or delete operations to any of the tables. The space required for an additional 5% of the initial table cardinality was allocated to Sybase SQL Server and priced as static space.

2.4 Disclosure of Partitioning

While there are few restrictions placed upon horizontal or vertical partitioning of tables and rows in the TPC-C benchmark (see Clause 1.6), any such partitioning must be disclosed.

Horizontal partitioning was used on the HISTORY table using functionality provided by Sybase SQL Server.

2.5 Replication of Tables

Replication of tables, if used, must be disclosed.

No tables were replicated in this benchmark test.

2.6 Additional and/or Duplicated Attributes in any Table

Additional and/or duplicated attributes in any table must be disclosed along with a statement on the impact on performance.

No attributes were added or replicated in this benchmark test.

3. Transaction and Terminal Profiles Related Items

3.1 Random Number Generation

The method of verification for the random number generation must be described.

Random numbers were generated using the drand48() and lrand48() UNIX calls. These functions generate pseudo random numbers using the linear congruential algorithm and 48-bit integer arithmetic. The random number generators are initially seeded using the srand48() call.

3.2 Terminal Input/Output Screen Layouts

The actual layouts of the terminal input/output screens must be disclosed.

The screen layouts match the *TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification*.

3.3 Features in Priced Terminals

The method used to verify that the priced terminals provide all the features described in Clause 2.2.2.4 must be explained.

Each of the five transaction types was tested using a VT510 terminal to verify that all the features described in Clause 2.2.2.4 were provided.

Using a VT510 terminal, the independent auditor tested each of the five transactions to verify that all the features described in Clause 2.2.2.4 were provided.

3.4 Presentation Managers

Any use of presentation managers or intelligent terminals must be explained.

Custom client code was written to provide the TPC-C user interface. Screen positioning and underlining on the emulated VT510 was done using VT100-mode escape sequences.

3.5 Home and Remote Order-Lines

The percentage of home and remote order-lines in the New-Order transactions must be provided.

The table in Section 3.10 shows the percentage of home and remote transactions that occurred during the measurement period for the New-Order transactions.

3.6 New Order Roll Back Transition

The percentage of New-Order transactions that were rolled back as a result of an invalid item number must be provided.

The table in Section 3.10 shows the percentage of home and remote transactions that occurred during the measurement period for the New-Order transaction.

3.7 Number of Order-Lines

The thin-wire between the front-ends and back-ends has a bandwidth of 10 Mbps.

3.8 Home and Remote Payment Transactions

The percentage of home and remote Payment transactions must be provided.

The table in Section 3.10 shows the percentage of home and remote transactions that occurred during the measurement period for the Payment transactions.

3.9 Non-Primary Key Access in Payment and Order-Status

The percentage of Payment and Order-Status transactions that used non-primary key (C_LAST) access to the database must be disclosed.

The table in Section 3.10 shows the percentage of non-primary key accesses to the data base by the Payment and Order-Status transactions.

3.10 Skipped Deliveries

The percentage of Delivery transactions that skipped as a result of insufficient number of rows in the NEW-ORDER table must be disclosed.

The following table summarizes the data required for disclosure from Sections 3.5 through 3.10. The range of acceptable and the measured results are listed.

Section	Description	Acceptable Requirement	Measured Result
3.5	% home order lines in New-Order	(98.95 - 99.05)	99.01
3.5	% remote order lines in New-Order	(0.95 - 1.05)	0.99
3.6	% New-Order transactions rolled back	(0.9 - 1.1)	0.99
3.7	Average number of items per orders	(9.5 - 10.5)	10.00
3.8	% home Payment transactions	(84.0 - 86.0)	84.71
3.8	% remote Payment transactions	(14.0 - 16.0)	15.29
3.9	% non-primary key access, Payment	(57.0 - 63.0)	59.98
3.9	% non-primary key access, Order-Status	(57.0 - 63.0)	59.42
3.10	% skipped deliveries, Delivery	(0.0 - 1.0)	0

3.11 Transaction Mix

The mix (i.e., percentages) of transaction types seen by the SUT must be disclosed.

The following table summarizes the transaction mix.

Transaction Mix (percent)

Transaction Type	New-Order	Payment	Order-Status	Delivery	Stock-Level
Min. Requirement	NA	43.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Measured Result	44.29	43.28	4.15	4.06	4.22

3.12 Queuing Mechanism

The queuing mechanism used to defer the execution of the Delivery transaction must be disclosed.

The delivery transactions were submitted using the asynchronous TUXEDO service request call. The request is placed in the service queue, and control is immediately returned to the requester without waiting for the transaction to complete.

4. Transaction and System Properties Related Items

4.1 ACID Properties

The results of the ACID test must be disclosed along with a description of how the ACID requirements were met. This includes disclosing which case was followed for the execution of Isolation Test 7.

Clause 3 of the TPC Benchmark C Standard Specification lists specific tests to ensure the Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, and Durability (ACID) properties of the SUT. All of the tests, except for the failure of memory durability were previously run and accepted by the auditor.

4.2 Atomicity Tests

The system under test must guarantee that database transactions are atomic; the system will either perform all individual operations on the data, or will assure that no partially-completed operations leave any effects on the data.

This test was previously performed and was waived by the auditor.

4.3 Consistency Tests

Consistency is the property of the application that requires any execution of a database transaction to take the database from one consistent state to another, assuming that the database is initially in a consistent state.

This test was previously performed and was waived by the auditor.

4.4 Isolation Tests

Operations of concurrent database transactions must yield results which are indistinguishable from the results which would be obtained by forcing each transaction to be serially executed (i.e. in isolation).

This test was previously performed and was waived by the auditor.

4.5 Durability Tests

The tested system must guarantee the ability to preserve the effects of committed transactions and ensure database consistency after recovery from any one of the failures listed in Clause 3.5.3.

- *Permanent irrecoverable failure of any single durable medium containing database, ABTH files/tables, or recovery log data.*
- *Instantaneous interruption (system crash/system hang) in processing which requires system reboot to recover.*
- *Failure of all or part of memory (loss of contents).*

The tests for failure of durable medium containing database tables and durable medium contain database logs were previously performed and were waived by the auditor.

4.5.1 Failure of Memory and Instantaneous Interruption of System

This test was conducted on the fully scaled 142 warehouse database using 1420 emulated terminals.

1. The current number of orders in the database was counted, giving ORDER_COUNT_BEFORE.

2. A test was started and allowed to run at steady state for 2 minutes.
3. The system was shut down.
4. The test was aborted on the RTE.
5. The system was powered back on and rebooted.
6. Sybase was restarted and recovered the database from the transaction log.
7. The current number of orders in the database was counted giving ORDER_COUNT_AFTER. It was verified that ORDER_COUNT_AFTER - ORDER_COUNT_BEFORE was greater than or equal to the number of committed orders recorded by the RTE.
8. Several orders recorded by the RTE were checked in the database to make sure they existed.

5. Scaling and Database Population Related Items

5.1 Cardinalities of the Database Tables

The cardinality (e.g. the number of rows) of each table, as it existed at the start of the benchmark run (see Clause 4.2), must be disclosed. If the database was over-scaled and inactive rows of the WAREHOUSE table were deleted (see Clause 4.2.2), the cardinality of the WAREHOUSE table as initially configured and the number of rows deleted must be disclosed.

The initial cardinalities of the database tables are shown in the following table.

Table Name	Cardinality
WAREHOUSE	142
DISTRICT	1,420
CUSTOMER	4,260,000
HISTORY	4,260,000
ORDER	4,260,000
NEW-ORDER	1,278,000
ORDERLINE	42,600,000
STOCK	14,200,000
ITEM	100,000

5.2 Distribution of Tables and Logs

The distribution of tables and logs across all media must be explicitly depicted for the tested and priced systems.

The following benchmark configuration table indicates how the database and system files were allocated on the tested system to meet the 8-hour steady state requirement.

Allocation of System Files on the Tested System Table

Disk Name	File_Name	Table_Name_%	Contents per Disk
/dev/rzgz18b	stock01	Stock	4.7
/dev/rza20b	stock02	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzf18b	stock03	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzg19b	stock04	Stock	4.7
/dev/rze18b	stock05	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzf19b	stock06	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzd18b	stock07	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzg18d	stock08	Stock	4.7
/dev/rza20d	stock09	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzf18d	stock10	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzg19d	stock11	Stock	4.7
/dev/rze18d	stock12	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzf19d	stock13	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzd18d	stock14	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzg18e	stock15	Stock	4.7
/dev/rza20e	stock16	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzf18e	stock17	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzg19e	stock18	Stock	4.7
/dev/rze18e	stock19	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzf19e	stock20	Stock	4.7
/dev/rzd18e	stock21	Stock	4.7
/dev/rze19b	customer01	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzc18b	customer02	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzd19b	customer03	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzb18b	customer04	Customer	8.3
/dev/rze19d	customer05	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzc18d	customer06	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzd19d	customer07	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzb18d	customer08	Customer	8.3
/dev/rze19e	customer09	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzc18e	customer10	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzd19e	customer11	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzb18e	customer12	Customer	8.3
/dev/rzb20b	tpcc_log	Log	100
/dev/rza18d	orders01	Orders	25
/dev/rza18e	orders02	Orders	25
/dev/rza18f	orders03	Orders	25
/dev/rza18g	orders04	Orders	25
/dev/rza19b	order_line01	Order_line	25
/dev/rza19d	order_line02	Order_line	25
/dev/rza19e	order_line03	Order_line	25
/dev/rza19f	order_line04	Order_line	25
/dev/rzc19b	history01	History	100
/dev/rzb19b	cidx01	Cust_index	100
/dev/rza18b	master	Master	100

The distribution of the database tables over all the disks of the priced system is an extension of the distribution in the tested system. One hundred eighty (180) day storage requirements are satisfied with the unused space on the tested system disks.

5.3 Type of Database

A statement must be provided that describes:

1. The data model implemented by the DBMS used (e.g., relational, network, hierarchical)
2. The database interface (e.g., embedded, all level) and access language (e.g., SQL, DL/I, COBOL read/write) used to implement the TPC-C transactions. If more than one interface/access language is used to implement TPC-C, each interface/access language must be described and a list of which interface/access language is used with which transaction type must be disclosed.

The database used for this testing was Sybase SQL Server 11.0 from Sybase Inc. Sybase SQL Server 11.0 is a relational DBMS.

5.4 Database Partitions/Replications

The mapping of database partitions/replications must be explicitly described.

Horizontal partitioning was used on the History Table. The functionality for this was provided by Sybase SQL Server. For further details of the partitioning of the database, see Appendix B.

5.5 180 Days Space Requirement

The calculations for arriving at the 180-day space computations, as defined in Clause 4.2.3 must be disclosed.

Note : Numbers are in KBytes unless otherwise specified						
Warehouses	142	tpmC	1691.04	tpmC/W	11.91	
Table	Rows	Data	Index	5% Space	8H Space	Total Space
Warehouse	142	284	4	14		302
District	1,420	2,840	16	143		2,999
Item	100,000	9,524	86	192		9,802
New-order	1,278,000	13,968	168		2,840	16,976
History	4,260,000	238,592	0		36,656	275,248
Orders	4,260,000	115,136	1,388		17,902	134,426
Customer	4,260,000	2,840,000	237,578	61,552		3,139,130
Order-line	42,600,000	2,581,820	33,970		401,872	3,017,662
Stock	14,200,000	4,733,334	52,592	95,719		4,881,645
Totals		10,535,498	325,802	157,619	459,269	11,478,189
Segment	LogDev Cnt.	Seg. Size	Needed	Overhead	Not Needed	
wdino	1	512,000	30,380	304	481,316	
history	1	716,800	278,000	2,780	436,020	
order	4	409,600	135,770	1,358	272,472	
customer	12	3,112,960	3,170,521	31,705	(89,266)	
order_line	4	3,276,800	3,047,838	30,478	198,483	
stock	21	5,058,560	4,930,461	49,305	78,794	
Totals		13,086,720	11,592,971	115,930	1,377,820	
Dynamic space	2,844,546	Sum of Data for Order, Order-Line & History (excl. free extents)				
Static space	8,290,303	Data + Index + 5% Space + Overhead - Dynamic space				
Free space	574,051	Total Seg. Size - Dynamic Space - Static Space - Not Needed				
Daily growth	541,999	(Dynamic space/W * 62.5)* tpmC				
Daily spread	(238,947)	Free space - 1.5 * Daily growth (zero if negative)				
180 day (KB)	105,850,122	Static space + 180 (daily growth + daily spread)				
180 day (GB)	100.95	Excludes OS, Paging and RDBMS Logs				
Log per N-O txn	2.53	Number of 2K blocks per New-Order transaction				
8 Hour Log (GB)	3.92					

6. Performance Metrics and Response Time Related Items

6.1 Reporting All Data

Measured tpmC must be reported.

All the data required by Clause 5 is reported below in Section 6.2 through 6.10. The measured tpmC for the AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU C/S configuration was 1691.04 tpmC.

6.2 Response Times

Ninetieth percentile, maximum, and average response times must be reported for all transaction types as well as for the Menu response time.

Response Times (seconds)

Transaction	90th percentile	Average	Maximum
New-Order	1.7	1.1	11.1
Payment	1.3	0.8	11.3
Order-Status	1.5	1.0	6.8
Delivery (interactive)	0.3	0.3	0.4
Delivery (deferred)	3.0	1.0	6.0
Stock-Level	8.3	4.2	24.5
Menu	0.3	0.3	1.2

6.3 Think and Keying Times

The minimum, the average, and the maximum think and keying times must be reported for each transaction type.

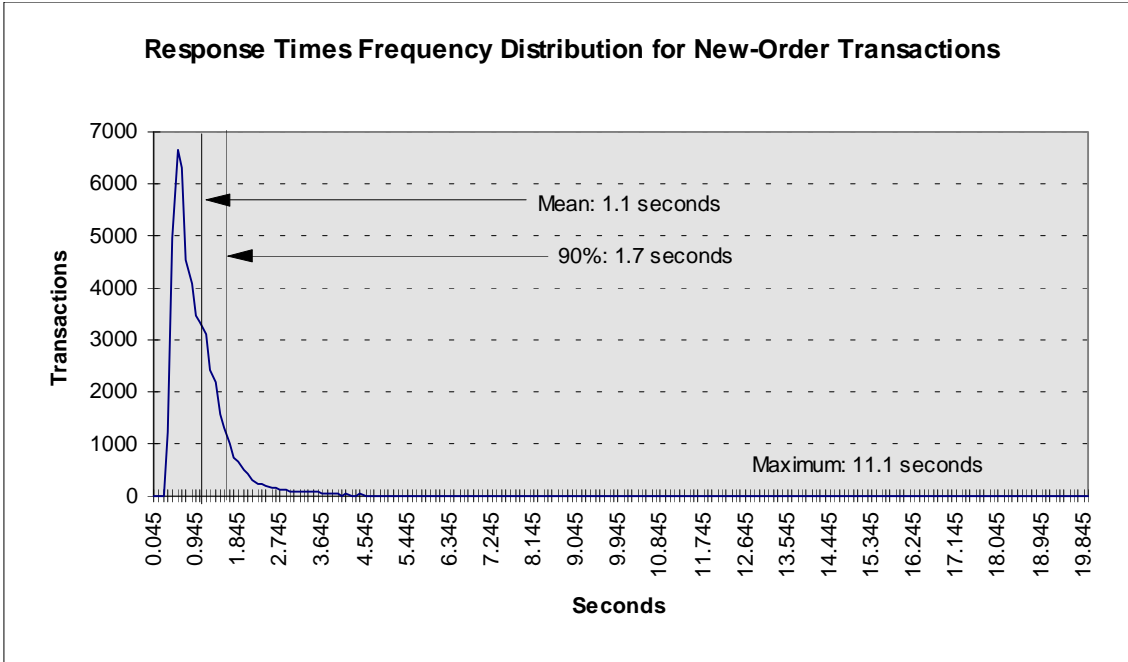
Keying/Think Times (seconds)

Transaction	Min.	Average	Max.
New-Order	18.0/0.0	18.0/12.1	18.1/159.7
Payment	3.0/0.0	3.0/12.2	3.1/135.9
Order-Status	2.0/0.0	2.0/10.1	2.1/98.1
Delivery	2.0/0.0	2.0/5.1	2.1/45.4
Stock-Level	2.0/0.0	2.0/5.0	2.1/42.1

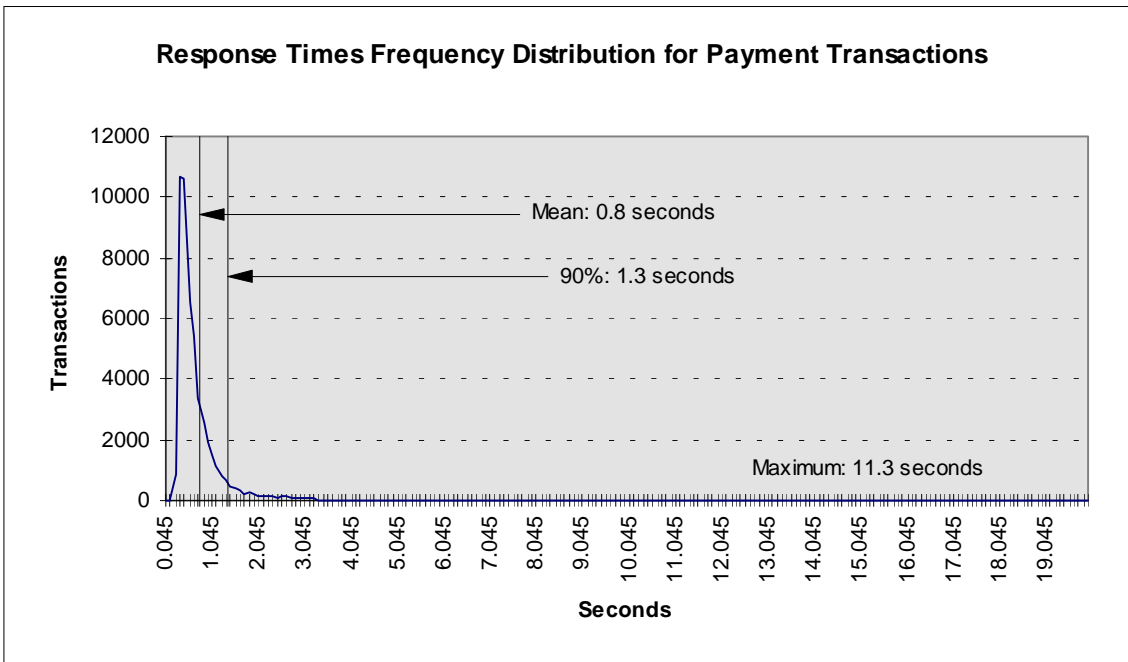
6.4 Response Times Frequency Distribution

Response Times frequency distribution curves (see Clause 5.6.1) must be reported for each transaction type.

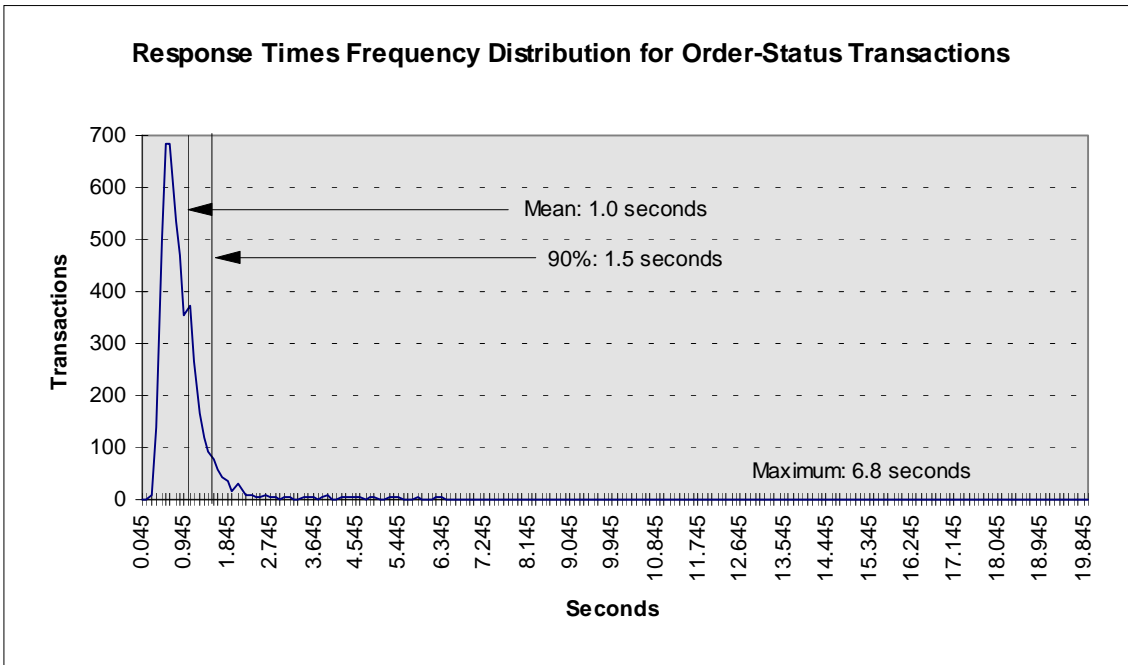
Response Times Frequency Distribution for New-Order Transactions



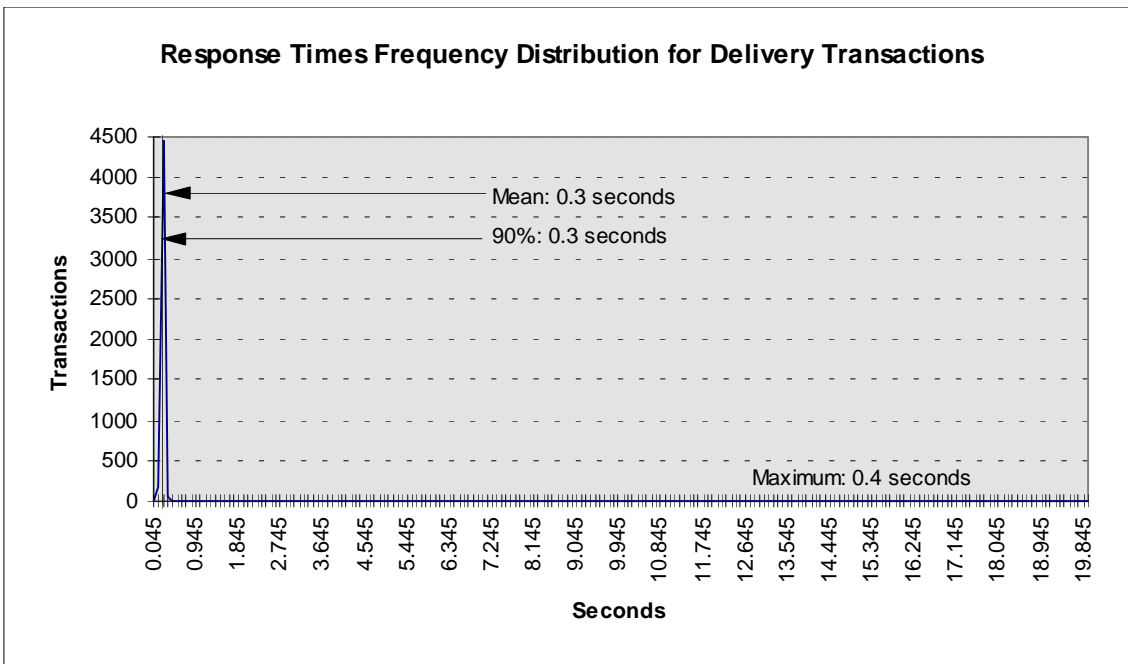
Response Times Frequency Distribution for Payment Transactions



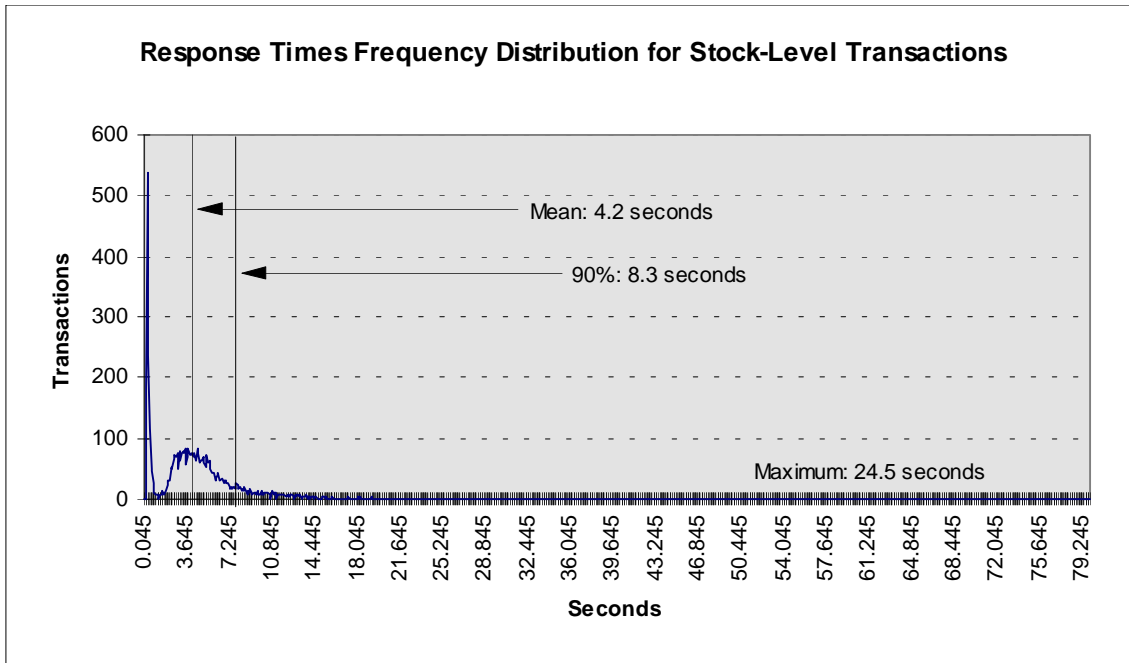
Response Times Frequency Distribution for Order-Status Transactions



Response Times Frequency Distribution for Delivery Transactions



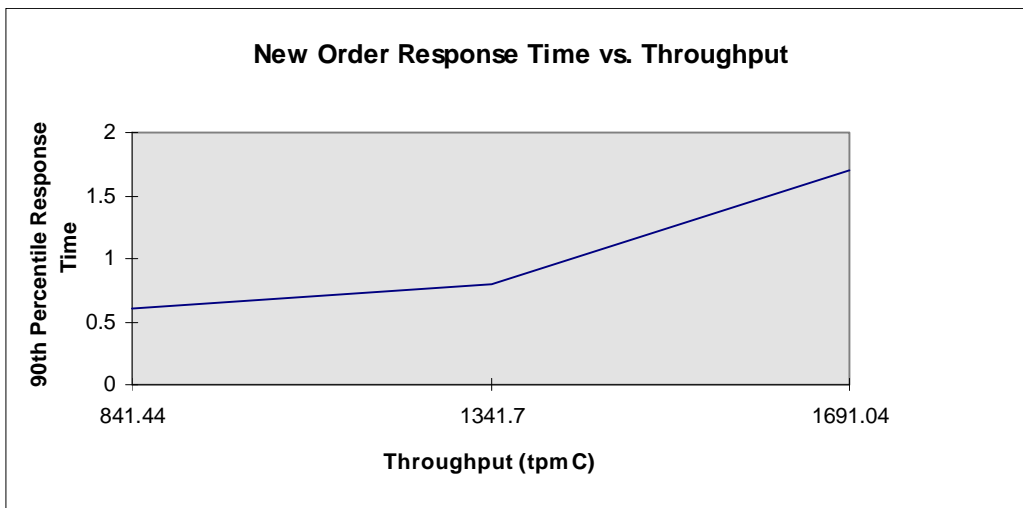
Response Times Frequency Distribution for Stock-Level Transactions



6.5 Response Time versus Throughput Performance Curve

The performance curve for response times versus throughput (see Clause 5.6.2) must be reported for the New-Order transaction.

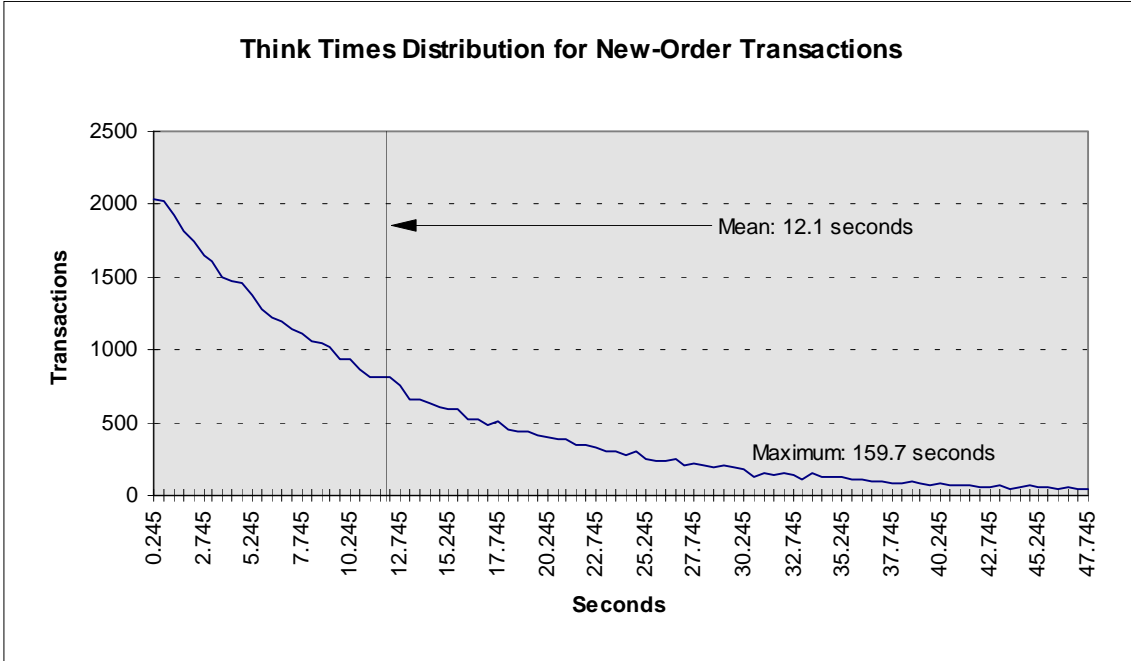
New-Order Response Time versus Throughput



6.6 Think Times Frequency Distribution

Think times frequency distribution curves (see Clause 5.6.3) must be reported for each transaction type.

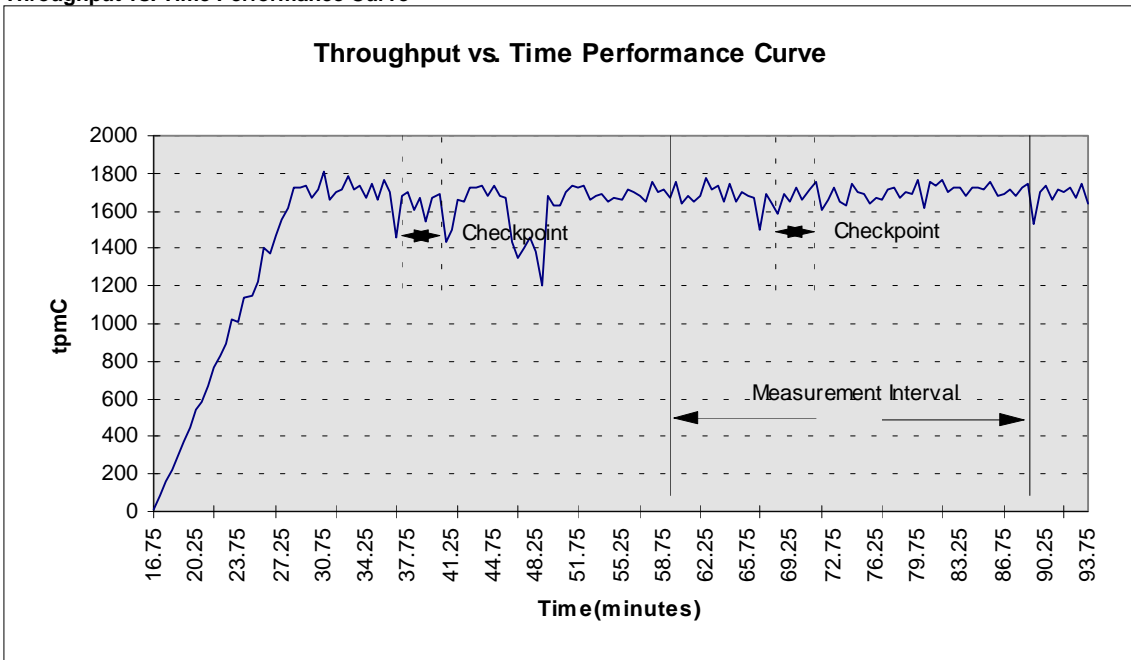
Think Times Distribution for New-Order Transactions



6.7 New-Order Throughput vs. Elapsed Time

A graph of throughput versus elapsed time (see Clause 5.6.5) must be reported for the New-Order transaction.

Throughput vs. Time Performance Curve



6.8 Steady State

The method used to determine that the SUT had reached a steady state prior to commencing the measurement interval (see Clause 5.5) must be described.

Confirmation that the SUT has reached steady state prior to the beginning of the data collection measurement interval is based on a visual inspection of the plots of tpmC versus time.

The graph in Section 6.8 plots the average tpmC versus time, averaged over 30 second intervals, and shows that steady state was reached before the data was collected. The ramp-up and steady-state stages are clearly visible.

6.9 Work Performed During Steady State

A description of how the work normally performed during a sustained test actually occurred during the measurement interval must be reported.

6.9.1 Transaction Flow

For each of the TPC Benchmark C transaction types, the following steps are executed.

TUXEDO for Digital UNIX, which is based on TUXEDO System/T Transaction Processing Monitor Version 4.2, was used as a transaction manager (TM). Each transaction was divided into two programs. The front-end program handled all screen I/O, while the back-end program handled all database operations. Both the front-end and back-end programs ran on the client system.

The front-end program communicates with the back-end program through TUXEDO messages. The back-end program communicates with the server system over Ethernet using Sybase Open Client DB-Library/C calls. Besides telling TUXEDO functions for user connection and message communication, all other functions are transparent to the application code. TUXEDO routes the transaction and balances the load according to the options defined in the TUXEDO configuration file listed in Appendix B. The transaction flow is described next.

- When TUXEDO boots up, it creates one or more server process(es) for each transaction. Several server processes were defined in the TUXEDO configuration file.
- Each TPC-C user invokes the TPC-C main (front-end) program.
- The TPC-C main program connects to the TUXEDO before starting any transaction operation.
- The TPC-C main program displays the TPC-C transaction menu on the user terminal.
- The TPC-C user chooses the transaction type and proceeds to fill the screen fields required for that transaction.
- The TPC-C main program accepts all values entered by the user and transmits those values to one of the TPC-C back-end programs. The transmission is performed through a TUXEDO function call. Each TPC-C back-end program has a “service-name.” This service-name is specified whenever the TPC-C main program requests a TUXEDO service. TUXEDO routes that message according to the service-name and the information defined in the TUXEDO configuration file.
- A TPC-C back-end server receives a message from its queue and proceeds to execute all database operations related to the service-name specified. All the information entered on the user terminal is contained in the TUXEDO message.
- Once the transaction is committed, the TPC-C back-end server program loads the message buffer with the transaction output and returns control to the TUXEDO manager.
- TUXEDO manager routes the message back to the TPC-C main program.

