

# Cisco Systems, Inc.

# TPC Benchmark<sup>TM</sup> H Full Disclosure Report

# Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server

using

VectorWise 2.0.1

and

RedHat Enterprise Linux.6.0

**First Edition** 

February 2012

#### First Edition – February, 2012

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# **Abstract**

This report documents the methodology and results of the TPC Benchmark® H test conducted on the Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server using RedHat Enterprise Linux 6.0 and Actian VectorWise 2.0.1

# Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server

Company Name	System Name	Database Software	Operating System				
Cisco Systems, Inc	Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server	VectorWise 2.0.1	RedHat Enterprise Linux 6.0				
TPC Benchmark® H Metrics							
Total System Cost	TPC-H Throughput	Price/Performance	Availability Date				
\$49,644 USD	332,481.7 QphH@100GB	\$0.15 USD \$/QphH@100GB	February 13, 2012				

	CISCO Exter			sco UCS C250 M2 nded-Memory Server			TPC-H Rev. 2.14.0 TPC-Pricing Rev. 1.6.0 Report Date: February 14, 2012	
Total Syst	tem Cost	Co	mposite Query po	er Hour Met	tric	Price /	Performance	
\$49,64			332,481.7 QphH@100GB			•	15 USD phH@100GB	
Database Size	Database M	anager	Oper	ating Systen	n	Other Software	Availability Date	
100GB	VectorWis	e 2.0.1	RedHat En	terprise L	Linux 6.0		February 14, 2012	
1.0	12.6				<u>,                                    </u>		•	
RF1 21 19 17 15 13 11 9 7 5 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					Geomean Arthimetic Me  Throughput Power	an		
0.0	10.0 20.	0 30	.0 40.0	50	0.0 6	0.0	70.0	
Database Load Tin	ne = 2:15:09			Stora	ige Redunda	ncy Level		
Load Includes Back	kup: N		Base Tables an				5	
Total Data Storage			DBMS Tempor				5	
Percentage Memor	•		OS and DBMS	Software			5	
	Dis Te	Memory: sk Controller Storage: otal Storage: N Controller	Cisco UCS C2 192 GB LSI MegaRAII 8 x 146GB 6Gb 1.17 TB 4 x Integrated 1	O SAS 9261- O SAS 15K I	-8i RPM SFF HD			

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	C	IS	C	0

# Cisco UCS C250 M2

TPC-H Rev. 2.14.0 TPC-Pricing Rev. 1.6.0

CISCO	Extende	Extended-Memory Server				eport Date:	13-Feb-2012
Description	Part Number	Brand	Source	Unit Price	Qty	Extended Price	3 Year Maint. Price
Server Hardware							
UCS C250 M2 Srvr w/1PSU,DVD w/o CPU, mem, HDD, or PCle card	R250-2480805W	Cisco	1	\$4,687	1	\$4,687	
Intel Xeon X5690 3.46GHz/6c/130W/12M/DDR3 1333MHz	A01-X0115	Cisco	1	\$4,686	2	\$9,372	
4GB DDR3-1333-MHz RDIMM/PC3-10600	UCS-MR-1X041RX-A	Cisco	1	\$299	48	\$14,352	
850W power supply for the UCS C250 M2	R250-PSU2-850W	Cisco	1	\$560	1	\$560	
LSI 6G MegaRAID 9261-8i card (RAID 0,1,5,6,10,60) - 512WC	R2XX-PL003	Cisco	1	\$1,591	1	\$1,591	
146GB 6Gb SAS 15K RPM SFF HDD	A03-D146GA2	Cisco	1	\$561	8	\$4,488	
MS Comfort Curve DT 3000 USB-EN NA Keyboard & Mouse	7ZJ-00001	Provantage	3	\$18	1	\$18	
V173DJb LCD Monitor	ET-BV3RP-D03	Provantage	3	\$90	1	\$90	
Cisco R42610 expansion rack	RACK-UCS	Cisco	1	\$2,857	1	\$2,857	
C250 24x7x4Hr Onsite Support Service	CON-UCS7-R250W	Cisco	1	\$566	3_		\$1,698
					Subtotal _	\$38,015	\$1,698
Large Purchase Discount '	57.0%	Cisco	1		_	-\$21,669	
				Hardware	Subtotal _	\$16,346	\$1,698
Software							
VectorWise 2.0 3-Y License	VW-3Y-GB-CISCO	Actian	2	\$250	100	\$25,000	
VectorWise 2.0 1-Y Maintenance Bug Fixes	VW-3Y-GB-CISCO-SUP	Actian	2	\$25	300		\$7,500
Vectorwise Discount	10.0%	Actian	2			-\$2,500	-\$750
RHEL 1-2 SKT 24x7 3 Year RHN SW			1	\$2,349	1_		\$2,349
				Software	Subtotal _	\$22,500	\$9,099
					Total	\$38,846	\$10,797
				•			
Pricing: 1=Cisco 800-553-6387 2=Action 3=Provantage; i-For all items	source 1 except support service	ces		Three-Year	Cost of C	wnership:	\$49,644 USD
Audited by Lorna Livingtree of Performance Metrics, Inc.							
All discounts are based on US list prices and for similar quantities and cor specific components pricing from respective vendors in this single quotation	•					QphH:	332,481.7
similar to those quoted here, but may vary based on the components in th	,	J				\$ / QphH:	\$0.15 USD

Prices used in TPC benchmarks reflect the actual prices a customer would pay for a one-time purchase of the stated components. Individually negotiated discounts are not permitted. Special prices based on assumptions about past or future purchases are not permitted. All discounts reflect standard pricing policies for the listed components. For complete details, see the pricing sections of the TPC benchmark specifications. If you find that the stated prices are not available according to these terms, please inform at pricing@tpc.org. Thank you.



# Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server

TPC-H Rev. 2.14.0 TPC-Pricing Rev. 1.6.0

February 14, 2012

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#### **Measurement Results**

**Database Scaling (SF/Size)** 100 **Total Data Storage/Database Size** 11.68 **Percentage Memory/Database Size** 192% Start of Database Load Time 12/20/11 21:43:00 **End of Database Load Time** 12/20/11 23:58:09 **Database Load Time** 2:15:09 **Query Streams for Throughput Test (S)** 11 **TPC-H Power** 367,972.7 **TPC-H Throughput** 300,413.8 **TPC-H Composite** 332,481.7 **Total System Price Over 3 Years** \$49,644 USD TPC-H Price/Performance Metric (\$/QphH@100GB) \$0.15 USD

**Measurement Interval** 

**Measurement Interval in Throughput Test (Ts)** 

**Duration of stream execution:** 

Power Run	Seed	Query Start Time Query End Time	Duration(sec)	RF1 Start Time RF1 End Time	RF 2 Start Time RF 2 End Time
Power Kun	1220235809	12/21/2011 00:13:22	30.1	12/21/2011 00:13:08	12/21/2011 00:13:52
	1220200000	12/21/2011 00:13:52	00.1	12/21/2011 00:13:22	12/21/2011 00:13:57
Throughput	Seed	Query Start Time	Duration(sec)	RF1 Start Time	RF 2 Start Time
Streams	Seeu	Query End Time	Duration(Sec)	RF1 End Time	RF 2 End Time
1	1220235810	12/21/2011 00:13:58	290.7	12/21/2011 00:13:58	12/21/2011 00:14:19
'	1220233010	12/21/2011 00:18:49	290.7	12/21/2011 00:14:19	12/21/2011 00:14:27
2	1220235811	12/21/2011 00:13:58	260.5	12/21/2011 00:14:27	12/21/2011 00:14:44
2	1220233011	12/21/2011 00:18:19	200.5	12/21/2011 00:14:44	12/21/2011 00:14:51
3	1220235812	12/21/2011 00:13:58	283.9	12/21/2011 00:14:51	12/21/2011 00:15:09
3	1220233612	12/21/2011 00:18:42	203.9	12/21/2011 00:15:09	12/21/2011 00:15:17
4	1220235813	12/21/2011 00:13:58	285.7	12/21/2011 00:15:17	12/21/2011 00:15:34
-	1220233013	12/21/2011 00:18:44	203.7	12/21/2011 00:15:34	12/21/2011 00:15:43
5	1220235814	12/21/2011 00:13:58	264.4	12/21/2011 00:15:43	12/21/2011 00:16:01
5	1220233614	12/21/2011 00:18:23	204.4	12/21/2011 00:16:01	12/21/2011 00:16:10
6	1220235815	12/21/2011 00:13:58	275.3	12/21/2011 00:16:10	12/21/2011 00:16:37
	1220233013	12/21/2011 00:18:33	213.3	12/21/2011 00:16:37	12/21/2011 00:16:50
7	1220235816	12/21/2011 00:13:58	271.5	12/21/2011 00:16:50	12/21/2011 00:17:09
<b>'</b>	1220233010	12/21/2011 00:18:30	271.3	12/21/2011 00:17:09	12/21/2011 00:17:15
8	1220235817	12/21/2011 00:13:58	276.4	12/21/2011 00:17:15	12/21/2011 00:17:32
·	1220233017	12/21/2011 00:18:35	270.4	12/21/2011 00:17:32	12/21/2011 00:17:39
9	1220235818	12/21/2011 00:13:58	282.7	12/21/2011 00:17:39	12/21/2011 00:17:55
9	1220233616	12/21/2011 00:18:41	202.1	12/21/2011 00:17:55	12/21/2011 00:18:02
10	1220235819	12/21/2011 00:13:58	285.8	12/21/2011 00:18:02	12/21/2011 00:18:20
10	1220233619	12/21/2011 00:18:44	200.0	12/21/2011 00:18:20	12/21/2011 00:18:26
11	1220235820	12/21/2011 00:13:58	276.0	12/21/2011 00:18:26	12/21/2011 00:18:41
- 11	1220233020	12/21/2011 00:18:34	7 276.0	12/21/2011 00:18:41	12/21/2011 00:18:47



# Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server

TPC-H Rev. 2.14.0 TPC-Pricing Rev. 1.6.0

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Stream ID	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12
0	1.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.7	0.9	4.6	2.1	0.4	0.4
1	20.5	1.8	1.6	0.1	7.7	1.2	8.3	7.1	56.8	19.2	5.4	5.9
2	23.0	2.8	1.3	1.0	9.7	0.3	12.8	7.8	54.5	9.3	2.2	5.2
3	20.8	3.0	0.6	0.9	10.4	1.1	8.5	9.6	65.7	15.1	2.2	4.2
4	24.6	2.3	0.4	1.1	9.0	2.2	7.8	4.8	70.6	10.0	2.2	4.8
5	20.4	4.3	1.6	1.0	8.6	2.2	7.4	6.5	54.7	10.0	1.9	3.9
6	23.0	1.9	1.7	1.0	9.1	1.8	8.4	6.6	56.8	8.0	2.4	2.4
7	24.3	2.2	2.1	1.5	8.0	1.4	9.0	9.1	58.4	10.7	2.2	3.9
8	22.5	2.3	1.3	0.9	7.5	1.4	9.6	6.8	55.7	8.9	1.1	5.0
9	21.5	3.1	1.3	1.1	4.9	2.8	7.9	8.8	62.2	16.0	2.0	4.5
10	21.5	2.8	3.0	2.0	2.3	0.3	7.6	1.8	59.6	19.5	2.1	4.7
11	22.0	2.0	1.3	0.9	9.8	1.5	6.6	9.9	53.3	8.8	2.8	7.5
Minimum	1.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.7	0.9	4.6	2.1	0.4	0.4
Maximum	24.6	4.3	3.0	2.0	10.4	2.8	12.8	9.9	70.6	19.5	5.4	7.5
Average	20.5	2.4	1.4	1.0	7.3	1.4	7.9	6.6	54.4	11.5	2.2	4.4
Stream ID	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	047							
		-	-		Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	RF1	RF2
0	6.2	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.7	2.0	1.7	0.9	3.5	0.8	13.9	4.7
1	44.4	0.7 3.7	0.5 2.4	1.0 8.9	0.7 10.4	2.0 19.2	1.7 17.1	0.9 5.8	3.5 35.9	0.8 7.1	13.9 21.3	4.7 7.5
1 2	44.4 15.1	0.7 3.7 8.8	0.5	1.0 8.9 8.8	0.7	2.0 19.2 17.2	1.7	0.9 5.8 7.7	3.5 35.9 36.2	0.8 7.1 6.9	13.9 21.3 17.1	4.7 7.5 7.4
1	44.4 15.1 37.0	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1	0.7 10.4	2.0 19.2	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5
1 2 3 4	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3
1 2 3	44.4 15.1 37.0	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9	4.7 7.5
1 2 3 4 5 6	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9
1 2 3 4 5 6	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7 9.8	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2 29.2	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6 8.8	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7 18.2	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5 38.5	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8 5.2	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4 8.3	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6 21.6	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2 7.7	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4 6.4	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5 6.6
1 2 3 4 5 6	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4 8.3	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7 9.8	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6 21.6	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4 6.4 8.1	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2 29.2	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6 8.8	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7 18.2	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5 6.6
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5 38.5	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8 5.2	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2 1.7 2.0 2.0	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4 8.3 12.4 17.4	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7 9.8 9.6	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6 21.6 10.9	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2 7.7	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4 6.4 8.1 6.0	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2 29.2 36.4	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6 8.8 13.3	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7 18.2 16.5	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5 6.6
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5 38.5 38.3	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8 5.2 3.0	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2 1.7 2.0	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4 8.3 12.4 17.4 7.1	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7 9.8 9.6 10.5	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6 21.6 10.9 17.6 21.5	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2 7.7	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4 6.4 8.1 6.0 5.2	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2 29.2 36.4 30.3	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6 8.8 13.3	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7 18.2 16.5	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5 6.6 6.9 7.1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5 38.5 38.3 37.1	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8 5.2 3.0 3.8	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2 1.7 2.0 2.0	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4 8.3 12.4 17.4 7.1	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7 9.8 9.6 10.5	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6 21.6 10.9 17.6 21.5 20.3	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2 7.7 17.7	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4 6.4 8.1 6.0 5.2 8.4	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2 29.2 36.4 30.3 41.7	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6 8.8 13.3 11.1	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7 18.2 16.5 16.0	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5 6.6 6.9 7.1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	44.4 15.1 37.0 39.0 40.2 37.1 35.5 38.5 38.3 37.1 38.7	0.7 3.7 8.8 5.0 3.1 3.8 4.2 3.8 5.2 3.0 3.8 7.4	0.5 2.4 2.4 1.6 2.2 4.2 1.9 2.2 1.7 2.0 2.0	1.0 8.9 8.8 7.1 15.2 12.4 8.3 12.4 17.4 7.1 9.9	0.7 10.4 11.1 10.2 11.0 10.2 12.7 9.8 9.6 10.5 10.6 8.7	2.0 19.2 17.2 18.8 19.2 18.6 21.6 10.9 17.6 21.5 20.3 20.0	1.7 17.1 16.3 18.4 17.3 15.9 18.0 18.2 7.7 17.7 16.6 17.1	0.9 5.8 7.7 5.7 1.7 7.4 6.4 8.1 6.0 5.2 8.4 6.7	3.5 35.9 36.2 32.2 35.5 17.4 32.2 29.2 36.4 30.3 41.7 33.9	0.8 7.1 6.9 5.6 1.8 11.9 9.6 8.8 13.3 11.1 8.3 8.6	13.9 21.3 17.1 17.9 17.5 18.5 26.7 18.2 16.5 16.0 17.8	4.7 7.5 7.4 7.5 8.3 8.9 13.5 6.6 6.9 7.1 6.9 5.5

# **Preface**

The Transaction Processing Performance Council (TPC) is a non-profit corporation founded to define transaction processing and database benchmarks and to disseminate objective, verifiable TPC performance data to the industry. The TPC Benchmark© H (TPC-H) is a decision support benchmark.

