# TPC Benchmark® E Full Disclosure Report

HPProLiant DL385 G7 using Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 SP1 Enterprise Edition on Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition

> First Edition Nov 14, 2011

First Edition Nov 14, 2011

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All performance data contained in this report was obtained in a rigorously controlled environment. Results obtained in other operating environments may vary significantly. Hewlett-Packard Company does not warrant or represent that a user can or will achieve similar performance expressed in transactions per second (tpsE ®) or normalized price/performance (\$/tpsE ®). No warranty of system performance or price/performance is expressed or implied in this report.

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### Abstract

### Overview

This report documents the methodology and results of the TPC Benchmark® E (TPC-E) test conducted on the HP ProLiant DL385 G7. The operating system used for the benchmark was Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition.

### **TPC Benchmark® E Metrics**

The standard TPC Benchmark  $\otimes$  E metrics, tpsE $\otimes$  (transactions per second), price per tpsE $\otimes$  (three year capital cost per measured tpsE $\otimes$ ) and the availability date are reported as required by the benchmark specification.

### **TPC Benchmark® Energy Metrics**

The standard TPC Benchmark ® Energy metrics, watts per tpsE is optionally reported by the benchmark specification.

#### Standard and Executive Summary Statements

The following pages contain the Executive Summary of the benchmark results for the system.

#### Auditor

The benchmark configuration, environment and methodology used to produce and validate the test results, and the pricing model used to calculate the cost per tpsE®, were audited by Doug Johnson for InfoSizing to verify compliance with the relevant TPC specifications.

	HP ProLian AMD Optero	TPC-E Rev 1.12.0 TPC Pricing 1.6.0				
invent	C/S with 1 Prol	G7	Report Date Nov 14, 2011			
TPC-E Throughput	Price/Performance	Availabi	llity Date	Total System Cost		
1232.84 tpsE	\$257 USD/tpsE	Dec 31	1, 2011	\$316,836 USD		
	Database Serv	er Configuration				
Operating System	Database Manager	Processor/C	Cores/Thread	Memory		
Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition	Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 SP1 Enterprise Edition	2/32 AMD Optero 2.6 GHz	256 Gbyte			
	<u>Tier B: Server</u> <u>HP ProLiant DL385 G</u> 2 × AMD Opteron™ Pr 256 GB Memory 2 × HP 72GB SAS 15M	ocessor 6282 SE :				
2 Course process international structure	Direct Connect 2 x 1Gbps Ethernet Database Log			n 3205 Memory Arrays ect connect)		
Tier A: Clients4 × HP 500GB HDD (internal)Storage1 × ProLiant DL360 G72 × Violin Memory Systems V3205 Flash Array 4 × 500GB 6G SAS 7.2K SFF DP Midline HDD (log)1 × Quad-Core Intel Xeon X5630 Processor 2.53Ghz 3× 2GB PC3-10600 Memory 2 × 146GB 6G SAS 10K SFF DP 4 × Onboard 1Gbps Ethernet2 × Violin Memory Systems V3205 Flash Array 4 × 500GB 6G SAS 7.2K SFF DP Midline HDD (log)2 × Violin Memory Systems V3205 Flash Array 1 × HP SmartArray P411/512MB (60 Day Space) 1× HP StorageWorks MSA70 Array (60 day space) 5× HP 500GB 6G SAS 7.2K RPM SFF HDD (60 day Space)						
Initial Database Size	Redundancy Level:	1	St	orage		
5,622 GB	RAID10:Log/RAID3:Dat	a		ay, 4x500GB HDD (log), 3 HDD(60Day)		

	HP ProLi	ant D	L385G	7	TPC-E TPC-Pricing Report date	1.12.0 1.6.0 Nov 14, 2011
invent					Availability Date	
Description	Part Number Br		Brand Unit Price Qty.		Extended Price	3 Yr Maint Price
Server Hardware (Tier B)						
HP DL385G7 SFF CTO Chassis	573122-B21	1	1,261	1	1,261	
AMD Opteron 6282 SE	654868-B21	1	1,249	2	2,498	
HP 16GB (1x16GB) Dual Rank x4 PC3L-10600 Reg. Memory Kit	627812-B21	1	899	16	14,384	
HP 72GB 6G SAS 15K rpm SFF Dual Port Hard Drive	512545-B21	1	279	2	558	
HP COMPAQ LE1711 LCD Monitor	EM886AA#ABA	1	159	1	159	
HP PS/2 Keyboard And Mouse Bundle	RC464AA#ABA	1	39	1	39	
HP R1.5 kVÁ 1U NA UPS	AF419A	1	739	1	739	
HP 500GB 6G SAS 7.2K rpm SFF Dual Port Midline Hard Drive	507610-B21	1	349	4	1,396	
HP 3y 4h 24x7 ProLiant DL38x HW Support ,Proliant Server DL38x	U4545E	1	931	1		\$931
			Subtotal		\$21,034	\$931
Server Software				-	+= 1,504	4001
SQL Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition, Per Processor License	810-08529	2	23,370	2	46,740	
Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition	P72-04219		2,320	1	2,320	
Microsoft Problem Resolution Services	N/A		2,520	1	2,020	259
Iniciosofi Problem Resolution Services	19/0	2	Subtotal	· ·	\$49,060	235
Storage			SWIDIAL	-	\$43,000	233
Violin Memory Systems V3205 Flash Memory Array	V-3205	3	100,500	2	201,000	
Violin Memory Systems V3205 Flash Memory Array Violin Premium Support 1 years of 4h 24 x7 support	VS-PM1Y			2	201,000	20.000
HP Smart Array P411/512 MB with BBWC Controller			12,000 599		599	36,000
	462832-B21			1		
HP StorageWorks MSA70 Array (60 Day)	418800-B21	1	3,199	1	3,199	4 000
HP 3year 4hour 24x7 MSA 60/70 HW Support (60 Day)	UF303E		1,982	1	4 745	1,982
HP 500GB 6G SAS 7.2K rpm SFF DP Midline Hard Drive (60 Day)	507610-B21		349	5	1,745	
HP Universal Rack 10642 G2 Shock Rack	AF002A	1	1,489	1	1,489	
			Subtotal		208,032	37,982
Client Hardware (Tier A)						
HP ProLiant DL360 G7 CTO Server	579237-B21	1	1,471	1	1,471	
HP DL360 G7 Intel Xeon X5630 (2.53Ghz/4-core/12MB/80W) Proc	587478-B21	1	799	1	799	
HP 2GB (1x2GB) Dual Rank x8 PC3-10600 Memory Kit	500656-B21	1	110	3	330	
HP 146GB 6G SAS 15K 2.5in DP ENT HDD	512547-B21	1	369	2	738	
HP 3y 4h 24x7 ProLiant DL36x HW Support ,ProLiant DL36x	U4497E		750	1	1.50	750
The Sy Hirzewich rolling Desex rive Support in rolling Desex	04401 E	1	Subtotal		3,338	750
Client Software					0,000	100
Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard (x64)	P73-00352	2	870	1	870	
		_	Subtotal		870	0
Infrastructure				_	0.0	
HP 1.2m/4ft CAT5 RJ45 M/M Ethernet Cable	C7533A	1	4	3	12	
	010007		Subtotal		12	0
		Tet-15	tended D		4000 040	¢20.022
Leves Durchase and Net 20 discount (Dec Nets 1)				\$282,346	\$39,922	
Large Purchase and Net 30 discount (See Note 1)	16.0%				\$4,846	\$586
		Grand To	1131		\$277,500	\$39,336
Pricing: 1=HP Direct 800-203-6748 2= Microsoft, 3= Violin Memory Systems No		Three	-year Co	st of O	wnership: USD	\$316,836
on HOP Direct guidence applies to all lines where pricing = 1. Note 2: All the hardway		tpsE			•	1,232.84
	second aining and					1,232.04
order. Note 3: The benchmark results were audited by Doug Johnson for InfoSizing,	www.sizing.com	\$ USD	. –			\$257