- The TPC-C main program takes the message content and writes the transaction output on the user terminal.

6.9.2 Database Transaction

All database operations are performed by the TPC-C back-end programs. The process is described next.

- Using Sybase Open Client DB-Library calls, the TPC-C back-end program interacts with Sybase SQL Server to perform SQL data manipulations such as update, select, delete, and insert, as required by the transaction. After all database operations are performed for a transaction, the transaction is committed.
- Sybase SQL Server proceeds to update the database as follows:

When Sybase SQL Server changes a database table with an update, insert, or delete operation, the change is initially made in memory, not on disk. When there is not enough space in the memory buffer to read in or write additional data pages, Sybase SQL Server will make space by flushing some modified pages to disk. Modified pages are also written to disk when a checkpoint occurs. Before a change is made to the database, it is first recorded in the transaction log. This ensures that the database can be recovered completely in the event of a failure. Using the transaction log, transactions that started but did not complete prior to a failure can be undone, and transactions recorded as complete in the transaction log but not yet written to disk can be redone.

6.10 Determining Reproducibility

A description of the method used to determine the reproducibility of the measurement results must be reported.

The experiment at the maximum targeted tpmC level was repeated once to ensure reproducibility. The computed tpmC for each experiment was within 1% of the reported tpmC, and all 90th percentile response times were under their respective limits.

6.11 Duration of Measurement Period

A statement of the duration of the measurement period for the reported maximum qualified throughput (tpmC) must be included.

Each experiment was run for a minimum of 60 minutes. The data collection period was 30 minutes and started approximately 30 minutes after all simulated users had begun executing transactions.

6.12 Method of Regulation of the Transaction Mix

The method of regulation of the transaction mix (e.g., card decks or weighted random distribution) must be described. If weighted distribution is used and the RTE adjusts the weights associated with each transaction type, the maximum adjustments to the weight from the initial value must be disclosed.

The weighted distribution method was used. No adjustment was made by the RTE scripts. See Appendix C for more details.

6.13 Percentage of the Total Mix

The percentage of the total mix for each transaction type must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.14 Percentage of New-Order Transactions Rolled Back

The percentage of New-Order transactions rolled back as a result of invalid item numbers must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.15 Average Number of Order-Lines

The average number of order-lines entered per New-Order transaction must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.16 Percentage of Remote Order-Lines

The percentage of remote order-lines entered per New-order transaction must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.17 Percentage of Remote Payment Transactions

The percentage of remote Payment transactions must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.18 Percentage of Customer Selections

The percentage of customer selections by customer last name in the Payment and Order-Status transactions must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.19 Percentage of Delivery Transactions

The percentage of Delivery transactions skipped due to there being fewer than necessary orders in the New-Order table must be disclosed.

See Section 3.10.

6.20 Number of Checkpoints

The number of checkpoints in the Measurement Interval, the time in seconds from the start of the Measurement Interval to the first checkpoint, and the Checkpoint Interval must be disclosed.

A checkpoint is the process of writing all modified data pages to disk. The TPC-C benchmark on the AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU C/S system was set up to automatically checkpoint every 30 minutes. One checkpoint occurs during the warm-up period, and another occurs during the measurement period.

7. SUT, Driver, and Communication Definition Related Items

7.1 Description of RTE

If the RTE is commercially available, then its inputs must be specified. Otherwise, a description must be supplied of what inputs (e.g., scripts) to the RTE had been used.

The RTE emulated 1420 Multias connecting over three 10 megabits per second (Mbps) network. The front-end clients are also connected by a 10 Mbps network to the server.

7.2 Driver Functionality and Performance

It must be demonstrated that the functionality and performance of the components being emulated in the Driver System are equivalent to that of the priced system. The results of the test described in Clause 6.6.3.4 must be disclosed.

Due to the large number of PCs and associated hardware that would be required to run these tests, a Remote Terminal Emulator was used to emulate the connected PCs and LAN.

The PC emulated in the test is the Multia Multi-Client Desktop System. The Multia is a hardware and software desktop system that combines features of a PC (Windows applications), workstation (graphics performance), and terminal within a single desktop device. Its hardware includes a 166 Mhz Digital Alpha processor, with a custom graphics accelerator and supports VT340 graphics. Systems include a 340 MB hard drive and 24 MB SIMM memory, ThinWire, thick wire and twisted pair Ethernet, two serial lines, and a bi-directional parallel port. Multia software includes Microsoft Windows NT Workstation V3.5 software, and optimized X11.R6 Server, and multiple terminal emulators (including VT100 emulation), and many network protocols, including TCP/IP, LAT, and DECnet.

As configured for this test, the driver software emulates the traffic that would be observed from Multias connected by Ethernet to the front-end clients using the Telnet protocol.

7.3 Functional Diagrams and Details of Driver System

A complete functional diagram of both the benchmark configuration and the configuration of the proposed (target) system must be disclosed. A detailed list of all software and hardware functionality being performed on the Driver System, and its interface to the SUT must be disclosed (see Clause 6.6.3.6).

The diagrams in Section 1.7 show the tested and priced benchmark configurations.

7.4 Network Configurations and Driver System

The network configurations of both the tested service and the proposed (target) services which are being represented and a thorough explanation of exactly which parts of the proposed configuration are being replaced with the Driver System must be disclosed (see Clause 6.6.4).

Section 1.7 in this report has a picture of the network configurations of both the tested service and the proposed (target) services.

7.5 Network Bandwidth

The bandwidth of the network(s) used in the tested/priced configuration must be disclosed.

The Ethernet used in the local area network (LAN) between the emulated terminals and the front-end systems complies with the IEEE 802.3 standard and has a bandwidth of 10 megabits per second (Mbps).

The thin-wire between the front-end clients and the server has a bandwidth of 10 Mbps.

7.6 Operator Intervention

If the configuration requires operator intervention (see Clause 6.6.6), the mechanism and the frequency of this intervention must be disclosed.

No operator intervention was required.

8. Pricing Related Items

8.1 Hardware and Software Components

A detailed list of hardware and software used in the priced system. Each item must have vendor part number, description, and release/revision level, and either general availability status or committed delivery date. If package pricing is used, contents of the package must be disclosed.

The total 5-year price of the entire configuration must be reported, including: hardware, software and maintenance charges. Separate component pricing is recommended. The basis of all discounts used must be disclosed.

The detailed list of all hardware and software for the priced configuration is listed in the system pricing summary.

8.1.1 Hardware Pricing

Digital Equipment Corporation's TPC Benchmark C tests used packaged hardware systems whenever possible to simplify configurations to the fewest number of line items.

All hardware and software products have been priced to satisfy the 5 years warranty and 5 x 8 with 4 hours response requirements.

The hardware prices for the AlphaServer 1000A 5/300 1 CPU, one AlphaServer 1000A 4/266, and their associated components (e.g., memory, storage subsystem, etc.) are based on Bay State Computer Group and MacWarehouse Warehouse price quotations.

The 8 GB DAT tape drive and terminal server service warranty are based on Digital Equipment Corporation's product and service pricing.

8.1.2 Software Pricing

The priced system uses the following software products:

- Digital UNIX operating system
- TUXEDO transaction processing monitor
- Sybase SQL Server relational database management system
- DEC C compiler

The license purchase includes 1 year of warranty service. Four years of additional software warranty is provided for a total of 5 years extended warranty. The software warranty and service level are the same as the service level for the hardware system on which the software operates.

The level of post-warranty software service is Layered Product Support (LPS).

8.1.3 Warranty Pricing

In addition to the base warranty, additional warranty has been priced to satisfy the 5-year TPC-C warranty requirements of all products.

8.1.4 Price Discounts

See Appendix F.

8.2 Availability Status

The committed delivery date for general availability (date) of products used in the price calculations must be reported. When the priced system includes products with different availability dates, the reported availability date for the priced system must be the date at which all components are committed to be available.

The version of Sybase SQL Server used in the measurement and all other software and hardware components used in the tested and priced systems are available now.

8.3 Performance and Price/Performance

A statement of the measured tpmC, as well as the respective calculations for 5-year pricing and price/performance (price/tpmC) and the availability date must be included.

The following table shows the measured tpmC and price/tpmC results for the tested systems:

CPU Model	Configuration	Software	tpmC	Price per tpmC \$tpmC
AlphaServer 1000AA 5/300	1 CPU	Digital UNIX V3.2F-2 Sybase SQL Server 11.0 TUXEDO V4.2	1691.04	\$158.24 /tpmC

8.4 Country Specific Pricing

Additional Clause 7 related items may be included in the Full Disclosure Report for each country specific priced configuration. Country specific pricing is subject to Clause 7.1.7.

None.

8.5 Usage Pricing

For any usage pricing, the sponsor must disclose:

- *Usage level at which the component was priced.*
- *A statement of the company policy allowing such pricing.*

None.

9. Audit Related Items

9.1 Audit

If the benchmark has been independently audited, the auditor's name, address, phone number, and a brief audit summary report indicating compliance must be included in the Full Disclosure Report. A statement should be included, specifying when the complete audit report will become available and who to contact in order to obtain a copy.

Appendix E contains the complete independent auditor's by Francois Raab of Information Paradigm for the test described in this report.

Appendix A

TPC-C Client Code

```
/******
*****
***** tpc.c
*****
*****/
/*
** tpc.c: Main client code for TPC-C.
**/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include "tpcc.h"
#include "socket.h"
#include "screen.e"
#ifdef TPMONITOR
#include "monitor.e"
#else
#include "db_funcs.e"
#endif
main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    int menu_selection;
    void do_transaction(int);

    initialize(argc,argv);
    Send_Menu();
    while ((menu_selection = Get_Menu_Input()) != 9) {
        if ( (menu_selection < 1) || (menu_selection > 5)) continue;
        do_transaction(menu_selection-1);
        Send_Menu();
    }
    rundown(OKAY);
}

initialize(int argc, char **argv)
{
    int menu_selection, start,m,n;
    char
list[]="0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
PQRSTUVWXYZ";

#ifdef SOCKET

/* 6/26/95 Changed to only look at SVR4, which starts at /dev/lst621 */

start = atoi(argv[1]) + 620;
sprintf(tty_name, "/dev/lst%d", start);

if ((start-620)%100 == 0) printf("opening device %d %s\n", start,
tty_name);
/*
printf("opening %s\n", tty_name);
*/
if ((tty_in=tty_out=open(tty_name, O_RDWR, 0)) == -1)
    syserr("Can't open terminal");

if (imitate_login_sequence() == -1) argc = 1;
else argc = 3;
#else
tty_in = 0;
tty_out = 1;
#endif

if (argc < 3)
```

```
prompt_for_inputs(argc,argv);
#endifdef SOCKET
else {
    w_id = atoi(argv[1]);
    d_id = atoi(argv[2]);
}
#endif

#ifdef TPMONITOR

if (Init_Monitor() ) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Unable to connect to TP Monitor\n(01)");
    rundown (NO_TPM_CONNECT);
}

#else
if (DBinit() ) {
    syserr("Problems in DBinit\n");
}

#endif /*TP MONITOR*/

Init_Screen();
}

rundown(int status)
{

Restore_Screen();
#ifdef TPMONITOR

if (status != NO_TPM_CONNECT) Rundown_Monitor();
#else

DBdone();

#endif /*TPMONITOR */

#ifdef SOCKET
close(tty_in);
#endif
}

prompt_for_inputs(int argc, char **argv)
{
    int i;
    char *endp;
    static char buffer[30];
    BOOLEAN good_answer = FALSE;

    while (!good_answer) {
        i=write(tty_out, "Enter Warehouse ID: ", 19);
        i=read(tty_in, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
        if (i == -1)
            {
                syserr("write");
            }
        w_id = (int) strtol(buffer, &endp, 0);
        if (w_id > 0) good_answer = TRUE;
    }
    write(tty_out, "Enter District ID: ", 19);
    read(tty_in, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
    d_id = atoi(buffer);
}

#ifdef SOCKET
int imitate_login_sequence()

{
    char buffer[128], temp[128];
    int i;

    if (read(tty_in, buffer, sizeof(buffer)) == -1)
        syserr("read error");
```

```

if (write(tty_out,"login:",6) == -1)
    syserr("write error");
if (read (tty_in,buffer,sizeof(buffer))== -1)
    syserr("read error");

if (write(tty_out,"Password:",9) == -1)
    syserr("write error");
if (read (tty_in,buffer,sizeof(buffer)) == -1)
    syserr("read error");

if (write(tty_out,">",1) == -1)
    syserr("write error");
if (read (tty_in,buffer,sizeof(buffer)) == -1)
    syserr("read error");

    /* find out if warehouse & district were specified */
i = sscanf(buffer,"%s %s %d %d",temp,&w_id,&d_id);
if (!strcmp(temp,"csh")) {
    freopen(tty_name,"r",stdin);
    freopen(tty_name,"w",stdout);
    freopen(tty_name,"w",stderr);
    system("exec csh");
    exit (1);
}
if (i == 2) i = sscanf(buffer,"%s %d %d",&w_id,&d_id);

return i-1;
}

#endif
void do_transaction(int num) {
    int status;

    Paint_Screen(num);
    status=Get_Form_Data(num);
    if (status == QUIT)
        return;

#ifdef TPMONITOR
    status = Snd_Txn_To_Monitor(num);
    if (status == TPM_ERROR) {
        syserr("(033[24;1H)(033[0mTPM Error detected -- See
$TPCC_HOME/CLIENTLOG for details\n");
    }
#else
    status = Do_DBtxn(num);
    if (status != 0) {
        syserr("ERROR:");
    }
#endif /*TPMONITOR*/
    Display_Results(num);
}

-----
/*****
*****
***** tpcc.h
*****
*****
*****/
/*
** tpcc.h: This header file declares data structures for use in application
** and server
**
*/
#include <time.h>

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <time.h>

#define BOOLEAN int
#define VMS 0
#define LINEMAX 256

```

```

#define FALSE 0
#define TRUE 1

#define NEWORDER 0
#define PAYMENT 1
#define ORDSTAT 2
#define DELIVERY 3
#define STOCKLEV 4

#define MAX_OL 15

/* error codes */
#define OKAY 0
#define TPM_ERROR 1
#define DB_ERROR 2
#define ITEM_ERROR 3
#define NO_TPM_CONNECT 4

char date_field[80];
char tty_name[11];

int w_id;
int d_id;

int xact_type;

/*
** Data structures of input data for each transaction type
*/

/*
** Data structures descriptions for IO data for each transaction type
**
*/

struct io_order_line {
    int ol_i_id;
    int ol_supply_w_id;
    int ol_quantity;
    char i_name[25];
    int s_quantity;
    char b_g[2];
    double i_price;
};

struct io_neworder {
    int w_id;
    int d_id;
    int c_id;
    int o_ol_cnt;
    int o_all_local;
    struct io_order_line o_ol[MAX_OL];

    char o_entry_d[20];
    char c_last[17];
    char c_credit[3];
    float c_discount;
    float w_tax;
    float d_tax;
    int o_id;
    int status;
    double tax_n_discount;
};

struct io_payment {
    BOOLEAN byname;
    int w_id;
    int d_id;
    int c_id;
    char c_last[17];
    int c_w_id;
    int c_d_id;
    double h_amount;
}

```

```

char h_date[20];
char w_street_1[21];
char w_street_2[21];
char w_city[21];
char w_state[3];
char w_zip[10];
char d_street_1[21];
char d_street_2[21];
char d_city[21];
char d_state[3];
char d_zip[10];
char c_first[17];
char c_middle[3];
char c_street_1[21];
char c_street_2[21];
char c_city[21];
char c_state[3];
char c_zip[10];
char c_phone[17];
char c_since[11];
char c_credit[3];
double c_credit_lim;
float c_discount;
double c_balance;
char c_data[201];
};

struct status_order_line {
    int ol_supply_w_id;
    int ol_i_id;
    int ol_quantity;
    double ol_amount;
    char ol_delivery_d[11];
};

struct io_ordstat {
    BOOLEAN byname;
    int w_id;
    int d_id;
    int c_id;
    char c_last[17];

    char c_first[17];
    char c_middle[3];
    double c_balance;
    int o_id;
    char o_entry_d[64];
    int o_carrier_id;
    int ol_cnt;
    struct status_order_line s_ol[MAX_OL];
};

struct io_delivery {
    int w_id;
    int o_carrier_id;
    time_t queue_time;
    int status;
};

struct io_stocklev {

    int w_id;
    int d_id;
    int threshold;

    int low_stock;
};

/*
** Data structure for input & output data
*/

struct io_tpcc {
    int type;
    union {
        struct io_neworder neworder;
        struct io_payment payment;
        struct io_ordstat ordstat;
        struct io_delivery delivery;
        struct io_stocklev stocklev;
    } info;
};

-----
/*****
*****
***** screen.c
*****
*****/
/*
** screen.c: Contains all routines for the TPC-C screen display, input and
** output.
**
*****
*****

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*****
*****

**/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/termio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include <sys/time.h>
#include <time.h>

#include "tpcc.h"
#include "screen.e"
#include "screen.h"
#include "loopback.e"
#ifdef TPMONITOR
#include "monitor.e"
#else
#include "no_tpm.h"
#endif

extern void Clog(char *, ...);
extern void SCREENlog(int ,char *);
#define MAXLINE 256

struct termio orig_tbuf_in,orig_tbuf_out;

void setraw() /** put terminals into rawmode **/
{
    struct termio tbuf;

```

```

int status;
if (ioctl(tty_out, TCGETA, &tbuf) == -1)
    syserr("ioctl_ERROR#1 - getting the original input term setting
error");
orig_tbuf_out = tbuf;
if (ioctl(tty_in, TCGETA, &tbuf) == -1)
    syserr("ioctl_ERROR#1 - getting the original output term setting
error");
orig_tbuf_in = tbuf;
tbuf.c_iflag &= ~(INLCR | ICRNL | IUCLC | ISTRIP | IXON |
BRKINT);
tbuf.c_oflag &= ~OPOST;
tbuf.c_lflag &= ~(ICANON | ISIG | ECHO);
tbuf.c_cc[VMIN] = LEAVE_SCREEN_MIN;
tbuf.c_cc[VTIME] = LEAVE_SCREEN_TIMEOUT;
if (ioctl(tty_out, TCSETAF, &tbuf) == -2)
    syserr("ioctl_ERROR#2 - setting raw mode for STDIN error");
}

void restore_terminal() /** restore terminal flags **/
{
    extern struct tbufsave;
    struct termio tbuf;
    int status;

    ioctl(tty_in, TCFLSH, 2);
    ioctl(tty_out, TCFLSH, 2);
    ioctl(tty_in, TCSETAW, &orig_tbuf_in);
    ioctl(tty_out, TCSETAW, &orig_tbuf_out);
    /**
    if (ioctl(tty_out, TCSETAF, &orig_tbuf_out) == -1)
        syserr("ioctl_ERROR#3 - restoring original output terminal settings
error");

    if (ioctl(tty_in, TCSETAF, &orig_tbuf_in) == -1)
        syserr("ioctl_ERROR#4 - Forcing the original settings back for
STDIN error");
    */
}

int Get_Menu_Input()
{
    int c, read_count;
    static char inbuf[2] = "\00";
    int i = 0;

    read_count = read(tty_in, inbuf, 1);
    if (read_count == 0) syserr("TTY lost connection");

    if (inbuf[0] == QUIT)
        return 9;
    c = atoi(inbuf);
    return c;
}

int Get_Form_Data(int txn_type)
{
    BOOLEAN done=FALSE;
    int i, returned_key;
    io_elem *ioptr;
    int last_input;

    BOOLEAN check_neworder_inputs(int *);
    BOOLEAN check_payment_inputs(int *);
    BOOLEAN check_ordstat_inputs(int *);
    BOOLEAN check_delivery_inputs(int *);
    BOOLEAN check_stocklev_inputs(int *);

    BOOLEAN (*p_check_function[])() = {
        &check_neworder_inputs,
        &check_payment_inputs,
        &check_ordstat_inputs,
        &check_delivery_inputs,
        &check_stocklev_inputs
    }

```

```

};

memset(ip, '\0', sizeof(struct io_tpcc));
memset(orig_ol, '\0', sizeof(orig_ol));
int_h_amount = 0;
last_input = Forms[txn_type].num_input_elems - 1;

i = 0;
while (done == FALSE)
{
    ioptr = &Forms[txn_type].input_elems[i];
    if (i == 5 && txn_type == PAYMENT) payment_input = TRUE;
    if (i != 5 && txn_type == PAYMENT) payment_input = FALSE;
    returned_key = (ioptr->fptr)(ioptr->x, ioptr->y, ioptr->len,
        ioptr->flags, ioptr->dptr);
    switch (returned_key)
    {
        case BACKTAB:
            if (i == 0) i = last_input ;
            else i--;
            break;
        case LF: case TAB:
            if (i == last_input) i = 0;
            else i++;
            break;
        case QUIT:
            done = TRUE;
            break;
        case SUBMIT:
            payment_input = FALSE;
            done = (p_check_function[txn_type])(&i);
            ip->type = txn_type;
            break;
    }
}
return returned_key;
}

BOOLEAN check_neworder_inputs(int *pos)
{
    BOOLEAN done = FALSE;
    struct io_order_line *real_ol_ptr;
    struct orig_order_line_struct *orig_ol_ptr;
    int i;

    iNO->w_id = w_id;
    if (iNO->d_id <= 0) {
        *pos = 0;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else if (iNO->c_id <= 0) {
        *pos = 1;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else {

        orig_ol_ptr = orig_ol;
        real_ol_ptr = iNO->o_ol;

        iNO->o_all_local = 1;

        for (i = 0; i < MAX_OL; i++, orig_ol_ptr++){

            /* Is there data on this line? */
            if (orig_ol_ptr->o_ol.ol_i_id || orig_ol_ptr->o_ol.ol_supply_w_id
                || orig_ol_ptr->o_ol.ol_quantity) {
                /* and is that data complete */
                if (orig_ol_ptr->o_ol.ol_i_id && orig_ol_ptr-
                    >o_ol.ol_supply_w_id
                    && orig_ol_ptr->o_ol.ol_quantity) {
                    /* if fine, then copy to io struct */

```

```

        iNO->o_ol_cnt++;
        memcpy(real_ol_ptr,orig_ol_ptr,
               sizeof(struct io_order_line));
        if (iNO->w_id != real_ol_ptr->ol_supply_w_id)
            iNO->o_all_local = 0;
        real_ol_ptr++;
        orig_ol_ptr->ol_loc= iNO->o_ol_cnt;
    }
    /* if not fine, go back */
else {
    *pos = 2 + 3*i;
    PAINTSCR(INCOMPLINE_MSG);
    message = TRUE;
    iNO->o_ol_cnt = 0;
    iNO->o_all_local = 1;
    return FALSE;
}
}
}
if (!iNO->o_ol_cnt) {
    *pos = 2;
    PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    message = TRUE;
    iNO->o_ol_cnt=0;
    memset(orig_ol,'\0',sizeof(struct orig_order_line_struct));
    return FALSE;
}

done = TRUE;
#ifdef DEBUG
Clog("Recieved proper Neworder inputs\n");
#endif
}

return done;
}

BOOLEAN check_payment_inputs(int *pos)
{
    BOOLEAN done=FALSE;
    iPT->w_id = w_id;
    if (iPT->d_id <= 0) {
        *pos = 0;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else if (iPT->c_w_id <= 0) {
        *pos = 3;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else if (iPT->c_d_id <= 0) {
        *pos = 4;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else if (int_h_amount <= 0) {
        *pos = 5;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else if (iPT->c_id <= 0) {
        if (iPT->c_last[0] == '\0') {
            message = TRUE;
            PAINTSCR(ID_OR_LAST_MSG);
            *pos = 1;
        }
        else {
            iPT->byname = TRUE;
            done = TRUE;
        }
    }
}
else
done = TRUE;

byname = iPT->byname;
iPT->h_amount = int_h_amount/100.0;

return done;
}

BOOLEAN check_ordstat_inputs (int *pos)
{
    BOOLEAN done = FALSE;
    iOS->w_id = w_id;
    if (iOS->d_id <= 0) {
        *pos = 0;
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else if (iOS->c_id <= 0) {
        if (iOS->c_last[0] == '\0'){
            message = TRUE;
            PAINTSCR(ID_OR_LAST_MSG);
            *pos = 1;
        }
        else {
            iOS->byname = TRUE;
            done = TRUE;
        }
    }
    else
        done = TRUE;

    byname = iOS->byname;

    return done;
}

BOOLEAN check_delivery_inputs (int *pos)
{
    BOOLEAN done = FALSE;

    iDY->w_id = w_id;
    if (iDY->o_carrier_id <= 0) {
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else {
        time(&iDY->queue_time);
        done = TRUE;
    }

    return done;
}

BOOLEAN check_stocklev_inputs(int *pos)
{
    BOOLEAN done = FALSE;

    iSL->w_id = w_id;
    iSL->d_id = d_id;
    if (iSL->threshold <= 0) {
        message = TRUE;
        PAINTSCR(MANDATORY_MSG);
    }
    else done = TRUE;

    return done;
}

void Init_Screen()
{
    int i;
    char buf[128];

```

```

void setup_io_elems();

setraw();
for (i=0; i < MAX_FORMS; i++)
    setup_screen_buffer(&Forms[i],i);
setup_io_elems();
CLRSCN(buf);
PAINTSCR(buf);
}

void Restore_Screen()
{
    restore_terminal();
}

void Paint_Screen(int screen_num)
{
    if (PAINTSCR(Forms[screen_num],blank_form) == -1)
        syserr("Can't write out form");
}

void Send_Menu()
{
    if (PAINTSCR(menu_buf) == -1)
        syserr("Can't send menu");
}

void setup_io_elems() {
    io_elem *p;
    int i;

    p = Forms[NEWORDER].input_elems;
    p++->dptr = &iNO->d_id;
    p++->dptr = &iNO->c_id;
    for (i=0; i < 15; i++){
        p++->dptr = &orig_ol[i].o_ol_supply_w_id;
        p++->dptr = &orig_ol[i].o_ol_i_id;
        p++->dptr = &orig_ol[i].o_ol_quantity;
    }

    p = Forms[PAYMENT].input_elems;
    p++->dptr = &iPT->d_id;
    p++->dptr = &iPT->c_id;
    p++->dptr = (int *) &iPT->c_last[0];
    p++->dptr = &iPT->c_w_id;
    p++->dptr = &iPT->c_d_id;
    p->dptr = &int_h_amount;

    p = Forms[ORDSTAT].input_elems;
    p++->dptr = &iOS->d_id;
    p++->dptr = &iOS->c_id;
    p->dptr = (int *) &iOS->c_last[0];

    p = Forms[DELIVERY].input_elems;
    p->dptr = &iDY->o_carrier_id;

    p = Forms[STOCKLEV].input_elems;
    p->dptr = &iSL->threshold;
}

int setup_screen_buffer(struct form_info *form_ptr,int txn_type ){

    FILE *ifile;
    text_elem *tbuf;
    char *bufp;
    int ct;
    char blanks[] = "          ";
    char input_display_buf[64];
    char fname[MAXLINE];
    io_elem *io_ptr;

    bufp = form_ptr->blank_form;
    bufp += CLRSCN(bufp);

    tbuf = form_ptr->tp;

    while ( tbuf->text ) {
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,tbuf->y,tbuf->x,tbuf->text);
        tbuf++;
    }

    bufp += SWITCH_TO_UNDERL(bufp);
    ct = 0;
    for (io_ptr=form_ptr->input_elems ; io_ptr->y != 999; io_ptr++) {
        strncpy(input_display_buf, blanks, io_ptr->len);
        input_display_buf[io_ptr->len]='\0';
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,io_ptr->x,io_ptr->y,input_display_buf);
        ct++;
    }

    form_ptr->num_input_elems = ct;

    bufp += SWITCH_TO_NORMAL(bufp);

    if (txn_type == PAYMENT)
        bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,4,12,4,w_id);
    else
        bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,4,12,2,w_id);
    if (txn_type == STOCKLEV)
        bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,2,29,2,d_id);
    bufp += SWITCH_TO_UNDERL(bufp);

    *bufp++ = '\1';
    *bufp = '\0';
}

int read_integer(col, row, size, flags, data)
int col, row, size, flags, *data;

/** Function to read in integer data from the screen.
    col - first column position of the data field on the screen.
    row - row position of the data field on the screen.
    size - the length of the data field in number of characters to read in.
    flags - boolean flag that was used to identify the mandatory data fields.
    data - pointer to the actual location where the returning value should be
    stored in.

    This function reads in the input data until either a TAB, BACKTAB,
    LINEFEED,
    SUBMIT character is entered or the maximum number of characters
    have been
    entered into the data field.

    The data is read as character and converted to an integer before being
    stored in the appropriate location.

    */
{
    BOOLEAN exit_read_function=FALSE, previous_data_exists=FALSE;
    int return_status=TAB, bytes_read=0, i=0, j=0, k=0, size1=0, cur_col=col;
    char *bufp, *tempbuf,temp[50], blanks[]="          ";
    float q;
    char bsspbs[]="\033[D \033[D", erase_field[20];
    static char screen_buf[200];

    strncpy(temp, "\0", 20);
    screen_buf[0] = '\0';
    bufp = screen_buf; /* Position cursor at start of field */
    bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col+size-1,row);
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);

    bufp = screen_buf;
    size1=size;

    if (*data > 0)
        previous_data_exists = TRUE;
    while (exit_read_function == FALSE)
    {
        /*
        Below we read from standard input into the array curbuf.

```


curbuf_read is the pointer to the array curbuf indicating the position upto which the curbuf has been parsed.
 curbuf_consumed is the number of elements in the buffer temp that holds the array that is to be displayed.
 Elements of curbuf_consumed is selectively copied from curbuf

Note: read_count is the total number of characters in the buffer curbuf. curbuf_read is always less than or equal to read_count.

```

*/
    if (curbuf_read == read_count || curbuf_read == 0)
    {
        curbuf_read = 0;
        read_count = read(tty_in, curbuf, sizeof(curbuf));
        if (read_count == 0) syserr ("TTY lost connection");
    }
*/ BOOLEAN message prevents unnecessary display of warning messages
*/
    if (message == TRUE)
    {
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
ERASE_MSG);
        message=FALSE;
    }
    if (previous_data_exists == TRUE)
    {
        if (curbuf[curbuf_read] == DELETE)
        {
            previous_data_exists = FALSE;
            strncpy(erase_field, blanks, size);
            erase_field[size] = '\0';
            bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, erase_field);
            bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col+size-1,row);
        }
        else
        {
            if (curbuf[curbuf_read] < '0' || curbuf[curbuf_read] > '9')
            {
                exit_read_function = TRUE;
                previous_data_exists = FALSE;
                return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
                curbuf[curbuf_read]='\0';
            }
            else
            {
                previous_data_exists = FALSE;
                strncpy(erase_field, blanks, size);
                erase_field[size] = '\0';
                bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, erase_field);
            }
        }
    }
*/
    bufp = screen_buf;
*/
}
}
} /* if previous_data_exists */

while ((curbuf_read < read_count) && (exit_read_function ==
FALSE))
{
    /* intermediate variable size1 for cases when floating point
    field whose size is less than actual size by 1 because of
    decimal.
    */
    if (payment_input == TRUE) size1=size-1;
    /* Test for integer */
    if (curbuf[curbuf_read] >= '0' && curbuf[curbuf_read] <= '9')
    {
        /* Consume all integers
in buffer */
        for (;curbuf[curbuf_read] >= '0'
            && curbuf[curbuf_read] <= '9';curbuf_read++)
        {
            /* below we fill up temp making sure the size limit
            is not exceeded */
            if (curbuf_consumed < size1)
            {

```

```

        temp[curbuf_consumed] = curbuf[curbuf_read];
        curbuf_consumed++;
    }
    /* number of elements typed in is more than the size of
    the field */
    else
        OVERFLOW = TRUE;
    /* ensure the character is removed after it is read */
    curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';

} /* end of for curbuf is legitimate number */

temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0'; /* terminate temp string */

if (payment_input == TRUE) /* floating point field */
{
    /* convert the ascii to float */
    q = (atof(temp))/100;
    if (curbuf_consumed < 3)
        bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp, 2,(col+size-4), row, q);
    else
        bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp, 2,(col+size-
curbuf_consumed-1),
            row, q);
}
else
{
    if (curbuf_consumed < size+1)
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,(col + size - curbuf_consumed),row,
            temp);
    return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
    cur_col++;
}
} /* if curbuf[] between "0" and "9" */

/* if not integer, then test for
movement character */
else if ( curbuf[curbuf_read] == TAB
    || curbuf[curbuf_read] == LF
    || curbuf[curbuf_read] == BACKTAB
    || curbuf[curbuf_read] == SUBMIT)
{
    if (message == TRUE)
    {
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
            ERASE_MSG);
        message=FALSE;
    }
    temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0';
    *data = atoi(temp);
    exit_read_function = TRUE;
    return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
    curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';
    curbuf_read++;
    curbuf_consumed = 0;
} /* if curbuf[] a movement character */

/* if not integer of movement, test for DELETE
*/
else if (curbuf[curbuf_read] == DELETE)
{
    if (payment_input == TRUE) /* for floating point field */
    {
        if (curbuf_consumed != 0) curbuf_consumed--;
        if (message == TRUE)
        {
            bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
                ERASE_MSG);
            message=FALSE;
        }
        OVERFLOW = FALSE;
        PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
        temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0';
        q=atof(temp);
        q=(q/100);