#### TPC Benchmark® H Overview

The TPC Benchmark® H (TPC-H) consists of a suite of business oriented ad-hoc queries and concurrent data modifications. The queries and the data populating the database have been chosen to have broad industry-wide relevance while maintaining a sufficient degree of ease of implementation. This benchmark illustrates decision support systems that

- Examine large volumes of data;
- Execute queries with a high degree of complexity;
- Give answers to critical business questions.

TPC-H evaluates the performance of various decision support systems by the execution of sets of queries against a standard database under controlled conditions. The TPC-H queries:

- Give answers to real-world business questions;
- Simulate generated ad-hoc queries (e.g., via a point and click GUI interface);
- Are far more complex than most OLTP transactions;
- Include a rich breadth of operators and selectivity constraints;
- Generate intensive activity on the part of the database server component of the system under test;
- Are executed against a database complying to specific population and scaling requirements;
- Are implemented with constraints derived from staying closely synchronized with an on-line production database.

The TPC-H operations are modeled as follows:

• The database is continuously available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for ad-hoc queries from multiple end users and data modifications against all tables, except possibly during infrequent (e.g., once a month) maintenance sessions;

- The TPC-H database tracks, possibly with some delay, the state of the OLTP database through on-going refresh functions which batch together a number of modifications impacting some part of the decision support database;
- Due to the world-wide nature of the business data stored in the TPC-H database, the queries and the refresh functions may be executed against the database at any time, especially in relation to each other. In addition, this mix of queries and refresh functions is subject to specific ACIDity requirements, since queries and refresh functions may execute concurrently;
- To achieve the optimal compromise between performance and operational requirements, the database administrator can set, once and for all, the locking levels and the concurrent scheduling rules for queries and refresh functions.

The performance metric reported by TPC-H is called the TPC-H Composite Query-per-Hour Performance Metric (QphH@Size), and reflects multiple aspects of the capability of the system to process queries. These aspects include the selected database size against which the queries are executed, the query processing power when queries are submitted by a single stream and the query throughput when queries are submitted by multiple concurrent users. The TPC-H Price/Performance metric is expressed as \$/QphH@Size. To be compliant with the TPC-H standard, all references to TPC-H results for a given configuration must include all required reporting components. The TPC believes that comparisons of TPC-H results measured against different database sizes are misleading and discourages such comparisons.

The TPC-H database must be implemented using a commercially available database management system (DBMS) and the queries executed via an interface using dynamic SQL. The specification provides for variants of SQL, as implementers are not required to have implemented a specific SQL standard in full.

TPC-H uses terminology and metrics that are similar to other benchmarks, originated by the TPC and others. Such similarity in terminology does not in any way imply that TPC-H results are comparable to other benchmarks. The only benchmark results comparable to TPC-H are other TPC-H results compliant with the same revision.

Despite the fact that this benchmark offers a rich environment representative of many decision support systems, this benchmark does not reflect the entire range of decision support requirements. In addition, the extent to which a customer can achieve the results reported by a vendor is highly dependent on how closely TPC-H approximates the customer application. The relative performance of systems derived from this benchmark does not necessarily hold for other workloads or environments. Extrapolations to any other environment are not recommended.

Benchmark results are highly dependent upon workload, specific application requirements, and systems design and implementation. Relative system performance will vary as a result of these and other factors. Therefore, TPC-H should not be used as a substitute for a specific customer application benchmarking when critical capacity planning and/or product evaluation decisions are contemplated.

Further information is available at www.tpc.org

# **General Items**

# 0.1 Test Sponsor

A statement identifying the benchmark sponsor(s) and other participating companies must be provided.

This benchmark was sponsored by Cisco Systems, Inc. and developed and engineered in partnership with Actian Corporation.

#### **0.2 Parameter Settings**

Settings must be provided for all customer-tunable parameters and options which have been changed from the defaults found in actual products, including but not limited to:

- Database Tuning Options
- Optimizer/Query execution options
- Query processing tool/language configuration parameters
- Recovery/commit options
- Consistency/locking options
- *Operating system and configuration parameters*
- Configuration parameters and options for any other software component incorporated into the pricing structure
- Compiler optimization options

This requirement can be satisfied by providing a full list of all parameters and options, as long as all those which have been modified from their default values have been clearly identified and these parameters and options are only set once.

The Supporting File Archive contains the Operating System and DBMS parameters used in this benchmark.

# **0.3 Configuration Diagrams**

Diagrams of both measured and priced configurations must be provided, accompanied by a description of the differences. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Number and type of processors
- Size of allocated memory, and any specific mapping/partitioning of memory unique to the test.
- *Number and type of disk units (and controllers, if applicable).*
- *Number of channels or bus connections to disk units, including their protocol type.*

- Number of LAN (e.g. Ethernet) Connections, including routers, workstations, terminals, etc., that were physically used in the test or are incorporated into the pricing structure.
- Type and the run-time execution location of software components (e.g., DBMS, query processing tools/languages, middle-ware components, software drivers, etc.).