Prices used in TPC benchmarks reflect the actual prices a customer would pay for a one-time purchase of the stated components. Individually negotiated discounts are not permitted. Special prices based on assumptions about past or future purchases are not permitted. All discounts reflect standard pricing policies for the listed components. For complete details, see the pricing sections of the TPC benchmark specifications. If you find that the stated prices are not available according to these terms, please inform at pricing@tpc.org. Thank you.



### HP ProLiant DL385 G7 AMD Opteron<sup>TM</sup> 6282 SE C/S with 1 DL360 G7

TPC-E Rev 1.12.0 TPC Pricing 1.6.0

> Report Date Nov 14, 2011

Availability Date Dec 31, 2011

Numerical Quantities Summary								
Reported Throughput		gured Custo		700,000				
Response Times (in seconds)	)	Minimum	Average	90 <sup>th</sup> %tile	Maximum			
Broker Volume		0.00	0.02	0.04	0.16			
Customer Position		0.00	0.02	0.03	0.33			
Market Feed		0.00	0.02	0.04	0.42			
Market Watch		0.00	0.02	0.04	0.40			
Security Detail		0.00	0.01	0.02	0.11			
Trade Lookup		0.00	0.10	0.14	0.25			
Trade Order		0.00	0.05	0.07	0.64			
Trade Result		0.00	0.06	0.08	1.39			
Trade Status		0.00	0.01	0.02	0.30			
Trade Update		0.02	0.12	0.16	0.78			
Data Maintenance		0.01	0.03		0.07			
Transaction Mix		Transacti	on Count	Mix %				
Broker Volume				4,349,506				
Customer Position			11,53	13.000%				
Market Feed			887,	1.000%				
Market Watch			15,97	15,977,923 18.000				
Security Detail			12,42	12,427,068 14.00				
Trade Lookup			7,101	8.000%				
Trade Order			8,965,113 10.10					
Trade Result			8,876	6,486	10.000%			
Trade Status			16,86	5,439	19.000%			
Trade Update				5,232	2.000%			
Data Maintenance				120				
Ramp-up Time		0:2	25:26					
Measurement Interval					00:00			
Business Recovery Time					80:58			
Total Number of Transactions	Completed in Mea	surement I	nterval	88,7	65,088			

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### Preface

### **Document Structure**

This is the full disclosure report for a benchmark test of the HP ProLiant DL385 G7 using Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition. It meets the requirements of the TPC Benchmark ® E Standard Specification, Revision 1.12.0 dated June 2010. TPC Benchmark® E was developed by the Transaction Processing Performance Council (TPC). It is the intent of this group to develop a suite of benchmarks to measure the performance of computer systems executing a wide range of applications. Hewlett-Packard Company and Microsoft, Inc. are active participants in the TPC.

The requirements for this Full Disclosure Report are in Clause 9 of TPC Benchmark ® E Specification.

### TPC Benchmark® E Overview

TPC Benchmark<sup>TM</sup> E (TPC-E) is an On-Line Transaction Processing (OLTP) workload. It is a mixture of read-only and update intensive transactions that simulate the activities found in complex OLTP application environments. The database schema, data population, transactions, and implementation rules have been designed to be broadly representative of modern OLTP systems. The benchmark exercises a breadth of system components associated with such environments, which are characterized by:

- The simultaneous execution of multiple transaction types that span a breadth of complexity;
- Moderate system and application execution time;
- A balanced mixture of disk input/output and processor usage;
- Transaction integrity (ACID properties);
- A mixture of uniform and non-uniform data access through primary and secondary keys;
- Databases consisting of many tables with a wide variety of sizes, attributes, and relationships with realistic content;
- Contention on data access and update.

The TPC-E operations are modeled as follows:

- The database is continuously available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for data processing from multiple **Sessions** and data modifications against all tables, except possibly during infrequent (e.g., once a month) maintenance **Sessions**.
- Due to the worldwide nature of the application modeled by the TPC-E benchmark, any of the transactions may be executed against the database at anytime, especially in relation to each other.

The TPC-E benchmark simulates the OLTP workload of a brokerage firm. The focus of the benchmark is the central database that executes transactions related to the firm's customer accounts. In keeping with the goal of measuring the performance characteristics of the database system, the benchmark does not attempt to measure the complex flow of data between multiple application systems that would exist in a real environment.

The mixture and variety of transactions being executed on the benchmark system is designed to capture the characteristic components of a complex system. Different transaction types are defined to simulate the interactions of the firm with its customers as well as its business partners. Different transaction types have varying run-time requirements.