```

```

    curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';
    strncpy(erase_field, blanks, size);
    erase_field[size] = '\0';
    bufp = screen_buf;
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, erase_field);
    if (curbuf_consumed < 3)
        bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp, 2,
            (col+size-4), row, q);
    else
        bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp, 2,
            (col+size-curbuf_consumed-1), row, q);
    if (cur_col != 0) cur_col--;
    if (curbuf_read < 40) curbuf_read++; /* pressed
        key overflow
        situations */
    bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col+size,row);
}
else
{
    if (curbuf_consumed != 0) curbuf_consumed--;
    curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';
    curbuf_read++;
    if (message == TRUE)
    {
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
            ERASE_MSG);
        message=FALSE;
    }
    OVERFLOW = FALSE;
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
    temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0';
    strncpy(erase_field, blanks, size);
    erase_field[size] = '\0';
    bufp = screen_buf;
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, erase_field);
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,(col+size-curbuf_consumed),row,
temp);

    if (cur_col != 0) cur_col--;
    bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col+size,row);
}
} /* end of if DELETE */

/* could be a ^C */
else if (curbuf[curbuf_read] == QUIT)
{
    temp[0] = '\0';
    return_status = QUIT;
    curbuf[curbuf_read]='\0';
    exit_read_function = TRUE;
}
else /** Any other character entered at the keyboard ... **/
{
    if (message == FALSE) {
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
            INVALID_MSG);
        bufp += GOTOXY (bufp,col + size ,row);
        PAINTSCR(screen_buf);

        message = TRUE;
    }
    curbuf_read++;
}
} /** End of the WHILE loop **/
if (OVERFLOW == TRUE && exit_read_function == FALSE)
{
    /* if number of characters are exceeding the field limit beep
    and warning message is necessary */
    if (message == FALSE)
    {
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
EXC_FLD_LIM_MSG);
        PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
        message=TRUE;
    }
    *data = atoi(temp);

    return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
    curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';
    curbuf_read=0;
    OVERFLOW = FALSE;
}
else
{
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
    bufp = screen_buf;
}
}
/* ensuring unnecessary warning messages are removed */
if (message == TRUE)
{
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
ERASE_MSG);
    message=FALSE;
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
    bufp = screen_buf;
}
return (return_status);
}

int read_string(col, row, size, flags, data)
int col, row, size, flags;
char *data;
{
    BOOLEAN exit_read_function=FALSE, previous_data_exists=FALSE,
        data_full=FALSE;
    int return_status=TAB, bytes_read=0, i=0, j=0, size_tot =0;
    char *bufp, temp[80];
    char blanks[]=" ";
    char bsspbs[]="\033[4m \033[4m", erase_field[20];
    static char screen_buf[200];

    strncpy(temp, "\0", 20);
    curbuf_consumed = 0;
    screen_buf[0] = '\0';
    bufp = screen_buf;

    bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col,row); /* Goto input area */
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
    bufp = screen_buf;

    if ((*char *)data != '\0')
        previous_data_exists = TRUE;

    while(exit_read_function == FALSE)
    {
        /*
        Below we read from standard input into the array curbuf.
        curbuf_read is the pointer to the array curbuf indicating the position
        upto which the curbuf has been parsed.
        curbuf_consumed is the number of elements in the buffer temp that holds
        the
        array that is to be displayed.
        Elements of curbuf_consumed is selectively copied from curbuf

        Note:read_count is the total number of characters in the buffer
        curbuf. curbuf_read is always less than or equal to read_count.
        */
        if (curbuf_read == read_count)
        {
            curbuf_read = 0;
            read_count = read(tty_in, curbuf, size-size_tot);
            if (read_count == 0) syserr ("TTY lost connection");
        }
        if (message == TRUE)
        {
            bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
ERASE_MSG);
            message=FALSE;
        }
        if (previous_data_exists == TRUE)
        {
            if (curbuf[curbuf_read] == DELETE)

```

```

{
previous_data_exists = FALSE;
strncpy(erase_field, blanks, size);
erase_field[size] = '\0';

bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, erase_field);
bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col,row);
}
else
{
if (curbuf[curbuf_read] < ' ' || curbuf[curbuf_read] > '~')
{
exit_read_function = TRUE;
previous_data_exists = FALSE;
return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
curbuf[curbuf_read]='\0';
}
else
{
previous_data_exists = FALSE;
strncpy(erase_field, blanks, size);
erase_field[size] = '\0';
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, erase_field);
}
}
}
}
while ((curbuf_read < read_count) && (exit_read_function ==
FALSE))
{
if (curbuf[curbuf_read] >= ' ' && curbuf[curbuf_read] <= '~')
{
/** if between ASCII space (040) through ~ (0176) */
for( ;curbuf[curbuf_read] >= ' '
&& curbuf[curbuf_read] <= '~';curbuf_read++)
{
/* ensuring the curbuf_consumed is not more than
field size */
if (curbuf_consumed < size)
{
temp[curbuf_consumed] = curbuf[curbuf_read];
curbuf_consumed++;
}
/* else overflow condition */
else OVERFLOW = TRUE;
curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0'; /* erasing characters already
read from the buffer */
}
temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0'; /* terminate temp string */
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, temp);
return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
}
else if ( curbuf[curbuf_read] == TAB
|| curbuf[curbuf_read] == LF
|| curbuf[curbuf_read] == BACKTAB
|| curbuf[curbuf_read] == SUBMIT)
{
if (curbuf_consumed > 0)
{
if (message == TRUE)
{
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
ERASE_MSG);
message=FALSE;
}
temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0';
strcpy(data, temp);
exit_read_function = TRUE;
return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
curbuf[curbuf_read]='\0';
curbuf_read++;
curbuf_consumed = 0;
}
}
else

```

```

{
if (message == TRUE)
{
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
ERASE_MSG);
message=FALSE;
}
temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0';
strcpy(data, temp);
exit_read_function = TRUE;
return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
curbuf[curbuf_read]='\0';
curbuf_read++;
}
}
else if (curbuf[curbuf_read] == DELETE)
{
for(curbuf_read = curbuf_read;curbuf[curbuf_read] == DELETE
;curbuf_read++)
{
curbuf[curbuf_read]='\0';
temp[curbuf_consumed-1] = '\0';
if (curbuf_consumed != 0) curbuf_consumed--;
}
if (curbuf_consumed >= 0)
{
bufp += BLANK_UNDERLINE(bufp,col, row, "
");
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, col, row, temp);
PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
}
else
{
if (message == FALSE)
{
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL,
MESSAGE_ROW,
EXC_FLD_LIM_MSG);
bufp += BEEP(bufp);
PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
message = TRUE;
}
curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';
curbuf_read = 0;
}
}
else if (curbuf[curbuf_read] == QUIT)
{
temp[0] = '\0';
return_status = QUIT;
curbuf[curbuf_read] = '\0';
exit_read_function = TRUE;
}
}
else /** Any other character entered at the keyboard ... */
{
if (message == FALSE)
{
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
INVALID_MSG);
bufp += GOTOXY(bufp,col ,row);
message=TRUE;
}
curbuf_read++;
}
}
} /** End of the WHILE loop */
if (OVERFLOW == TRUE && exit_read_function == FALSE)
/** If read enough to fill the size already */
{
if (message == FALSE)
{
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
EXC_FLD_LIM_MSG);
PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
message = TRUE;
}
}
}

```

```

    }
    OVERFLOW = FALSE;
    temp[curbuf_consumed] = '\0';
    strcpy(data, temp);
    curbuf_consumed--;
    return_status = curbuf[curbuf_read];
}
else
{
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
    bufp = screen_buf;
}
}
if (message == TRUE)
{
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp, MESSAGE_COL, MESSAGE_ROW,
ERASE_MSG);
    message=FALSE;
    PAINTSCR(screen_buf);
}
return (return_status);
}

Display_Results(int txn_type)
{

void print_neworder_output();
void print_payment_output();
void print_ordstat_output();
void print_delivery_output();
void print_stocklev_output();

void (*p_print_function[])() = {
    &print_neworder_output,
    &print_payment_output,
    &print_ordstat_output,
    &print_delivery_output,
    &print_stocklev_output
};

(p_print_function[txn_type])();
}

void print_neworder_output()
{

struct orig_order_line_struct *orig_ol_ptr;
struct io_order_line *ool;
char *bufp;
int i,r;
double ol_amount,total_amount=0.0;

bufp = output_screen;

if (oNO->status == ITEM_ERROR) {
    PAINTSCR(EXECUTION_STATUS_MSG);
    return;
}
else {
#ifdef DEBUG
    Clog("c_last: %s c_discount %f\n",oNO->c_last,oNO->c_discount);
#endif

    bufp += SWITCH_TO_NORMAL(bufp);
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,61,2,oNO->o_entry_d);
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,25,3,oNO->c_last);
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,52,3,oNO->c_credit);
    bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp,5,64,3,oNO->c_discount*100.0);
    bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,8,15,4,oNO->o_id);
    bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,2,42,4,oNO->o_ol_cnt);
    bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp,5,59,4,oNO->w_tax*100.0);
    bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp,5,74,4,oNO->d_tax*100.0);

    orig_ol_ptr = orig_ol;
    for (i = 0; i < MAX_OL; i++,orig_ol_ptr++) {
        if (orig_ol_ptr->ol_loc > 0) {

ool = &oNO->o_ol[orig_ol_ptr->ol_loc-1];
r = i + FIRST_OL_ROW;

ol_amount = orig_ol_ptr->o_ol.ol_quantity * ool->i_price;
total_amount += ol_amount;

        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,19,r,ool->i_name);
        bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,3,51,r,ool->s_quantity);
        bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,58,r,ool->b_g);
        bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,6,62,r,ool->i_price);
        bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,7,71,r,ol_amount);
    }
}
/*
else bufp += BLANK_LINE(bufp,FIRST_OL_ROW + i);
*/
}
oNO->tax_n_discount = (1.0 + oNO->w_tax + oNO->d_tax) *
(1.0 - oNO->c_discount);
total_amount *= oNO->tax_n_discount;

bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,8,70,22,total_amount);
*bufp = '\0';
PAINTSCR(output_screen);
}

#ifdef DEBUG
    Clog("DBG: Screen output chars = %d\n", (bufp - &output_screen[0]));
#endif
}

void print_payment_output()
{

char *bufp, temp[51], tempbuf2[201];
char *make_phone(char *), *make_zip(char *);

bufp = output_screen;

bufp += SWITCH_TO_NORMAL(bufp); /* jr */
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,7,2,oPT->h_date);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,1,5,oPT->w_street_1);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,1,6,oPT->w_street_2);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,1,7,oPT->w_city);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,22,7,oPT->w_state);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,25,7,make_zip(oPT->w_zip));

bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,42,5,oPT->d_street_1);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,42,6,oPT->d_street_2);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,42,7,oPT->d_city);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,63,7,oPT->d_state);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,66,7,make_zip(oPT->d_zip));

if (byname == TRUE) bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,4,11,9,oPT->c_id);
else bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,29,10,oPT->c_last);

bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,9,10,oPT->c_first);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,26,10,oPT->c_middle);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,9,11,oPT->c_street_1);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,9,12,oPT->c_street_2);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,9,13,oPT->c_city);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,30,13,oPT->c_state);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,33,13,make_zip(oPT->c_zip));
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,58,10,oPT->c_since);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,58,11,oPT->c_credit);
bufp += DISPLAY_FLOAT(bufp,5,58,12,oPT->c_discount*100.0);
bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,58,13,make_phone(oPT->c_phone));
bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,14,55,15,oPT->c_balance);
bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,13,17,16,oPT->c_credit_lim);

/** Display the first 200 lines if Credit is BC **/
if (oPT->c_data[0] != NULL)
{
    bufp += DISPLAY50(bufp,12,18,oPT->c_data);
    bufp += DISPLAY50(bufp,12,19,&oPT->c_data[50]);
    bufp += DISPLAY50(bufp,12,20,&oPT->c_data[100]);
}
}
}

```

```

    bufp += DISPLAY50(bufp,12,21,&oPT->c_data[150]);
}
if (!oPT->h_date) bufp +=
DISPLAY(bufp,MESSAGE_COL,MESSAGE_ROW-2,BAD_INPUTS);
*bufp = '\0';
PAINTSCR(output_screen);
#ifdef DEBUG
Clog("DBG: Screen output chars = %d\n", (bufp - &output_screen[0]));
#endif
}

void print_ordstat_output()
{
    struct status_order_line *sol;
    char *bufp;
    int i=0, r=8;

    bufp = output_screen;

    bufp += SWITCH_TO_NORMAL(bufp); /* jr */
#ifdef DEBUG
Clog("order_line_count = %d\n", oOS->o_l_cnt);
#endif

    if (byname == TRUE) bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,4,11,3,oOS->c_id);
    else bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,44,3,oOS->c_last);

    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,24,3,oOS->c_first);
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,41,3,oOS->c_middle);
    bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,9,15,4,oOS->c_balance);
    bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,8,15,6,oOS->o_id);
    bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,38,6,oOS->o_entry_d);
    bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,2,76,6,oOS->o_carrier_id);

    for (i=0; i<oOS->o_l_cnt; i++)
    {
        sol = &oOS->s_ol[i];
        if (sol->o_l_supply_w_id > 0)
        {
            bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,4,3,r,sol->o_l_supply_w_id);
            bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,6,14,r,sol->o_l_i_id);
            bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,2,25,r,sol->o_l_quantity);
            bufp += DISPLAY_MONEY(bufp,8,32,r,sol->o_l_amount);
            bufp += DISPLAY(bufp,47,r,sol->o_l_delivery_d);
            r++;
        }
    }
    if (!oOS->o_l_cnt) bufp +=
DISPLAY(bufp,MESSAGE_COL,MESSAGE_ROW-2,BAD_INPUTS);
*bufp = '\0';
PAINTSCR(output_screen);
#ifdef DEBUG
Clog("DBG: Screen output chars = %d\n", (bufp - &output_screen[0]));
#endif
}

void print_delivery_output()
{
    char *bufp;
    PAINTSCR(DELIVERY_QUEUED_MSG);
#ifdef DEBUG
Clog("DBG: Screen output chars = %d\n", (bufp - &output_screen[0]));
#endif
}

void print_stocklev_output()
{
    char *bufp;

    bufp = output_screen;

    bufp += SWITCH_TO_NORMAL(bufp); /* jr */
    bufp += DISPLAY_INT(bufp,3,12,6,oSL->low_stock);
    *bufp = '\0';
    PAINTSCR(output_screen);

```

```

#ifdef DEBUG
Clog("DBG: low stock:%d\n", oSL->low_stock);
Clog("DBG: Screen output chars = %d\n", (bufp - &output_screen[0]));
#endif
}

char *make_phone(char *data)
{
    static char tempphone[20];

    strncpy(tempphone,data,6);
    tempphone[6] = '-';
    strncpy(&tempphone[7],&data[6],3);
    tempphone[10] = '-';
    strncpy(&tempphone[11],&data[9],3);
    tempphone[14] = '-';
    strncpy(&tempphone[15],&data[12],4);
    tempphone[19] = '\0';

    return tempphone;
}

char *make_zip(char *data)
{
    static char temp[10];

    strncpy(temp,data,5);
    temp[5] = '-';
    strncpy(&temp[6],&data[5],4);
    temp[10] = '\0';

    return temp;
}

-----
/*****
*****
***** screen.e
*****
*****/
/*
** screen.e -- All external definitions for use of screen functions
*/
extern void  Init_Screen();
extern void  Restore_Screen();
extern void  Paint_Screen(int);
extern void  Send_Menu();
extern int   Get_Menu_Input();
extern int   Get_Form_Data();
extern void  Check_Input_Date();

#define QUIT 3
#define SUBMIT 13

-----
/*****
*****
***** screen.h
*****
*****/
/*
** screen.h -- All definitions and structures for screen I/O
*/

#include <sys/termio.h>
extern int  tty_in;
extern int  tty_out;

#define MAX_FORMS 5

#define MESSAGE_ROW 24

```

```

#define MESSAGE_COL 1

#define RTE_SYNCH_CHARACTER '\1'

#define SCRBUF_LEN 1536

#define FIRST_OL_ROW 7

#define BLANK_TO_END_OF_LINE(buf) sprintf(buf, "\033[K")
#define BLANK_TO_END_OF_SCREEN(buf) sprintf(buf, "\033[J")
#define CLRSCN(buf)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[0m\033[2J")
/*
#define DISPLAY_INT(buf, wid, x, y, ip)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH%d.l%d", y, x, ip)
#define DISPLAY_MONEY(buf, wid, x, y, fp)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH$%#wid.2f", y, x, fp)
#define DISPLAY_FLOAT(buf, wid, x, y, fp)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH%#wid.2f", y, x, fp)
*/
#define DISPLAY_INT(buf, wid, x, y, ip)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH%*.1d", y, x, ip)
#define DISPLAY_MONEY(buf, wid, x, y, fp)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH$%*#.2f", y, x, fp)
#define DISPLAY_FLOAT(buf, wid, x, y, fp)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH%*#.2f", y, x, fp)
#define DISPLAY(buf, x, y, txt)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH%s", y, x, txt)
#define DISPLAY50(buf, x, y, txt)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH%50.50s", y, x, txt)
#define DISPLAY_NOW(x, y, txt)
    fprintf(stdout,
"\033[%d;%dH%s", y, x, txt)
#define PAINTSCR(buf)
    write(tty_out, buf, strlen(buf))
#define SWITCH_TO_NORMAL(buf)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[0m")
#define SWITCH_TO_REVERSE(buf)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[7m")
#define SWITCH_TO_UNDERL(buf)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[4m")
#define GOTOXY(buf, x, y)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%dH", y, x)
#define BEEP(buf)
    sprintf(buf, "\007")
#define BLANK_LINE(buf, line)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[%d;%1H\033[K", line);
#define BLANK_UNDERLINE(buf, x, y, txt)
    sprintf(buf, "\033[4m;\033[%d;%dH%s", y, x, txt);

/**
Possible status values returned by read functions
**/

#define CANCELLED 3
#define PREVIOUS_FIELD 4

/**
Possible key strokes read in by the read functions. Some are also returned
as status from the read functions.
**/

#define BACKTAB 2 /** Decided to use the CTRL B for now **/
#define DELETE 127
#define ESCAPE 27
#define LF 10
#define QUIT 3 /** CNTRL-C Key stroke to quit for now **/
#define SPACE 32
#define SUBMIT 13 /** Done with screen and submit key: CR **/
/*#define SUBMIT 20 /** Using CTRL-T for
debugging purposes */
#define TAB 9
#define UNDERLINE 95

#define LEAVE_SCREEN_MIN 255 /** Minimum # of characters to
leave screen **/
#define LEAVE_SCREEN_TIMEOUT 2 /** Minimum time to leave
screen, 10=1sec **/

static int curbuf_consumed = 0;

```

```

static int curbuf_read = 0;
static int read_count = 0;
static char curbuf[300];
static BOOLEAN OVERFLOW = FALSE;

static BOOLEAN message; /* for suppressing warning messages */
BOOLEAN payment_input = FALSE; /* for setting money condition in
read_int */

static struct termio tbufsave;

extern void syserr();

BOOLEAN byname;

void Init_Screen();
void Paint_Screen(int);
void Send_Menu();
int Get_Menu_Input();

/**
The following is the struct type used to define the I/O element
y is the row position on the screen.
x is the column position on the screen.
len is the size of the data field in bytes.
flags is the indicator of mandatory data fields. '1' means required.
dptr is the pointer to the data.
fptr is the pointer to the read funtion for the type of data dptr
points to.
**/

typedef struct {
    int y;
    int x;
    int len;
    int flags;
    int *dptr;
    int (*fptr)();
} io_elem;

/* Temporary structures for storing data that needs manipulation before */
/* sending off to the TPM */
struct orig_order_line_struct {
    struct io_order_line o_ol;
    short ol_loc;
} orig_ol[MAX_OL];
int int_h_amount;

/* All the possible messages to print out */
static char MANDATORY_MSG[] =
"\033[24;1H\033[0mMandatory data field! Please enter
data.\033[K\033[4m\1";
static char INVALID_MSG[] =
"\007\033[24;1H\033[0mAn invalid character was entered. Please enter
again.\033[K\033[4m\1";
static char ERASE_MSG[] =
"\033[24;1H\033[K\033[4m";
static char MINIDIGIT_MSG[] =
"\033[24;1H\033[0mYou must enter atleast 1 digit. Please
reenter.\033[4m\1";
static char BAD_INPUTS[] =
" #### Bad input data was entered -- Select again #### \1";
static char INCOMPLINE_MSG[] =
"\033[24;1H\033[0mOrder line is incomplete. Please complete the
whole line.\033[4m\1";
static char ID_OR_LAST_MSG[] =
"\033[24;1H\033[0mYou must enter either the Last Name or the
Customer Number.\033[4m\1";
static char EXC_MAX_LFT_DEC_DGT_MSG[] =
"\033[24;1H\033[0mMaximum digits left of decimal point already
entered. '.' expected\033[4m\1";
static char EXC_FLD_LIM_MSG[] =

```

```
"\007\033[24];1H\033[0mMaximum digits already entered. Tab or
<CR> expected\033[4m\1";/* jr */
```

```
static char EXECUTION_STATUS_MSG[]="\033[0m\033[22];18HItem
number is not valid";
static char DELIVERY_QUEUED_MSG[]="\033[0m\033[6];19HDelivery
has been queued";
```

```
int read_integer(int, int, int, int, int *);
int read_money(int, int, int, float *);
int read_string(int, int, int, int, char *);
```

```
char menu_buf[122] = "\033[0m\033[23];1H1 - New Order 2 - Payment
3 - Order Status 4 - Delivery 5 - Stock Level\033[24];1H9 -
Exit\033[24];35HChoice:1";
```

```
io_elem neworder_inputs[] = {
/* y x len flags ptr to data ptr to read function */
/* - - - - - */
2, 29, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
3, 12, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
7, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
7, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
7, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
8, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
8, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
8, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
9, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
9, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
9, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
10, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
10, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
10, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
11, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
11, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
11, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
12, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
12, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
12, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
13, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
13, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
13, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
14, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
14, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
14, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
15, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
15, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
15, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
16, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
16, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
16, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
17, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
17, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
17, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
18, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
18, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
18, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
19, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
19, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
19, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
20, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
20, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
20, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
21, 3, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
21, 10, 6, 0, 0, &read_integer,
21, 45, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
999
};
```

```
io_elem payment_inputs[] = {
/* y x len flags ptr to data ptr to read function */
/* - - - - - */
4, 52, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
9, 11, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
10, 29, 16, 0, 0, &read_string,
};
```

```
9, 33, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
9, 54, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
15, 24, 7, 0, 0, &read_integer,
999
```

```
};
io_elem ordstat_inputs[] = {
/* y x len flags ptr to data ptr to read function */
/* - - - - - */
2, 29, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
3, 11, 4, 0, 0, &read_integer,
3, 44, 16, 0, 0, &read_string,
999
};
```

```
io_elem delivery_inputs[] = {
/* y x len flags ptr to data ptr to read function */
/* - - - - - */
4, 17, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
999
};
```

```
io_elem stocklev_inputs[] = {
/* y x len flags ptr to data ptr to read function */
/* - - - - - */
4, 24, 2, 0, 0, &read_integer,
999
};
```

```
typedef struct {
int x;
int y;
char *text;
} text_elem;
```

```
text_elem NO_text_elem[] = {
1, 36, "New Order",
2, 1, "Warehouse:",
2, 19, "District:",
2, 55, "Date:",
3, 1, "Customer:",
3, 19, "Name:",
3, 44, "Credit:",
3, 57, "%Disc:",
4, 1, "Order Number:",
4, 25, "Number of Lines:",
4, 52, "W_tax:",
4, 67, "D_tax:",
6, 2, "Supp_W Item_Id Item Name",
6, 45, "Qty Stock B/G Price Amount",
22, 1, "Execution Status:",
22, 62, "Total:",
0
};
```

```
text_elem PT_text_elem[] = {
1, 38, "Payment",
2, 1, "Date:",
4, 1, "Warehouse:",
4, 42, "District:",
9, 1, "Customer:",
9, 17, "Cust-Warehouse:",
9, 39, "Cust-District:",
10, 1, "Name:",
10, 50, "Since:",
11, 50, "Credit:",
12, 50, "%Disc:",
13, 50, "Phone:",
15, 1, "Amount Paid:",
15, 23, "$",
15, 37, "New Cust-Balance:",
16, 1, "Credit Limit:",
18, 1, "Cust-Data:",
0
};
```

```
text_elem OS_text_elem[] = {
1, 35, "Order-Status",
2, 1, "Warehouse:",
2, 19, "District:",
};
```

```

        3,      1,      "Customer:",
        3,     18,     "Name:",
        4,      1,     "Cust-Balance:",
        6,      1,     "Order-Number:",
        6,     26,     "Entry-Date:",
        6,     60,     "Carrier_Number:",
        7,      1,     "Supply-W",
        7,     14,     "Item-Id",
        7,     25,     "Qty",
        7,     33,     "Amount",
        7,     45,     "Delivery-Date",
        0
};

text_elem DY_text_elem[] = {
    1,     38,     "Delivery",
    2,      1,     "Warehouse:",
    4,      1,     "Carrier Number:",
    6,      1,     "Execution Status:",
    0
};

text_elem SL_text_elem[] = {
    1,     38,     "Stock-Level",
    2,      1,     "Warehouse:",
    2,     19,     "District:",
    4,      1,     "Stock Level Threshold:",
    6,      1,     "low stock:",
    0
};

struct form_info {
    text_elem *tp;
    char blank_form[SCRBUF_LEN];
    io_elem *input_elems;
    int num_input_elems;
};

char output_screen[SCRBUF_LEN];

struct form_info Forms[MAX_FORMS] = {
    { NO_text_elem, " ", neworder_inputs, 0},
    { PT_text_elem, " ", payment_inputs, 0},
    { OS_text_elem, " ", ordstat_inputs, 0},
    { DY_text_elem, " ", delivery_inputs, 0},
    { SL_text_elem, " ", stocklev_inputs, 0}
};
-----
/*****
*****
***** monitor.c
*****
*****
*****/
/*
** monitor.c -- All functions for Tuxedo call and return
**/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "tpcc.h"
#include "monitor.h"
#include "screen.e"
#include <atmi.h>

int Snd_Txn_To_Monitor(int txn_type)
{
    int status;

#ifdef DEBUG
    Clog("DBG: In Snd_Txn_To_Monitor\n");
#endif
    print_input_data(txn_type);
#endif

    memcpy(Tpmbuf, (char *)ip,
           ilen);

    if (txn_type == DELIVERY) {
        status = tpacall(svc_names[txn_type], Tpmbuf, ilen, TPNOREPLY);
        /* Check for ugly Tuxedo failures */
    }

    if (status == -1 && tperno == TPESVCFAIL) {
    /*
    if (status == -1) {
        Clog("ERR: Tuxedo tpcall(%s) failed \n\t%s",
            svc_names[txn_type], tpererror(tperno));
        return(TPM_ERROR);
    }
    return(tpurcode);
    }
    else {
        status = tpcall(svc_names[txn_type], Tpmbuf, ilen, &Tpmbuf,
            &olen, 0);
        /* Check for ugly Tuxedo failures */
    }

    /*
    if (status == -1 && tperno == TPESVCFAIL) {
    /*
    if (status == -1) {
        Clog("ERR: Tuxedo tpcall(%s) failed \n\t%s",
            svc_names[txn_type], tpererror(tperno));
        return(TPM_ERROR);
    }

        /* return user-defined failures */
    }

    return(tpurcode);
    }

int Init_Monitor ()
{
    char *text;

    ilen = sizeof(struct io_tpcc);
    olen = sizeof(struct io_tpcc);

    if (tpinit(NULL) == -1) {
        tpmerror("tpinit", tperno);
        return -1;
    }

    if ((Tpmbuf=tpalloc("CARRAY", NULL, ilen)) == NULL) {
        tpmerror("tpalloc", tperno);
        return (-1);
    }
    return (NULL);
}

Rundown_Monitor()
{
    int status;

    tpfree(Tpmbuf);

    status = tpterm();
#ifdef DEBUG
    Clog("terminated Tuxedo connection with status %d\n", status);
#endif
}

tpmerror(char *service_called, int errnum)
{

```



```

char errmsg[256];

fprintf(stderr,"TUXEDO: Failed %s with error: %s\n",
        service_called,tpstrerror(ernnum));
fprintf(stderr,"\n");
}

#ifdef DEBUG
print_input_data(int type)
{

int i;
time_t the_time;

the_time = time(&the_time);
Clog("DBG:=====TIME: %s
=====\\n",ctime(&the_time));

switch (type) {

case NEWORDER:
Clog("DBG: NEWORDER INPUTS at %s\\n",ctime(&the_time));
Clog("DBG: w_id: %d, d_id: %d, c_id: %d o_ol_cnt: %d\\n",
iNO->w_id,iNO->d_id, iNO->c_id, iNO->o_ol_cnt);
for (i=0; i < iNO->o_ol_cnt; i++)
Clog("DBG: ol_i_id: %d, ol_supply_w_id: %d, ol_quantity: %d\\n",
iNO->o_ol[i].ol_i_id,iNO->o_ol[i].ol_supply_w_id,
iNO->o_ol[i].ol_quantity);
break;

case PAYMENT:
Clog("DBG: PAYMENT INPUTS at
%s\\n",ctime(&the_time));
Clog("DBG: byname: %d, w_id: %d, d_id: %d\\n", iPT-
>byname,
iPT->w_id,iPT->d_id);
Clog("DBG: c_last: %s ",iPT->c_last);
Clog(" c_id: %d",iPT->c_id);
Clog(" c_w_id: %d, c_d_id: %d\\n",iPT->c_w_id,iPT->c_d_id);
Clog("DBG: h_amount: %f\\n",iPT->h_amount);
break;

case ORDSTAT:
Clog("DBG: ORDER STATUS INPUTS at %s\\n",ctime(&the_time));
Clog("DBG: w_id: %d, d_id: %d\\n",iIOS->w_id,iIOS->d_id);
Clog("DBG: byname: %d, c_id: %d, c_last: %s\\n",
iIOS->byname,iIOS->c_id,iIOS->c_last);
break;

case DELIVERY:
Clog("DBG: DELIVERY INPUTS at %s\\n",ctime(&the_time));
Clog("DBG: w_id: %d, o_carrier_id: %d\\n",iDY->w_id,iDY-
>o_carrier_id);
break;

case STOCKLEV:
Clog("DBG: STOCK LEVEL INPUTS at %s\\n",ctime(&the_time));
Clog("DBG: w_id: %d, d_id: %d, threshold: %d\\n",iSL->w_id,iSL-
>d_id,
iSL->threshold);
break;

other:
Clog("DBG: Txn_type = %d is illegal at
%s\\n",type,ctime(&the_time));
}
return;
}

#endif /* ifdef DEBUG */

-----
/******
*****
***** monitor.e
*****
*****
*****/
/*
** monitor.e -- external definitions for monitor calls -- includes some
** handy #defines for access to the returned
monitor data.

```

```

*/
extern int Snd_Txn_To_Monitor(int);
extern int Init_Monitor();
extern void Rundown_Monitor();

extern struct io_tpcc IO_Data;

extern char *Tpmbuf;

/* Convenient definitions for accessing inputs and outputs */
#define oNO (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.neworder)
#define oPT (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.payment)
#define oOS (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.ordstat)
#define oDY (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.delivery)
#define oSL (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.stocklev)

#define ip (&IO_Data)

#define iNO (&IO_Data.info.neworder)
#define iPT (&IO_Data.info.payment)
#define iOS (&IO_Data.info.ordstat)
#define iDY (&IO_Data.info.delivery)
#define iSL (&IO_Data.info.stocklev)

-----
/******
*****
***** monitor.h
*****
*****
*****/
/*
** monitor.h -- All Tuxedo definitions and storage
**
*/

long ilen;
long olen;

char *svc_names[] = { "NEWORDER_SVC",
"PAYMENT_SVC",
"ORDSTAT_SVC",
"DELIVERY_SVC",
"STOCKLEV_SVC" };

/* The actual IO storage is allocated here as IO_Data. The routines in
screen.c fill this up. The data is copied into Tpmbuf to send to tuxedo.
Data is returned in Tpmbuf. Some #defines are set up here for easy
access/naming of the input and output areas
*/

struct io_tpcc IO_Data;
char *Tpmbuf;

extern void Clog(char *, ...);

#define oNO (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.neworder)
#define oPT (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.payment)
#define oOS (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.ordstat)
#define oDY (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.delivery)
#define oSL (&((struct io_tpcc *) Tpmbuf)->info.stocklev)

#define ip (&IO_Data)
#define iNO (&IO_Data.info.neworder)
#define iPT (&IO_Data.info.payment)
#define iOS (&IO_Data.info.ordstat)
#define iDY (&IO_Data.info.delivery)
#define iSL (&IO_Data.info.stocklev)

```

```

-----
/******
*****
***** socket.h
*****
*****/
/*
** socket.h: Declares stuff used if the screen code is going to take over a
** LAT line and wait for client logins
*/

#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
int tty_in;
int tty_out;
*****
-----
/******
***** clientlog.c
*****
*****
*****/
/*
** clientlog.c -- Routine for writing out messages form client processes -
** useful for detailed error reporting and for
debugging
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdarg.h>

#define BACKTAB 2 /* Decided to use the CTRL B for now */
#define DELETE 127
#define ESCAPE 27
#define LF 10
#define QUIT 3 /* CNTRL-C Key stroke to quit for now */
#define SPACE 32
#define SUBMIT 13 /* Done with screen and submit key: CR */
#define TAB 9
#define RTE_SYNCH_CHARACTER '\1'
/*
#define TPCC_HOME "/usr/users/sybase/kits/tpcc"
*/

static FILE *clientlog;
static int Clog_open=0;

void Clog(char *fmt, ...)
{
char tmpfname[256];
char fname[256]="CLIENTLOG";
va_list argp;

if (!Clog_open) {
/*
sprintf(fname,"%s/%s.%d",getenv("TPCC_HOME"),"CLIENTLOG",getpi
d());
sprintf(fname,"%s/CLIENTLOG.%d",TPCC_HOME,getpid());

strcpy(fname,(getenv("TPCC_LOG")));
strncat(fname,"CLIENTLOG.",11);
strcat(fname,getpid());

sprintf(fname,"%s/CLIENTLOG.%d",getenv("TPCC_HOME"),getpid());
*/
clientlog = fopen(fname,"w");
Clog_open = 1;
}
}

va_start(argp, fmt);
vfprintf(clientlog, fmt, argp);
va_end(argp);
fflush(clientlog);
}

void SCREENlog (int *flag,char *screen)
{
char fname[256];
int i,char_ct;

if (!Clog_open) {
sprintf(fname,"%s/%s.%d",getenv("TPCC_HOME"),"CLIENTLOG",getpi
d());
clientlog = fopen(fname,"w");
Clog_open = 1;
}
fprintf(clientlog,"** %d **\n",flag);
char_ct = 0;
fprintf(clientlog,"SCR: ");
for (i = 0; screen[i] != 0; char_ct++,i++) {
switch (screen[i]) {
case BACKTAB: fprintf(clientlog,"<BACKTAB>"); break;
case DELETE: fprintf(clientlog,"<DEL>"); break;
case ESCAPE: fprintf(clientlog,"<ESC>"); break;
case LF: fprintf(clientlog,"<LF>"); break;
case QUIT: fprintf(clientlog,"<^C>");break;
case SUBMIT: fprintf(clientlog,"<CR>"); break;
case TAB: fprintf(clientlog,"<TAB>"); break;
case RTE_SYNCH_CHARACTER:
fprintf(clientlog,"<^A>"); break;
default: fprintf(clientlog,"%c",screen[i]);
}
}
if (char_ct > 192) {
char_ct = 0;
/* fprintf(screenlog,"\n"); */
}
}
fprintf(clientlog,"\n");
fflush(clientlog);
}

void SCREENlog2 (char *screen,int len)
{
char fname[256];
int char_ct;

if (!Clog_open) {
sprintf(fname,"%s/%s.%d",getenv("TPCC_HOME"),"CLIENTLOG",getpi
d());
clientlog = fopen(fname,"w");
Clog_open = 1;
}
fprintf(clientlog,"SCR: %d chars: ",len);
for (char_ct = 0; char_ct < len; char_ct++) {
switch (screen[char_ct]) {
case BACKTAB: fprintf(clientlog,"<BACKTAB>"); break;
case DELETE: fprintf(clientlog,"<DEL>"); break;
case ESCAPE: fprintf(clientlog,"<ESC>"); break;
case LF: fprintf(clientlog,"<LF>"); break;
case QUIT: fprintf(clientlog,"<^C>");break;
case SUBMIT: fprintf(clientlog,"<CR>"); break;
case TAB: fprintf(clientlog,"<TAB>"); break;
case RTE_SYNCH_CHARACTER:
fprintf(clientlog,"<^A>"); break;
default: fprintf(clientlog,"%c",screen[char_ct]);
}
}
}
fprintf(clientlog,"\n");
fflush(clientlog);
}
}
-----