#### The Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server features:

- Up to two Intel Xeon 5600 Series processors
- 48 dual in-line memory module (DIMM) slots and up to 384 GB
- Up to eight internal small form-factor (SFF), SAS, or SATA drives
- RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60 support for up to eight SAS, SATA or SSD drives with optional LSI MegaRAID adapter
- Support for up to five PCIe cards in three low-profile, half-length x8 and two full-height, half-length x16 slots



Both the measured and priced configurations are same and consist of a Cisco UCS C250 M2 Extended-Memory Server with:

- 2 x Intel Xeon X5690 3.46GHz 12M L3 Cache
- 48 x 4GB DDR3-1333MHz RDIMM (384GB)
- 1 x LSI MegaRAID 9261-8i RAID Controller
- 8 x 146 GB 6Gb SAS 15K RPM Small Form Factor (SFF) disk drives

# Clause 1: Logical Database Design

#### 1.1 Database Definition Statements

Listings must be provided for all table definition statements and all other statements used to set up the test and qualification databases

The Supporting File Archive contains the table definitions and all other statements used to set up the test and qualification databases.

## 1.2 Physical Organization

The physical organization of tables and indices, within the test and qualification databases, must be disclosed. If the column ordering of any table is different from that specified in Clause 1.4, it must be noted.

No record clustering or index clustering was used. No column reordering was used.

### 1.3 Horizontal Partitioning

Horizontal partitioning of tables and rows in the test and qualification databases (see Clause 1.5.4) must be disclosed.

No horizontal partitioning was used.

# 1.4 Replication

Any replication of physical objects must be disclosed and must conform to the requirements of Clause 1.5.6.

No replication was used.

# **Clause 2: Queries and Refresh Functions**

### 2.1 Query Language

The query language used to implement the queries must be identified.

SQL was the query language used to implement the queries.

### 2.2 Verifying Method of Random Number Generation

The method of verification for the random number generation must be described unless the supplied DBGEN and OGEN were used.

TPC-supplied DBGEN version 2.14.0 and QGEN version 2.14.0 were used.

### 2.3 Generating Values for Substitution Parameters

The method used to generate values for substitution parameters must be disclosed. If QGEN is not used for this purpose, then the source code of any non-commercial tool used must be disclosed. If QGEN is used, the version number, release number, modification number and patch level of QGEN must be disclosed.

TPC supplied QGEN version 2.14.0 was used to generate the substitution parameters.

# 2.4 Query Text and Output Data from Qualification Database

The executable query text used for query validation must be disclosed along with the corresponding output data generated during the execution of the query text against the qualification database. If minor modifications (see Clause 2.2.3) have been applied to any functional query definitions or approved variants in order to obtain executable query text, these modifications must be disclosed and justified. The justification for a particular minor query modification can apply collectively to all queries for which it has been used. The output data for the power and throughput tests must be made available electronically upon request.

Supporting Files Archive contains the actual query text and query output. Following are the modifications to the query.

- In Q1, Q4, Q5, Q6, Q10, Q12, Q14, Q15 and Q20, the "dateadd" function is used to perform date arithmetic.
- In Q7, Q8 and Q9, the "datepart" function is used to extract part of a date (e.g., datepart(yy,...)).
- In Q2, Q3, Q10, Q18 and Q21, the "top" function is used to restrict the number of output rows.
- The word GO is used as a command delimiter.

# 2.5 Query Substitution Parameters and Seeds Used

All the query substitution parameters used during the performance test must be disclosed in tabular format, along with the seeds used to generate these parameters.

Supporting Files Archive contains the query substitution parameters and seed used.

### 2.6 Isolation Level

The isolation level used to run the queries must be disclosed. If the isolation level does not map closely to one of the isolation levels defined in Clause 3.4, additional descriptive detail must be provided.

The queries and transactions were run with "Snapshot Isolation".

# 2.7 Source Code of Refresh Functions

The details of how the refresh functions were implemented must be disclosed (including source code of any non-commercial program used).

Supporting Files Archive contains the Source Code of refresh functions.

# Clause 3: Database System Properties

#### 3.1 ACID Properties

The ACID (Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, and Durability) properties of transaction processing systems must be supported by the system under test during the timed portion of this benchmark. Since TPC-H is not a transaction processing benchmark, the ACID properties must be evaluated outside the timed portion of the test.

All ACID tests were conducted according to specification. The Supporting Files Archive contains the source code of the ACID test scripts.

### 3.2 Atomicity Requirements

The results of the ACID tests must be disclosed along with a description of how the ACID requirements were met. This includes disclosing the code written to implement the ACID Transaction and Query.

#### 3.2.1 Atomicity of the Completed Transactions

Perform the ACID Transaction for a randomly selected set of input data and verify that the appropriate rows have been changed in the ORDER, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.

The following steps were performed to verify the Atomicity of completed transactions:

- 1. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
- 2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1.
- 3. The ACID Transaction was committed.
- 4. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key. It was verified that the appropriate rows had been changed.

#### 3.2.2 Atomicity of Aborted Transactions

Perform the ACID transaction for a randomly selected set of input data, submitting a ROLLBACK of the transaction for the COMMIT of the transaction. Verify that the appropriate rows have not been changed in the ORDER, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.

The following steps were performed to verify the Atomicity of the aborted ACID transaction:

- 1. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
- 2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1. The transaction was stopped prior to the commit.
- 3. The ACID Transaction was ROLLED BACK. .
- 4. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key used in steps 1 and 2. It was verified that the appropriate rows had not been changed.

### 3.3 Consistency Requirements

Consistency is the property of the application that requires any execution of transactions to take the database from one consistent state to another.

A consistent state for the TPC-H database is defined to exist when:

 $O\_TOTALPRICE = SUM(L\_EXTENDEDPRICE - L\_DISCOUNT) * (1 + L\_TAX)$ For each ORDER and LINEITEM defined by  $(O\_ORDERKEY = L\_ORDERKEY)$ 

#### **3.3.1** Consistency Test

Verify that ORDER and LINEITEM tables are initially consistent as defined in Clause 3.3.2.1, based upon a random sample of at least 10 distinct values of O\_ORDERKEY.