### **Clause 1: General Items**

### **1.1 Orders and Titles**

The order and titles of sections in the **Report** and **Supporting Files** must correspond with the order and titles of sections from the TPC-E Standard Specification (i.e., this document). The intent is to make it as easy as possible for readers to compare and contrast material in different **Reports**. (9.1.1.1)

The order and titles of the sections in this report correspond with those specified in the TPC-E specification.

### 1.2 Pricing

*The* **FDR** *must follow all reporting rules specified in the effective version of the TPC Pricing Specification*, *located at www.tpc.org.* (9.1.1.2)

The pricing rules for this FDR follow the current standard at the time of publication, TPC Pricing Specification 1.6.0.

### **1.3 Executive Summary Statement**

The TPC Executive Summary Statement must be included near the beginning of the Report. (9.2)

The Executive Summary statement is included after the preamble of this Full Disclosure Report, as well as a separate document.

### **1.4 Supporting Files**

A directory structure for the supporting files must be followed. (9.1.1.3)

The accompanying support files are in the proper structure as defined by the specification.

### 1.5 Auditor

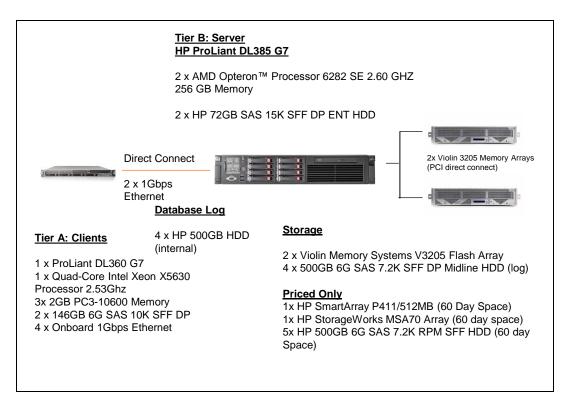
The name of the Auditor who certified the result must be included after the Price Spreadsheet. (9.2.2.2)

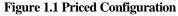
This Benchmark, Executive Summary, and Full Disclosure Report were audited by Doug Johnson for InfoSizing. The attestation letter is included in this FDR.

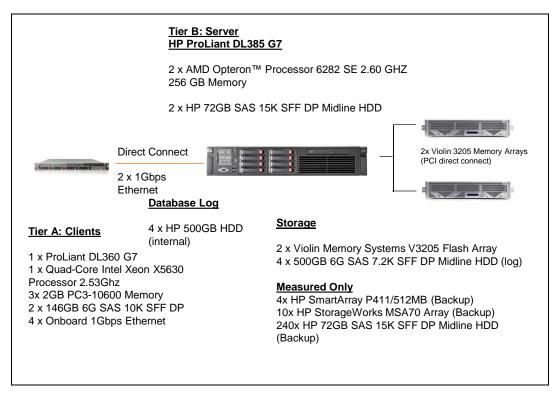
### **1.6 Configuration Diagrams**

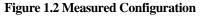
Diagrams of both Measured and Priced Configurations must be reported in the Report, accompanied by a description of the differences. (9.3.1.2, 9.3.1.3)

The Benchmarked and Priced configurations of the driver, SUT Server, and DBMS server are illustrated in Figures 1.1 and 1.2.









Note: Disk arrays present during the measured run were for data backup only, and were not used for the actual performance measurement or durability runs.

### 1.7 Hardware Configuration

A description of the steps taken to configure all of the hardware must be **reported** in the **Report**. Any and all configuration scripts or step by step GUI instructions are **reported** in the **Supporting Files** (see Clause 9.4.1.1). The description, scripts and GUI instructions must be sufficient such that a reader knowledgeable of computer systems and the TPC-E specification could recreate the hardware environment.

A description of any firmware updates or patches to the hardware.

A description of any GUI configuration used to configure the system hardware.

A description of exactly how the hardware is combined to create the complete system. For example, if the **SUT** description lists a base chassis with 1 processor, a processor update package of 3 processors, a NIC controller and 3 disk controllers, a description of where and how the processors, NIC and disk controllers are placed within the base chassis must be **reported** in the **Report**.

A description of how the hardware components are connected. The description can assume the reader is knowledgeable of computer systems and the TPC-E specification. For example, only a description that Controller 1 in slot A is connected to Disk Tower 5 is required. The reader is assumed to be knowledgeable enough to determine what type of cable is required based upon the component descriptions and how to plug the cable into the components.

The HP ProLiant DL385 G7, in the benchmarked configuration, consists of a single cabinet with 2 sockets. Each socket has 1 processor installed, along with 16 x 16 GB DIMMs. The various HBA's, NICS, and other IO cards are installed in the various chassis as defined in the file **HWConfig.pdf** in the *Supporting Files*/*Introduction*/*TierB* "Introduction" directory. Additionally, the **DiskConfig.pdf** file in the *Supporting Files* directory shows how the SmartArray and Violin Memory System Arrays storage subsystem were configured.

### **1.8 Software Configuration**

A description of the steps taken to configure all software must be **reported** in the **Report**. Any and all configuration scripts or step by step GUI instructions are **reported** in the **Supporting Files** (see Clause 9.4.1.2). The description, scripts and GUI instructions must be sufficient such that a reader knowledgeable of computer systems and the TPC-E specification could recreate the software environment. This includes, but is not limited to:

A description of any updates or patches to the software.

A description of any changes to the software.

A description of any GUI configurations used to configure the software.

The file **Win2008Setup.pdf** in the \*SupportingFiles*\*Introduction*\*TierB* directory outlines the steps taken to configure the OS and DBMS. The file **SQL2008Setup.doc** in \*SupportingFiles*\*Introduction*\*TierB* likewise outlines the steps taken to setup the DBMS. Other supporting files (registry, configuration) are also included in the respective directories.

### **Clause 2: Database Design, Scaling & Population Items**

### 2.1 Physical Database Organization

The physical organization of tables and indices, within the database, must be reported in the Report.

The database tables and indices were organized into two SQL Server filegroups as shown in Table 2.1 below. The tables that grew during the run, defined as *growing tables* in the TPC-E specification, were placed in a file group called Growing, while the tables that do not grow during the run, designated as *fixed and scaling*, and were placed in a filegroup called Fixed.

Directory **Clause2** in *Supporting Files* contains the scripts used to create the data base filegroups, tables, constraints, and indices. In addition, files to create TEMPDB files before the build and remove them after the build are included, as well as a script to remove the LOAD\_FG files and filegroup after the build and before the initial backup.