```

```

/*****
*****
***** syserr.c
*****
*****/
/*
** syserr.c -- Call for exiting program and printing and error message to
** the screen
**
*/

#include <stdio.h>

void syserr(msg) /* print system call error message and terminate */
char *msg;
{
    extern int errno, sys_nerr;
    extern char *sys_errlist[];
    extern char tty_name[];

    fprintf(stderr, "\007ERROR: (%s) %s (%d)", tty_name, msg, errno);
    if (errno > 0 && errno < sys_nerr)
        fprintf(stderr, ":%s\n", sys_errlist[errno]);
    else
        fprintf(stderr, ")\n");
    rundown (0);
}
-----

```

TPC-C Tuxedo Server Code

```

/*****
*****
***** services.c
*****
*****/
/*
** services.c -- Code for each Tuxedo services.
**
**
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "tpcc.h"
#include "db_funcs.e"
#include <atmi.h>
#include "services.h"

int tpsvrinit(argc,argv)
int argc;
char **argv;
{
    #ifdef DEBUG
        printf("DBG: In tpsvrinit\n");
    #endif

    if (DBinit("tpcc") != 0) {
        printf("ERR: Problems occurred in DBinit for database \n");
        return (-1);
    }
}

void
tpsvrdone()

```

```

{
    #if DEBUG
        printf("In tpsvrdone\n");
    #endif

    DBdone();
}

NEWORDER_SVC (tbuf)
TPSVCINFO *tbuf;
{
    int status;

    IOptr = (struct io_tpcc *)tbuf->data;

    #ifdef DEBUG
        printf("DBG: In NEWORDER_SVC with Customer: %d\n",
            iNO->c_id);
        printf("DBG: Type %d\n",xact_type);
    #endif

    /* Call database routine */
    status = neworder_rpc(iNO,oNO);
    /* Check for errors */
    if (tperno) {
        userlog ("%s",tpstrerror(tperno));
        tpreturn(TPFAIL,status,NULL,0,0);
    }

    /* Return to client */
    tpreturn(TPSUCCESS,status,(char *)IOptr,sizeof(struct io_tpcc),0);
}

PAYMENT_SVC (tbuf)
TPSVCINFO *tbuf;
{
    int status;

    IOptr = (struct io_tpcc *) tbuf->data;

    #ifdef DEBUG
        printf("DBG: In PAYMENT_SVC with Name: %s ID: %d\n",
            ipt->c_last,iPT->c_id);
        tperno = 0;
    #endif

    /* Call database routine */
    if (ipt->byname)
        status = payment_byname_rpc(iPT,oPT);
    else
        status = payment_byid_rpc(iPT,oPT);

    /* Check for errors */
    if (tperno) {
        userlog ("%s",tpstrerror(tperno));
        tpreturn(TPFAIL,status,NULL,0,0);
    }

    /* Return to client */
    tpreturn(TPSUCCESS,status,(char *) IOptr,sizeof(struct io_tpcc),0);
}

ORDSTAT_SVC (tbuf)
TPSVCINFO *tbuf;
{
    int status;

    IOptr = (struct io_tpcc *) tbuf->data;

```

```

tperno = 0;
#endif

/* Call database routine */
status = stocklev_rpc(iSL,oSL);
/* Check for errors */
if (tperno) {
    userlog ("%s",tpstrerror(tperno));
    tpreturn(TPFAIL,status,NULL,0,0);
}

/* Return to client */
tpreturn(TPSUCCESS,status,(char *)IOptr,sizeof(struct io_tpcc),0);
}

-----
/*****
*****
***** services.h
*****
*****/
/*
** services.h -- definitions for services.c
*/

#define iNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define iPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define iOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define iDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define iSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define oNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define oPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define oOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define oDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define oSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define xact_type IOptr->type

struct io_tpcc *IOptr;

-----
/*****
*****
***** services.e
*****
*****/
/*
** services.e -- external definitions from services -- includes handy
** defines
** for accesses to the IO data structure
*/

#define iNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define iPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define iOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define iDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define iSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define oNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define oPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define oOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define oDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define oSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define xact_type IOptr->type

struct io_tpcc *IOptr;
-----

#ifndef DEBUG
printf("DBG: In ORDSTAT_SVC with Name: %s ID: %d\n",
    iOS->c_last,iOS->c_id);
tperno = 0;
#endif

/* Call database routine */
if (iOS->byname)
    status = ordstat_byname_rpc(iOS,oOS);
else
    status = ordstat_byid_rpc(iOS,oOS);

/* Check for errors */
if (tperno) {
    userlog ("%s",tpstrerror(tperno));
    tpreturn(TPFAIL,status,NULL,0,0);
}

#ifndef DEBUG
Slog("balance = %f\n",oOS->c_balance);
#endif

/* Return to client */
tpreturn(TPSUCCESS,status,(char *) IOptr,sizeof(struct io_tpcc),0);
}

DELIVERY_SVC (tbuf)
TPSVCINFO *tbuf;
{

    int status;

    IOptr = (struct io_tpcc *) tbuf->data;

#ifndef DEBUG
printf("DBG: In DELIVERY_SVC with carrier_no: %d\n",iDY-
    >o_carrier_id);
#endif

    status = delivery_rpc(iDY,oDY);

/* Check for errors */
/*
if (tperno) {
    userlog ("%s",tpstrerror(tperno));
    tpreturn(TPFAIL,status,NULL,0,0);
}
*/
tpreturn(TPSUCCESS,status,NULL,0,0);
}

STOCKLEV_SVC (tbuf)
TPSVCINFO *tbuf;
{

    int status;

    IOptr = (struct io_tpcc *) tbuf->data;

#ifndef DEBUG
printf("DBG: In STOCKLEV_SVC with District: %d\n",
    iSL->d_id);

```

```

tperno = 0;
#endif

/* Call database routine */
status = stocklev_rpc(iSL,oSL);
/* Check for errors */
if (tperno) {
    userlog ("%s",tpstrerror(tperno));
    tpreturn(TPFAIL,status,NULL,0,0);
}

/* Return to client */
tpreturn(TPSUCCESS,status,(char *)IOptr,sizeof(struct io_tpcc),0);
}

-----
/*****
*****
***** services.h
*****
*****/
/*
** services.h -- definitions for services.c
*/

#define iNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define iPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define iOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define iDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define iSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define oNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define oPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define oOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define oDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define oSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define xact_type IOptr->type

struct io_tpcc *IOptr;

-----
/*****
*****
***** services.e
*****
*****/
/*
** services.e -- external definitions from services -- includes handy
** defines
** for accesses to the IO data structure
*/

#define iNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define iPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define iOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define iDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define iSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define oNO (&IOptr->info.neworder)
#define oPT (&IOptr->info.payment)
#define oOS (&IOptr->info.ordstat)
#define oDY (&IOptr->info.delivery)
#define oSL (&IOptr->info.stocklev)

#define xact_type IOptr->type

struct io_tpcc *IOptr;
-----

```

```

/*****
*****
***** sybase_funcs.c
*****
*****
*****/
/*
** sybase_funcs.c -- Calls to the sybase stored procedures
**/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/timers.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sybfront.h>
#include <sybdb.h>
#include "tpcc.h"
#include "sybase_funcs.h"
#include "services.h"

#ifdef TPMONITOR
#include "screen.e"
int xact_type;
#endif

DBDATETIME      syb_datetime;
DBDATETIME      syb_date;

void sybdate2datetime(DBDATETIME * sybdate, char * datetime)
{
    DBDATEREC      daterec;

    dbdatecrack(NULL, &daterec, sybdate);

    sprintf(datetime, "%02d-%02d-%04d %02d:%02d:%02d",
            daterec.datedmonth,
            daterec.datemonth+1,
            daterec.dateyear,
            daterec.datehour,
            daterec.dateminute,
            daterec.datesecond);
}

void sybdate2date(DBDATETIME * sybdate, char * date)
{
    DBDATEREC      daterec;

    dbdatecrack(NULL, &daterec, sybdate);

    sprintf(date, "%02d-%02d-%04d",
            daterec.datedmonth,
            daterec.datemonth+1,
            daterec.dateyear);
}

int DBinit()
{
    char dbname[128];
    char *p;
    int i;
    LOGINREC *login;

    dberrhandle(err_handler);
    dbmsghandle(msg_handler);
    login = dblogin();

    DBSETLUSER(login, USER);
    DBSETLPACKET(login,4096);
    /*
    DBSETLCHARSET(login, getenv("CHARSET"));
    */

    /* Open a dbproc */
    if ((dbproc = dbopen(login, (char *)SERVER )) == NULL)

```

```

{
    printf("DBG: Fatal : Could not open connection\n");
    return(-1);
}

#ifdef DEBUG
printf("DBG: Completed dbopen\n");
i = JAN_1_1992;
printf("JAN 1 1992 = %s\n",ctime(&i));
#endif

if ((p = (char *)getenv("TPCC_DBNAME")) == NULL)
    strcpy(dbname,"tpcc0",5);
else strcpy(dbname,p);

/* Use the the right database */
dbuse(dbproc, dbname);

return OKAY;
}

DBdone() {

    dbexit();

}

#ifdef TPMONITOR
Do_DBtxn(int txn_type) {

    int status;
    struct io_tpcc *iptr;
    struct io_tpcc *optr;
    struct io_payment *ptptr;
    struct io_ordstat *osptr;

    iptr = &io_data.io.input;
    optr = &io_data.io.output;

    xact_type = iptr->type;

    switch (txn_type) {
        case NEWORDER:
            status = neworder_rpc((struct io_neworder *) &iptr->info,
                (struct io_neworder *) &optr->info);
            break;
        case PAYMENT:
            ptptr = (struct io_payment *) &iptr->info;
            if (ptptr->byname)
                status = payment_byname_rpc((struct io_payment *) &iptr->info,
                    (struct io_payment *) &optr->info);
            else
                status = payment_byid_rpc((struct io_payment *) &iptr->info,
                    (struct io_payment *) &optr->info);
            break;
        case ORDSTAT:
            osptr = (struct io_ordstat *) &iptr->info;
            if (osptr->byname)
                status = ordstat_byname_rpc((struct io_ordstat *) &iptr->info,
                    (struct io_ordstat *) &optr->info);
            else
                status = ordstat_byid_rpc((struct io_ordstat *) &iptr->info,
                    (struct io_ordstat *) &optr->info);
            break;
        case DELIVERY:
            /* If we do this without the TP monitor we have to change this so it queues
            */
            status = delivery_rpc((struct io_delivery *) &iptr->info,
                (struct io_delivery *) &optr->info);
            break;
        case STOCKLEV:
            status = stocklev_rpc((struct io_stocklev *) &iptr->info,
                (struct io_stocklev *) &optr->info);
            break;
    }
}

```

```

}

return;
}

#endif /* ifndef TPMONITOR */
int neworder_rpc(struct io_neworder *INO,struct io_neworder *ONO)
{
    int    try;

    xact_type = NEWORDER;

#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif
    for (try=0; try<MAXTRIES; try++)
    {
        if (try > 0) display_xction("Repeating NO");

        deadlock = 0;
        if (new_order_body(INO,ONO) != TRUE) break;;
        dbcancel(dbproc);
        sleep_before_retry();
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");
}

int new_order_body (struct io_neworder *INO, struct io_neworder *ONO)
{
    int i;

    DBINT retcode;

    deadlock = 0;

    if (INO->o_all_local)
        dbrpcinit(dbproc, "neworder_local", 0);
    else
        dbrpcinit(dbproc, "neworder_remote", 0);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &(INO->w_id));
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &INO->d_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT4, -1, -1, &INO->c_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &INO->o_ol_cnt);

    for(i = 0; i < (int)INO->o_ol_cnt; i++)
    {
        dbrpcparam(dbproc,NULL,0,SYBINT4,-1,-1, &INO-
        >o_ol[i].ol_i_id);
        if (!INO->o_all_local)
            dbrpcparam(dbproc,NULL,0,SYBINT2,-1,-1, &INO-
            >o_ol[i].ol_supply_w_id);
        dbrpcparam(dbproc,NULL,0,SYBINT2,-1,-1, &INO-
            >o_ol[i].ol_quantity);
    }

    if (dbrpcsend(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;
    if (dbsqlok(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;

    ONO->status = OKAY;

    for (i = 0; i < (int)INO->o_ol_cnt; i++)
    {
        if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock)
            return TRUE;
        else
        {
            dbbind(dbproc, 1, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(ONO-
            >o_ol[i].i_name),
                ONO->o_ol[i].i_name);
            dbbind(dbproc, 2, FLT8BIND, 0, &ONO->o_ol[i].i_price);
            dbbind(dbproc, 3, INTBIND, 0, &ONO->o_ol[i].s_quantity);
            dbbind(dbproc, 4, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(ONO->o_ol[i].b_g),
                ONO->o_ol[i].b_g);
            if (dbnextrow(dbproc) != REG_ROW) return TRUE;
            if(ONO->o_ol[i].i_name[0] == '\0')
            {
                ONO->status = ITEM_ERROR;
                display_xction("Invalid item in");
                bad_items++; /*
            }
            if (dbcanquery(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
        }
        if (dbhasretstat(dbproc))
        {
            if ((retcode = dbretstatus(dbproc)) == -3)
            {
                deadlock = 1;
                printf("Deadlock victim:");
            }
            else if (retcode<0)
            {
                fprintf(stderr, "Unknown return status %d:", retcode);
                printf("");
            }
            return TRUE;
        }
        /*
        total_amount += i_price * ol[i].quantity;
        */
    }

    if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
    dbbind(dbproc, 1, REALBIND, 0, &ONO->w_tax);
    dbbind(dbproc, 2, REALBIND, 0, &ONO->d_tax);
    dbbind(dbproc, 3, INTBIND, 0, &ONO->o_id);
    dbbind(dbproc, 4, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(ONO->c_last),ONO-
    >c_last);
    dbbind(dbproc, 5, REALBIND, 0, &ONO->c_discount);
    dbbind(dbproc, 6, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(ONO->c_credit),ONO-
    >c_credit);
    dbbind(dbproc, 7, DATETIMEBIND, 0,
        &syb_datetime);
    if (dbnextrow(dbproc) != REG_ROW || deadlock) return TRUE;
    if (dbcanquery(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
    sybdate2datetime(&syb_datetime, ONO->o_entry_d);

    return FALSE;
}

int payment_byid_rpc ()
{
    int try;

    xact_type = PAYMENT;

#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif
    for (try=0; try<MAXTRIES; try++)
    {
        if (try>0) display_xction("Repeating");

        if (payment_byid_begin() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        if (payment_end() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");
}

int payment_byid_begin ()
{

```

```

deadlock = 0;
dbrpcinit(dbproc, "payment_byid", 0);
dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iPT->w_id);
dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iPT->c_w_id);
dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBFLT8, -1, -1, &iPT->h_amount);
dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iPT->d_id);
dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iPT->c_d_id);
dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT4, -1, -1, &iPT->c_id);
return (dbrpcsend(dbproc) == SUCCEED ? FALSE : TRUE);
}

int payment_byname_rpc ()
{
    int try;

    xact_type = PAYMENT + 100;

#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif

    for (try=0; try<MAXTRIES; try++)
    {
        if (try>0) display_xction("Repeating");

        if (payment_byname_begin() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        if (payment_end() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");
}

int payment_byname_begin ()
{
    deadlock = 0;
    dbrpcinit(dbproc, "payment_byname", 0);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iPT->w_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iPT->c_w_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBFLT8, -1, -1, &iPT->h_amount);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iPT->d_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iPT->c_d_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBCHAR, -1, strlen(iPT->c_last), iPT-
>c_last);
    return (dbrpcsend(dbproc) == SUCCEED ? FALSE : TRUE);
}

int payment_end ()
{
    if (dbsqlok(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;
    if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock)
        return TRUE;
    else
    {
        dbbind(dbproc, 1, INTBIND, 0, &oPT->c_id);
        dbbind(dbproc, 2, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_last), oPT-
>c_last);
        dbbind(dbproc, 3, DATETIMEBIND, 0, &syb_datetime);
        dbbind(dbproc, 4, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->w_street_1),
oPT->w_street_1);
        dbbind(dbproc, 5, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->w_street_2),
oPT->w_street_2);
        dbbind(dbproc, 6, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->w_city), oPT-
>w_city);
        dbbind(dbproc, 7, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->w_state), oPT-
>w_state);
        dbbind(dbproc, 8, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->w_zip), oPT-
>w_zip);
        dbbind(dbproc, 9, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->d_street_1),
oPT->d_street_1);
        dbbind(dbproc, 10, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->d_street_2),
oPT->d_street_2);
        dbbind(dbproc, 11, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->d_city), oPT-
>d_city);
        dbbind(dbproc, 12, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->d_state), oPT-
>d_state);
        dbbind(dbproc, 13, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->d_zip), oPT-
>d_zip);

        dbbind(dbproc, 14, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_first), oPT-
>c_first);
        dbbind(dbproc, 15, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_middle),
oPT->c_middle);
        dbbind(dbproc, 16, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_street_1),
oPT->c_street_1);
        dbbind(dbproc, 17, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_street_2),
oPT->c_street_2);
        dbbind(dbproc, 18, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_city), oPT-
>c_city);
        dbbind(dbproc, 19, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_state), oPT-
>c_state);
        dbbind(dbproc, 20, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_zip), oPT-
>c_zip);
        dbbind(dbproc, 21, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_phone), oPT-
>c_phone);
        dbbind(dbproc, 22, DATETIMEBIND, 0, &syb_date);
        dbbind(dbproc, 23, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_credit),
oPT->c_credit);
        dbbind(dbproc, 24, FLT8BIND, 0, &oPT->c_credit_lim);
        dbbind(dbproc, 25, REALBIND, 0, &oPT->c_discount);
        dbbind(dbproc, 26, FLT8BIND, 0, &oPT->c_balance);
        dbbind(dbproc, 27, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oPT->c_data), oPT-
>c_data);
        if (dbnextrow(dbproc) != REG_ROW || deadlock) return TRUE;
        if (dbcanquery(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
        sybdate2datetime(&syb_datetime, oPT->h_date);
        sybdate2date(&syb_date, oPT->c_since);
    }
    return FALSE;
}

int ordstat_byid_rpc()
{
    int try;

    xact_type = ORDSTAT;

#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif

    for (try=0; try<MAXTRIES; try++)
    {
        if (try>0) display_xction("Repeating");

        if (order_status_byid_begin() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        if (order_status_end() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");
}

int order_status_byid_begin ()

```

```

{
    deadlock = 0;
    dbrpcinit(dbproc, "order_status_byid", 0);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iOS->w_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iOS->d_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT4, -1, -1, &iOS->c_id);
    return (dbrpcsend(dbproc) == SUCCEED ? FALSE : TRUE);
}

int ordstat_byname_rpc ()
{
    int try;

    xact_type = ORDSTAT + 100;
#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif

    for (try=0; try<MAXTRIES; try++)
    {
        if (try>0) display_xction("Repeating");

        if (order_status_byname_begin() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        if (order_status_end() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");
}

int order_status_byname_begin ()
{
    deadlock = 0;
    dbrpcinit(dbproc, "order_status_byname", 0);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iOS->w_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iOS->d_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBCHAR, -1, strlen(iOS->c_last), iOS-
>c_last);
    return (dbrpcsend(dbproc) == SUCCEED ? FALSE : TRUE);
}

int order_status_end ()
{
    struct status_order_line temp_ol;
    int i;

    if (dbsqlok(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;

    if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock)
        return TRUE;
    else {
        dbbind(dbproc, 1, INTBIND, 0,
&temp_ol.ol_supply_w_id);
        dbbind(dbproc, 2, INTBIND, 0, &temp_ol.ol_i_id);
        dbbind(dbproc, 3, INTBIND, 0, &temp_ol.ol_quantity);
        dbbind(dbproc, 4, FLT8BIND, 0, &temp_ol.ol_amount);
        dbbind(dbproc, 5, DATETIMEBIND, 0,
&syb_date);
        for (i = 0; (code = dbnextrow(dbproc)) == REG_ROW &&
!deadlock ; i++)
        {
            sybdate2date(&syb_date, temp_ol.ol_delivery_d);
            memcpy(&oOS->s_ol[i], &temp_ol, sizeof(struct
status_order_line));
        }
        oOS->o_l_cnt = i;
        if (code != NO_MORE_ROWS || deadlock) return TRUE;
    }
}

}

if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock)
    return TRUE;
else
{
    dbbind(dbproc, 1, INTBIND, 0, &oOS->c_id);
    dbbind(dbproc, 2, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oOS->c_last),
oOS->c_last);
    dbbind(dbproc, 3, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oOS->c_first),
oOS->c_first);
    dbbind(dbproc, 4, NTBSTRINGBIND, sizeof(oOS-
>c_middle), oOS->c_middle);
    dbbind(dbproc, 5, FLT8BIND, 0, &oOS->c_balance);
    dbbind(dbproc, 6, INTBIND, 0, &oOS->o_id);
    dbbind(dbproc, 7, DATETIMEBIND, 0,
&syb_datetime);
    dbbind(dbproc, 8, INTBIND, 0, &oOS->o_carrier_id);
    if (dbnextrow(dbproc) != REG_ROW || deadlock) return TRUE;
    if (dbcquery(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
    sybdate2datetime(&syb_datetime, oOS->o_entry_d);
}

return FALSE;
}

int delivery_rpc ()
{
    int try, d_id, o_id[11], rollback;
    static char outbuf[1000];
    char *p;
    static int delivery_no = 1;
    static time_t t;

    xact_type = DELIVERY;
#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif

    p = outbuf;

    p += sprintf(p, "@W_ID: %2d, O_CARRIER_ID: %3d, Queued: %s",
iDY->w_id, iDY->o_carrier_id, ctime(&iDY->queue_time));

    for (d_id = 1, try = 0; try < MAXTRIES; try++) {
        if (try > 0) display_xction("Resuming");
        if (delivery_body(d_id, o_id) == TRUE) {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");

    rollback = 0;

    for (d_id=1; d_id<=10; d_id++) {
        if (o_id[d_id] != 0)
            p += sprintf(p, "D_ID: %2d, O_ID: %5d\n", d_id, o_id[d_id]);
        else {
            p += sprintf(p, "D_ID %2d, O_ID: No outstanding order\n", d_id);
            rollback += 1;
        }
    }

    time(&t);
    p += sprintf (p, " Rollbacks: %d\n", rollback);
    p += sprintf (p, " End: %s\n", ctime(&t));
    printf("%s", outbuf);
}

int delivery_body (d_id, o_id)

```



```

int d_id;
int o_id[];
{
    deadlock = 0;

    dbrpcinit(dbproc, "delivery", 0);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iDY->w_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iDY->o_carrier_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &d_id);

    if (dbrpcsend(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;
    if (dbsqlok(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;

    for (; d_id <= 10; d_id++)
    {
        if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
        dbbind(dbproc, 1, INTBIND, 0, &o_id[d_id]);
        if (dbnextrow(dbproc) != REG_ROW || deadlock) return TRUE;
        if (dbcquery(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
        if (dbhasretstat(dbproc) && dbretstatus(dbproc) != 0) return TRUE;
    }

    return FALSE;
}

int stocklev_rpc()
{
    int try;

    xact_type = STOCKLEV;

#ifdef DEBUG
    display_xction(" *** DEBUG ***");
#endif
    for (try = 0; try < MAXTRIES; try++)
    {
        if (try > 0) display_xction("Repeating");

        if (stock_level_body() == TRUE)
        {
            dbcancel(dbproc);
            sleep_before_retry();
            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
    if (try >= MAXTRIES) display_xction("Failed");
}

int stock_level_body ()
{
    int iid, uniq[500];
    int i, j, count;

    deadlock = 0;
    dbrpcinit(dbproc, "stock_level", 0);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iSL->w_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT1, -1, -1, &iSL->d_id);
    dbrpcparam(dbproc, NULL, 0, SYBINT2, -1, -1, &iSL->threshold);
    if (dbrpcsend(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;
    if (dbsqlok(dbproc) != SUCCEED) return TRUE;

    if (dbresults(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;
    dbbind(dbproc, 1, INTBIND, 0, &iid);
    count=0;
    while (dbnextrow(dbproc) == REG_ROW && !deadlock)
    {
        for (j=0; j<count; j++)
            if (iid == uniq[j]) break;
        if (j >= 500)
            display_xction("Too many rows returned by");
        else
            uniq[count++] = iid;
    }
    if (deadlock) return TRUE;
}

```

```

    if (dbcquery(dbproc) != SUCCEED || deadlock) return TRUE;

#ifdef DEBUG
    printf(" *** DEBUG *** low_stock = %d\n", oSL->low_stock);
#endif

    oSL->low_stock = count;
    return FALSE;
}

void ins_rpc()
{
    dbfcmd(dbproc, "insert into foo values(%d, 'kjhkjhkjhkjhkjh)", w_id);
    dbsqlxec(dbproc);
    dbresults(dbproc);
}

void sleep_before_retry ()
{
    sleep(irand()%3+1);
}

#ifndef lint
static char *sddsId = "@(#) error.c 1.1 4/30/91 19:47:32";
#endif /* ! lint */

/*
** error.c: 1.1      4/30/91   19:47:32
**      Standard error handler for RungenII and supporting code
**
**      HMS [04/30/91]
**
*/

/* message numbers that we don't want to deal with */
#define DUMB_MESSAGE 5701
#define ABORT_ERROR 6104

int
err_handler(dbproc, severity, errno, oserr)
    DBPROCESS *dbproc;
    int severity;
    int errno;
    int oserr;
{
    /* changing databases message */
    if (errno == DUMB_MESSAGE || errno ==
        ABORT_ERROR)
        return(INT_CANCEL);
    printf("ERRNO: %d, XACT_TYPE: %d\n", errno, xact_type);
    printf("\nDB-LIBRARY Error: \n\t%s \txact_type %d\n",
        dberrstr(errno),
        xact_type);
    if (oserr != DBNOERR)
        printf("\nO/S Error: \n\t%s \txact_type: %d\n",
            dboserrstr(oserr),
            xact_type);

    /* exit on any error */
    display_xction("ERROR");

    return(INT_CANCEL);
}

int
msg_handler(dbproc, msgno, msgstate, severity, msgtext, servername, procna
me, line)
    DBPROCESS *dbproc;
    int msgno;
    int msgstate;
    int severity;
    char *msgtext;
    char *servername;
}

```

```

char      *procname;
int       line;
{
    /* changing database messages */
    if (msgno == DUMB_MESSAGE || msgno ==
ABORT_ERROR || msgno == 5703 ||
msgno == 5704 ||
    msgno == 2409)
        return(SUCCESS);

    /* Is this a deadlock message */
    if (msgno == 1205)
    {
        /* Set the deadlock indicator */
        /* *((DBBOOL *) dbgetuserdata(dbproc)) =
TRUE; */
        printf("\nDeadlock occurred %d\n",xact_type);
        display_xction("DEADLOCK");
        deadlock = 1;
        return(SUCCESS);
    }

    printf("\nMSG: no %d at line %d of severity %d \n%s",
msgno, line, severity,msgtext);
    printf("\nxact_type: %d %d\n", xact_type, deadlock);
    display_xction(servername);

    /* exit on any error */

    return (0);
}

void display_xction(msg)
char * msg;
{
    int i;

    if (xact_type > 100) xact_type -= 100;

    switch(xact_type)
    {
    case NEWORDER:
        printf("%s NEWORDER \n",msg);
        printf("DBG: w_id: %d, d_id: %d, c_id: %d o_ol_cnt: %d\n",
            iNO->w_id,iNO->d_id, iNO->c_id, iNO->o_ol_cnt);
        for (i=0; i < iNO->o_ol_cnt; i++)
            printf("DBG: ol_i_id: %d, ol_supply_w_id: %d, ol_quantity: %d\n",
                iNO->o_ol[i].ol_i_id,iNO->o_ol[i].ol_supply_w_id,
                iNO->o_ol[i].ol_quantity);
        break;
    case PAYMENT:
        printf("%s PAYMENT \n",msg);
        printf("DBG: byname: %d, w_id: %d, d_id: %d\n", iPT->byname,
            iPT->w_id,iPT->d_id);
        printf("DBG: c_last: %s ",iPT->c_last);
        printf(" c_id: %d",iPT->c_id);
        printf(" c_w_id: %d, c_d_id: %d\n",iPT->c_w_id,iPT->c_d_id);
        printf("DBG: h_amount: %f\n",iPT->h_amount);
        break;
    case ORDSTAT:
        printf("%s ORDER STATUS \n",msg);
        printf("DBG: w_id: %d, d_id: %d\n",iOS->w_id,iOS->d_id);
        printf("DBG: byname: %d, c_id: %d, c_last: %s\n",
            iOS->byname,iOS->c_id,iOS->c_last);
        break;
    case DELIVERY:
        printf("%s DELIVERY \n",msg);
        printf("DBG: w_id: %d, o_carrier_id: %d\n",iDY->w_id,iDY-
>o_carrier_id);
        break;
    case STOCKLEV:
        printf("%s STOCK LEVEL\n",msg);
        printf("DBG: w_id: %d, d_id: %d, threshold: %d\n",iSL->w_id,iSL-
>d_id,
            iSL->threshold);
        break;
    other:
        printf("DBG: Txn_type = %d is illegal\n",xact_type);
    }
}
-----
/*
*****
***** sybase_funcs.h
*****
*****/
*/
** sybase_funcs.h -- definitions used by sybase_funcs.c
*/

/* #define PARANOID */
/* #define SORT_LINES */
#ifdef PARANOID
#define FlushRows(dbproc)   dbcanquery(dbproc)
#define Cancel(dbproc)     dbcancel(dbproc)
#else
#define FlushRows(dbproc)   {}
#define Cancel(dbproc)     {}
#endif

#define smaller(x,y) (x<y ? x : y)

#define MaxTries 5
#define SERVER    NULL
#define USER      "sa"
#define LINES_PER_CALL 15
#define MAXTRIES 1

#define JAN_1_1992 694242000

void sleep_before_retry();

int oc_status;

extern char filler[];
/*
extern DBFLT8 balance;
extern DBSMALLINT num_ware;
*/
extern char del_tab[9];
extern char proc_name[20];
extern int max_ware;

extern struct io_tpc *IOptr;

int err_handler();
int msg_handler();
void display_xction(char *);

int deadlock;

int bad_items;

int code;

int o_ol_done,o_ol_now;
double tax_n_discount;
BOOLEAN commit_flag;

DBPROCESS *dbproc;
*****
-----
#if ! lint
static char *sddsId = "@(#) error.c 1.1 4/30/91 19:47:32";

```

```

#endif /* ! lint */

/*
** Confidential property of Sybase, Inc.
** (c) Copyright Sybase, Inc. 1991
** All rights reserved
*/

/*
** error.c: 1.1      4/30/91   19:47:32
**      Standard error handler for RungenII and supporting code
**
**      HMS [04/30/91]
*/

/* Required standard include files */
#include <stdio.h>

/* Required Sybase include files */
#include <sybfront.h>
#include <sybdb.h>

/* message numbers that we don't want to deal with */
#define DUMB_MESSAGE 5701
#define ABORT_ERROR 6104

int
err_handler(dbproc, severity, errno, oserr)
    DBPROCESS *dbproc;
    int severity;
    int errno;
    int oserr;
{
    /* changing databases message */
    if (errno == DUMB_MESSAGE || errno ==
ABORT_ERROR)
        return(INT_CANCEL);

    fprintf(stderr,"DB-LIBRARY Error:
\n\t%s\n",dberrstr(errno));

    if (oserr != DBNOERR)
        fprintf(stderr,"O/S Error:
\n\t%s\n",dbserrstr(oserr));

    /* exit on any error */
    exit(-100);
}

int
msg_handler(dbproc,msgno,msgstate,severity,msgtext,servername,procna
me,line)
    DBPROCESS *dbproc;
    int msgno;
    int msgstate;
    int severity;
    char *msgtext;
    char *servername;
    char *procname;
    int line;
{
    /* changing database messages */
    if (msgno == DUMB_MESSAGE || msgno ==
ABORT_ERROR || msgno == 5703 ||
msgno == 5704)
        return(SUCCESS);

    /* Is this a deadlock message */
    if (msgno == 1205)
    {
        /* Set the deadlock indicator */
        *((DBBOOL *) dbgetuserdata(dbproc)) = TRUE;

        /* Sleep a few seconds before going back */
        sleep((unsigned) 2);
        return(SUCCESS);

```

```

}

fprintf(stderr, "msg no %d -\n%s", msgno, msgtext);

/* exit on any error */
exit(-101);
}
-----

/*****
*****
***** random.c
*****
*****/

/*
** random.c -- contains all the random functions needed for TPC-C
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <math.h>
#define SCO

/*#include <sys/time.h> */
#ifdef SCO
#include <timers.h>
#endif

#define DAY_AND_TIME 0
#define DAY_ONLY 1

void LastName(int, char *);
int NURandomNumber(int, int, int, int);
void MakeDate(char *,int);
void MakeAddress(char *, char *, char *, char *, char *);
int RandomNumber(int,int);
int MakeAlphaString(int, int, char *);
int MakeNumberString(int, int, char *);

typedef int I32; /* 32 bit integer on ALL Sun/VAX hardware.
Change this for each platform. */

#define A 16807
#define M 2147483647
#define Q 127773 /* M div A */
#define R 2836 /* M mod A */

static I32 Seed = 1; /* seed value for all functions */

double drand48();

void MakeAddress(str1, str2, city, state, zip)
    char str1[20+1];
    char str2[20+1];
    char city[20+1];
    char state[2+1];
    char zip[9+1];
{
    MakeAlphaString(10,20,str1);
    MakeAlphaString(10,20,str2);
    MakeAlphaString(10,20,city);
    MakeAlphaString(2,2,state);
    MakeNumberString(9,9,zip);
}

```

```

void LastName(num, name)
/******
***
Lastname generates a lastname from a number.
*****
***/
int num;
char name[20+1];
{
int i;
static char *n[] = {"BAR", "OUGHT", "ABLE", "PRI", "PRES",
"ESE", "ANTI", "CALLY", "ATION", "EING"};

strcpy(name, n[(num/100)%10]);
strcat(name, n[(num/10) %10]);
strcat(name, n[(num/1) %10]);
}

int MakeNumberString(min, max, num)
int min;
int max;
char num[];
{
static char digit[]="0123456789";
int length;
int i;

length = RandomNumber(min, max);

for (i=0; i<length; i++)
num[i] = digit[RandomNumber(0,9)];
num[length] = '\0';

return length;
}

int MakeAlphaString(min, max, str)
int min;
int max;
char str[];
{
static char character[] =
/***
"abcdefghijklmnopqrstvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
123456789"; */
"abcdefghijklmnopqrstvwxyz";
int length;
int i;

length = RandomNumber(min, max);

for (i=0; i<length; i++)
str[i] = character[RandomNumber(0, sizeof(character)-2)];
str[length] = '\0';

return length;
}

Original(str)
char str[];
{
int pos;
int len;

len = strlen(str);
if (len < 8) return;

pos = RandomNumber(0,len-8);

str[pos+0] = 'O';
str[pos+1] = 'R';
str[pos+2] = 'T';
str[pos+3] = 'G';