The following steps were performed to verify consistency:

- 1. The consistency of the ORDER and LINEITEM tables was verified based on a sample of O ORDERKEYs.
- 2. One hundred ACID Transactions were submitted from each of twelve execution streams.
- 3. The consistency of the ORDER and LINEITEM tables was re-verified.

#### 3.4 Isolation Requirements

Operations of concurrent transactions must yield results which are indistinguishable from the results which would be obtained by forcing each transaction to be serially executed to completion in some order.

#### 3.4.1 Isolation Test 1 - Read-Write Conflict with Commit

Demonstrate isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the read-write transaction is committed.

The following steps were performed to satisfy the test of isolation for a read-only and a read-write committed transaction:

- 1. An ACID query was run with randomly selected values for O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O\_TOTALPRICE.
- 2. An ACID Transaction was started using O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA from step 1. The ACID Transaction was suspended prior to Commit.
- 3. An ACID query was started for the same O\_KEY used in step 1. The ACID query ran to completion and did not see any uncommitted changes made by the ACID Transaction.
- 4. The ACID Transaction was resumed and committed.
- 5. The ACID query completed. It returned the data as committed by the ACID Transaction.

#### 3.4.2 Isolation Test 2 - Read-Write Conflict with Rollback

Demonstrate isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the read-write transaction is rolled back.

The following steps were performed to satisfy the test of isolation for read-only and a rolled back read-write transaction:

1. An ACID query was run with randomly selected values for O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O\_TOTALPRICE.

- 2. An ACID transaction was started using O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA from step 1. The ACID Transaction was suspended prior to Rollback.
- 3. An ACID query was started for the same O\_KEY used in step 1. The ACID query did not see any uncommitted changes made by the ACID Transaction.
- 4. The ACID Transaction was ROLLED BACK.
- 5. The ACID query completed.

#### 3.4.3 Isolation Test 3 - Write-Write Conflict with Commit

Demonstrate isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is committed.

Two tests were run, the first with a transaction that COMMITS and the second with a transaction that ROLLS BACK. Results from the first test were as follows:

- 1. An ACID query was run with randomly selected values for O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O\_TOTALPRICE.
- 2. An ACID Transaction T1 was started using the same O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA as step 1. The ACID transaction T1 was suspended prior to Commit.
- 3. Another ACID Transaction T2 was started using the same O\_KEY and L\_KEY and a randomly selected DELTA.
- 4. T2 committed and completed normally.
- 5. The ACID transaction T1 was allowed to Commit and received an error. This was expected due to the "Snapshot Isolation" in use by the DBMS. This is also known as "First Committer Wins".
- 6. The ACID Query was run again to verify that the O\_TOTALPRICE was the value from T2.

Results from the second test were as follows:

- 1. An ACID Query was run for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O\_TOTALPRICE.
- 2. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started with the values used in step 1. The ACID transaction T1 was suspended prior to COMMIT.
- 3. A Second ACID transaction, T2, was started with the same O\_KEY and L\_KEY as step 1 and a different value for DELTA.
- 4. T2 ROLLED BACK and completed.
- 5. T1 resumed and completed normally.
- 6. The ACID Query was run to verify the database was updated with the values from T1 and not T2.

#### 3.4.4 Isolation Test 4 - Write-Write Conflict with Rollback

Demonstrate isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is rolled back.

Two tests were run, the first with a transaction that COMMITS and the second with a transaction that ROLLS BACK

The results from the first test were as follows:

- 1. An ACID Query was run for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O\_TOTALPRICE
- 2. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started using the values from step 1. The ACID transaction T1 was suspended prior to ROLLBACK.

- 3. Another ACID Transaction, T2, was started using the same O\_KEY and L\_KEY and a randomly selected DELTA.
- 4. T2 completed normally.
- 5. T1 was allowed to ROLLBACK.
- 6. It was verified that O\_TOTALPRICE was from T2.

The results from the second test were as follows

- An ACID Query was run for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O TOTALPRICE.
- 2. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started with the same values as from step 1. T1 suspended prior to COMMIT.
- 3. Another ACID Transaction, T2, was started and it ROLLED BACK its updates and completed normally.
- 4. T1 resumed and COMMITED its updates.
- 5. An ACID Query was run to verify that O\_TOTALPRICE was the value from T1 and not T2.

#### 3.4.5 Isolation Test 5 - Concurrent Read and Write Transactions on Different Tables

Demonstrate the ability of read and write transactions affecting different database tables to make progress concurrently.

The following steps were performed to verify isolation of concurrent read and write transactions on different tables:

- 1. An ACID Query was run for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA to get the initial value for O\_TOTALPRICE.
- 2. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started with the values from step 1. T1 was suspended prior to COMMIT.
- 3. A query was started using random values for PS\_PARTKEY and PS\_SUPPKEY, all columns of the PARTSUPP table for which PS\_PARTKEY and PS\_SUPPKEY are equal are returned. The query completed normally.
- 4. T1 was allowed to COMMIT.
- 5. It was verified that O\_TOTALPRICE had been changed by T1

#### 3.4.6 Isolation Test 6 – Update Transactions during Continuous Read-Only Query Stream

Demonstrate the continuous submission of arbitrary (read-only) queries against one or more tables of the database does not indefinitely delay update transactions affecting those tables from making progress.