	Fixed	Growing
Account_Permission	Security	Broker
Company	Watch_Item	Address
Company_Competitor	Watch_List	Cash_Transaction
Customer	Charge	Holding
Customer_Account	Commission_Rate	Holding_History
Customer_TaxRate	Exchange	Holding_Summary
Daily_Market	Industry	Settlement
Financial	Sector	Trade
Last_Trade	Status_Type	Trade_History
News_Item	TaxRate	Trade_Request
News_Xref	Trade_Type	
	Zip_Code	

#### Table 2.1 – FileGroup Table Assignments

#### 2.2 Table and Row Partitioning

While few restrictions are placed upon horizontal or vertical partitioning of tables and rows in the TPC-E benchmark (see Clause 2.3.3), any such partitioning must be **reported** in the **Report**. (9.3.2.2)

No partitioning was done for this benchmark.

### 2.3 Replication, Duplication

Replication of tables, if used, must be **reported** in the **Report. (9.3.2.3)**.

Additional and/or duplicated columns in any table must **be** reported in the Report along with a statement on the impact on performance. (9.3.2.4)

No replication or duplication was done for this benchmark.

### 2.4 Cardinality of Tables

The cardinality (e.g. the number of rows) of each table, as it existed after database load must be reported in the Report. (9.3.2.5)

The TPC-E database was configured using 700,000 customers. Table 2.2 below shows the cardinality of each table.

Table	Rows
BROKER	7,000
CASH_TRANSACTION	11,128,313,461
CHARGE	15
COMMISSION_RATE	240
SETTLEMENT	12,096,000,000
TRADE	12,096,000,000
TRADE_HISTORY	29,030,418,536
TRADE_REQUEST	-
TRADE_TYPE	5
ACCOUNT_PERMISSION	4,970,435
CUSTOMER	700,000
CUSTOMER_ACCOUNT	3,500,000
CUSTOMER_TAXRATE	1,400,000
HOLDING	619,323,786
HOLDING_HISTORY	16,210,715,451
HOLDING_SUMMARY	34,817,571
WATCH_ITEM	70,007,791
WATCH_LIST	700,000
COMPANY	350,000
COMPANY_COMPETITOR	1,050,000
DAILY_MARKET	625,747,500
EXCHANGE	4
FINANCIAL	7,000,000
INDUSTRY	102
LAST_TRADE	479,500
NEWS_ITEM	700,000
NEWS_XREF	700,000
SECTOR	12
SECURITY	479,500
STATUS_TYPE	5
ADDRESS	1,050,004
TAXRATE	320
ZIP_CODE	14,741

**Table 2.2 Initial Cardinality of Tables** 

### 2.5 Disk Configuration

The distribution of tables, partitions and logs across all media must be explicitly depicted for the measured and Priced Configurations.(9.3.2.6)

Table 2.3 shows the configuration of the 2 Violin Memory System arrays, configured for data direct connected to the HP ProLiant DL385 G7. It also shows the 4 X HP 500GB 6G SAS 7.2K rpm SFF Dual Port Midline Hard Drives configured for the log, connected to 1 x HP Smart Array P410i controller in the internal bay. The Violin units were configured in the proprietary Violin RAID 3 configuration (default) and the log disks were configured as a RAID1+0 volume.

Each data array was partitioned with 3 partitions, one for the Growing FG, one for the Fixed FG, and one for TempDB files. The first 2 partitions were RAW; the 3<sup>rd</sup> was configured as NTFS. Access to all the TPCE database partitions was by using mount points, no drive letters were used except for the log, temp, and the boot/utility drives.

Controller Type	Disk #	Drives Enclosure RAID Lvl	Path Filesystem Partition	Size	Use
P410i Internal SmartArray	1	2x72GB SAS, Internal RAID1	C:, NTFS	72GB	Win2008 Boot, PageFile, Utility, Scripts Mount Point Root, DB Root File
	2	4x500GB SAS, Internal RAID1+0	L:, RAW	800GB	Database log
PCI Bridge Card	1	42 X 128GB Violin intelligent memory modules	g:\mnt\growing\1\ (RAW) g:\mnt\fixed\1\ (RAW) t:\ (NTFS) (striped)	3100 GB 100 GB 255.9 GB	Growing FG Fixed FG TempDB files
PCI Bridge Card	1	42 X 128GB Violin intelligent memory modules	g:\mnt\growing\2\ (RAW) g:\mnt\fixed\2\ (RAW) t:\ (NTFS) (striped)	3100 GB 100 GB 255.9 GB	Growing FG Fixed FG TempDB files

Table 2.3 Disk/Partition Configuration

The measured configuration also included four SmartArray P411 cards for database backup. Two cards were attached to 2 MSA70 enclosures, the other two were attached to three MSA70 enclosures. Each enclosure contained 24 drives configured as RAID5. This 10 volumes held backups of the database, and were also used during building of the database. This storage was not an active part of the performance run.

### 2.6 Database Interface

A statement must be provided in the **Report** that describes:

The **Database Interface** (e.g., embedded, call level) and access language (e.g., SQL, COBOL read/write) used to implement the TPC-E **Transactions**. If more than one interface / access language is used to implement TPC-E, each interface / access language must be described and a list of which interface / access language is used with which **Transaction** type must be **reported**.(9.3.2.7)

The data model implemented by the DBMS (e.g., relational, network, hierarchical).(9.3.2.7)

The methodology used to load the database must be reported in the Report. (9.3.2.8)

Client software interfaced to SQL Server through stored procedures invoked by the clients with ODBC calls. The application code was C++.

The data model implemented by Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 SP1 Enterprise Edition is relational.

The methodology used to load the database is contained in the file **MSTPCE Database Setup Reference.pdf** in the CLAUSE2 directory in *SupportingFiles* directory.

### **Clause 3: Transaction Related Items**

### 3.1 Code Functionality

A statement that vendor-supplied code is functionally equivalent to **Pseudo-code** in the specification must be **reported** in the **Report**.(9.3.3.1)

Secondary sponsor-supplied code is functionally equivalent to pseudo-code in the specification.

### **3.2 Database Footprint**

A statement that the database footprint requirements were met must be **reported** in the **Report**. (9.3.3.2)

Database footprint requirements were met.