```

```

str[pos+4] = 'I';
str[pos+5] = 'N';
str[pos+6] = 'A';
str[pos+7] = 'L';
}

RandomPermutation(perm, n)
int perm[];
int n;
{
int i, r, t;

/* generate the identity permutation to start with */
for (i=1; i<=n; i++)
perm[i] = i;

/* randomly shuffle the permutation */
for (i=1; i<=n; i++)
{
r = RandomNumber(i, n);
t = perm[i]; perm[i] = perm[r]; perm[r] = t;
}
}

int RandomNumber(min, max)
int min;
int max;
{
int r;
r = (int)(drand48() * (max - min + 1)) + min;
return r;
}

int NURandomNumber(a, c, min, max)
int a;
int c;
int min;
int max;
{
int r;

r = ((RandomNumber(0, a) | RandomNumber(min, max)) + c)
% (max - min + 1) + min;

return r;
}

void MakeDate(date, time_length)
char *date;
int time_length;

{
/* struct timespec time; */
#ifdef SCO
time_t time;
#else
struct timeval time;
#endif
struct tm calendar_time;
/* struct timezone tzp; /* Tareef */
char timestr[64];
#ifdef SCO
time(&time);
calendar_time = *(localtime(&time));
#else
getclock(1,&time);
calendar_time = *(localtime(&time));
#endif

```

```

if (time_length = DAY_ONLY)
    strftime(date, 11, "%d-%m-%Y",&calendar_time);
else
    strftime(date, 21, "%d-%m-%Y %H:%M:%S",&calendar_time);
}

/*****
*****
*
*
* random -
*
* Implements a GOOD pseudo random number generator. This
generator
*
* will/should? run the complete period before repeating.
*
*
* Copied from:
*
* Random Numbers Generators: Good Ones Are Hard to Find.
*
* Communications of the ACM - October 1988 Volume 31 Number 10
*
*
* Machine Dependencies:
*
* I32 must be 2 ^ 31 - 1 or greater.
*
*
*
*****
*****
/
/

/*****
*****
*
*
*
* seed - load the Seed value used in irand and drand. Should be used
before
*
* first call to irand or drand.
*
*****
*****
/
void
seed( val )
int val;
{
    if ( val < 0 )
        val = abs(val);

    Seed = val;
}

/*****
*****
*
*
* irand - returns a 32 bit integer pseudo random number with a period of
*
* 1 to 2 ^ 32 - 1.
*
* parameters:
* none.
*
*

```

```

* returns:
* 32 bit integer - defined as I32 ( see above ).
*
* side effects:
* seed get recomputed.
*****
*****/

I32
irand()
{
    register I32 s; /* copy of seed */
    register I32 test; /* test flag */
    register I32 hi; /* tmp value for speed */
    register I32 lo; /* tmp value for speed */

    s = Seed;

    hi = s / Q;
    lo = s % Q;

    test = A * lo - R * hi;

    if ( test > 0 )
        Seed = test;
    else
        Seed = test + M;

    return( Seed );
}

/*****
*****
*
*
* drand - returns a double pseudo random number between 0.0 and 1.0.
*
* See irand.
*****
*****/

double
drand()
{
    return( (double)irand() / 2147483647.0);
}

-----

/*****
*****
*
*
* random.e*****
*****
*****/

/*
** random.e -- external declarations and definitions for random.c
*/

#define DAY_AND_TIME 0
#define DAY_ONLY 1

#ifndef _RANDOM_E_
#define _RANDOM_E_

extern void LastName(int, char *);
extern int NURandomNumber(int, int, int, int);
extern void MakeDate(char *,int);
extern void MakeAddress(char *, char *, char *, char *, char *);
extern int RandomNumber(int,int);
extern int MakeAlphaString(int, int, char *);
extern int MakeNumberString(int, int, char *);

#endif /* _RANDOM_E_ */

```

TPC-C Application Makefile

```
# change the all: target depending on what tpcc environment you want to build
```

```
# Generic variables
```

```
OPT = -O2
#OPT = -O2 -Kpentium
#DEBUG = -DDEBUG
#DEBUG = -g3
SHR = -non_shared
LAT = -DSOCKET
```

```
#NOTE: Get rid of this definition if you're running without the tpmonitor
MONITOR = -DTPMONITOR
```

```
CFLAGS = $(OPT) $(DEBUG) $(SHR) $(MONITOR) $(LAT)
```

```
#Tuxedo specific variables
```

```
TUXDIR = /usr/opt/tuxedo
TUXINC = $(TUXDIR)/include
#TUXLDLFLAGS = -L$(TUXDIR)/lib
TUX_SERVICES =
DELIVERY_SVC,ORDSTAT_SVC,NEWORDER_SVC,STOCKLEV_SV
C,PAYMENT_SVC
BUILDSVR = $(TUXDIR)/bin/buildserver -v -b shm
```

```
#ODBC specific variables
```

```
ODBC = /usr/users/client/kits/tpcc/scocode/odbcdir
ODBCINC = $(ODBC)/include
ODBCLIB = $(ODBC)/lib
ODBCLDLFLAGS = -L$(ODBCLIB) -lodb_s -lins_s
ODBCCLFLAGS = -I$(ODBCINC) -DVG_UNIX
```

```
#Sybase specific variables
```

```
SYBDIR = /sybase
SYBINC = $(SYBDIR)/include
SYBLIB = $(SYBDIR)/lib
SYBCFLAGS = -I$(SYBINC)
SYBLDFLAGS = -L$(SYBLIB) -lsybdb -lm -lc -ldnet_stub
```

```
#all: msodbc_noptm deliverer kill_deliverer
```

```
#all: tpcc_client mssql_server
```

```
#all: tpcc_client sybase_server
```

```
all: tpcc_client sybase_server
```

```
#Build specific variables
```

```
#####
#### generic TPCC client #####
#### -- connects through Tuxedo #####
#####
CLIENT_OBJS = tpcc.o monitor.o screen.o \
               syserr.o clientlog.o
CLIENT_CFLAGS = $(CFLAGS) -I$(TUXINC)
CLIENT_LDFLAGS =
```

```
tpcc_client: $(CLIENT_OBJS)
               buildclient -v -f '$(CLIENT_OBJS) $(CFLAGS)
$(CLIENT_LDFLAGS)' -o @$
               echo "made tpcc_client with monitor calls"
```

```
#####
#### TPCC client with canned data #####
#### returned -- no monitor call #####
#####
CLIENT_LOOP_OBJS = tpcc.o screen.o syserr.o \
                   clientlog.o loopback_funcs.o random.o
CLIENT_LOOP_CFLAGS = $(CFLAGS)
CLIENT_LOOP_LDFLAGS =
```

```
tpcc_loopback_client: $(CLIENT_LOOP_OBJS)
                      cc $(CLIENT_LOOP_OBJS) -o tpcc_client
$(CLIENT_LOOP_CFLAGS)$
                      echo "made tpcc_client to loopback without monitor calls"
```

```
#####
#### ODBC client without monitor #####
#### and ODBC deliverer #####
#####
MSODBC_NOTPM_OBJS = tpcc.o screen.o syserr.o \
                   clientlog.o msodbc_funcs.o random.o delfifo.o
MSODBC_NOTPM_CFLAGS = $(CFLAGS) $(ODBCCLFLAGS)
MSODBC_NOTPM_LDFLAGS = $(ODBCLDLFLAGS)
```

```
MSODBC_DEL_OBJS = deliverer.o delfifo.o msodbc_funcs.o random.o
MSODBC_DEL_CFLAGS = $(CFLAGS) -DDELIVERER
MSODBC_DEL_LDFLAGS = $(ODBCLDLFLAGS)
```

```
msodbc_noptm: $(MSODBC_NOTPM_OBJS)
               cc $(MSODBC_NOTPM_CFLAGS) -o tpcc_client \
                 $(MSODBC_NOTPM_OBJS)
$(MSODBC_DEL_LDFLAGS)
```

```
deliverer: $(MSODBC_DEL_OBJS)
            cc $(MSODBC_DEL_CFLAGS) -o @$
$(MSODBC_DEL_OBJS) $(MSODBC_DEL_LDFLAGS)
```

```
#####
#### generic server definitions #####
#####
SERVER_OBJS = services.o serverlog.o random.o
SERVER_CFLAGS = $(CFLAGS) -DTPMONITOR -I$(TUXINC)
SERVER_LDFLAGS = $(TUXLDLFLAGS) $(SHR)
```

```
#####
#### TPCC server with canned data #####
#### returned from monitor #####
#####
LOOPBACK_SVR_OBJS = $(SERVER_OBJS) loopback_funcs.o
LOOPBACK_SVR_CFLAGS = $(SERVER_CFLAGS)
LOOPBACK_SVR_LDFLAGS = $(SHR)
```

```
tpcc_loopback_server: $(LOOPBACK_SVR_OBJS)
                      $(BUILDSVR) -f '$(LOOPBACK_SVR_LDFLAGS)
$(LOOPBACK_SVR_OBJS)' \
                      -o tpcc_server -s $(TUX_SERVICES)
#                      -s $(SVR_SERVICES) -l '
$(LOOPBACK_SVR_LDFLAGS)'
                      echo "#### Made tpcc_server for loopback"
```

```
#####
#### server for MSOft SQLServer #####
#### using ODBC client #####
#####
MSODBC_SVR_OBJS = $(SERVER_OBJS) msodbc_funcs.o
MSODBC_CFLAGS = $(SERVER_CFLAGS) $(ODBCCLFLAGS)
MSODBC_LDFLAGS = $(SERVER_LDFLAGS) $(ODBCLDLFLAGS)
```

```
#####
#### server for MSOft SQLServer #####
#### using DBLIB client #####
#####
MSSQL_SVR_OBJS = $(SERVER_OBJS) mssql_funcs.o
MSSQL_CFLAGS = $(SERVER_CFLAGS) $(SYBCFLAGS)
MSSQL_LDFLAGS = $(SERVER_LDFLAGS) $(SYBLDFLAGS)
```

```
#####
#### server for Sybase #####
#####
SYB_SVR_OBJS = $(SERVER_OBJS) sybase_funcs.o
SYB_SVR_CFLAGS = $(SERVER_CFLAGS) $(SYBCFLAGS)
SYB_SVR_LDFLAGS = $(SHR) $(SERVER_LDFLAGS)
$(SYBLDFLAGS)
#SYB_SVR_OBJS = $(SERVER_OBJS) sybase_funcs.o
#SYB_SVR_CFLAGS = $(SERVER_CFLAGS) $(SYBCFLAGS)
#SYB_SVR_LDFLAGS = $(SERVER_LDFLAGS) $(SYBLDFLAGS)
```

```

sybase_server: $(SYB_SVR_OBJS)
                echo $(SYB_SVR_OBJS)
#               $(BUILDSVR) -f '$(SYB_SVR_CFLAGS)
$(SYB_SVR_LDFLAGS) $(SYB_SVR_OBJS)' \
#               -s $(TUX_SERVICES)
                $(BUILDSVR) -f '$(SYB_SVR_CFLAGS)
$(SYB_SVR_OBJS)' \
                -o tpcc_server -s $(TUX_SERVICES) -l'
$(SYB_SVR_LDFLAGS)'
                echo "Made tpcc_server for sybase"

kill_deliverer: delfifo.c
                cc -O2 delfifo.c -DKILL_DELIVERER -o kill_deliverer

tpcc_server: $(SVR_OBJECTS)
                $(BUILDSVR) -f '$(SVR_CFLAGS) $(SVR_OBJECTS)' \
                -s $(TUX_SERVICES) -l '$(SVR_LDFLAGS)'

clean:
                rm *.o

deliverer.o: deliverer.c tpcc.h db_funcs.e no_tpm.h
delfifo.o:   delfifo.c
                cc $(CFLAGS) -c $*.c

clientlog.o:
monitor.o:  tpcc.h monitor.h db_funcs.e
                cc $(CLIENT_CFLAGS) -c $*.c

loopback_funcs.o: tpcc.h loopback_funcs.c random.e screen.e no_tpm.h
#               cc $(LOOPBACK_SVR_CFLAGS) -c $*.c

msodbc_funcs.o:  tpcc.h sybase_funcs.h
#               cc $(CFLAGS) $(ODBCFLAGS) -c $*.c

sybase_funcs.o:
                cc $(CFLAGS) $(SYB_SVR_CFLAGS) -c $*.c

random.o:
#screen.o:  tpcc.h screen.h loopback.e monitor.e
screen.o:   tpcc.h screen.h loopback.e monitor.e no_tpm.h
services.o: tpcc.h services.c db_funcs.e
                cc $(SERVER_CFLAGS) -c $*.c

serverlog.o:
syserr.o:
tpcc.o: tpcc.c tpcc.h screen.e monitor.e
.....
.....
-----

```

Sybase Stored Procedures

```

#!/bin/sh -f

# Stored procedure for TPC-C 3.0 on SQL Server 11.0 and later
# Copyright Sybase 1995

isql -Usa -PSPASSWORD <<EOF
use tpcc
go
if exists ( SELECT name FROM sysobjects WHERE name =
'neworder_local' )
        DROP PROC neworder_local
go

CREATE PROC neworder_local (
        @w_id          smallint,
        @d_id          tinyint,
        @c_id          int,
        @o_ol_cnt      tinyint,

        @i_id          int = 0, @ol_qty      tinyint = 0,
        @i_id2         int = 0, @ol_qty2     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id3         int = 0, @ol_qty3     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id4         int = 0, @ol_qty4     tinyint = 0,

```

```

        @i_id5         int = 0, @ol_qty5     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id6         int = 0, @ol_qty6     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id7         int = 0, @ol_qty7     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id8         int = 0, @ol_qty8     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id9         int = 0, @ol_qty9     tinyint = 0,
        @i_id10        int = 0, @ol_qty10    tinyint = 0,
        @i_id11        int = 0, @ol_qty11    tinyint = 0,
        @i_id12        int = 0, @ol_qty12    tinyint = 0,
        @i_id13        int = 0, @ol_qty13    tinyint = 0,
        @i_id14        int = 0, @ol_qty14    tinyint = 0,
        @i_id15        int = 0, @ol_qty15    tinyint = 0
)
as

declare
        @w_tax          real,                @d_tax
        @c_last        char(16),            @c_credit char(2),
        @c_discount    real,
        @commit_flag   tinyint,

        @i_price       real,
        @i_name        char(24),            @i_data
        char(50),

        @s_quantity    smallint,
        @s_ytd         int,
        @s_order_cnt   int,
        @s_dist        char(24),            @s_data
        char(50),
        @s_dist_01     char(24),            @s_dist_02 char(24),
        @s_dist_03     char(24),            @s_dist_04 char(24),
        @s_dist_05     char(24),            @s_dist_06 char(24),
        @s_dist_07     char(24),            @s_dist_08 char(24),
        @s_dist_09     char(24),            @s_dist_10 char(24),

        @ol_number     tinyint,            @o_id
        int,
        @o_entry_ddatetime,                @b_g                char(1)

declare
        @0 tinyint, @1 tinyint, @2 tinyint, @3 tinyint,
        @4 tinyint, @5 tinyint, @6 tinyint, @7 tinyint,
        @8 tinyint, @9 tinyint, @10 tinyint, @11 tinyint,
        @12 tinyint, @13 tinyint, @14 tinyint, @15 tinyint,
        @one smallint,                    @ten smallint,
        @ol_qty_smallint smallint

declare c_no_wdc CURSOR FOR
        SELECT w_tax, d_tax, d_next_o_id,
               c_last, c_discount, c_credit
        FROM    warehouse HOLDLOCK,
               district HOLDLOCK,
               customer (index c_clu prefetch 2
mru) HOLDLOCK

        WHERE   d_w_id      = @w_id
        AND     d_id        = @d_id
        AND     w_id        = d_w_id
        AND     c_w_id      = w_id
        AND     c_d_id      = d_id
        AND     c_id        = @c_id
        FOR UPDATE OF d_next_o_id

declare c_no_is CURSOR FOR
        SELECT i_price, i_name, i_data,
               s_quantity, s_data,
               s_ytd, s_order_cnt,
               /* for
update */
               s_dist_01, s_dist_02, s_dist_03, s_dist_04,
s_dist_05,
               s_dist_06, s_dist_07, s_dist_08, s_dist_09,
s_dist_10

        FROM    item HOLDLOCK,
               stock(index s_clu prefetch 2 lru)

        WHERE   s_w_id = @w_id
        AND     s_i_id = i_id
        AND     i_id = @i_id

```

```

FOR UPDATE OF s_quantity, s_ytd, s_order_cnt
begin
  select @0=@0, @1=1, @2=2, @3=3, @4=4, @5=5,
  @6=6, @7=7, @8=8,
  @9=9, @10=10, @11=11, @12=12, @13=13,
  @14=14, @15=15,
  @one=1, @ten=10

  begin transaction NO

  OPEN c_no_wdc
  FETCH c_no_wdc INTO
    @w_tax, @d_tax, @o_id,
    @c_last, @c_discount, @c_credit
  SELECT @commit_flag= 1
  UPDATE district
  SET d_next_o_id = @o_id + 1
  WHERE CURRENT OF c_no_wdc
  CLOSE c_no_wdc

  SELECT @ol_number = @0
  while (@ol_number < @o_ol_cnt) begin
    SELECT @ol_number = @ol_number + @1

    if @ol_number < @5
      if @ol_number < @3 begin
        if @ol_number >= @2
          SELECT @i_id = @i_id2, @ol_qty = @ol_qty2
        end
        else if @ol_number < @4
          SELECT @i_id = @i_id3, @ol_qty = @ol_qty3
        else
          SELECT @i_id = @i_id4, @ol_qty = @ol_qty4
        else if @ol_number < @9
          if @ol_number < @7
            if @ol_number < @6
              SELECT @i_id = @i_id5, @ol_qty = @ol_qty5
            else
              SELECT @i_id = @i_id6, @ol_qty = @ol_qty6
            else if @ol_number < @8
              SELECT @i_id = @i_id7, @ol_qty = @ol_qty7
            else
              SELECT @i_id = @i_id8, @ol_qty = @ol_qty8
            else if @ol_number < @13
              if @ol_number < @11
                if @ol_number < @10
                  SELECT @i_id = @i_id9, @ol_qty = @ol_qty9
                else
                  SELECT @i_id = @i_id10, @ol_qty =
@ol_qty10
                else if @ol_number < @12
                  SELECT @i_id = @i_id11, @ol_qty = @ol_qty11
                else
                  SELECT @i_id = @i_id12, @ol_qty =
@ol_qty12
                else if @ol_number < @15
                  if @ol_number < @14
                    SELECT @i_id = @i_id13, @ol_qty = @ol_qty13
                  else
                    SELECT @i_id = @i_id14, @ol_qty =
@ol_qty14
                else
                  SELECT @i_id = @i_id15, @ol_qty =
@ol_qty15

                OPEN c_no_is
                FETCH c_no_is INTO
                  @i_price, @i_name, @i_data,
                  @s_quantity, @s_data,
                  @s_ytd, @s_order_cnt,
                  @s_dist_01, @s_dist_02,
@s_dist_03, @s_dist_04, @s_dist_05,
@s_dist_06, @s_dist_07,
@s_dist_08, @s_dist_09, @s_dist_10

```

```

if (@@sqlstatus != 0) begin /* item not
found */
  SELECT @commit_flag = 0
  select
  /* Return to client */
  NULL, NULL, NULL,
  break
end
if @d_id < @5
  if @d_id < @3
    if @d_id < @2 SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_01
  else SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_02
  else if @d_id < @4 SELECT @s_dist =
@s_dist_03
  else SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_04
  else if @d_id < @7
    if @d_id < @6 SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_05
  else SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_06
  else if @d_id < @9
    if @d_id < @8 SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_07
  else SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_08
  else if @d_id < @10 SELECT @s_dist =
@s_dist_09
  else SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_10

  select @ol_qty_smallint = @ol_qty
  if @s_quantity >= @ol_qty_smallint + @ten
    SELECT @s_quantity =
@s_quantity - @ol_qty_smallint
  else
    SELECT @s_quantity =
@s_quantity - @ol_qty_smallint + 91

  UPDATE stock set
    s_quantity = @s_quantity,
    s_ytd = @s_ytd
+ @ol_qty,
@one
WHERE CURRENT OF c_no_is
if (patindex("%ORIGINAL%", @i_data) > 0)
and
(patindex("%ORIGINAL%", @s_data) > 0)
  SELECT @b_g = "B"
else
  SELECT @b_g = "G"

INSERT INTO order_line (
  ol_o_id, ol_d_id, ol_w_id,
  ol_supply_w_id, ol_delivery_d,
  ol_amount, ol_dist_info)
VALUES (
  @o_id, @d_id, @w_id,
  @ol_number, @i_id,
  @ol_qty_smallint,
  @w_id, "19000101",
  @ol_qty * @i_price, @s_dist)

select
/* Return to client */
  @i_name, @i_price, @s_quantity,
  @b_g

CLOSE c_no_is
end

```



```

SELECT @o_entry_d = getdate()
INSERT INTO orders (
    o_id, o_c_id, o_d_id, o_w_id,
    o_entry_d, o_carrier_id, o_ol_cnt, o_all_local)
VALUES (
    @o_id, @c_id, @d_id, @w_id,
    @o_entry_d, -1, @o_ol_cnt, 1)
INSERT INTO new_order (no_o_id, no_d_id, no_w_id)
VALUES (@o_id, @d_id, @w_id)

if (@commit_flag = @1)
    commit transaction NO
else
    rollback transaction NO

select          /* Return to client */
    @w_tax, @d_tax, @o_id, @c_last,
    @c_discount, @c_credit, @o_entry_d

end
go

if exists ( SELECT name FROM sysobjects WHERE name =
'neworder_remote')
    DROP PROC neworder_remote
go
CREATE PROC neworder_remote (
    @w_id          smallint,
    @d_id          tinyint,
    @c_id          int,
    @o_ol_cnt     tinyint,

    @i_id         int = 0, @s_w_id     smallint = 0, @ol_qty
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id2        int = 0, @s_w_id2    smallint = 0, @ol_qty2
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id3        int = 0, @s_w_id3    smallint = 0, @ol_qty3
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id4        int = 0, @s_w_id4    smallint = 0, @ol_qty4
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id5        int = 0, @s_w_id5    smallint = 0, @ol_qty5
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id6        int = 0, @s_w_id6    smallint = 0, @ol_qty6
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id7        int = 0, @s_w_id7    smallint = 0, @ol_qty7
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id8        int = 0, @s_w_id8    smallint = 0, @ol_qty8
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id9        int = 0, @s_w_id9    smallint = 0, @ol_qty9
    tinyint = 0,
    @i_id10       int = 0, @s_w_id10   smallint = 0,
@ol_qty10 tinyint = 0,
    @i_id11       int = 0, @s_w_id11   smallint = 0,
@ol_qty11 tinyint = 0,
    @i_id12       int = 0, @s_w_id12   smallint = 0,
@ol_qty12 tinyint = 0,
    @i_id13       int = 0, @s_w_id13   smallint = 0,
@ol_qty13 tinyint = 0,
    @i_id14       int = 0, @s_w_id14   smallint = 0,
@ol_qty14 tinyint = 0,
    @i_id15       int = 0, @s_w_id15   smallint = 0,
@ol_qty15 tinyint = 0
)
as

declare
    @w_tax          real,          @d_tax
    @c_last         char(16),     @c_credit char(2),
    @c_discount     real,
    @commit_flag   tinyint,

    @i_price       real,
    @i_name        char(24),     @i_data
    char(50),

    @s_quantity    smallint,

```

```

@s_ytd           int,
@s_order_cnt     int,
@s_dist          char(24),     @s_data
    char(50),
@s_dist_01 char(24), @s_dist_02 char(24),
@s_dist_03 char(24), @s_dist_04 char(24),
@s_dist_05 char(24), @s_dist_06 char(24),
@s_dist_07 char(24), @s_dist_08 char(24),
@s_dist_09 char(24), @s_dist_10 char(24),
@s_remote_cnt    int,          @remote
    int,

@s_ol_number     tinyint,     @o_id
    int,
@s_entry_ddatetime, @b_g      char(1)

declare
    @0 tinyint, @1 tinyint, @2 tinyint, @3 tinyint,
    @4 tinyint, @5 tinyint, @6 tinyint, @7 tinyint,
    @8 tinyint, @9 tinyint, @10 tinyint, @11 tinyint,
    @12 tinyint, @13 tinyint, @14 tinyint, @15 tinyint,
    @one smallint, @ten smallint,
    @ol_qty_smallint smallint

declare c_no_wdc CURSOR FOR
    SELECT w_tax, d_tax, d_next_o_id,
    c_last, c_discount, c_credit
    FROM warehouse HOLDLOCK,
    district HOLDLOCK,
    customer (index c_clu prefetch 2
mru) HOLDLOCK
    WHERE d_w_id = @w_id
    AND d_id = @d_id
    AND w_id = d_w_id
    AND c_w_id = w_id
    AND c_d_id = d_id
    AND c_id = @c_id
    FOR UPDATE OF d_next_o_id

declare c_no_is CURSOR FOR
    SELECT i_price, i_name, i_data,
    s_quantity, s_data,
    s_ytd, s_order_cnt, s_remote_cnt, /* for
update */
    s_dist_01, s_dist_02, s_dist_03, s_dist_04,
    s_dist_05,
    s_dist_06, s_dist_07, s_dist_08, s_dist_09,
    s_dist_10
    FROM item HOLDLOCK,
    stock(index s_clu prefetch 2 lru)
HOLDLOCK
    WHERE s_w_id = @s_w_id
    AND s_i_id = i_id
    AND i_id = @i_id
    FOR UPDATE OF s_quantity, s_ytd,
s_order_cnt, s_remote_cnt

begin
    select @0=0, @1=1, @2=2, @3=3, @4=4, @5=5,
    @6=6, @7=7, @8=8,
    @9=9, @10=10, @11=11, @12=12, @13=13,
    @14=14, @15=15,
    @one=1, @ten=10

begin transaction NO

OPEN c_no_wdc
FETCH c_no_wdc INTO
    @w_tax, @d_tax, @o_id,
    @c_last, @c_discount, @c_credit
SELECT @commit_flag = 1
UPDATE district
    SET d_next_o_id = @o_id + 1
    WHERE CURRENT OF c_no_wdc
CLOSE c_no_wdc

SELECT @ol_number = @0
while (@ol_number < @o_ol_cnt) begin

```

```

SELECT @ol_number = @ol_number + @1

if @ol_number < @5
    if @ol_number < @3 begin
        if @ol_number >= @2
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id2, @s_w_id = @s_w_id2, @ol_qty
            = @ol_qty2
        end
    else if @ol_number < @4
        SELECT @i_id = @i_id3, @s_w_id = @s_w_id3, @ol_qty
        = @ol_qty3
    else
        SELECT @i_id = @i_id4, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id4, @ol_qty = @ol_qty4
    else if @ol_number < @9
        if @ol_number < @7
            if @ol_number < @6
                SELECT @i_id = @i_id5, @s_w_id = @s_w_id5, @ol_qty
                = @ol_qty5
            else
                SELECT @i_id = @i_id6, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id6, @ol_qty = @ol_qty6
        else if @ol_number < @8
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id7, @s_w_id = @s_w_id7, @ol_qty
            = @ol_qty7
        else
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id8, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id8, @ol_qty = @ol_qty8
    else if @ol_number < @13
        if @ol_number < @11
            if @ol_number < @10
                SELECT @i_id = @i_id9, @s_w_id = @s_w_id9, @ol_qty
                = @ol_qty9
            else
                SELECT @i_id = @i_id10, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id10, @ol_qty = @ol_qty10
        else if @ol_number < @12
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id11, @s_w_id = @s_w_id11, @ol_qty
            = @ol_qty11
        else
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id12, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id12, @ol_qty = @ol_qty12
    else if @ol_number < @15
        if @ol_number < @14
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id13, @s_w_id = @s_w_id13, @ol_qty
            = @ol_qty13
        else
            SELECT @i_id = @i_id14, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id14, @ol_qty = @ol_qty14
    else
        SELECT @i_id = @i_id15, @s_w_id =
@s_w_id15, @ol_qty = @ol_qty15

OPEN c_no_is
FETCH c_no_is INTO
    @i_price, @i_name, @i_data,
    @s_quantity, @s_data,
    @s_ytd, @s_order_cnt,
@s_remote_cnt,
    @s_dist_01, @s_dist_02,
@s_dist_03, @s_dist_04, @s_dist_05,
    @s_dist_06, @s_dist_07,
@s_dist_08, @s_dist_09, @s_dist_10

if (@@sqlstatus != 0) begin /* item not
found */
    SELECT @commit_flag = 0
    select
/* Return to client */
        NULL, NULL, NULL,
NULL
        break
end

if @d_id < @5
    if @d_id < @3

```

```

        if @d_id < @2
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_01
        else
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_02
        else if @d_id < @4
            SELECT @s_dist =
@s_dist_03
        else
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_04
    else if @d_id < @7
        if @d_id < @6
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_05
        else
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_06
    else if @d_id < @9
        if @d_id < @8
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_07
        else
            SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_08
    else if @d_id < @10
        SELECT @s_dist =
@s_dist_09
    else
        SELECT
@s_dist = @s_dist_10

select @ol_qty_smallint = @ol_qty
if @s_quantity >= @ol_qty_smallint + @ten
    SELECT @s_quantity =
@s_quantity - @ol_qty_smallint
else
    SELECT @s_quantity =
@s_quantity - @ol_qty_smallint + 91

if (@s_w_id = @w_id)
    SELECT @remote = 0
else
    SELECT @remote = 1

UPDATE stock set
    s_quantity = @s_quantity,
    s_ytd = @s_ytd
+ @ol_qty,
    s_remote_cnt =
@s_remote_cnt + @remote,
    s_order_cnt = @s_order_cnt +
@one
WHERE CURRENT OF c_no_is

if (patindex("%ORIGINAL%", @i_data) > 0)
and
    (patindex("%ORIGINAL%", @s_data) > 0)
    SELECT @b_g = "B"
else
    SELECT @b_g = "G"

INSERT INTO order_line (
    ol_o_id, ol_d_id, ol_w_id,
ol_number, ol_i_id,
    ol_supply_w_id, ol_delivery_d,
ol_quantity,
    ol_amount, ol_dist_info)
VALUES (
    @o_id, @d_id, @w_id,
@s_dist_01, @i_id,
@s_w_id, "19000101",
    @ol_qty * @i_price, @s_dist)

select
/* Return to client */
    @i_name, @i_price, @s_quantity,
@s_ytd, @s_order_cnt,
@s_remote_cnt,
@s_dist_01, @s_dist_02,
@s_dist_03, @s_dist_04, @s_dist_05,
@s_dist_06, @s_dist_07,
@s_dist_08, @s_dist_09, @s_dist_10

CLOSE c_no_is

end

SELECT @o_entry_d = getdate()
INSERT INTO orders (
    o_id, o_c_id, o_d_id, o_w_id,
o_entry_d, o_carrier_id, o_ol_cnt, o_all_local)

```

```

VALUES (
    @o_id, @c_id, @d_id, @w_id,
    @o_entry_d, -1, @o_ol_cnt, 0)
INSERT INTO new_order (no_o_id, no_d_id, no_w_id)
VALUES (@o_id, @d_id, @w_id)

if (@commit_flag = @1)
    commit transaction NO
else
    rollback transaction NO

select          /* Return to client */
    @w_tax, @d_tax, @o_id, @c_last,
    @c_discount, @c_credit, @o_entry_d
end
go
if exists (select * from sysobjects where name = 'payment_byid')
    DROP PROC payment_byid
go
CREATE PROC payment_byid
    @w_id          smallint,    @c_w_id
    smallint,
    @h_amount      float,
    @d_id          tinyint,    @c_d_id
    tinyint,
    @c_id          int
as
declare @c_last    char(16)

declare @w_street_1 char(20), @w_street_2
char(20),
    @w_city        char(20), @w_state char(2),
    @w_zip         char(9),  @w_name
char(10),
    @w_ytd         float

declare @d_street_1 char(20), @d_street_2
char(20),
    @d_city        char(20), @d_state char(2),
    @d_zip         char(9),  @d_name
char(10),
    @d_ytd         float

declare @c_first char(16), @c_middle char(2),
    @c_street_1 char(20), @c_street_2 char(20),
    @c_city        char(20), @c_state char(2),
    @c_zip         char(9),  @c_phone char(16),
    @c_since       datetime, @c_credit char(2),
    @c_credit_lim  numeric(12,2),
    @c_balance     float,
    @c_discount    real,
    @c_ytd_payment float,
    @c_payment_cnt smallint, @1
    smallint,
    @data1         char(250), @data2
char(250),
    @c_data_1     char(250), @c_data_2 char(250)

declare @screen_data char(200), @today datetime

declare c_pay_wd CURSOR FOR
SELECT w_street_1, w_street_2, w_city,
    w_state, w_zip, w_name, w_ytd,
    d_street_1, d_street_2, d_city,
    d_state, d_zip, d_name, d_ytd
FROM warehouse HOLDLOCK,
    district HOLDLOCK
WHERE d_w_id = @w_id
AND d_id = @d_id
AND w_id = d_w_id
FOR UPDATE OF w_ytd, d_ytd

declare c_pay_c CURSOR FOR
SELECT c_first, c_middle, c_last, c_street_1, c_street_2,
    c_city, c_state, c_zip, c_phone, c_credit,
    c_credit_lim,

```

```

        c_discount, c_balance - @h_amount,
c_ytd_payment + @h_amount,
        c_payment_cnt + @1, c_since, c_data1, c_data2
FROM customer(index c_clu prefetch 2 mru)
HOLDLOCK
WHERE c_w_id = @c_w_id
AND c_d_id = @c_d_id
AND c_id = @c_id
FOR UPDATE OF c_balance, c_payment_cnt,
c_ytd_payment, c_data1, c_data2

BEGIN TRANSACTION PID
select @1 = 1
OPEN c_pay_wd
FETCH c_pay_wd INTO
    @w_street_1, @w_street_2, @w_city,
    @w_state, @w_zip, @w_name, @w_ytd,
    @d_street_1, @d_street_2, @d_city,
    @d_state, @d_zip, @d_name, @d_ytd
UPDATE district
SET d_ytd = @d_ytd + @h_amount
WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_wd
UPDATE warehouse
SET w_ytd = @w_ytd + @h_amount
WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_wd
CLOSE c_pay_wd

OPEN c_pay_c
FETCH c_pay_c INTO
    @c_first, @c_middle, @c_last, @c_street_1,
    @c_street_2,
    @c_city, @c_state, @c_zip, @c_phone,
    @c_credit, @c_credit_lim,
    @c_discount, @c_balance, @c_ytd_payment,
    @c_payment_cnt,
    @c_since, @data1, @data2

if (@c_credit = "BC")
begin
    SELECT @c_data_2 =
        substring(@data1, 209, 42) +
        substring(@data2, 1, 208),
        @c_data_1 =
        ((convert(char(5), @c_id) +
        convert(char(4), @c_d_id) +
        convert(char(5), @c_w_id) +
        convert(char(4), @d_id) +
        convert(char(5), @w_id)) +
        convert(char(19), convert(numeric(18,2), @h_amount))) +
        substring(@data1, 1, 208),
        @screen_data = substring(@c_data_1, 1, 200)

    UPDATE customer SET
        c_payment_cnt = @c_payment_cnt,
        c_ytd_payment = @c_ytd_payment,
        c_balance = @c_balance,
        c_data1 = @c_data_1, c_data2 =
        @c_data_2
    WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_c
end
else begin
    UPDATE customer SET
        c_payment_cnt =
        @c_payment_cnt,
        c_balance = @c_balance,
        c_ytd_payment =
        @c_ytd_payment
    WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_c
end
CLOSE c_pay_c

/* Create the history record */
SELECT @today = getdate()
INSERT INTO history (
    h_c_id, h_c_d_id, h_c_w_id, h_d_id, h_w_id,
    h_date, h_amount, h_data)