The following steps were performed to verify isolation of update transaction during continuous readonly query:

- 1. A Stream was submitted that executed Q1 ten times in a row with a delta of 0 to ensure that each query ran as long as possible.
- 2. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started for a randomly selected O\_KEY, L\_KEY and DELTA.
- 3. T1 completed and it was verified that O\_TOTALPRICE was updated correctly.
- 4. The stream submitting Q1 finished.

### 3.5 Durability Requirements

The tested system must guarantee durability: the ability to preserve the effects of committed transactions and insure database consistency after recovery from any one of the failures listed in Clause 3.5.2.

#### 3.5.1 Permanent Unrecoverable Failure of Any Durable Medium

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across a permanent irrecoverable failure of any single durable medium containing TPC-H database tables or recovery log tables.

The database files including the logs were distributed across 8 disk drives in a RAID 5 configuration. The tests were conducted on the qualification database. These steps were performed to demonstrate that committed updates are preserved across a permanent irrecoverable failure of a disk drive:

- 1. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was verified using 120 randomly chosen values for O\_ORDERKEY.
- 2. Exactly 12 streams of ACID transactions were started.
- 3. When the driver script indicated that at least 100 transactions had completed in each stream, a randomly selected disk drive was removed from the SUT and the SUT continued to process work until all streams had completed 200 transactions.
- 4. An analysis of the transaction start and end times from each stream showed that there was at least 1 transaction in-flight at all times.
- 5. An analysis of the HISTORY table showed that all of the values used for O\_ORDERKEY in step 1 were used by some transaction in step 2.
- 6. An analysis of the success file and the HISTORY table showed that all entries in the HISTORY table had a corresponding entry in the success file and that every entry in the success file had a corresponding entry in the HISTORY table.
- 7. The consistency of the database was re-verified.

#### 3.5.2 System Crash

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across an instantaneous interruption (system crash/system hang) in processing which requires the system to reboot to recover.

1. The system crash and memory failure tests were combined. First the consistency of the ORDER and LINEITEM tables was verified. Then transactions were submitted from 12 streams, once the driver script indicated that 100 transactions had been submitted from each stream power to the SUT was removed by turning off the switch to the power strip. When power was restored to the SUT, the system rebooted and the database was restarted. The HISTORY table and success files were compared to verify that every record in the HISTORY table had a corresponding record in the success file and that each record in the success file had a corresponding entry in the HISTORY table. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was then verified again.

#### 3.5.3 Memory Failure

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across failure of all or part of memory (loss of contents).

See section 3.5.2

# **Clause 4: Scaling and Database Population**

### 4.1 Initial Cardinality of Tables

The cardinality (e.g., the number of rows) of each table of the test database, as it existed at the completion of the database load (see clause 4.2.5) must be disclosed.

Table 4.1 lists the TPC Benchmark H defined tables and the row count for each table as they existed upon completion of the build.

**Table 4. 1: Initial Number of Rows** 

Table Name	Row Count
Region	5
Nation	25
Supplier	1,000,000
Customer	15,000,000
Part	20,000,000
Partsupp	80,000,000
Orders	150,000,000
Lineitem	600,037,902

# 4.2 Distribution of Tables and Logs Across Media

The distribution of tables and logs across all media must be explicitly described for the tested and priced systems.

The storage system consisted of:

- 1 x LSI MegaRAID 9261-8i RAID Controller
- 8 x 146 GB 6Gb SAS 15K RPM Small Form Factor (SFF) disk drives

The database tables and the temporary files were distributed on a RAID 5 volume created across eight 146 GB 6Gb SAS 15K RPM Small Form Factor (SFF) disk drives.

## 4.3 Mapping of Database Partitions/Replications

The mapping of database partitions/replications must be explicitly described.

Database partitioning/replication were not used.

# 4.4 Implementation of RAID

Implementations may use some form of RAID to ensure high availability. If used for data, auxiliary storage (e.g. indexes) or temporary space, the level of RAID used must be disclosed for each device.

The database tables and the temporary files were distributed on a RAID 5 volume created across eight 146 GB 6Gb SAS 15K RPM Small Form Factor (SFF) disk drives.

#### 4.5 DBGEN Modifications

The version number, release number, modification number, and patch level of DBGEN must be disclosed. Any modifications to the DBGEN (see Clause 4.2.1) source code must be disclosed. In the event that a program other than DBGEN was used to populate the database, it must be disclosed in its entirety.

DBGEN version 2.14.0 was used, no modifications were made.

#### 4.6 Database Load time

*The database load time for the test database (see clause 4.3) must be disclosed.* 

The database load time was 3 hours 45 minutes and 58 seconds

### 4.7 Data Storage Ratio

The data storage ratio must be disclosed. It is computed by dividing the total data storage of the priced configuration (expressed in GB) by the size chosen for the test database as defined in 4.1.3.1. The ratio must be reported to the nearest  $1/100^{th}$ , rounded up.

The database storage ratio can be found in Table 4.7

**Table 4.7: Data Storage Ratio** 

Storage Devices	Total Storage Capacity	Scale factor	Data Storage Ratio
8 x 146 GB 6Gb SAS 15K RPM Small Form Factor (SFF) disk drives	1,168 GB	100	11.68

#### 4.8 Database Load Mechanism Details and Illustration

The details of the database load must be disclosed, including a block diagram illustrating the overall process. Disclosure of the load procedure includes all steps, scripts, input and configuration files required to completely reproduce the test and qualification databases.