### **Clause 4: SUT, Driver and Network Related Items**

### 4.1 Network Configuration

The Network configurations of both the measured and Priced Configurations must be described and reported in the Report. This includes the mandatory Network between the Driver and Tier A) and any optional Database Server interface networks (9.3.4.1)

2 internal NICs of the HP Proliant DL360 G7 client were direct connected to two internal NICs in the HP ProLiant DL385 G7. No networking switches or other equipment was used. The other client NIC was used to access the system by the benchmark driver system, management, etc.

### **Clause 5: EGen Related Items**

### 5.1 EGen Version

The version of EGen used in the benchmark must be reported in the Report. (9.3.5.1)

EGen Version used for this test was 1.12.0

### 5.2 EGen Code

A statement that all required TPC-provided EGen code was used in the benchmark must be reported in the Report.(9.3.5.2)

All required TPC provided EGen code was used in this benchmark.

### 5.3 EGen Modifications

If the **Test Sponsor** modified **EGen**, a statement **EGen** has been modified must be **reported** in the **Report**. All formal waivers from the TPC documenting the allowed changes to **EGen** must also be **reported** in the **Report** if any of the changes to **EGen** do not have a formal waiver that must also be **reported** in the **Report**.

No modifications to EGen were done for this report.

### **5.4 EGen Loader Extensions**

If the **Test Sponsor** extended **EGenLoader** the use of the extended **EGenLoader** and the audit of the extension code by an **Auditor** must be **reported** in the **Report** (9.3.5.4)

EGen Loader was not extended for this report.

### 5.5 EGen Loader Make Files

The make/project files used to compile/link EGenLoader and EGenValidate must be reported in the Supporting Files. The compiler/linker options and flags used to compile/link EGen Objects for the SUT must be reported in the Supporting Files.(9.3.5.5)

The Visual C++ project files are in the Clause5 directory in the Supporting Files directory.

### **Clause 6: Performance Metrics and Response Time Related Items**

### 6.1 EGenDriver and MEE instances

The number of EGenDriverMEE and EGenDriverCE instances used in the benchmark must be reported in the Report (9.3.6.1)

8 instances of both the EGenDriverMEE and EGenDriverCE were used in this report.

### 6.2 Measured Throughput

The Measured Throughput must be reported in the Report. (9.3.6.2)

Measured tpsE for this run was 1,232.84 tpsE.

### Test Run Graph and Steady State Measurement

A **Test Run Graph** of throughput versus elapsed wall clock time must be **reported** in the **Report** for the Trade-Result Transaction.(9.3.6.3)

The method used to determine that the **SUT** had reached a **Steady State** prior to commencing the **Measurement Interval** must be **reported** in the **Report**.(9.3.6.4)

After initial ramp-up, throughput and response time were observed until both were constant, generally to within less than a percent of the reported throughput. Throughput and response time were determined by examining the data after the run was terminated. The data was reported over every 60 second window during the test run. Ramp up and steady state can be seen from the graph below.

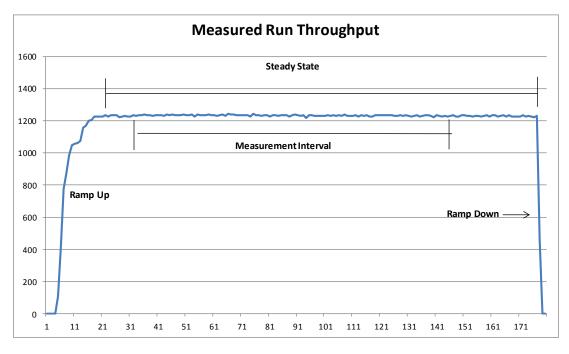


Figure 6.1 Test Run Time/Steady State Measurement Run Data

### 6.4 Work Measurement

A description of how the work normally performed during a **Test Run**, actually occurred during the **Measurement Interval** must be **reported** in the **Report** (for example check-pointing, writing **Undo/Redo Log** records, etc). (9.3.6.5)

During the run, the Customer Emulator engines (Driver Engines) generated transactions via the audited stored procedures as per the TPC-E specification. Each transaction was time-stamped, response time verified, and the transactions logged into individual log files. Communication was done between the Driver Engine Customer Emulators and Market Emulators to the SUT Server emulators, which in turn generated commands via ODBC connections to Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 SP1 Enterprise Edition. Satisfying these ODBC requests constitute the primary load on the server during the run.

Checkpoints were performed to flush all dirty pages from memory, and write a record of this fact to the transaction log. This was accomplished by setting the SQL Recovery Interval to 32767, which effectively tells SQL to not checkpoint automatically. Near the beginning of the test run, a script was started that did manual checkpoints, specifying an interval of 435 seconds. SQL Server was run with run flag 3502, which caused it to display messages when checkpoints were started and ended. This was used to verify the checkpoints were done in the time intervals as required by the TPC-E specification.

#### **6.5 Transaction Reporting**

*The recorded averages over the* **Measurement Interval** *for each of the* **Transaction** *input parameters specified by clause 6.4.1 must be* **reported** *in the* **Report**. (9.3.6.6)

Table 6.2 shows the Averages for the Test Run.

Transaction	Over-			Range	Acceptable	e Range
	all	Parameter	Value	Check	Min	Max
		By Tax ID	50.01%	Ok	48.00%	52.00%
Customer Position	OK	Get History	49.99%	Ok	48.00%	52.00%
		Frame 1	30.01%	Ok	28.50%	31.50%
Trade Lookup	OK	Frame 2	29.99%	Ok	28.50%	31.50%
Hade Lookup	OK	Frame 3	30.00%	Ok	28.50%	31.50%
		Frame 4	10.01%	Ok	9.50%	10.50%
		By Watch List	59.99%	Ok	57.00%	63.00%
Market Watch	OK	By Customer Acct	35.01%	Ok		37.00%
		By Industry	5.00%	Ok	33.00%           4.50%           31.00%           31.00%           32.00%           0.90%	5.50%
		Frame 1	32.95%	Ok		35.00%
Trade Update	OK	Frame 2	33.03%	Ok		35.00%
		Frame 3	34.02%	Ok		36.00%
Security Detail	OK	Access LOB	1.00%	Ok		1.10%
		By Non-Owner	10.01%	Ok	9.50%	10.50%
		By Company Name	40.00%	Ok	38.00%	42.00%
		Buy on Margin	7.99%	Ok	7.50%	8.50%
		Rollback	0.99%	Ok	0.94%	1.04%
		LIFO	35.01%	Ok	33.00%	37.00%
		Trade by Qty 100	25.01%	Ok	24.00%	26.00%
		Trade by Qty 200	25.02%	Ok	24.00%	26.00%
Trade Order	OK	Trade by Qty 400	25.02%	Ok	24.00%	26.00%
		Trade by Qty 800	24.94%	Ok	24.00%	26.00%
		Market Buy	29.99%	Ok	29.70%	30.30%
		Market Sell	30.00%	Ok	29.70%	30.30%
		Limit Buy	20.00%	Ok	19.80%	20.20%
		Limit Sell	10.01%	Ok	9.90%	10.10%
		Stop Loss	10.01%	Ok	9.90%	10.10%