```

```
VALUES (
    @c_id, @c_d_id, @c_w_id, @c_d_id, @w_id,
    @today, @h_amount, (@w_name + " " +
@d_name))
```

```
COMMIT TRANSACTION PID
```

```
select          /* Return to client */
    @c_id,
    @c_last,
    @today,
    @w_street_1,
    @w_street_2,
    @w_city,
    @w_state,
    @w_zip,

    @d_street_1,
    @d_street_2,
    @d_city,
    @d_state,
    @d_zip,

    @c_first,
    @c_middle,
    @c_street_1,
    @c_street_2,
    @c_city,
    @c_state,
    @c_zip,
    @c_phone,
    @c_since,
    @c_credit,
    @c_credit_lim,
    @c_discount,
    @c_balance,
    @screen_data
```

```
go
if exists (select * from sysobjects where name = 'payment_byname')
    DROP PROC payment_byname
```

```
go
CREATE PROC payment_byname
    @w_id          smallint,    @c_w_id
    smallint,
    @h_amount      float,
    @d_id          tinyint,    @c_d_id
    tinyint,
    @c_last        char(16)

as
declare @n          int,        @c_id          int

declare @w_street_1 char(20),  @w_street_2
char(20),
    @w_city        char(20),  @w_state      char(2),
    @w_zip         char(9),   @w_name
char(10),
    @w_ytd         float

declare @d_street_1 char(20),  @d_street_2
char(20),
    @d_city        char(20),  @d_state      char(2),
    @d_zip         char(9),   @d_name
char(10),
    @d_ytd         float

declare @c_first   char(16),  @c_middle char(2),
    @c_street_1   char(20),  @c_street_2 char(20),
    @c_city       char(20),  @c_state      char(2),
    @c_zip        char(9),   @c_phone     char(16),
    @c_since      datetime,  @c_credit    char(2),
    @c_credit_lim numeric(12,2),
    @c_balance    float,
    @c_discount   real,
    @c_ytd_payment float,
    @c_payment_cnt smallint,  @1
smallint,
```

```
@data1          char(250),  @data2
char(250),
@c_data_1       char(250),  @c_data_2 char(250)
```

```
declare @screen_data char(200), @today datetime
```

```
declare c_pay_wd CURSOR FOR
    SELECT w_street_1, w_street_2, w_city,
           w_state, w_zip, w_name, w_ytd,
           d_street_1, d_street_2, d_city,
           d_state, d_zip, d_name, d_ytd
    FROM warehouse HOLDLOCK,
         district HOLDLOCK
    WHERE d_w_id = @w_id
    AND d_id = @d_id
    AND w_id = d_w_id
    FOR UPDATE OF w_ytd, d_ytd
```

```
declare c_pay_c CURSOR FOR
    SELECT c_first, c_middle, c_last, c_street_1, c_street_2,
           c_city, c_state, c_zip, c_phone, c_credit,
           c_credit_lim,
           c_discount, c_balance - @h_amount,
           c_ytd_payment + @h_amount,
           c_payment_cnt + @1, c_since, c_data1, c_data2
    FROM customer(index c_clu prefetch 2 mru)
HOLDLOCK
    WHERE c_w_id = @c_w_id
    AND c_d_id = @c_d_id
    AND c_id = @c_id
    FOR UPDATE OF c_balance, c_payment_cnt,
           c_ytd_payment, c_data1, c_data2
```

```
declare c_find CURSOR FOR
    SELECT c_id
    FROM customer (index c_non1 prefetch 2 mru) HOLDLOCK
    WHERE c_w_id = @c_w_id
    AND c_d_id = @c_d_id
    AND c_last = @c_last
    ORDER BY c_w_id, c_d_id, c_last, c_first, c_id
    FOR READ ONLY
```

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION PNM
    SELECT @n = (count(*)+1)/2
    FROM customer(index c_non1 prefetch 2 mru) HOLDLOCK
    WHERE c_w_id = @c_w_id and
           c_d_id = @c_d_id and
           c_last = @c_last

    OPEN c_find
    while (@n>0) begin
        FETCH c_find INTO @c_id
        SELECT @n = @n-1
    end
    CLOSE c_find
    select @1 = 1
    OPEN c_pay_wd
    FETCH c_pay_wd INTO
        @w_street_1, @w_street_2, @w_city,
        @w_state, @w_zip, @w_name, @w_ytd,
        @d_street_1, @d_street_2, @d_city,
        @d_state, @d_zip, @d_name, @d_ytd
    UPDATE district
        SET d_ytd = @d_ytd + @h_amount
        WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_wd
    UPDATE warehouse
        SET w_ytd = @w_ytd + @h_amount
        WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_wd
    CLOSE c_pay_wd

    OPEN c_pay_c
    FETCH c_pay_c INTO
        @c_first, @c_middle, @c_last, @c_street_1,
        @c_street_2,
        @c_city, @c_state, @c_zip, @c_phone,
        @c_credit, @c_credit_lim,
        @c_discount, @c_balance, @c_ytd_payment,
        @c_payment_cnt,
```

```

@c_since, @data1, @data2

if (@c_credit = "BC")
begin
    SELECT @c_data_2 =
        substring(@data1, 209, 42) +
        substring(@data2, 1, 208),
        @c_data_1 =
        ((convert(char(5), @c_id) +
        convert(char(4), @c_d_id) +
        convert(char(5), @c_w_id) +
        convert(char(4), @d_id) +
        convert(char(5), @w_id)) +
        convert(char(19), convert(numeric(18,2), @h_amount))) +
        substring(@data1, 1, 208),
        @screen_data = substring(@c_data_1, 1, 200)

    UPDATE customer SET
        c_payment_cnt = @c_payment_cnt,
        c_ytd_payment = @c_ytd_payment,
        c_balance = @c_balance,
        c_data1 = @c_data_1, c_data2 =
@c_data_2
    WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_c
end
else begin
    UPDATE customer SET
        c_payment_cnt =
@c_payment_cnt,
        c_balance = @c_balance,
        c_ytd_payment =
@c_ytd_payment
    WHERE CURRENT OF c_pay_c
end
CLOSE c_pay_c

/* Create the history record */
SELECT @today = getdate()
INSERT INTO history (
    h_c_id, h_c_d_id, h_c_w_id, h_d_id, h_w_id,
    h_date, h_amount, h_data)
VALUES (
    @c_id, @c_d_id, @c_w_id, @c_d_id, @w_id,
    @today, @h_amount, (@w_name + " " +
@d_name))

COMMIT TRANSACTION PNM

select /* Return to client */
    @c_id,
    @c_last,
    @today,
    @w_street_1,
    @w_street_2,
    @w_city,
    @w_state,
    @w_zip,

    @d_street_1,
    @d_street_2,
    @d_city,
    @d_state,
    @d_zip,

    @c_first,
    @c_middle,
    @c_street_1,
    @c_street_2,
    @c_city,
    @c_state,
    @c_zip,
    @c_phone,
    @c_since,
    @c_credit,
    @c_credit_lim,
    @c_discount,

```

```

@c_balance,
@screen_data

go
if exists (select * from sysobjects where name = 'order_status_byid')
    DROP PROC order_status_byid

go
CREATE PROC order_status_byid
    @w_id          smallint,
    @d_id          tinyint,
    @c_id          int
as

DECLARE @o_id          int,
        @o_entry_ddatetime,
        @o_carrier_id  smallint

BEGIN TRANSACTION OSID

/* Get the latest order made by the customer */
SELECT @o_id = o_id, @o_carrier_id = o_carrier_id,
        @o_entry_d = o_entry_d
FROM orders (index o_clu prefetch 16 lru)
HOLDLOCK
WHERE o_w_id = @w_id
AND o_d_id = @d_id
AND o_c_id = @c_id

/* Select order lines for the current order */
select /* Return multiple rows to client */
    ol_supply_w_id,
    ol_i_id,
    ol_quantity,
    ol_amount,
    ol_delivery_d
FROM order_line HOLDLOCK
WHERE ol_o_id = @o_id
AND ol_d_id = @d_id
AND ol_w_id = @w_id

select /* Return single row to client */
    @c_id, c_last, c_first, c_middle, c_balance,
    @o_id,
    @o_entry_d,
    @o_carrier_id
FROM customer(index c_clu prefetch 2 mru)
HOLDLOCK
WHERE c_id = @c_id
AND c_d_id = @d_id
AND c_w_id = @w_id

COMMIT TRANSACTION OSID

go
if exists (select * from sysobjects where name = 'order_status_byname')
    DROP PROC order_status_byname

go
CREATE PROC order_status_byname
    @w_id          smallint,
    @d_id          tinyint,
    @c_last        char(16)
as

DECLARE @o_id          int,
        @o_entry_ddatetime,
        @o_carrier_id  smallint

declare @n          int, @c_id          int
declare c_find CURSOR FOR
    SELECT c_id
FROM customer (index c_non1 prefetch 2 mru)
HOLDLOCK
WHERE c_w_id = @w_id
AND c_d_id = @d_id
AND c_last = @c_last
ORDER BY c_w_id, c_d_id, c_last, c_first, c_id
FOR READ ONLY

BEGIN TRANSACTION OSNM

```

```

SELECT @n = (count(*)+1)/2
FROM customer(index c_non1 prefetch 2 mru) HOLDLOCK
WHERE c_w_id = @w_id and
c_d_id = @d_id and
c_last = @c_last

OPEN c_find
while (@n>0) begin
    FETCH c_find INTO @c_id
    SELECT @n = @n-1
end
CLOSE c_find

/* Get the latest order made by the customer */
SELECT @o_id = o_id, @o_carrier_id = o_carrier_id,
@o_entry_d = o_entry_d
FROM orders (index o_clu prefetch 16 lru)
HOLDLOCK
WHERE o_w_id = @w_id
AND o_d_id = @d_id
AND o_c_id = @c_id

/* Select order lines for the current order */
select /* Return multiple rows to client */
    ol_supply_w_id,
    ol_i_id,
    ol_quantity,
    ol_amount,
    ol_delivery_d
FROM order_line HOLDLOCK
WHERE ol_o_id = @o_id
AND ol_d_id = @d_id
AND ol_w_id = @w_id

select /* Return single row to client */
@c_id, c_last, c_first, c_middle, c_balance,
@o_id,
@o_entry_d,
@o_carrier_id
FROM customer(index c_clu prefetch 2 mru)
HOLDLOCK
WHERE c_id = @c_id
AND c_d_id = @d_id
AND c_w_id = @w_id

COMMIT TRANSACTION OSNM
go

use tpcc
go

if exists (select * from sysobjects where name = 'delivery')
    drop proc delivery
go

CREATE PROC delivery
    @w_id smallint,
    @o_carrier_id smallint,
    @d_id tinyint = 1
as

declare @no_o_id int, @o_c_id smallint,
@ol_total float, @ol_amount float,
@junk_id smallint,
@today datetime, @l smallint,
@one tinyint, @ten tinyint

declare c_del_no CURSOR FOR
SELECT no_o_id
FROM new_order (index no_clu) HOLDLOCK
WHERE no_d_id = @d_id
AND no_w_id = @w_id
FOR UPDATE
/*
** The only purpose of the index hint in the above is to ensure
** that the clustered index is used. As it turns out, our optimizer
** chooses the clustered index anyway -- with or without the hint.
*/

declare c_del_ol CURSOR FOR
SELECT ol_amount
FROM order_line HOLDLOCK
WHERE ol_o_id = @no_o_id
AND ol_d_id = @d_id
AND ol_w_id = @w_id
FOR UPDATE OF ol_delivery_d

declare c_del_o CURSOR FOR
SELECT o_c_id, o_carrier_id
FROM orders HOLDLOCK
WHERE o_id = @no_o_id
AND o_d_id = @d_id
AND o_w_id = @w_id
FOR UPDATE OF o_carrier_id

begin
select @l = 1, @one = 1, @ten = 10

while (@d_id <= @ten) begin

    BEGIN TRANSACTION DEL
    OPEN c_del_no
    FETCH c_del_no INTO @no_o_id

    if (@@sqlstatus != 0)
    begin
        COMMIT TRANSACTION DEL
        select NULL
    end
    else
    begin
        DELETE FROM new_order
        WHERE CURRENT OF c_del_no
        CLOSE c_del_no

        SELECT @ol_total = 0.0, @today = getdate()
        OPEN c_del_ol
        FETCH c_del_ol INTO @ol_amount

        while (@@sqlstatus = 0)
        begin
            SELECT @ol_total = @ol_total + @ol_amount
            UPDATE order_line
            SET ol_delivery_d = @today
            WHERE CURRENT OF c_del_ol
            FETCH c_del_ol INTO @ol_amount
        end
        CLOSE c_del_ol

        OPEN c_del_o
        FETCH c_del_o INTO @o_c_id, @junk_id
        UPDATE orders
        SET o_carrier_id = @o_carrier_id
        WHERE CURRENT OF c_del_o
        CLOSE c_del_o

        UPDATE customer
        SET c_balance = c_balance + @ol_total,
            c_delivery_cnt = c_delivery_cnt + @l
        WHERE c_id = @o_c_id
        AND c_d_id = @d_id
        AND c_w_id = @w_id

        COMMIT TRANSACTION DEL

        select /* Return to client */
            @no_o_id
        end
        select @d_id = @d_id + @one
    end
end
go

if exists ( SELECT name FROM sysobjects WHERE name = 'stock_level')

```

```

DROP PROC stock_level
go

CREATE PROC stock_level
    @w_id    smallint,
    @d_id    tinyint,
    @threshold smallint
as
    select s_i_id
    FROM    district,
            order_line (index ol_clu prefetch 2 mru),
            stock (index s_clu prefetch 2 lru)
    WHERE   d_w_id    =        @w_id
    AND     d_id      =        @d_id
    AND     ol_w_id   =        @w_id
    AND     ol_d_id   =        @d_id
    AND     ol_o_id   between (d_next_o_id - 20) and
(d_next_o_id - 1)
    AND     s_w_id   =        ol_w_id
    AND     s_i_id   =        ol_i_id
    AND     s_quantity < @threshold
go
EOF

```

Appendix B

Sybase Device Init and Database Create Code

```
disk init
name = 'orders01',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/orders01',
vdevno = 1,
size = 51200
go
disk init
name = 'orders02',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/orders02',
vdevno = 2,
size = 51200
go
disk init
name = 'orders03',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/orders03',
vdevno = 3,
size = 51200
go
disk init
name = 'orders04',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/orders04',
vdevno = 4,
size = 51200
go
disk init
name = 'history01',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/history01',
vdevno = 5,
size = 358400
go
disk init
name = 'c_idx01',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/c_idx01',
vdevno = 6,
size = 128000
go
disk init
name = 'tpcc_log',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/tpcc_log',
vdevno = 7,
size = 512000
go
disk init
name = 'order_line01',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/order_line01',
vdevno = 8,
size = 409600
go
disk init
name = 'order_line02',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/order_line02',
vdevno = 9,
size = 409600
go
disk init
name = 'order_line03',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/order_line03',
vdevno = 10,
size = 409600
go
disk init
name = 'order_line04',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/order_line04',
vdevno = 11,
size = 409600
go
disk init
```

```
name = 'stock01',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock01',
vdevno = 12,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock02',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock02',
vdevno = 13,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock03',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock03',
vdevno = 14,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock04',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock04',
vdevno = 15,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock05',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock05',
vdevno = 16,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock06',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock06',
vdevno = 17,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock07',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock07',
vdevno = 18,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock08',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock08',
vdevno = 19,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock09',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock09',
vdevno = 20,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock10',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock10',
vdevno = 21,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock11',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock11',
vdevno = 22,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock12',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock12',
vdevno = 23,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock13',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock13',
vdevno = 24,
size = 116224
go
```



```

disk init
name = 'stock14',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock14',
vdevno = 25,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock15',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock15',
vdevno = 26,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock16',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock16',
vdevno = 27,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock17',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock17',
vdevno = 28,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock18',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock18',
vdevno = 29,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock19',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock19',
vdevno = 30,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock20',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock20',
vdevno = 31,
size = 116224
go
disk init
name = 'stock21',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/stock21',
vdevno = 32,
size = 204800
go
disk init
name = 'customer01',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer01',
vdevno = 33,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer02',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer02',
vdevno = 34,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer03',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer03',
vdevno = 35,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer04',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer04',
vdevno = 36,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer05',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer05',
vdevno = 37,
size = 122880

go
disk init
name = 'customer06',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer06',
vdevno = 38,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer07',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer07',
vdevno = 39,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer08',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer08',
vdevno = 40,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer09',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer09',
vdevno = 41,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer10',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer10',
vdevno = 42,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer11',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer11',
vdevno = 43,
size = 122880
go
disk init
name = 'customer12',
physname = '/tpcc_devs/customer12',
vdevno = 44,
size = 204800
go
create database tpcc
on master = 500, orders01 = 100, orders02 = 100, orders03 = 100,
orders04 = 100, history01 = 700, c_idx01 = 250, order_line01 = 800,
order_line02 = 800, order_line03 = 800, order_line04 = 800, stock01 =
227, stock02 = 227, stock03 = 227, stock04 = 227, stock05 = 227, stock06
= 227, stock07 = 227, stock08 = 227, stock09 = 227, stock10 = 227,
stock11 = 227, stock12 = 227, stock13 = 227, stock14 = 227, stock15 =
227, stock16 = 227, stock17 = 227, stock18 = 227, stock19 = 227, stock20
= 227, stock21 = 400, customer01 = 240, customer02 = 240, customer03 =
240, customer04 = 240, customer05 = 240, customer06 = 240, customer07
= 240, customer08 = 240, customer09 = 240, customer10 = 240,
customer11 = 240, customer12 = 400
log on tpcc_log = 1000
go
use tpcc
go
sp_addsegment Scache , tpcc , master
go
sp_addsegment Scidx , tpcc , c_idx01
go
sp_addsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer01
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer02
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer03
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer04
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer05
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer06
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer07
go

```

```

sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer08
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer09
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer10
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer11
go
sp_extendsegment Scustomer , tpcc , customer12
go
sp_addsegment Shistory , tpcc , history01
go
sp_addsegment Sorder_line , tpcc , order_line01
go
sp_extendsegment Sorder_line , tpcc , order_line02
go
sp_extendsegment Sorder_line , tpcc , order_line03
go
sp_extendsegment Sorder_line , tpcc , order_line04
go
sp_addsegment Sorders , tpcc , orders01
go
sp_extendsegment Sorders , tpcc , orders02
go
sp_extendsegment Sorders , tpcc , orders03
go
sp_extendsegment Sorders , tpcc , orders04
go
sp_addsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock01
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock02
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock03
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock04
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock05
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock06
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock07
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock08
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock09
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock10
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock11
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock12
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock13
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock14
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock15
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock16
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock17
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock18
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock19
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock20
go
sp_extendsegment Sstock , tpcc , stock21
go
use tpcc
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , c_idx01
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , c_idx01
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer01

```

```

go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer01
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer02
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer02
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer03
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer03
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer04
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer04
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer05
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer05
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer06
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer06
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer07
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer07
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer08
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer08
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer09
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer09
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer10
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer10
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer11
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer11
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , customer12
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , customer12
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , history01
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , history01
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , order_line01
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , order_line01
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , order_line02
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , order_line02
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , order_line03
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , order_line03
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , order_line04
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , order_line04
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , orders01
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , orders01
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , orders02
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , orders02
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , orders03
go

```

```

sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , orders03
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , orders04
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , orders04
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock01
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock01
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock02
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock02
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock03
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock03
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock04
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock04
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock05
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock05
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock06
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock06
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock07
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock07
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock08
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock08
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock09
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock09
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock10
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock10
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock11
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock11
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock12
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock12
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock13
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock13
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock14
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock14
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock15
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock15
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock16
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock16
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock17
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock17
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock18
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock18

```

```

go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock19
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock19
go
sp_dropsegment 'default', tpcc , stock20
go
sp_dropsegment 'system', tpcc , stock20
go
use master
go
checkpoint
go
-----

```

Sybase Table and Index Definition

```
#!/bin/sh -f
```

```
isql -Usa -P$PASSWORD << EOF
```

```
/* This script will create all the tables required for TPC-C benchmark */
```

```
/* It will also create some of the indexes. */
```

```
sp_dboption tpcc,"select into/bulkcopy",true
```

```
go
```

```
use tpcc
```

```
go
```

```
checkpoint
```

```
go
```

```
if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'warehouse' )
```

```
drop table warehouse
```

```
go
```

```
create table warehouse (
```

```
    w_id                smallint,
```

```
    w_name              char(10),
```

```
    w_street_1         char(20),
```

```
    w_street_2         char(20),
```

```
    w_city             char(20),
```

```
    w_state            char(2),
```

```
    w_zip              char(9),
```

```
    w_tax              real,
```

```
    w_ytd              float                /*-
```

```
Updated by PID, PNM */
```

```
) on Scache
```

```
go
```

```
if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'district' )
```

```
drop table district
```

```
go
```

```
create table district (
```

```
    d_id                tinyint,
```

```
    d_w_id              smallint,
```

```
    d_name              char(10),
```

```
    d_street_1         char(20),
```

```
    d_street_2         char(20),
```

```
    d_city             char(20),
```

```
    d_state            char(2),
```

```
    d_zip              char(9),
```

```
    d_tax              real,
```

```
    d_ytd              float                /*-
```

```
Updated by PID, PNM */
```

```
    d_next_o_id        int                /*-
```

```
Updated by NO */
```

```
) on Scache
```

```
go
```

```
if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'customer' )
```

```
drop table customer
```

```
go
```

```
create table customer (
```

```
    c_id                int,
```

```
    c_d_id              tinyint,
```

```
    c_w_id              smallint,
```

```
    c_first             char(16),
```

```
    c_middle            char(2),
```

```

        c_last          char(16),
        c_street_1     char(20),
        c_street_2     char(20),
        c_city         char(20),
        c_state        char(2),
        c_zip          char(9),
        c_phone        char(16),
        c_since        datetime,
        c_credit       char(2),
        c_credit_lim   numeric(12,2),
        c_discount     real,
        c_delivery_cnt smallint,
        c_payment_cnt  smallint, /*- Updated by PNM,
PID */
        c_balance     float, /*- Updated by PNM,
PID */
        c_ytd_payment float, /*-
Updated by PNM, PID */
        c_data1       char(250), /*- Updated (?) by
PNM, PID */
        c_data2       char(250) /*- Updated (?) by
PNM, PID */
) on Scustomer
go
create unique clustered index c_clu
on customer(c_w_id, c_id, c_d_id)
on Scustomer
go

if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'history' )
drop table history
go
create table history (
        h_c_id          int,
        h_c_d_id       tinyint,
        h_c_w_id       smallint,
        h_d_id         tinyint,
        h_w_id         smallint,
        h_date         datetime,
        h_amount       float,
        h_data         char(24)
) on Shistory
go
/* alter table history unpartition */
alter table history partition 8
go

if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'new_order' )
drop table new_order
go
create table new_order (
        no_o_id        int,
        no_d_id        tinyint,
        no_w_id        smallint,
) on Scache
go
create unique clustered index no_clu
on new_order(no_w_id, no_d_id, no_o_id)
on Scache
go
dbcc tune(ascinserts, 1, new_order)
go
dbcc tune(oamtrips, 100, new_order)
go

if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'orders' )
drop table orders
go
create table orders (
        o_id           int,
        o_c_id         int,
        o_d_id         tinyint,
        o_w_id         smallint,
        o_entry_d      datetime,
        o_carrier_id   smallint, /*- Updated by D */
        o_ol_cnt       tinyint,
        o_all_local    tinyint
) on Sorders
go

create unique clustered index o_clu
on orders(o_w_id, o_d_id, o_id)
on Sorders
go

dbcc tune(ascinserts, 1, orders)
go
dbcc tune(oamtrips, 100, orders)
go

if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'order_line' )
drop table order_line
go
create table order_line (
        ol_o_id        int,
        ol_d_id        tinyint,
        ol_w_id        smallint,
        ol_number     tinyint,
        ol_i_id        int,
        ol_supply_w_id smallint,
        ol_delivery_d  datetime, /*- Updated by D */
        ol_quantity   smallint,
        ol_amount     float,
        ol_dist_info  char(24)
) on Sorder_line
go
create unique clustered index ol_clu
on order_line(ol_w_id, ol_d_id, ol_o_id, ol_number)
on Sorder_line
go
dbcc tune(ascinserts, 1, order_line)
go
dbcc tune(oamtrips, 100, order_line)
go

if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'item' )
drop table item
go
create table item (
        i_id           int,
        i_im_id        int,
        i_name         char(24),
        i_price        float,
        i_data         char(50)
) on Scache
go
create unique clustered index i_clu
on item(i_id)
on Scache
go
dbcc tune(indextrips, 10, item)
go

if exists ( select name from sysobjects where name = 'stock' )
drop table stock
go
create table stock (
        s_i_id        int,
        s_w_id        smallint,
        s_quantity   smallint, /*- Updated by NO */
        s_ytd         int, /*-
Updated by NO */
        s_order_cnt  smallint, /*- Updated by NO */
        s_remote_cnt smallint, /*- Updated by NO */
        s_dist_01    char(24),
        s_dist_02    char(24),
        s_dist_03    char(24),
        s_dist_04    char(24),
        s_dist_05    char(24),
        s_dist_06    char(24),
        s_dist_07    char(24),
        s_dist_08    char(24),
        s_dist_09    char(24),
)

```

```

                s_dist_10 char(24),
                s_data      char(50)
) on Sstock
go
create unique clustered index s_clu
    on stock(s_i_id, s_w_id)
    on Sstock
go
dbcc tune(indextrips, 10, stock)
go

checkpoint
go
EOF
-----

```

Sybase Cache Binding

```

#!/bin/sh -f

isql -Usa -P$PASSWORD << EOF

use master
go
sp_dboption tpcc, "single user", true
go

use tpcc
go
checkpoint
go

/*
** Cache c_log
*/

sp_bindcache "c_log", "tpcc", "syslogs"
go

/*
** Cache c_tinyhot
*/

sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "sysindexes"
go
sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "sysindexes.sysindexes"
go

use master
go
sp_dboption tpcc, "single user", false
go

use tpcc
go
checkpoint
go

/*
** Cache c_tinyhot (continued)
*/

sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "item"
go
sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "item.i_clu"
go
sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "warehouse"
go
sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "warehouse.w_clu"
go
sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "district"
go
sp_bindcache "c_tinyhot", "tpcc", "district.d_clu"
go

```

```

/*
** Cache c_no_ol
*/

sp_bindcache "c_no_ol", "tpcc", "new_order"
go
sp_bindcache "c_no_ol", "tpcc", "new_order.no_clu"
go
sp_bindcache "c_no_ol", "tpcc", "order_line"
go

/*
** Cache c_ol_index
*/

sp_bindcache "c_ol_index", "tpcc", "order_line.ol_clu"
go

/*
** Cache c_orders
*/

sp_bindcache "c_orders", "tpcc", "orders"
go
sp_bindcache "c_orders", "tpcc", "orders.o_clu"
go

/*
** Cache c_stock_index
*/

sp_bindcache "c_stock_index", "tpcc", "stock.s_clu"
go

/*
** Cache c_stock
*/

sp_bindcache "c_stock", "tpcc", "stock"
go

/*
** Cache c_customer
*/

sp_bindcache "c_customer", "tpcc", "customer"
go
sp_bindcache "c_customer_index", "tpcc", "customer.c_clu"
go
sp_bindcache "c_customer_index", "tpcc", "customer.c_non1"
go

EOF
-----

```

Sybase Data Load

```

typedef unsigned long BitVector;
#define WSZ (sizeof(BitVector)*8)
/* For axposf use WAREBATCH of 150 */
#define WAREBATCH 150
#define nthbit(map,n) map[(n)/WSZ] &
(((BitVector)0x1)<< ((n)%WSZ))
#define setbit(map,n) map[(n)/WSZ] |=
(((BitVector)0x1)<< ((n)%WSZ))

/*****
*
Load TPCC tables
*****/
/
#include "stdio.h"

```

```

#include "string.h"
#include "loader.h"

int load_item;
int load_warehouse;
int load_district;
int load_history;
int load_orders;
int load_new_order;
int load_order_line;
int load_customer;
int load_stock;
ID w1, w2;
ID warehouse;
int batch_size = 1000;
char password[10];

int main(argn, argv)
    int argn;
    char **argv;
{
    /* Setup to use the dblib version 10 for numeric datatypes */
    dbsetversion(DBVERSION_100);

    getargs(argn, argv);
    Randomize();

    if (load_item)          LoadItems();
    if (load_warehouse)    LoadWarehouse(w1, w2);
    if (load_district)     LoadDistrict(w1, w2);
    if (load_history)      LoadHist(w1, w2);
    if (load_customer)     LoadCustomer(w1, w2);
    if (load_stock)        LoadStock(w1, w2);
    if (load_orders)       LoadOrd(w1, w2);
    if (load_new_order)    LoadNew(w1, w2);
    return 0;
}

Warehouse

*****
*****
*****/

ID w_id;
TEXT w_name[10+1];
TEXT w_street_1[20+1];
TEXT w_street_2[20+1];
TEXT w_city[20+1];
TEXT w_state[2+1];
TEXT w_zip[9+1];
FLOAT w_tax;
MONEY w_ytd;

int bulk_w;

LoadWarehouse(w1, w2)
    ID w1, w2;
{
    begin_warehouse_load();
    for (warehouse=w1; warehouse<=w2; warehouse++)
    {
        printf("Loading warehouse for warehouse %d\n",
warehouse);
    }
}

w_id = warehouse;
MakeAlphaString(6, 10, w_name);
MakeAddress(w_street_1, w_street_2, w_city,
w_state, w_zip);

w_tax = RandomNumber(10, 20) / 100.0;
w_ytd = 300000.00;

warehouse_load();

printf("loaded warehouse for warehouse %d\n",
warehouse);
}
end_warehouse_load();
return;
}

begin_warehouse_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    bulk_w = bulk_open("tpcc", "warehouse", password);

    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_id", &w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_name", w_name, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_street_1", w_street_1, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_street_2", w_street_2, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_city", w_city, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_state", w_state, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_zip", w_zip, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_tax", &w_tax, FLOAT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_w, i++, "w_ytd", &w_ytd, MONEY_T);
}

warehouse_load()
{
    debug("Loading Warehouse %d\n", w_id);
    bulk_load(bulk_w);
}

end_warehouse_load()
{
    bulk_close(bulk_w);
}

District

*****
*****
*****/

ID d_id;
ID d_w_id;
TEXT d_name[10+1];
TEXT d_street_1[20+1];
TEXT d_street_2[20+1];
TEXT d_city[20+1];
TEXT d_state[2+1];
TEXT d_zip[9+1];
FLOAT d_tax;
MONEY d_ytd;
ID d_next_o_id;

```

```

int bulk_d;

LoadDistrict(w1, w2)
    ID w1, w2;
{
    ID w_id;

    begin_district_load();
    for (w_id=w1; w_id<=w2; w_id++)
    {
        w_id;

        printf("Loading districts for warehouse %d\n",

                d_w_id = w_id;
                d_ytd = 30000.00;
                d_next_o_id = 3001;

                for (d_id = 1; d_id <= DIST_PER_WARE;
                    d_id++)
                {
                    MakeAlphaString(6, 10, d_name);
                    MakeAddress(d_street_1,
                                d_street_2, d_city, d_state, d_zip);
                    d_tax = RandomNumber(10,20) /
                                100.0;

                    district_load();

                    printf("loaded district for warehouse %d\n",
                                w_id);
                }
            end_district_load();
        return;
    }
}

begin_district_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    bulk_d = bulk_open("tpcc", "district", password);

    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_id", &d_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_w_id", &d_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_name", d_name, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_street_1", d_street_1, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_street_2", d_street_2, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_city", d_city, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_state", d_state, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_zip", d_zip, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_tax", &d_tax, FLOAT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_ytd", &d_ytd, MONEY_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_d, i++, "d_next_o_id", &d_next_o_id,
ID_T);
}

district_load()
{
    debug("District %d w_id=%d\n", d_id, d_w_id);
    bulk_load(bulk_d);
}

end_district_load()
{
    bulk_close(bulk_d);
}

```

```

/*****
*****

```

```

*****
*****

Item

*****
*****
*****/

ID i_id;
ID i_im_id;
TEXT i_name[24+1];
MONEY i_price;
TEXT i_data[50+1];

int bulk_i;

LoadItems()
{
    int perm[MAXITEMS+1];
    int i, r, t;

    printf("Loading items\n");

    begin_item_load();

    /* select exactly 10% of items to be labeled "original" */
    RandomPermutation(perm, MAXITEMS);

    /* do for each item */
    for (i_id=1; i_id <= MAXITEMS; i_id++)
    {

        /* Generate Item Data */
        MakeAlphaString(14, 24, i_name);
        i_price = RandomNumber(100,10000) / 100.0;
        MakeAlphaString(26, 50, i_data);
        if (perm[i_id] <= (MAXITEMS+9)/10)
            Original(i_data);

        /* Generate i_im_id for V 3.0 */
        i_im_id = RandomNumber(1, 10000);

        item_load();
    }

    end_item_load();
    return;
}

begin_item_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    bulk_i = bulk_open("tpcc", "item", password);

    /* bind the variables to the sybase columns */
    bulk_bind(bulk_i, i++, "i_id", &i_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_i, i++, "i_im_id", &i_im_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_i, i++, "i_name", i_name, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_i, i++, "i_price", &i_price, MONEY_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_i, i++, "i_data", i_data, TEXT_T);
}

```

```

item_load()

```

```

{
    debug("i_id=%3d price=%5.2f data=%s\n",
        i_id, i_price, i_data);
    bulk_load(bulk_i);
}

end_item_load()
{
    bulk_close(bulk_i);
}

/*****
*****
*****
*****
History
*****
*****
*****
*****/

ID h_c_id;
ID h_c_d_id;
ID h_c_w_id;
ID h_d_id;
ID h_w_id;
DATE h_date;
MONEY h_amount;
TEXT h_data[24+1];

int bulk_h;

LoadHist(w1, w2)
    ID w1, w2;
{
    ID w_id;
    ID d_id, c_id;

    begin_history_load();
    for (w_id=w1; w_id<=w2; w_id++)
    {
        for (d_id=1; d_id <= DIST_PER_WARE;
            d_id++)
        {
            for (c_id=1; c_id <=
                CUST_PER_DIST; c_id++)
                LoadCustHist(w_id,
                    d_id, c_id);
            printf("\nLoaded history for warehouse %d\n",
                w_id);
        }
    }
    end_history_load();
}

LoadCustHist(w_id, d_id, c_id)
    ID w_id, d_id, c_id;
{
    h_c_id = c_id;
    h_c_d_id = d_id;
    h_c_w_id = w_id;
    h_d_id = d_id;
    h_w_id = w_id;
    h_amount = 10.0;
    MakeAlphaString(12, 24, h_data);
}

datetime(&h_date);
history_load();
}

begin_history_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    bulk_h = bulk_open("tpcc", "history", password);

    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_c_id", &h_c_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_c_d_id", &h_c_d_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_c_w_id", &h_c_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_d_id", &h_d_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_w_id", &h_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_date", &h_date, DATE_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_amount", &h_amount,
        MONEY_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_h, i++, "h_data", h_data, TEXT_T);
}

history_load()
{
    debug("h_c_id=%d h_amount=%g\n", h_c_id, h_amount);
    bulk_load(bulk_h);
}

end_history_load()
{
    bulk_close(bulk_h);
}

/*****
*****
*****
*****
Customer
*****
*****
*****
*****/

/* static variables containing fields for customer record */
ID c_id;
ID c_d_id;
ID c_w_id;
TEXT c_first[16+1];
TEXT c_middle[2+1] = "OE";
TEXT c_last[16+1];
TEXT c_street_1[20+1];
TEXT c_street_2[20+1];
TEXT c_city[20+1];
TEXT c_state[2+1];
TEXT c_zip[9+1];
TEXT c_phone[16+1];
DATE c_since;
TEXT c_credit[2+1] = "?C";
MONEY c_credit_lim = 50000.0; /* is this money or long or float? */
FLOAT c_discount;
MONEY c_balance = -10.0;
MONEY c_ytd_payment = 10.0;
COUNT c_payment_cnt = 1;
COUNT c_delivery_cnt = 0;
TEXT c_data[500+1];
TEXT c_data1[250+1];
TEXT c_data2[250+1];
ID len;

```



```

int bulk_c;

LoadCustomer(w1, w2)
  ID w1, w2;
{
  ID w_id;

  begin_customer_load();
  for (w_id=w1; w_id<=w2; w_id++)
  {
    Customer(w_id);
    printf("\nLoaded customer for warehouse %d\n",
w_id);
  }
  end_customer_load();
}

Customer(w_id)
  int w_id;
{
  BitVector badcredit[DIST_PER_WARE][(3000+WSZ-
1)/WSZ], *bmp;
  int i, j;
  ID d_id;

  /* Mark exactly 10% of customers as having bad credit */
  for (d_id=1; d_id <= DIST_PER_WARE; d_id++)
  {
    bmp = badcredit[d_id-1];
    for (i=0; i<(3000+WSZ-1)/WSZ; i++)
      bmp[i] = (BitVector)0x0000;
    for (i=0; i<(3000+9)/10; i++)
    {
      do {
        j =
RandomNumber(0,3000-1);
      } while (nthbit(bmp,j));
      setbit(bmp,j);
    }
  }

  c_w_id = w_id;
  for (i=0; i<CUST_PER_DIST; i++)
  {
    c_id = i+1;
    for (d_id=1; d_id <= DIST_PER_WARE;
d_id++)
    {
      c_d_id = d_id;

      LastName(i<1000?:NURandomNumber(255,123,0,999),c_la
st);

      MakeAlphaString(8, 16, c_first);

      MakeAddress(c_street_1,c_street_2,c_city,c_state,c_zip);
      MakeNumberString(16, 16,
c_phone);

      MakeAlphaString(300, 500, c_data);
      datetime(&c_since);
      c_credit[0] = nthbit(badcredit[d_id-
1],i) ? 'B' : 'G';

      c_discount = RandomNumber(0, 50)
/ 100.0;

      c_balance = -10.0;
      customer_load();
    }
  }
}

begin_customer_load()
{
  int i = 1;

  bulk_c = bulk_open("tpcc", "customer", password);

  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_id", &c_id, ID_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_d_id", &c_d_id, ID_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_w_id", &c_w_id, ID_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_first", c_first, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_middle", c_middle, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_last", c_last, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "street_1", c_street_1, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "street_2", c_street_2, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_city", c_city,
TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_state", c_state, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_zip", c_zip,
TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_phone", c_phone, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_since", &c_since,
DATE_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_credit", c_credit, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_credit_lim", &c_credit_lim,
MONEY_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_discount", &c_discount,
FLOAT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_delivery_cnt", &c_delivery_cnt,
COUNT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_payment_cnt", &c_payment_cnt,
COUNT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_balance", &c_balance,
MONEY_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_ytd_payment", &c_ytd_payment,
MONEY_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_data_1", c_data1, TEXT_T);
  bulk_bind(bulk_c, i++, "c_data_2", c_data2, TEXT_T);
}

customer_load()
{
  debug("c_id=%-5d d_id=%-5d w_id=%-5d c_last=%s\n",
c_id, c_d_id, c_w_id, c_last);

  /* Break the string c_data into 2 pieces */
  len = strlen(c_data);
  if (len > 250)
  {
    memcpy(c_data1, c_data, 250);
    c_data1[250]='\0';
    memcpy(c_data2, c_data+250, len-250 +1);
  }
  else
  {
    memcpy(c_data1, c_data, 250+1);
    strcpy(c_data2,"");
  }

  /* load the data */
  bulk_load(bulk_c);
}

end_customer_load()
{
  bulk_close(bulk_c);
}

*****
*****
*****

Order, Order line, New order

*****
*****
*****/

```

```

/* Order row */
ID o_id;
ID o_c_id;
ID o_d_id;
ID o_w_id;
DATE o_entry_d;
ID o_carrier_id;
COUNT o_ol_cnt;
LOGICAL o_all_local;

/* Order line row */
ID ol_o_id;
ID ol_d_id;
ID ol_w_id;
ID ol_number;
ID ol_i_id;
ID ol_supply_w_id;
DATE ol_delivery_d;
COUNT ol_quantity;
MONEY ol_amount;
TEXT ol_dist_info[24+1];

/* new order row */
ID no_o_id;
ID no_d_id;
ID no_w_id;

int o_bulk;
int ol_bulk;
int no_bulk;

LoadOrd(w1, w2)
    ID w1, w2;
{
    ID w_id;
    ID d_id;

    begin_order_load();
    begin_order_line_load();
    for (w_id=w1; w_id<=w2; w_id++)
    {
        for (d_id = 1; d_id <= DIST_PER_WARE;
            d_id++)
            Orders(w_id, d_id);

        printf("\nLoaded order + order_line for
warehouse %d\n", w_id);
    }
    end_order_line_load();
    end_order_load();
}

LoadNew(w1, w2)
    ID w1, w2;
{
    ID w_id;
    ID d_id;

    begin_new_order_load();
    for (w_id=w1; w_id<=w2; w_id++)
    {
        for (d_id = 1; d_id <= DIST_PER_WARE;
            d_id++)
        {
            no_d_id = d_id;
            no_w_id = w_id;
            for (no_o_id=2101; no_o_id <=
ORD_PER_DIST; no_o_id++)
                new_order_load();
        }
        printf("\nLoaded new_order for warehouse
%d\n", w_id);
    }
}

end_new_order_load();
}

Orders(w_id, d_id)
    ID w_id;
    ID d_id;
{
    int cust[ORD_PER_DIST+1];
    int ol_cnt[ORD_PER_DIST+1], sum;
    ID ol;

    printf("\nLoading orders and order lines for warehouse %d
district %d\n",
        w_id, d_id);

    RandomPermutation(cust, ORD_PER_DIST);

    for (o_id = 1, sum=0; o_id <= ORD_PER_DIST; o_id++)
        sum += (ol_cnt[o_id] = RandomNumber(5, 15));

    while (sum > 10*ORD_PER_DIST)
    {
        do {
            o_id = RandomNumber(1,ORD_PER_DIST);
        } while (ol_cnt[o_id]==5);
        ol_cnt[o_id]--;
        sum--;
    }

    while (sum < 10*ORD_PER_DIST)
    {
        do {
            o_id = RandomNumber(1,ORD_PER_DIST);
        } while (ol_cnt[o_id]==15);
        ol_cnt[o_id]++;
        sum++;
    }

    for (o_id = 1; o_id <= ORD_PER_DIST; o_id++)
    {
        o_c_id = cust[o_id];
        o_d_id = d_id;
        o_w_id = w_id;
        datetime(&o_entry_d);
        if (o_id <= 2100)
            o_carrier_id = RandomNumber(1,10);
        else o_carrier_id = -1;
        o_ol_cnt = ol_cnt[o_id];
        /* o_ol_cnt = RandomNumber(5, 15); */
        o_all_local = 1;
        order_load();

        for (ol=1; ol<=o_ol_cnt; ol++)
            OrderLine(ol);
    }
}

OrderLine(ol)
    ID ol;
{
    ol_o_id = o_id;
    ol_d_id = o_d_id;
    ol_w_id = o_w_id;
    ol_number = ol;
    ol_i_id = RandomNumber(1, MAXITEMS);
    ol_supply_w_id = o_w_id;
    ol_delivery_d = o_entry_d;
    ol_quantity = 5;
    if (o_id <= 2100) ol_amount = 0;
    else
        ol_amount = RandomNumber(1,
999999) / 100.0;
}

```

```

        MakeAlphaString(24, 24, ol_dist_info);
        order_line_load();
    }

NewOrder(w_id, d_id)
    ID w_id, d_id;
{
    no_d_id = o_d_id;
    no_w_id = o_w_id;
    for (no_o_id=2101; no_o_id <= ORD_PER_DIST;
no_o_id++)
        new_order_load();
}

begin_order_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    o_bulk = bulk_open("tpcc", "orders", password);

    bulk_bind(o_bulk, i++, "o_id", &o_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(o_bulk, i++, "o_c_id", &o_c_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(o_bulk, i++, "o_d_id", &o_d_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(o_bulk, i++, "o_w_id", &o_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(o_bulk, i++, "o_entry_d", &o_entry_d, DATE_T);
    bulk_bind(o_bulk, i++, "o_carrier_id", &o_carrier_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(o_ol_cnt, i++, "o_ol_cnt", &o_ol_cnt,
COUNT_T);
    bulk_bind(o_all_local, i++, "o_all_local", &o_all_local,
LOGICAL_T);
}

order_load()
{
    debug("o_id=%d o_c_id=%d count=%d\n", o_id, o_c_id,
o_ol_cnt);
    bulk_load(o_bulk);
}

end_order_load()
{
    bulk_close(o_bulk);
}

begin_order_line_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    ol_bulk = bulk_open("tpcc", "order_line", password);

    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_o_id", &ol_o_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_d_id", &ol_d_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_w_id", &ol_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_number", &ol_number, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_i_id", &ol_i_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_supply_w_id",
&ol_supply_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_delivery_d", &ol_delivery_d,
DATE_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_quantity", &ol_quantity,
COUNT_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_amount", &ol_amount,
MONEY_T);
    bulk_bind(ol_bulk, i++, "ol_dist_info", ol_dist_info,
TEXT_T);
}

order_line_load()
{

```

```

        static int ol_count = 0;
        debug(" ol_o_id=%d ol_number=%d ol_amount=%g\n",
            ol_o_id, ol_number, ol_amount);
        bulk_load(ol_bulk);
    }

end_order_line_load()
{
    bulk_close(ol_bulk);
}

begin_new_order_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    no_bulk = bulk_open("tpcc", "new_order", password);

    bulk_bind(no_bulk, i++, "no_o_id", &no_o_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(no_bulk, i++, "no_d_id", &no_d_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(no_bulk, i++, "no_w_id", &no_w_id, ID_T);
}

new_order_load()
{
    debug(" no_o_id=%d \n", no_o_id);
    bulk_load(no_bulk);
}

end_new_order_load()
{
    bulk_close(no_bulk);
}

/*****
*****
*****
*****

Stock

*****
*****
*****
*****/

ID s_i_id;
ID s_w_id;
COUNT s_quantity;
TEXT s_dist_01[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_02[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_03[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_04[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_05[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_06[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_07[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_08[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_09[24+1];
TEXT s_dist_10[24+1];
COUNT s_ytd;
COUNT s_order_cnt;
COUNT s_remote_cnt;
TEXT s_data[50+1];

int bulk_s;

/*
** On loading stock in major order of item_id:
** 10% of the MAXITEMS items in each warehouse need to marked as
original
** (i.e., s_data like '%ORIGINAL%') This is a bit harder to do when we
** load by item number, rather than by warehouses. The trick is to first
** generate a huge WAREBATCH * MAXITEMS bitmap, initialize all
bits to zero,

```

```

** and then set 10% of bits in each row to 1. While loading item i in
** warehouse w, we simply lookup bitmap[w][i] to see whether it needs to
** be marked as original.
*/
LoadStock(w1, w2)
    ID w1, w2;
{
    ID w_id;
    BitVector original[WAREBATCH][((MAXITEMS+(WSZ-1))/WSZ)], *bmp;
    int w, i, j;

    if (w2-w1+1 > WAREBATCH)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Can't load stock for %d
warehouses.\n",
                w2-w1+1);
        fprintf(stderr, "Please use batches of %d.\n",
WAREBATCH);
    }

    for (w=w1; w<=w2; w++)
    {
        bmp = original[w-w1];
        /* Mark all items as not "original" */
        for (i=0; i<(MAXITEMS+(WSZ-1))/WSZ; i++)
            bmp[i] = (BitVector)0x0000;
        /* Mark exactly 10% of items as "original" */
        for (i=0; i<(MAXITEMS+9)/10; i++)
        {
            do {
                j =
RandomNumber(0,MAXITEMS-1);
            } while (nthbit(bmp,j));
            setbit(bmp,j);
        }

        printf("Loading stock for warehouse %d to %d.\n", w1, w2);
        begin_stock_load();
        /* do for each item */
        for (s_i_id=1; s_i_id <= MAXITEMS; s_i_id++)
        {
            for (w_id=w1; w_id<=w2; w_id++)
            {
                /* Generate Stock Data */
                s_w_id = w_id;
                s_quantity =
RandomNumber(10,100);
                s_dist_01;
                s_dist_02;
                s_dist_03;
                s_dist_04;
                s_dist_05;
                s_dist_06;
                s_dist_07;
                s_dist_08;
                s_dist_09;
                s_dist_10;

                s_ytd = 0;
                s_order_cnt = 0;
                s_remote_cnt = 0;
                MakeAlphaString(26, 50, s_data);
                if (nthbit(original[w_id-w1],s_i_id-
1))
                {
                    Original(s_data);
                }
                stock_load();
            }
        }
    }
}

end_stock_load();
printf("\nLoaded stock for warehouses %d to %d.\n", w1,
w2);
}

begin_stock_load()
{
    int i = 1;

    bulk_s = bulk_open("tpcc", "stock", password);

    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_i_id", &s_i_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_w_id", &s_w_id, ID_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_quantity", &s_quantity,
COUNT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_ytd", &s_ytd,
COUNT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_order_cnt", &s_order_cnt,
COUNT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_remote_cnt", &s_remote_cnt,
COUNT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_01", s_dist_01, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_02", s_dist_02, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_03", s_dist_03, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_04", s_dist_04, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_05", s_dist_05, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_06", s_dist_06, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_07", s_dist_07, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_08", s_dist_08, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_09", s_dist_09, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_dist_10", s_dist_10, TEXT_T);
    bulk_bind(bulk_s, i++, "s_data", s_data, TEXT_T);
}

stock_load()
{
    debug("s_i_id=%d w_id=%d s_data=%s\n",
s_i_id, s_w_id, s_data);
    bulk_load(bulk_s);
}

end_stock_load()
{
    bulk_close(bulk_s);
}

test(){
}

getargs(argc, argv)

/*****
*****
configure configures the load stuff
By default, loads all the tables for a the specified warehouse.
When loading warehouse 1, also loads the item
table.
*****/
int argc;
char **argv;
{
    char ch;

    /* define the defaults */

```

```

load_item = load_warehouse = load_district = load_history =
load_orders = load_new_order = load_order_line =
load_customer = load_stock = NO;

if (strcmp(argv[1], "warehouse") == 0)
load_warehouse = YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "district") == 0) load_district = YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "stock") == 0) load_stock = YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "item") == 0) load_item = YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "history") == 0) load_history = YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "orders") == 0) load_orders = YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "customer") == 0) load_customer =
YES;
else if (strcmp(argv[1], "new_order") == 0) load_new_order =
YES;
else
{
printf("%s is not a valid table name\n", argv[1]);
exit(0);
}

/* Set the w1 and w2 to argv[2] and argv[3] */
if (argc < 3)
{
printf("Usage: %s <table> <w_first>
[<w_last>]\n", argv[0]);
exit(1);
}
{
w1 = atoi(argv[2]);
if (argc >= 3)
w2 = atoi(argv[3]);
else
w2 = w1;
}

/* Get the password for sa */
if (argc > 4)
strcpy(password,argv[4]);

/* Check if warehouse is within the range */
if (w1 <= 0 || w2 > 1000 || w1 > w2)
{
printf("Warehouse id is out of range\n");
exit(0);
}

double drand48();

MakeAddress(str1, str2, city, state, zip)
TEXT str1[20+1];
TEXT str2[20+1];
TEXT city[20+1];
TEXT state[2+1];
TEXT zip[9+1];
{
MakeAlphaString(10,20,str1);
MakeAlphaString(10,20,str2);
MakeAlphaString(10,20,city);
MakeAlphaString(2,2,state);
MakezipString(0,9999,zip);

/* Changed for TPCC V 3.0 */
strcat(zip, "11111");
}

LastName(num, name)
/*****
***
LastName generates a lastname from a number.

```

```

*****
***/
int num;
char name[20+1];
{
int i;
static char *n[] = {"BAR", "OUGHT", "ABLE", "PRI",
"PRES",
"ESE", "ANTI", "CALLY", "ATION", "EING"};
strcpy(name, n[(num/100)%10]);
strcat(name, n[(num/10) %10]);
strcat(name, n[(num/1) %10]);
}

int MakeNumberString(min, max, num)
int min;
int max;
TEXT num[];
{
static char digit[]="0123456789";
int length;
int i;
length = RandomNumber(min, max);
for (i=0; i<length; i++)
num[i] = digit[RandomNumber(0,9)];
num[length] = '\0';
return length;
}

int MakezipString(min, max, num)
int min;
int max;
TEXT num[];
{
static char digit[]="0123456789";
int length;
int i;
length = 4;
for (i=0; i<length; i++)
num[i] = digit[RandomNumber(0,9)];
num[length] = '\0';
return length;
}

int MakeAlphaString(min, max, str)
int min;
int max;
TEXT str[];
{
static char character[] =
"abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
123456789";
int length;
int i;
length = RandomNumber(min, max);
for (i=0; i<length; i++)
str[i] = character[RandomNumber(0, sizeof(character)-2)];
str[length] = '\0';
return length;
}

```

Original(str)

```

TEXT str[];
{
    int pos;
    int len;

    len = strlen(str);
    if (len < 8) return;

    pos = RandomNumber(0,len-8);

    str[pos+0] = 'O';
    str[pos+1] = 'R';
    str[pos+2] = 'T';
    str[pos+3] = 'G';
    str[pos+4] = 'T';
    str[pos+5] = 'N';
    str[pos+6] = 'A';
    str[pos+7] = 'L';
}

RandomPermutation(perm, n)
    int perm[];
    int n;
{
    int i, r, t;

    /* generate the identity permutation to start with */
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++)
        perm[i] = i;

    /* randomly shuffle the permutation */
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++)
    {
        r = RandomNumber(i, n);
        t = perm[i]; perm[i] = perm[r]; perm[r] = t;
    }
}

int Randomize()
{
    srand48(time(0)+getpid());
}

int RandomNumber(min, max)
    int min;
    int max;
{
    int r;
    r = (int)(drand48() * (max - min + 1)) + min;
    return r;
}

int NURandomNumber(a, c, min, max)
    int a;
    int c;
    int min;
    int max;
{
    int r;

    r = ((RandomNumber(0, a) | RandomNumber(min, max)) + c)
        % (max - min + 1) + min;

    return r;
}
-----
#endif TPCC_INCLUDED
#define TPCC_INCLUDED

#include <sybfront.h>
#include <sybdb.h>
#include <time.h>

/* Population constants */
#ifdef CACHED
#define MAXITEMS 10000
#define CUST_PER_DIST 300
#define DIST_PER_WARE 10
#define ORD_PER_DIST 300
#else
#define MAXITEMS 100000
#define CUST_PER_DIST 3000
#define DIST_PER_WARE 10
#define ORD_PER_DIST 3000
#endif

/* Types of application variables */
typedef int COUNT;
typedef int ID;
typedef double MONEY;
typedef double FLOAT;
typedef char TEXT;
typedef struct { int x[2];} DATE;
typedef int LOGICAL;

typedef enum
{COUNT_T, ID_T, MONEY_T, FLOAT_T, TEXT_T,
 DATE_T, LOGICAL_T, MAX_T}
DATA_TYPE;

typedef struct timeval TIME;

#define YES 1
#define NO 0
#define EOF (-1)

#ifdef NULL
#define NULL ((void *)0)
#endif

#ifdef DEBUG
#define debug printf
#else
#define debug (void)
#endif

/* define function types */
extern int msg_handler();
extern int err_handler();
extern int batch_size;

#endif /* TPCC_INCLUDED */
-----
/*
*****
*****
*****
*****
*/

Sybase Specific Routines

*****
*****
*****
*****
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "loader.h"

datetime(date)
    DBDATETIME *date;
{

```

```

struct timeval time;
gettimeofday(&time, NULL);
date->dt days = time.tv_sec / (60*60*24)
                + (1970-1900)*365 + (1970-
1900)/4;
date->dt time = (time.tv_sec % (60*60*24))*300
                + time.tv_usec*300/1000000;
}

/* define the type information for each field */
typedef struct
{
    char *terminator;
    int termLen;
    int type;
} bind_parm;

bind_parm parm[MAX_T] =
{
    /* COUNT */           {NULL, 0, SYBINT4},
    /* ID */              {NULL, 0, SYBINT4},
    /* MONEY */          {NULL, 0, SYBFLT8},
    /* FLOAT */          {NULL, 0, SYBFLT8},
    /* TEXT */ { "", 1, SYBCHAR},
    /* DATE */ {NULL, 0, SYBDATETIME},
    /* LOGICAL */        {NULL, 0, SYBINT4}
};

#define MAXOPENS 10

DBPROCESS *dbproc[MAXOPENS];
int count[MAXOPENS];

int bulk_open(database, table, password)
char database[];
char table[];
char password[];
{
    LOGINREC *login;
    int db;

    /* make note we have established a connection */
    for (db=0; db<MAXOPENS; db++)
        if (dbproc[db] == NULL) break;
    count[db] = 0;

    /* Install an error and Message handler */
    dbmsghandle(msg_handler);
    dberhandle(err_handler);

    /* initialize dblink */
    if (dbinit() != SUCCEED)
        printf("Can't initialize the DB library\n");

    /* allocate a login record and fill it in */
    login = dblogin();
    if (login == NULL)
        printf("Can't allocate a login record.\n");
    DBSETLUSER(login, "sa");

    if (strlen(password) > 0)
        DBSETLPWD(login, password);

    DBSETLAPP(login, table);
    BCP_SETL(login, TRUE);

    /* Set Packet Size to 4096 */
    DBSETLPACKET(login, 4096);

    /* establish a connection with the server specified by
DSQUERY */
    dbproc[db] = dbopen(login, NULL);
    if (dbproc[db] == NULL)
        printf("Can't establish connection. Is DSQUERY
set?\n");

```

```

/* select the database to use */
if (database != NULL)
    if (dbuse(dbproc[db], database) != SUCCEED)
        printf("Can't select database: %s\n",
database);

/* release the login record */
dbloginfree(login);

/* prepare to do a bulk copy */
if (bcp_init(dbproc[db], table, NULL, NULL, DB_IN) !=
SUCCEED)
    printf("Can't initialize the bulk copy to table %s\n", table);

return db;
}

bulk_bind(db, column, name, address, type)
int db;
int column;
char name[];
void *address;
int type;
{
    if (bcp_bind(dbproc[db], address, 0, -1,
parm[type].terminator,
                parm[type].termLen,
parm[type].type, column) != SUCCEED)
        printf("Can't bind column %d to 0x%x,
type=%d\n",
                column, address, type);
}

bulk_null(db, column)
int db;
int column;
{
    if (bcp_collen(dbproc[db], 0, column) != SUCCEED)
        printf("Can't null column %d\n", column);
}

bulk_non_null(db, column)
int db;
int column;
{
    if (bcp_collen(dbproc[db], -1, column) != SUCCEED)
        printf("Can't non-null column %d\n", column);
}

bulk_load(db)
int db;
{
    count[db]++;
    if (bcp_sendrow(dbproc[db]) != SUCCEED)
        printf("bulk_load: Can't load row\n");
    if (count[db]%batch_size == 0 && (bcp_batch(dbproc[db])
== -1))
        printf("bulk_load: Can't post rows\n");
    if (count[db]%1000 == 0) write(1, ".", 1);
    if (count[db]%50000 == 0) write(1, "\n", 1);
}

bulk_close(db)
int db;
{
    if (bcp_done(dbproc[db]) == -1)
        printf("Problems completing the bulk copy.\n");
    dbproc[db] = NULL;
    if (count[db] >= 1000) write(1, "\n", 1);
}
.....
-----

```

Appendix C

RTE Transaction Driver Code

```

!
!          COPYRIGHT @ 1991
!          DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION, MAYNARD
!          MASSACHUSETTS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
!
! Name:      DID.SCR (User device control scripts)
!
! Description:
!   This is the device (teller in TPC-A) script. Think of this as what
!   each teller would do. Each teller logs into SUT, get into ACMS,
!   then start doing transactions.
!
! Usage:
!
! Author:    TNSG/Software Performance Group
!
! Creation Date: Sep. 1, 1991
!
! Limitations:
!
! Revision History:
!   Chen, Yongmin   Sep. 1, 1991
!     Clean up of scripts to remove unused codes and put in
!     more documentation to make it more readable.
!
!*****
!*****
!***** DID
!*****
!
! All users start with this script. They all started with a PAUSE,
! waiting for TPC script to singal continuation. Each user then
! log into the system and start application (ACMS or USER AGENT),
! do a transaction and PAUSE again. After they woke up by the TPC
! script the second time, transactions will be generated and send
! to SUT by calling TPCA_TRANSACTION.SCR until the end of the test.
!
!*****
!*****
SCRIPT DID
!
DECLARE LOCAL TEMP_STORAGE
      COPY %DID %R10
      MUL DIDS_SEED %R10
      COPY %R10 TEMP_STORAGE
      MOD 2 TEMP_STORAGE
      IF TEMP_STORAGE EQ 0 THEN SUB 1 %R10
!SEND CONSOLE %R10
!
!      CALL INIT_RAND_SEED(%R10)
      COPY %DID %R1
      ADD TPCS_DISTRICT_OFFSET %R1 ! offset for slave RTEs
      SUB 1 %R1
      COPY %R1 %R2 ! %R1 WAREHOUSE
1-??
      DIV 10 %R1
      ADD 1 %R1
      MOD 10 %R2 ! %R2 DISTRICT 1-10
      ADD 1 %R2
!
LABEL DID_START
      PAUSE
!      ENABLE PROMPT "<01>"
      IGNORE
!      PURGE ! The TPC script will resume this process when
it is ready.
!
      GOSUB DID_START

```

```

!
      COPY %DID TEMP_STORAGE
      MOD 25 TEMP_STORAGE
!   IF TEMP_STORAGE EQ 0 THEN SEND CONSOLE "Device ready
and waiting..."
!
!   IF TPCS_OPERATING_SYSTEM EQ 0 THEN GOSUB
TPCC_TRANSACTION
      IF TPCS_OPERATING_SYSTEM EQ 1 THEN GOSUB
TPCC_TRANSACTION_OSF
!
!
LABEL DID_RUN_DONE
      DELAY 3
      IF TPCS_OPERATING_SYSTEM EQ 1 THEN JUMP
DID_RUN_DONE_OSF
!
      SEND @CR
      DELAY 2
      SEND @CR
      DELAY 2
      SEND "<11>$EXIT"
      SEND @CR
      SEND "<11>"
      PURGE
      SUB 1 USERS_LOGGED_IN
      JUMP DID_RUN_DONE_END
LABEL DID_RUN_DONE_OSF
      DELAY 3
!
      SEND "9"
      DELAY 2
      SEND "logout"
      SEND @CR
      PURGE
      SUB 1 USERS_LOGGED_IN
LABEL DID_RUN_DONE_END
END
!
!
SCRIPT DID_START
!
! Script DID_START.SCR
!
! This script handles logging in a user on a ANY terminal
device.
!
! Terminal characteristics must be explicitly set after login.
!
! The device will log in to the front-end processor only.
! The SUT number to log in is calculated as:
!
! (%DID mod #front-ends)
!
! If distributed ACMS is not being used, the number of
front-ends
! should be set to equal the total number of SUTs.
!
! This assumes that the front-end SUTs are numbered:
! SUT1, SUT2, ..., SUT#front-ends
!
! This assumes that the back-end SUTs are numbered:
! SUT#front-ends, SUT#front-ends+1, ..., SUTn
!
!***** SCRIPT START
!*****
!
LABEL START_LOGIN
!      PURGE
!
!
! Call NEWPLOGIN to log the user in. NEWPLOGIN expects
the following
! registers to contain the following:
!
! %R4 - the device class
! %R5 - the string index of the main SUT name. For TPC-
A, this

```



```

!           is "SUT"
!           %R6 - the relative SUT number. Concatenated with the
SUT name
!           to form the actual SUT name - e.g., SUT1, SUT2,...
!           %R7 - the string index of the VMS username
!           %R8 - the string index of the VMS password
!
! Use device class 2
!
! COPY %DID %R6
! MOD TPC$_NUM_FRONT_END %R6
! ADD 1 %R6
! COPY TPC$_CUR_FRONT_END %R6
!
! COPY 2 %R4
!
! The string SUT contains "SUT"
!
! COPY SUT %R5
! COPY DID$_USERNAME %R7
! COPY DID$_PASSWORD %R8
! GOSUB NEWPLOGIN
!
! NEWPLOGIN does a RESTORE. Negate it by doing
IGNORE.
!
! IGNORE
!
!           %R9 contains return status from NEWPLOGIN.
If 0, then it failed.
!           If 1, then it's a hard-wired line; if 2, then it's a
LAT line.
!
!           If failure, send a message to the console, then
pause. If we
!           get resumed from the console, then try again.
!
! IF %R9 NE 0 THEN JUMP LOGIN_OK
!
! SEND CONSOLE "DEVICE FAILED TO LOGIN"
! SEND CONSOLE "DEVICE PAUSING - RESUME TO
RETRY LOGIN"
! PAUSE
! JUMP START_LOGIN
!
! LABEL LOGIN_OK
! IF TPC$_OPERATING_SYSTEM EQ 0 THEN JUMP
LOGIN_OK_VMS
! IF TPC$_OPERATING_SYSTEM EQ 1 THEN JUMP
LOGIN_OK_OSF
!
! LABEL LOGIN_OK_VMS
!           Set terminal characteristics explicitly for a LAT terminal
!
! IF %R9 NE 2 THEN JUMP NO_LAT_SETUP_VMS
! CLASS 2
! DISABLE PROMPT "<01>"
! ENABLE PROMPT "$"
! SEND "SET
TERMINAL/TTSYNC/HOSTSYNC/NOBROAD/PERM/VT100/NOAUT
OBAUD"
! SEND @CR
! MODE OUTPUT
! DISABLE PROMPT "$"
! LABEL NO_LAT_SETUP_VMS
!
! ENABLE PROMPT ":"
! SEND "ACMS/ENTER/NORETURN<11>"
! SEND @CR
! MODE OUTPUT
! CLASS 1
!
! ADD 1 USERS_LOGGED_IN
! JUMP EOF
!
! LABEL LOGIN_OK_OSF
!           Set terminal characteristics explicitly for a LAT terminal
!
! CLASS 1
! DISABLE PROMPT "<01>"
!
! SEND "exec tpcc_client "
! SEND %R1
! SEND " "
! SEND %R2
! ENABLE PROMPT "<01>"
! SEND @CR
! MODE OUTPUT
!
! ADD 1 USERS_LOGGED_IN
!
! LABEL EOF
!
! END
!-----
!*****
!*****
!* COPYRIGHT (C) 1993 BY *
!* Digital Equipment Corporation, Maynard, Massachusetts. *
!* All Rights Reserved. *
!*****
!
!
!           TPCC_TRANSACTION.SCR
!           This is the TPC-C Transaction Script
!
!*****DESCRIPTION*****
!*****
!
! This script, which is called from the DID script, causes the
! device to fill in the fields on the input stream to be sent to
! SUT for processing, and record the response time.
!
! In order to fill in the fields, this script generates the input by
! calling each individual external routine for each transaction type.
!
! Current warehouse number and district numbers are determined in
! another
! script and stored in the device specific registers listed below:
!           %R1 - warehouse number
!           %R2 - district number
!
! RESPONSE .. EVENT is used to collect response time, this also allows
! for
! the log of one variable along with the response time pairs. Device
! specific
! register, R12, is used to log additional data. For more detail, see the
! corresponding external routines for documentation.
!
! The encoding for each MENU response time is as follows:
! MENU:   XXXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321
!           || 006 NEW ORDER ( 6 06)
!           ||| PAYMENT ( 14 016)
!           ||| ORDER STATUS ( 22 026)
!           |||| DELIVERY ( 30 036)
!           ||| STOCK LEVEL ( 38 046)
!
!*****SCRIPT
START*****
!
! SCRIPT TPCC_TRANSACTION_OSF
!
! DECLARE LOCAL next_txn
!
!
! EXTERNAL ROUTINE get_no_data(value, value, value, value,
reference, descriptor, reference)
! EXTERNAL ROUTINE get_pt_data(value, value, value, value, reference,
descriptor, reference)
! EXTERNAL ROUTINE get_os_data(value, value, reference, descriptor,
reference)
! EXTERNAL ROUTINE get_dy_data(reference, descriptor, reference)

```

```

!EXTERNAL ROUTINE get_sl_data(reference, descriptor, reference)
!EXTERNAL ROUTINE NEW RAND_EXPO
(REFERENCE,REFERENCE,REFERENCE,REFERENCE)
!
IGNORE
PURGE
!
DISABLE PROMPT ":"
ENABLE PROMPT "<01>"
!
! start the TPC-C transaction
!
IF TPC$TEST_TERMINAL_RESP EQ 1 THEN GOSUB
TEST_TERMINAL_RESPONSE
GOSUB TpcStartup_osf
PAUSE
CLASS 3
PURGE
!
! The maximum value allowed for %RANGE variable in VAXRTE is 256.
By assigning
! 112, 111, 11, 11, 11 for the five transaction types, roughly 43.8%, 43.4%,
! 4.3%, 4.3%, and 4.3% should be achieved with reasonably long enough
test.
!
COPY 243 %RANGE
!
LABEL MAIN_LOOP
RANDOM %R10 next_txn
ENABLE PROMPT "<01>"
CASE next_txn
0:107 GOSUB NewOrderTxn_OSF
108:212 GOSUB PaymentTxn_OSF
213:222 GOSUB OrderStatusTxn_OSF
223:232 GOSUB DeliveryTxn_OSF
233:242 GOSUB StockLevelTxn_OSF
OTHER SEND CONSOLE "impossible case"
!
IF EXPERIMENT_DONE EQ 0 THEN JUMP MAIN_LOOP
CLASS 1
!
END ! TPCC_TRANSACTION
!