 Table 6.2 Average Transaction Parameters

### **Clause 7: Transaction and System Properties**

### 7.1 ACID Tests

The results of the ACID tests must be **reported** in the **Report** along with a description of how the ACID requirements were met, and how the ACID tests were run. (9.3.7.1)

The Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, and Durability tests are specified by the TPC-E specification. These requirements are translated into audited procedures which are executed either on a fresh database (Isolation, Atomicity, Consistency), or after a test run (Consistency). Instructions for running these tests are included in the file *MSTPCE ACID Procedures.pdf*. This file, along with results of these tests is contained in the *Supporting Files* directory under *Clause7*.

Durability test consisted of Data Accessibility and Business Recovery tests. The procedures for each are outlined below.

### 7.2 Redundancy Level and Data Accessibility Tests

The **Test Sponsor** must **report** in the **Report** the Redundancy Level and describe the Data **Accessibility** test(s) used to demonstrate compliance .(9.3.7.2)

Redundancy level 1 was used for all tests and the measured run.

Note: In the following procedure, all VIMMs in the Violin array were first put in a DOWNed state by management commands to prevent physical damage. The auditor verified that the effect of the command meets the requirement for instantaneous failure of the component.

The Data Accessibility Test for the Violin Memory Appliance and the database transaction log was performed according to the following steps

- 1. The rows in the Settlement table were counted to establish the initial count of trades present.
- 2. A run was started using the same profile and configuration as the test run (reported result) and ramped up to at least 95% of the Reported Throughput.
- 3. After >=5 minutes of running at at least 95% of the Reported Throughput, a log disk in the RAID10 log array was pulled.
- 4. Shortly thereafter, the Chassis Spare VIMMs were Downed so they would not be used for an automatic rebuild when the VIMM was failed in the next two steps.
- 5. A VIMM was chosen and DOWNed.. Since the Spares were offline (Step 4), automatic recovery was inhibited and the RAID group was then unprotected.
- 6. The VIMM was then physically removed from the Violin array, and re-inserted to trigger recovery of the failed VIMM.
- 7. The VIMM processor automatically booted, and recovery of the RAID Group was started automatically.
- 8. The log disk was re-inserted to allow recovery procedure to begin.
- 9. The run continued for 20 minutes at a reduced throughput due to the RAID rebuild.
- 10. The benchmark was terminated gracefully, and the various reports were run. No errors were reported at any time in this process.
- 11. The rows in the Settlement table were counted again to establish the final number of trades present in the data base.
- 12. The initial count was subtracted from the final count and was verified against the reported number of Trade-Result transactions
- 13. After the VIMM RAID Group finished rebuilding, and the log array finished rebuilding, the recovery was considered complete.
- 14. The Consistency scripts were run to verify the data base was logically consistent.

### 7.3 Data Accessibility Graph



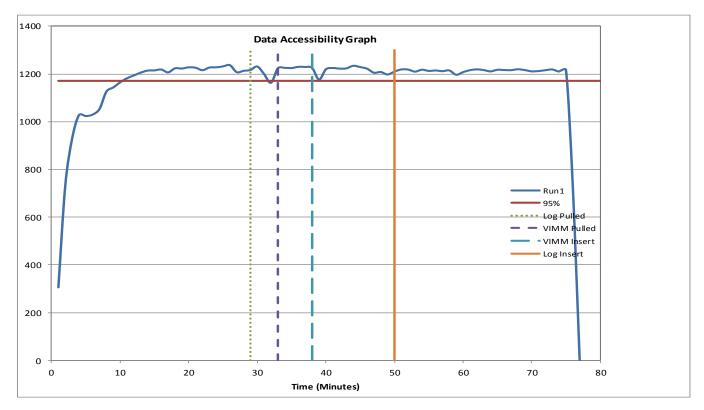


Figure 7.1 Data Accessibility Test Run Graph

### 7.4 Business Recovery Tests

#### The Test Sponsor must describe in the Report the test(s) used to demonstrate Business Recovery. (9.3.7.4)

This test measures the time it takes to recover to 95% of the reported throughput after a system power loss.

- 1. The rows in the Settlement table were counted to establish the initial count of trades present.
- 2. A run was started using the same profile and configuration as the test run (reported result) and ramped up to >95% of the Reported Throughput.
- 3. Primary power to Tier B server was removed (i.e., the plug was pulled).
- 4. Drivers noted transaction failures almost immediately, and the driver environment was terminated.
- 5. Power was restored to Tier B server, and the machine rebooted. While the machine booted and recovered (step 6), the logs for the first run were processed.
- 6. After the OS was running, SQL Server was started, which automatically started transaction recovery of the primary TPC-E data base. This process reads the transaction log and reapplies all committed transactions and rollback any incomplete transactions. At the end of this process, the database on disk will be logically consistent.
- 7. Business Recovery starts with the first line of output produced by Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 SP1 Enterprise Edition.
- 8. After SQL finished recovery of the TPC-E database and reported that the data base was available, the Trade-Cleanup Transaction was executed.
- 9. The benchmark was started and ramped up as before to >95% of the Reported Throughput.

- 10. The benchmark was allowed to run at >=95% for 20 minutes.
- 11. The driver environment was terminated gracefully. No errors were reported.
- 12. The rows in the Settlement table were counted again to determine the final number of trades present.
- 13. The initial count was subtracted from the final count, and this number was verified to be greater than or equal to the number of Trade-Result transacts as logged during the run.
- 14. The Consistency scripts were run to verify the data base was logically consistent.
- 15. The beginning of the first window of time where >=95% for 20 minutes was noted, which marked the end of the Business Recovery interval.

Business Recovery Time was 30 minutes and 58 seconds. This is also reported in the Executive Summary.

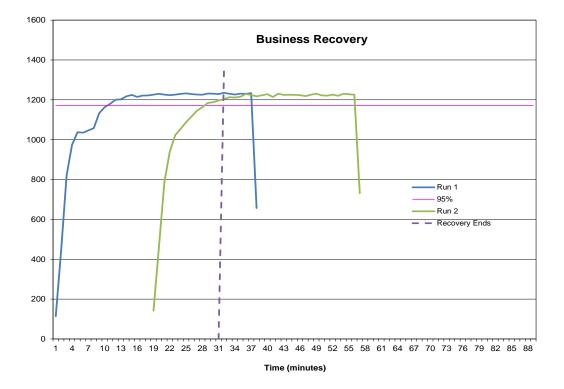


Figure 7.2 Business Recovery Tests Graph

### **Clause 8: Pricing Related Items**

### 8.1 60-Day Space

Details of the **60-Day Space** computations along with proof that the database is configured to sustain a **Business Day** of growth must be **reported** in the **Report**. (9.3.8.1)

Below is the 60 Day Space spreadsheet verified from the IO configuration.

			TPC-E Disk Sp	ace Requirements					
Customers Used	700,000	Performance	1,232.84	TpsE					
Broker File Group	Initial Rows	Data (KB)	Index size (KB)	Extra 5% (KB)	Total + 5% (KB)	After run (KB)	Growth (KB)	1 Day Growth (KB)	Req. Add. (KB)
BROKER	7,000	512	520	52	1,084	1,032			52
CASH_TRANSACTION	11,128,313,461	1,147,781,808	2,419,208	57,510,051	1,207,711,067	1,152,432,008	2,230,992	6,295,791	6,295,791
CHARGE	15	8	8	1	17	16	-		1
COMMISSION RATE	240	16	16	2	34	32			2
SETTLEMENT	12,096,000,000	576,784,136	1,216,032	28,900,008	606,900,176	579,244,112	1,243,944	3,510,372	3,510,372
TRADE	12,096,000,000	1,442,021,760	724,409,144	108,321,545	2,274,752,449	2,173,513,256	7,082,352	19,986,180	19,986,180
TRADE_HISTORY	29,030,418,536	873,095,392	2,276,016	43,768,570	919,139,978	877,608,368	2,236,960	6,312,633	6,312,633
TRADE REQUEST	-		-			187,320	187,320	528,612	528,612
TRADE_TYPE	5		1,032	52	1,092	1,040			52
Customer File Group		, v	1,052	52	1,075	1,010			
ACCOUNT_PERMISSION	4,970,435	273.696	1,688	13,769	289.153	275.448	64	181	13,769
CUSTOMER	700,000	114,704	30,248	7,248	152,200	144,952			7,248
CUSTOMER_ACCOUNT	3,500,000	317,160	67,696	19,240	404,099	384,856	-		19,240
CUSTOMER_ACCOUNT CUSTOMER_TAXRATE	1,400,000	29,184	416	19,243	404,099	29,728	128	362	19,243
HOLDING	619,323,786	41,206,192	26,058,488	3,363,234	70,627,914	68,016,320	751,640	2,121,106	2,121,106
HOLDING_HISTORY	16,210,715,451	589,480,664	340,717,576	46,509,912	976,708,152	932,580,672	2,382,432	6,723,150	6,723,150
HOLDING_HISTORY HOLDING_SUMMARY	10,210,715,451 34,817,571	1,512,576	340, /1 /,5 /6	40,509,912 75,918	976,708,152	932,580,672	2,362,432	0,723,150	0,723,150
WATCH_ITEM	70,007,791	1,912,570	7,280	97,564	2,048,852	1,918,392	232	- 655	97,564
WATCH_IIEM WATCH_LIST	70,007,791	1,944,008	14,064	97,304	2,046,632	31,512		-	97,504
	/00,000	17,446	14,004	1,270	33,000	31,512			1,570
Market File Group		71.001	20.440		00.071				
COMPANY	350,000	74,384	20,448	4,742	99,574	94,848	16	46	4,742
COMPANY_COMPETITOR	1,050,000	28,216	22,720	2,547	53,483	50,936	-		2,547
DAILY_MARKET	625,747,500	29,150,896	84,336	1,461,762	30,696,994	29,236,408	1,176	3,319	1,461,762
EXCHANGE	4	8	8	1	17	16	-		1
FINANCIAL	7,000,000	788,832	2,480	39,566	830,878	791,584	272	768	39,566
INDUSTRY	102	8	24	2	34	32	-		2
LAST_TRADE	479,500	29,712	416	1,506	31,634	30,128			1,506
NEWS_ITEM	700,000	92,677,344	1,136	4,633,924	97,312,404	92,678,536	56	159	4,633,924
NEWS_XREF	700,000	17,440	416	893	18,749	17,856			893
SECTOR	12	8	24	2	34	32	-		2
SECURITY	479,500	65,920	17,136	4,153	87,209	83,088	32	91	4,153
STATUS_TYPE	5	8	8	1	17	16	•		1
Misc File Group									
ADDRESS	1,050,004	60,560	416	3,049	64,025	61,016	40	113	3,049
TAXRATE	320	24	16	2		56	16	46	46
ZIP_CODE	14,741	488	24	26	538	512			26
TOTALS (KB)		4,797,473,120	1,097,374,816	294,742,397	6,189,590,333				
Initial Database Size (MB)		5,756,687	<u>5,622 GB</u>						
Db/Filegroups	LUN Count	Partition Size(KB)	MB allocated	MB Loaded	MB Required				
fixed fg		104,857,600	204,800	122,91		OK			
growing_fg		3,250,585,600	6,348,800	5,633,774		OK			
o0_*0		5,000,000,000	5,5 10,000	5,000,77	MB Available	on			
Settlements	12,581,920				746,355				
Initial Growing Space (MB)	5,633,774	1							
Final Growing Space (MB)		Data LUNS	1	-	Initial Log size (MB)	4,788	Log LUNS	1	1
Delta (MB)		Disks per LUN	5		Final Log size (MB)	89,524	Log Disks	4	
Data Space per Trade (MB)	0.00125084	Disk Capacity (MB)	476,160		Log Growth (MB)		Disk Capacity (MB)	476,160	
1 Day Data Growth (MB)	44,412	RAID5 Overhead	470,100	0.0%		0.00673478	RAID10 Overhead	470,100	
a say said brown (htb)				0.07	-		Log Space (MB)	902,328	-
60-Day Overflow (MB)	1,873,950	Total Space (MB)	1,904,640		1 Day log space (MB)	239 124	Log Space (MB)		