SCRIPT NewOrderTxn_OSF
!
! This script submits a NEW-ORDER transaction and collects response
time.
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT 6
SEND "1"
MODE OUTPUT
!
COPY FORM_IDX(%DID) %R5
!
! call external routine to get input data
!
CALL
get_no_data(%R1,TPC$_NUM_WAREHOUSES,C_ID_CONST,ITEM_C
ONST,%R10,%R5,%R12)
!
! Delay for 0.35 seconds to compensate for delay of transmitting menu
data
! for NEW-ORDER txn through DECserver at 38.4 K.
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
! DELAY GRAINS 7
SEND @%R5
!
! Delay of 18 seconds for keying time
!
DELAY GRAINS 361
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT %R12
SEND @CR
MODE OUTPUT
!

CALL NEW RAND_EXPO(%R10, NO_THINK_TIME, %R11,%DID)
!
! Delay for additional 0.40 seconds to compensate for delay of
transmitting
! New Order output data through DECserver at 38.4 K in addition to the
! think time delay.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
DELAY GRAINS %R11
!
END ! NewOrderTxn
!

SCRIPT PaymentTxn_OSF
!
! This script submits a PAYMENT transaction and collectes response time.
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT 14
SEND "2"
MODE OUTPUT
!
COPY FORM_IDX(%DID) %R5
!
! call external routine to get input data
!
CALL get_pt_data(%R1, TPC$_NUM_WAREHOUSES, C_ID_CONST,
C_LAST_CONST, %R10, %R5, %R12)
!
! Delay for 0.20 seconds to compensate for delay of transmitting menu
data
! for PAYMENT txn through DECserver at 38.4 K.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
! DELAY GRAINS 4
SEND @%R5
!
! Delay of 3 seconds for keying time
!
DELAY GRAINS 61
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT %R12
SEND @CR
MODE OUTPUT
!
CALL NEW RAND_EXPO (%R10,PT_THINK_TIME,%R11,%DID)
!
! Delay for additional 0.30 seconds to compensate for delay of
transmitting
! Payment output data through DECserver at 38.4 K in addition to the
! think time delay.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
DELAY GRAINS %R11
!
END ! PaymentTxn
!

SCRIPT OrderStatusTxn_OSF
!
! This script submits a ORDER-STATUS transaction and collectes
response time.
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT 22
SEND "3"
MODE OUTPUT
!
COPY FORM_IDX(%DID) %R5
!
! call external routine to get input data
!
CALL get_os_data(C_ID_CONST, C_LAST_CONST, %R10, %R5,
%R12)
!
! Delay for 0.20 seconds to compensate for delay of transmitting menu
data

```

```

! for ORDER-STATUS txn through DECserver at 38.4 K.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
! DELAY GRAINS 4
SEND @%R5
!
! Delay of 2 seconds for keying time
!
DELAY GRAINS 41
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT %R12
SEND @CR
MODE OUTPUT
!
CALL NEW_RAND_EXPO(%R10, OS_THINK_TIME, %R11,%DID)
!
! Delay for additional 0.40 seconds to compensate for delay of
transmitting
! Order Status output data through DECserver at 38.4 K in addition to the
! think time delay.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
DELAY GRAINS %R11
!
END                                ! OrderStatusTxn
!

SCRIPT DeliveryTxn_OSF
!
! This script submits a DELIVERY transaction and collects response time.
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT 30
BREAK
SEND "4"
! MODE OUTPUT
COPY FORM_IDX(%DID) %R5
!
! call external routine to get input data
!
CALL get_dy_data(%R10, %R5, %R12)
!
!
! Delay for 0.15 seconds to compensate for delay of transmitting menu
data
! for DELIVERY txn through DECserver at 38.4 K.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
! DELAY GRAINS 3
SEND @%R5
!
! Delay of 2 seconds for keying time
!
DELAY GRAINS 41
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT %R12
BREAK
SEND @CR
! MODE OUTPUT
!
CALL NEW_RAND_EXPO(%R10, DY_THINK_TIME, %R11,%DID)
!
! Delay for additional 0.20 seconds to compensate for delay of
transmitting
! Delivery output data through DECserver at 38.4 K in addition to the
! think time delay.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
DELAY GRAINS %R11
!
END                                ! DeliveryTxn
!

SCRIPT StockLevelTxn_OSF
!
! This script submits a STOCK-LEVEL transaction and collectes response
time.
!

```

```

!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT 38
BREAK
SEND "5"
!
! MODE OUTPUT
COPY FORM_IDX(%DID) %R5
!
! call external routine to get input data
!
CALL get_sl_data(%R10, %R5, %R12)
!
!
! Delay for 0.10 seconds to compensate for delay of transmitting menu
data
! for STOCK-LEVEL txn through DECserver at 38.4 K.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
! DELAY GRAINS 2
SEND @%R5
!
! Delay of 2 seconds for keying time
!
DELAY GRAINS 41
!
RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT %R12
BREAK
SEND @CR
! MODE OUTPUT
!
CALL NEW_RAND_EXPO(%R10, SL_THINK_TIME, %R11,%DID)
!
! Delay for additional 0.15 seconds to compensate for delay of
transmitting
! Stock Level output data through DECserver at 38.4 K in addition to the
! think time delay.
!
!8-Jul-1995 No more terminal server delay
DELAY GRAINS %R11
!
end                                ! StockLevelTxn

SCRIPT TpcStartup_OSF
!
! Start the TPC-C transaction by selecting the TPC-C task, which in turn
will
! do an ORDER-STATUS txn to initialize the warehouse and district id.
!
PURGE
SEND "3"
!
! RESPONSE "<01>" EVENT 38
! SEND @CR
MODE OUTPUT
!
COPY FORM_IDX(%DID) %R5
CALL get_os_data(C_ID_CONST, C_LAST_CONST, %R10, %R5,
%R12)
! send string
!SEND LOGFILE @%R5
SEND @%R5
ENABLE PROMPT "<01>"
SEND @CR
MODE OUTPUT
DELAY 5
!
! SEND "12          567"
! SEND @CR
! MODE OUTPUT
! DELAY 5
!
!
!
END                                ! TpcStartup

SCRIPT TEST_TERMINAL_RESPONSE

```

```
DECLARE LOCAL terminal_loop_ct
```

```
!Does a new-order screen, entering 1 character at a time and measuring the  
!response time for the echo. The 1 character is "7".
```

```
PURGE  
SEND "1"  
MODE OUTPUT
```

```
!District 7  
ENABLE PROMPT "7"  
RESPONSE "7" EVENT 38  
SEND "7"  
MODE OUTPUT  
SEND @TAB
```

```
!Customer 123  
ENABLE PROMPT "1"  
RESPONSE "1" EVENT 38  
SEND "1"  
MODE OUTPUT  
ENABLE PROMPT "2"  
RESPONSE "2" EVENT 38  
SEND "2"  
MODE OUTPUT  
ENABLE PROMPT "3"  
RESPONSE "3" EVENT 38  
SEND "3"  
MODE OUTPUT
```

```
SEND @TAB  
  
COPY 10 terminal_loop_ct
```

```
LABEL TERMINAL_LOOP
```

```
!OL1 - supply_w 7  
ENABLE PROMPT "7"  
RESPONSE "7" EVENT 38  
SEND "7"  
MODE OUTPUT  
  
SEND @TAB
```

```
!OL1 - item_id 1234  
ENABLE PROMPT "1"  
RESPONSE "1" EVENT 38  
SEND "1"  
MODE OUTPUT  
ENABLE PROMPT "2"  
RESPONSE "2" EVENT 38  
SEND "2"  
MODE OUTPUT  
ENABLE PROMPT "3"  
RESPONSE "3" EVENT 38  
SEND "3"  
MODE OUTPUT  
ENABLE PROMPT "4"  
RESPONSE "4" EVENT 38  
SEND "4"  
MODE OUTPUT
```

```
SEND @TAB
```

```
!OL1 - qty 77  
  
ENABLE PROMPT "7"  
RESPONSE "7" EVENT 38  
SEND "7"  
MODE OUTPUT  
ENABLE PROMPT "7"  
RESPONSE "7" EVENT 38  
SEND "7"  
MODE OUTPUT  
  
SEND @TAB
```

```
SUB 1 terminal_loop_ct
```

```
IF terminal_loop_ct GT 0 THEN JUMP TERMINAL_LOOP
```

```
ENABLE PROMPT "<01>"  
SEND @CTRLC !Exit from screen  
MODE OUTPUT  
SEND "9" !Exit from menu  
END !test_terminal_response
```

RTE Data Generation and Random Functions

```
/*  
*****  
* COPYRIGHT © 1993 BY *  
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* MASSACHUSETTS *  
* ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *  
*****  
*****/  
*/  
  
* These are the five routines to be called by the VAXRTE scripts to  
generate  
* input data for the five different TPC-C transaction types. All input data  
* are generated based on the requirement of the TPC-C spec.  
*  
* When response time is collected on VAXRTE, a variable can be logged  
along  
* with the response time. Taking advantage of this feature, a 32 bit  
* variable, context, is used to encode data that are needed to be collected  
* on the VAXRTE. The way this variable is encoded is described below:  
*  
* NO_TXN: XXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321  
* last 3 bits for txn type || 001 for New Order txn  
* next 1 bit for illegal item | 1 if rollback, 0 otherwise  
* next 4 bits for || # of order lines  
* next 4 bits for || # of remote order lines  
* PT_TXN: XXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321  
* last 3 bits for txn type || 002 for Payment txn  
* next 1 bit for | 1 if non-primary key access  
* next 1 bit for | 1 if remote payment  
* OS_TXN: XXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321  
* last 3 bits for txn type || 003 for Order Status txn  
* next 1 bit for | 1 if non-primary key access  
* DY_TXN: XXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321  
* last 3 bits for txn type || 004 for Delivery txn (interactive)  
* SL_TXN: XXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321  
* last 3 bits for txn type || 005 for Stock Level txn  
*  
* MENU: XXXXXXXXXXXX3210987654321  
* || 006 NEW ORDER ( 6 06)  
* || PAYMENT ( 14 016)  
* || ORDER STATUS ( 22 026)  
* || DELIVERY ( 38 046)  
* || STOCK LEVEL ( 70 0106)  
*****  
*****/  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <math.h>  
#include <string.h>  
#include <descrip.h>  
  
#define ILLEGAL_ITEM 111111  
#define MENU_TXN 0x000  
#define NEW_ORDER_TXN 0x001  
#define PAYMENT_TXN 0x002  
#define ORDER_STATUS_TXN 0x003  
#define DELIVERY_TXN 0x004  
#define STOCK_LEVEL_TXN 0x005  
#define ILLEGAL_ITEM_TXN 0x008  
#define NON_KEY_ACCESS 0x008
```

```

#define REMOTE_PAYMENT 0x010

#define USE_DECIMAL 0
#define PCT_C_LAST 60

/* MTH$RANDOM generate a random number of [0..1) */
float MTH$RANDOM();

/* rand_mod would generate a random number between [0..modulo-1) */
#define rand_mod(modulo, seed)
(int)(MTH$RANDOM(seed)*((float)modulo))

/* both random and NURand are specified in TPC-C spec */
#define random(x, y, seed) (rand_mod(y-x+1, seed)+x)
#define NURand(A, x, y, C, seed) \
(((random(0, A, seed) | random(x, y, seed)) + C) % (y-x+1)) + x

static char *c_table[10] = {"BAR", "OUGHT", "ABLE", "PRI", "PRES",
"ESE",
"ANTI", "CALLY", "ATION", "EING"};
static int c_length[10] = {3,5,4,3,4,3,4,5,5,4};
struct descriptor {
unsigned short length;
char type;
char class;
long *address;
};
long int c_id, d_id;

void get_no_data(int w_id,
int W_MAX,
int C_ID_CONST,
int ITEM_CONST,
long int *seed,
struct descriptor *string,
long int *context)
{
int i, remote_txn=0, length=0, len;
char *ptr;
long int ol_supply_w_id, ol_quantity, ol_item_id, ol_count;

*context = NEW_ORDER_TXN;
ptr = string->address;

d_id = random(1, 10, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", d_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;

c_id = NURand(1023, 1, 3000, C_ID_CONST, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", c_id);
length += len;
ptr += len;

ol_count = random(5, 15, seed);
*context |= (ol_count << 4);
for (i=0; i < ol_count; i++) {
/* ol_supplying warehouse is remote 1% of the time */
if ((rand_mod(1000, seed) < 990) || (W_MAX == 1))
ol_supply_w_id = w_id;
else {
remote_txn++;
if ((ol_supply_w_id = random(1, W_MAX-1, seed)) >= w_id)
ol_supply_w_id++;
}
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", ol_supply_w_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;

/* set the last ol_item_id to 111111 if the rollback flag is 1 */
if (i == ol_count-1) { /* last order-line */
if (rand_mod(1000, seed) < 10) {
ol_item_id = ILLEGAL_ITEM;
*context |= ILLEGAL_ITEM_TXN;
}
else
ol_item_id = NURand(8191, 1, 100000, ITEM_CONST, seed);
}
else
ol_item_id = NURand(8191, 1, 100000, ITEM_CONST, seed);

len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", ol_item_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;

ol_quantity = random(1, 10, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", ol_quantity);
ptr += len;
length += len;
} /* for loop */
*context |= (remote_txn << 8);
string->length = length-1;
} /* get_no_data */

void get_pt_data(int w_id,
int W_MAX,
int C_ID_CONST,
int C_LAST_CONST,
long int *seed,
struct descriptor *string,
long int *context)
{
int tmp_len = 0;
char *ptr;
int length = 0, len;
int index, i1, i2, i3;
long int h_amount, c_w_id, c_d_id;

*context = PAYMENT_TXN;
ptr = string->address;

d_id = random(1, 10, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", d_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;

if (rand_mod(100, seed) < PCT_C_LAST) { /* use C_LAST */
*context |= NON_KEY_ACCESS;
index = NURand(255, 0, 999, C_LAST_CONST, seed);
i1 = index/100; /* hundreds digit */
i2 = (index - i1 * 100) / 10; /* tens digit */
i3 = index - (i1 * 100) - (i2 * 10); /* ones digit */

memcpy(ptr, "\t", 1); /* TAB over c_id field */
ptr++;
memcpy(ptr, c_table[i1], c_length[i1]);
ptr += c_length[i1];
memcpy(ptr, c_table[i2], c_length[i2]);
ptr += c_length[i2];
memcpy(ptr, c_table[i3], c_length[i3]);
ptr += c_length[i3];
memcpy(ptr, "\t", 1); /* TAB to the next field */
ptr++;
length += c_length[i1] + c_length[i2] + c_length[i3] + 2;
}
else { /* use c_id within [1..3000] */
c_id = NURand(1023, 1, 3000, C_ID_CONST, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", c_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;
}

if ((rand_mod(1000, seed) < 850) || (W_MAX == 1)) { /* 15% remote payment */
c_w_id = w_id;
c_d_id = d_id;
}
else {
*context |= REMOTE_PAYMENT;
}
}

```

```

    if ((c_w_id = rand_mod(W_MAX-1, seed)+1) >= w_id)
        c_w_id++;
    c_d_id = random(1, 10, seed);
}

len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", c_w_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", c_d_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;

/* h_amount in the within [1.00..5000.00] */
h_amount = random(100, 500000, seed);
#if USE_DECIMAL == 1
len = sprintf(ptr, "%6.2f", h_amount/100.00);
#else
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d", h_amount);
#endif
length += len;
string->length = length;
} /* get_pt_data */

void get_os_data(int C_ID_CONST,
                int C_LAST_CONST,
                long int *seed,
                struct descriptor *string,
                long int *context)
{
char *ptr;
int length = 0, len, index, i1, i2, i3;

*context = ORDER_STATUS_TXN;
ptr = string->address;

d_id = random(1, 10, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d\t", d_id);
ptr += len;
length += len;

if (rand_mod(100, seed) < PCT_C_LAST) { /* use C_LAST */
*context |= NON_KEY_ACCESS;
index = NURand(255, 0, 999, C_LAST_CONST, seed);
i1 = index/100; /* hundreds digit */
i2 = (index - i1 * 100) / 10; /* tens digit */
i3 = index - (i1 * 100) - (i2 * 10); /* ones digit */

memcpy(ptr, "\t", 1); /* TAB over c_id field */
ptr++;
memcpy(ptr, c_table[i1], c_length[i1]);
ptr += c_length[i1];
memcpy(ptr, c_table[i2], c_length[i2]);
ptr += c_length[i2];
memcpy(ptr, c_table[i3], c_length[i3]);
ptr += c_length[i3];
length += c_length[i1] + c_length[i2] + c_length[i3] + 1;
}
else { /* use c_id within [1..3000] */
c_id = NURand(1023, 1, 3000, C_ID_CONST, seed);
len = sprintf(ptr, "%d", c_id);
length += len;
}

string->length = length;
} /* get_os_data */

void get_dy_data(long int *seed,
                struct descriptor *string,
                long int *context)
{
*context = DELIVERY_TXN;
/* generate o_carrier_id in the range [1..10] */
string->length = sprintf(string->address, "%d", random(1, 10, seed));
} /* get_dy_data */

void get_sl_data(long int *seed,
                struct descriptor *string,
                long int *context)
{
*context = STOCK_LEVEL_TXN;
/* generate threshold in the range [10..20] */
string->length = sprintf(string->address, "%d", random(10, 20, seed));
} /* get_sl_data */
-----

```

Appendix D

Digital UNIX Tunable Parameters: Server

sysconfigtab

```
#
#
*****
# *
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# *
*****
#
#
# HISTORY
#
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FOUNDATION, INC.
# ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
#
#
# OSF/1 1.2

ipc:
shm-max = 2139095040
proc:
per-proc-data-size = 3200000000
max-per-proc-data-size = 3200000000
per-proc-address-space = 3200000000
max-per-proc-address-space = 3200000000
rt:
aio-max-num = 1024
aio-max-retry = 2
aio-task-max-num = 1024
```

System Configuration File

```
ident "PINHD"

options UERF
options OSF
options _LMF_
options BIN_COMPAT
options COMPAT_43
options MACH
```

```
options MACH_IPC_TCACHE
options MACH_IPC_WWA
options MACH_IPC_XXXHACK
options BUFCACHE_STATS
options INOCACHE_STATS
options STAT_TIME
options VAGUE_STATS
options UFS
options NFS
options NFS_SERVER
options STRKINFO
options STREAMS
options LDDTTY
options RPTY
options INET
options UIPC
options SYSV_COFF
options QUOTA
options LABELS
options SL
options SNMPINFO
options DLI
options BSD_TTY
options LAT
options DLB
options PROCFS
#
# Standard options.
#
options UNIX_LOCKS
options SER_COMPAT
options RT_PREEMPT
options RT_SCHED
options RT_SCHED_RQ
options RT_PML
options RT_TIMER
options RT_SEM
options RT_CSEM
options RT_IPC
#
makeoptions CDEBUGOPTS="-g3"
makeoptions CCOMPRESS="-compress"
makeoptions PROFOPTS="-DPROFILING -DPROFTYPE=4"
#
# Max number of processors in the system (DO NOT CHANGE)
#
processors 16

#
# Special options (see configuring the kernel chapter
# in the Guide to System Administration)
#
timezone 0 dst 0
dfldsiz 134217728
maxdsiz 1073741824
dfllsiz 2097152
maxssiz 33554432
cpu "DEC1000A_5"
maxusers 32
machine alpha

config vmunix swap generic

bus pci0 at nexus?
callout after_c "./bin/mkdata pci"
bus eisa0 at pci0 slot 7
callout after_c "./bin/mkdata eisa"
controller ace0 at eisa0 slot 8 vector aceintr
controller ace1 at eisa0 slot 9 vector aceintr
controller lp0 at eisa0 slot 10 vector lpintr
controller fdi0 at eisa0 slot 11 vector fdintr
device disk fd0 at fdi0 drive 0
controller vga0 at eisa0 slot 12 vector vgaintr
controller gpc0 at eisa0 slot 0 vector gpcintr
bus pci2000 at pci0 slot 8
bus isp0 at pci2000 slot 0 vector ispintr
controller scsi0 at isp0 slot 0
```

```

device disk rz0 at scsi0 drive 0
device disk rz1 at scsi0 drive 8
device disk rz2 at scsi0 drive 16
device disk rz3 at scsi0 drive 24
device disk rz4 at scsi0 drive 32
device disk rz6 at scsi0 drive 48
bus pza0 at pci2000 slot 4 vector pzaintr
controller scsi1 at pza0 slot 0
device disk rz8 at scsi1 drive 64
device disk rz9 at scsi1 drive 72
device disk rz10 at scsi1 drive 80
device disk rz11 at scsi1 drive 88
device disk rz12 at scsi1 drive 96
device disk rz13 at scsi1 drive 104
device disk rz14 at scsi1 drive 112
bus pza1 at pci0 slot 12 vector pzaintr
controller scsi2 at pza1 slot 0
device disk rz18 at scsi2 drive 144
device disk rz19 at scsi2 drive 152
device disk rz20 at scsi2 drive 160
controller tu0 at pci0 slot 11 vector tuintr

scs_sysid 1
pseudo-device sysv_hab
pseudo-device svid_three_hab
pseudo-device svr_four_hab
pseudo-device soe_two_hab
pseudo-device rt_hab
pseudo-device ether
pseudo-device loop
#
# Max number of processors in the system (DO NOT CHANGE)
#
pseudo-device cpus 16
pseudo-device ws
-----

```

Digital UNIX Tunable Parameters: Client

sysconfigtab

```

#
#
*****
*****
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# *
#
*****
*****
#
#
# HISTORY
#

```

```

# (c) Copyright 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993 OPEN SOFTWARE
FOUNDATION, INC.
# ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
#
#
# OSF/1 1.2

ipc:

shm-max = 100000000
shm-seg = 32
msg-max = 32768
msg-mnb = 32768
#msg-mni = 1024
msg-mni = 1700
msg-tql = 4096
sem-mni = 10
#sem-msl = 150
sem-msl=230
sem-opm = 2000
sem-ume = 2000
sem-vmx = 32767
sem-aem = 16384
max-kernel-ports = 38615
port-hash-max-num = 1930750
port-reserved-max-num = 38615
set-max-num = 6405
proc:
max-proc-per-user = 2048

-----

```

System Configuration File

```

ident "SUT21"

options UERF
options OSF
options _LMF_
options BIN_COMPAT
options COMPAT_43
options MACH
options MACH_IPC_TCACHE
options MACH_IPC_WWA
options MACH_IPC_XXXHACK
options BUFCACHE_STATS
options INOCACHE_STATS
options STAT_TIME
options VAGUE_STATS
options UFS
options NFS
options NFS_SERVER
options STRKINFO
options STREAMS
options LDTTY
options RPTY
options INET
options UIPC
options SYSV_COFF
options QUOTA
options LABELS
options SL
options SNMPINFO
options DLI
options BSD_TTY
options LAT
options DLB
options PROCFS
options ATM
options MSFS
options FFM_FS
options KDEBUG
options PACKETFILTER
options PCKT
options TIRDWR
options TIMOD

```



```

options      XTISO
options      FFM_FS
options      CDFS
options      DEC_AUDIT
#
# Standard options.
#
options      UNIX_LOCKS
options      SER_COMPAT
options      RT_PREEMPT
options      RT_SCHED
options      RT_SCHED_RQ
options      RT_PML
options      RT_TIMER
options      RT_SEM
options      RT_CSEM
options      RT_IPC
#
makeoptions  CDEBUGOPTS="-g3"
makeoptions  CCOMPRESS="-compress"
makeoptions  PROFOPTS="-DPROFILING -DPROFTYPE=4"
#
# Max number of processors in the system (DO NOT CHANGE)
#
processors   16

#
# Special options (see configuring the kernel chapter
# in the Guide to System Administration)
#
timezone     0 dst 0
dfldsiz      134217728
maxdsiz      1073741824
dfllsiz      2097152
maxssiz      33554432
cpu          "DEC1000A"
maxusers     1024
machine      alpha

config       vmunix      swap generic

bus          pci0        at nexus?
callout after_c "../bin/mkdata pci"
bus          eisa0       at pci0  slot 7
callout after_c "../bin/mkdata eisa"
controller  ace0        at eisa0  slot 9 vector aceintr
controller  ace1        at eisa0  slot 10 vector aceintr
controller  lp0         at eisa0  slot 11 vector lpintr
controller  fdi0        at eisa0  slot 12 vector fdintr
device disk  fd0         at fdi0   drive 0
controller  vga0        at eisa0  slot 13 vector vgaintr
controller  gpc0        at eisa0  slot 0 vector gpcintr
bus         pci1000     at pci0  slot 8
bus         isp0        at pci1000 slot 0 vector ispintr
controller  scsi0       at isp0   slot 0
device disk  rz0         at scsi0  drive 0
device disk  rz1         at scsi0  drive 8
device disk  rz2         at scsi0  drive 16
device disk  rz3         at scsi0  drive 24
device disk  rz4         at scsi0  drive 32
controller  tu0         at pci0  slot 11 vector tuintr
controller  tu1         at pci0  slot 13 vector tuintr

scs_sysid   1
pseudo-device sysv_hab
pseudo-device svid_three_hab
pseudo-device svr_four_hab
pseudo-device soe_two_hab
pseudo-device rt_hab
pseudo-device ether
pseudo-device loop
pseudo-device prf 6
pseudo-device lv          2
pseudo-device lsm_ted     0
pseudo-device lsm         1
#

```

```

# Max number of processors in the system (DO NOT CHANGE)
#
pseudo-device cpus      16
pseudo-device ws

```

Sybase Tunable Parameter/Configuration File

```

#####
#####
#
# Configuration File for the Sybase SQL Server
#
# Please read the System Administration Guide
# (SAG)
# before changing any of the values in this file.
#
#####
#####

```

[Configuration Options]

[General Information]

[Backup/Recovery]

```

recovery interval in minutes = 32000
print recovery information = DEFAULT
tape retention in days = DEFAULT

```

[Cache Manager]

```

number of oam trips = DEFAULT
number of index trips = DEFAULT
procedure cache percent = 2
memory alignment boundary = DEFAULT

```

[Named Cache:c_customer]

```

cache size = 8M
cache status = mixed cache

```

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]

```

pool size = 8M
wash size = 6144 K

```

[Named Cache:c_customer_index]

```

cache size = 40M
cache status = mixed cache

```

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]

```

pool size = 40M
wash size = 512 K

```

[Named Cache:c_log]

```

cache size = 6M
cache status = log only

```

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]

```

pool size = 1M
wash size = 256 K

```

[4K I/O Buffer Pool]

```

pool size = 5M
wash size = 256 K

```

[Named Cache:c_no_ol]

```

cache size = 25M
cache status = mixed cache

```

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]

```

pool size = 25M
wash size = 4096 K

```

[Named Cache:c_ol_index]

cache size = 25M
cache status = mixed cache

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 25M
wash size = 4096 K

[Named Cache:c_orders]
cache size = 20M
cache status = mixed cache

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 15M
wash size = 512 K

[16K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 5M
wash size = 512 K

[Named Cache:c_stock]
cache size = 215M
cache status = mixed cache

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 215M
wash size = 4096 K

[Named Cache:c_stock_index]
cache size = 45M
cache status = mixed cache

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 45M
wash size = 512 K

[Named Cache:c_tinyhot]
cache size = 15M
cache status = mixed cache

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 15M
wash size = 512 K

[Named Cache:default data cache]
cache size = 15M
cache status = default data cache

[2K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 12M
wash size = 2048 K

[16K I/O Buffer Pool]
pool size = 3M
wash size = 2048 K

[Disk I/O]
allow sql server async i/o = DEFAULT
disk i/o structures = DEFAULT
page utilization percent = DEFAULT
number of devices = 46

[Network Communication]
default network packet size = DEFAULT
max network packet size = 4096
remote server pre-read packets = DEFAULT
number of remote connections = DEFAULT
allow remote access = DEFAULT
number of remote logins = DEFAULT
number of remote sites = DEFAULT
max number network listeners = DEFAULT
tcp no delay = DEFAULT

[O/S Resources]
max async i/os per engine = 1024
max async i/os per server = 1024

[Physical Resources]

[Physical Memory]
total memory = 250880
additional network memory = 1228800
lock shared memory = DEFAULT
shared memory starting address = DEFAULT

[Processors]
max online engines = DEFAULT
min online engines = DEFAULT

[SQL Server Administration]
number of open objects = DEFAULT
number of open databases = DEFAULT
audit queue size = DEFAULT
default database size = DEFAULT
identity burning set factor = DEFAULT
allow nested triggers = DEFAULT
allow updates to system tables = DEFAULT
print deadlock information = DEFAULT
default fill factor percent = DEFAULT
number of mailboxes = DEFAULT
number of messages = DEFAULT
number of alarms = DEFAULT
number of pre-allocated extents = DEFAULT
event buffers per engine = DEFAULT
cpu accounting flush interval = DEFAULT
i/o accounting flush interval = DEFAULT
sql server clock tick length = DEFAULT
runnable process search count = DEFAULT
i/o polling process count = DEFAULT
time slice = DEFAULT
deadlock retries = 5000
cpu grace time = DEFAULT
number of sort buffers = DEFAULT
sort page count = DEFAULT
number of extent i/o buffers = DEFAULT
size of auto identity column = DEFAULT
identity grab size = DEFAULT
lock promotion HWM = DEFAULT
lock promotion LWM = DEFAULT
lock promotion PCT = DEFAULT
housekeeper free write percent = 0
partition groups = DEFAULT
partition spinlock ratio = DEFAULT

[User Environment]
number of user connections = 100
stack size = DEFAULT
stack guard size = DEFAULT
systemwide password expiration = DEFAULT
permission cache entries = DEFAULT
user log cache size = 4096
user log cache spinlock ratio = DEFAULT

[Lock Manager]
number of locks = 10000
deadlock checking period = DEFAULT
freelock transfer block size = DEFAULT
max engine freelocks = 25
address lock spinlock ratio = DEFAULT
page lock spinlock ratio = DEFAULT
table lock spinlock ratio = DEFAULT

Tuxedo Tunable Parameters

*RESOURCES
IPCKEY 64000
MASTER SERVER1
PERM 0666
MAXACCESSERS 1670
MAXSERVERS 50
MAXSERVICES 50
MODEL SHM

```

LDBAL                Y
MAXGTT               300
MAXBUFTYPE          16
MAXBUFSTYPE         32
SCANUNIT60
SANITYSCAN          5
DBBLWAIT            1
BBLQUERY            30
BLOCKTIME           5

*MACHINES
sut21    LMID=SERVER1
         TUXCONFIG="/usr/users/tuxedo/kits/tpcc/tuxconfig"
         TUXOFFSET=0
         ROOTDIR="/usr/opt/tuxedo"
         APPDIR="/usr/users/tuxedo/kits/tpcc"
         TLOGOFFSET=0
         TLOGNAME=TLOG
         TLOGSIZE=100

*GROUPS
TPCC1    LMID=SERVER1    GRPNO=1
         TMSCOUNT=0

*SERVERS

DEFAULT:SRVGRP=TPCC1 REPLYQ=N RESTART=N

tpcc_server SRVID=100 RQADDR = "DY0" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.0"
tpcc_server SRVID=101 RQADDR = "DY1" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.1"
tpcc_server SRVID=102 RQADDR = "DY2" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.2"
tpcc_server SRVID=103 RQADDR = "DY3" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.3"
tpcc_server SRVID=104 RQADDR = "DY4" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.4"
tpcc_server SRVID=105 RQADDR = "DY5" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.5"
tpcc_server SRVID=106 RQADDR = "DY6" CLOPT="-s
DELIVERY_SVC -o stdout.6"

tpcc_server SRVID=200 RQADDR = "NO0" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=201 RQADDR = "NO1" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=202 RQADDR = "NO2" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=203 RQADDR = "NO3" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=204 RQADDR = "NO4" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=205 RQADDR = "NO5" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=206 RQADDR = "NO6" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=207 RQADDR = "NO7" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=208 RQADDR = "NO8" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=209 RQADDR = "NO9" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=210 RQADDR = "NO10" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=211 RQADDR = "NO11" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=212 RQADDR = "NO12" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=213 RQADDR = "NO13" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=214 RQADDR = "NO14" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=215 RQADDR = "NO15" CLOPT="-s
NEWORDER_SVC"

tpcc_server SRVID=300 RQADDR = "OS0" CLOPT="-s
ORDSTAT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=301 RQADDR = "OS1" CLOPT="-s
ORDSTAT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=302 RQADDR = "OS2" CLOPT="-s
ORDSTAT_SVC"

tpcc_server SRVID=400 RQADDR = "PT0" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=401 RQADDR = "PT1" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=402 RQADDR = "PT2" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=403 RQADDR = "PT3" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=404 RQADDR = "PT4" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=405 RQADDR = "PT5" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=406 RQADDR = "PT6" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=407 RQADDR = "PT7" CLOPT="-s
PAYMENT_SVC"

tpcc_server SRVID=500 RQADDR = "SL0" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=501 RQADDR = "SL1" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=502 RQADDR = "SL2" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=503 RQADDR = "SL3" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=504 RQADDR = "SL4" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=505 RQADDR = "SL5" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=506 RQADDR = "SL6" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=507 RQADDR = "SL7" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=508 RQADDR = "SL8" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=509 RQADDR = "SL9" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=510 RQADDR = "SL10" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"
tpcc_server SRVID=511 RQADDR = "SL11" CLOPT="-s
STOCKLEV_SVC"

*SERVICES
neworder_svc
        LOAD=1                Prio=1
        BUFTYPE="CARRY"
        TRANTIME=900
        AUTOTRAN=N
payment_svc
        LOAD=1                Prio=1
        BUFTYPE="CARRY"
        TRANTIME=900
        AUTOTRAN=N
ordstat_svc
        LOAD=1                Prio=1
        BUFTYPE="CARRY"
        TRANTIME=900
        AUTOTRAN=N
delivery_svc
        LOAD=1                Prio=1
        BUFTYPE="CARRY"
        TRANTIME=900
        AUTOTRAN=N
stocklev_svc
        LOAD=1                Prio=1
        BUFTYPE="CARRY"
        TRANTIME=900
        AUTOTRAN=N

```


Appendix E

Auditor Attestation

Appendix F

Price Quotations