### 8.2 Attestation Letter

Jason Goertz Hewlett-Packard ( 14475 NE 24 <sup>th</sup> Str Bellevue, WA 98(	eet			
November 11, 201	1			
		E performance of the follo	owing configuration:	
Platform: Operating System Database Manager	Microsoft	nt DL385 G7 Windows Server 2008 R2 SQL Server 2008 R2 SP1		
The results were:				
CPU's Speed	Memory	Disks	Trade-Result 90% Response Time	tpsE
5.06	Tier B,	Server: HP ProLiant DI	L385 G7	-
2 x AMD Opteron 6282 SE (2.6GHz)	256 GB (16MB L3)	9 x 500 GB 7.2K HDD 2 x 3205 Violin Array SSD	0.08 Seconds	1232.84
	Tier A, O	ne Client: HP ProLiant	DL360 G7	
1 x Intel Xeon X5630 (2.53 GHz)	6 GB (12MB L3)	2 x 146 GB 10K SAS	n/a	n/a
n my opinion, the equirements for t		e results were produced in	compliance with the	TPC
The following ver		were given special attentio	on:	
A 11 T C	ponents were y	verified to be v1.12.0.		
	243	ly implemented.		

• The ACID properties were met.

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- Input data was generated according to the specified percentages.
- The reported response times were correctly measured.
- All 90% response times were under the specified maximums.
- The measurement interval was representative of steady state conditions.
- The reported measurement interval was 120 minutes.
- The implementation used Redundancy Level 1.
- The Business Recovery Time of 0:30:58 was correctly measured.
- The 60 day storage requirement was correctly computed.
- The system pricing was verified for major components and maintenance.

Additional Audit Notes:

None.

Respectfully Yours,

talingo

Doug Johnson, Auditor

Fromis/and

François Raab, President

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### **Clause 9: Supporting Files**

### 9.1 Supporting Files

The Supporting Files contain human readable and machine executable (i.e., able to be performed by the appropriate program without modification) scripts that are required to recreate the benchmark Result. If there is a choice of using a GUI or a script, then the machine executable script must be provided in the Supporting Files. If no corresponding script is available for a GUI, then the Supporting Files must contain a detailed step by step description of how to manipulate the GUI.(9.4)

## Appendix A: Third Party Pricing Quotes/Pricing

#### Microsoft

Microsoft Corporation One Microsoft Way Redmond, WA 98052-6399 Tel 425 882 8080 Fax 425 936 7329 http://www.microsoft.com/



November 2, 2011

Hewlett-Packard Company Jason Goertz One Microsoft Way Redmond, WA 98052

Here is the information you requested regarding pricing for several Microsoft products to be used in conjunction with your TPC-E benchmark testing.

All pricing shown is in US Dollars (\$).

Part Number	Description	Unit Price	Quantity	Price
810-08529	<b>SQL Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition</b> <i>Per Processor License</i> <i>Open Program - No Level</i> <i>Unit Price reflects a 2% discount from the</i> <i>retail unit price of \$23,848.</i>	\$23,370	2	\$46,740
P72-04219	<b>Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition</b> Server License with 25 CALs Open Program - No Level Unit Price reflects a 42% discount from the retail unit price of \$3,999.	\$2,320	1	\$2,320
P73-00352	Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Edition Server License with 10 CALs Open Program - No Level Unit Price reflects a 15% discount from the retail unit price of \$1,029.	\$870	1	\$870
N/A	<b>Microsoft Problem Resolution Services</b> <i>Professional Support</i> (1 Incident).	\$259	1	\$259

SQL Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition, Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition, and Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Edition are currently orderable and available through Microsoft's normal distribution channels. A list of Microsoft's resellers can be found in the Microsoft Product Information Center at

http://www.microsoft.com/products/info/render.aspx?view=22&type=ho w

Defect support is included in the purchase price. Additional support is available from Microsoft PSS on an incident by incident basis at \$259 call.

This quote is valid for the next 90 days.

Reference ID: TPCE\_qhtplyIGYLKTVUKfiihJjhiIiihJhjf85757.

### Violin Memory

TO:



Jason Goertz

One Microsoft Way Redmond, WA 425-703-9215 b-jasgoe@microsoft.com

HP

Sales Quote

Violin Memory, Inc. 2700 Garcia Ave Mountain View, CA 94043 E. Casey Roche III Ph: 1-888-9VIOLIN (984-6546) x10 Fax: 1732-218-6077 Email: casev@violin-memory.com

www.violin-memory.com

Date:	November 1, 2011
Quote #:	042111HP-MSFT
Expiration	Valid for
Date:	30 days

Project	TPC-E Benchmark for DL380 G7		Payment Terms:	Net 30 days			
Qity	Prod Code		List Price	Discount	Extended Price		
-		Violin Memory Array					
2	V-3205	V-3200 Memory Array with 5.218 Flash Redundant AC supplies - C19 connectors PCIex8 Interface, Card and Cable	\$ 150,000.00	33%	ş	201,000.00	
		Storage Interface					
		Maintenance & Warranty			-		
3	VS-PMTY	Violin Premium Maintenance - 1 year Refer to www.violin-memory.com/legal	4%	0%	\$	36,000.00	
		No specific software version requirements		Subtotal	\$	237,000.00	
		after receipt of order.	Shipping & Sales Tax	& Handling 0.000%		-	
subbiu	Shipping Details	ing by 5 day ground within USA Jason Goertz		IDIOI	\$	237,000.00	
	and the second sec	HP	Thank	Thank You For Your Business!			
		One Microsoft Way					
		Redmond, WA					
		425-703-9215					

2700 Garcia Awe, Mountain View, CA 94043 Mi: 1-888-9VIOLIN (984-6546) Email: sales@vi