Flat files were created using DBGEN. The tables were loaded as shown in Figure 4.8.

Create Flat Data Files Create Database Configure for Load Create and Load Tables **Create Indexes Create Statistics Install Refresh functions** Database load timing Backup Verify population

Configure for run

End of Load

Figure 4.8: Block Diagram of Database Load Process

### 4.9 Qualification Database Configuration

Any differences between the configuration of the qualification database and the test database must be disclosed.

The qualification database used identical scripts to create and load the data with changes to adjust for the database scale factor.

# 4.10 Memory to Database Size Percentage

The memory to database size percentage must be disclosed.

The memory to database size percentage is 192%

# Clause 5: Performance Metrics and Execution Rules

### 5.1 System Activity Between Load and Performance Tests

Any system activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of the load test and the beginning of the performance test must be fully disclosed.

Auditor requested script was run to display the indices that had been created on the database. All scripts and queries used are included in the Supporting Files Archive.

#### **5.2** Steps in the Power Test

The details of the steps followed to implement the power test (e.g., system boot, database restart, etc.) must be disclosed.

The following steps were used to implement the power test:

- 1. RF1 Refresh Transaction
- 2. Stream 00 Execution
- 3. RF2 Refresh Transaction.

# 5.3 Timing Intervals for Each Query and Refresh Function

The timing intervals (see Clause 5.3.6) for each query of the measured set and for both refresh functions must be reported for the power test.

The timing intervals for each query and both refresh functions are given in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in the executive summary.

# 5.4 Number of Streams for The Throughput Test

The number of execution streams used for the throughput test must be disclosed.

Eleven streams were used for the Throughput Test.

# 5.5 Start and End Date/Times for Each Query Stream

The start time and finish time for each query execution stream must be reported for the throughput test.

The Numerical Quantities Summary contains the start and stop times for the query execution streams run on the system reported.

# **5.6** Total Elapsed Time for the Measurement Interval

The total elapsed time of the measurement interval (see Clause 5.3.5) must be reported for the throughput test.

The Numerical Quantities Summary contains the timing intervals for the throughput test run on the system reported.

#### 5.7 Refresh Function Start Date/Time and Finish Date/Time

Start and finish time for each update function in the update stream must be reported for the throughput test.

Start and finish time for each update function in the update stream are included in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in the Executive Summary.

### 5.8 Timing Intervals for Each Query and Each Refresh Function for Each Stream

The timing intervals (see Clause 5.3.6) for each query of each stream and for each update function must be reported for the throughput test.

The timing intervals for each query and each update function are included in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in the Executive Summary.

#### **5.9 Performance Metrics**

The computed performance metrics, related numerical quantities and the price performance metric must be reported.

The Numerical Quantities Summary contains the performance metrics, related numerical quantities, and the price/performance metric for the system reported.

### 5.10 The Performance Metric and Numerical Quantities from Both Runs

A description of the method used to determine the reproducibility of the measurement results must be reported. This must include the performance metrics (QppH and QthH) from the reproducibility runs.

Performance results from the first two executions of the TPC-H benchmark indicated the following difference for the metric points:

**Table 5.10: Performance Metric** 

Run	<b>QppH</b> @ 100GB	QthH @ 100GB	QphH @ 100GB
Run 1	358,886.1	312,258.1	334,761.2
Run 2	367,972.7	300,413.8	332,481.7

# **5.11 System Activity Between Tests**

Any activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of Run1 and the beginning of Run2 must be disclosed.

There was no activity between Run1 and Run2.

### **5.12 Dataset Verification**

Verify that the rows in the loaded database after the performance test are correct by comparing some small number of rows extracted at random from any two files of the corresponding Base, Insert and Delete reference data set files for each table and the corresponding rows of the database

Verified according to specification.

# **5.13 Referential Integrity**

Verify referential integrity in the database after the initial load.

An auditor supplied script was used to verify referential integrity.

# **Clause 6: SUT and Driver Implementation**

#### 6.1 Driver

A detailed description of how the driver performs its functions must be supplied, including any related source code or scripts. This description should allow an independent reconstruction of the driver.

The supporting files archive contains the scripts that were used to implement the driver.

The power test is invoked through the script power\_test.sh. It starts the stream 0 SQL script along with the refresh functions such that:

- The SQL for RF1 is submitted and executed by the database
- Then the queries as generated by QGEN are submitted in the order defined by Clause 5.3.5.4
- The SQL for RF2 is then submitted from the same connection used for RF1 and executed by database

The Throughput test is invoked through the script throughput\_test.sh. This script then initiates all of the SQL streams and the refresh stream.

# **6.2** Implementation Specific Layer

If an implementation-specific layer is used, then a detailed description of how it performs its functions must be supplied, including any related source code or scripts. This description should allow an independent reconstruction of the implementation-specific layer.

There was no Implementation Specific Layer, only native scripts and SQL.

## **6.3 Profile-Directed Optimization**

If profile-directed optimization as described in Clause 5.2.9 is used, such used must be disclosed.

Profile-directed optimization was not used.

# **Clause 7: Pricing**

### 7.1 Hardware and Software Pricing

A detailed list of hardware and software used in the priced system must be reported. Each item must have vendor part number, description, and release/revision level, and either general availability status or committed delivery date. If package-pricing is used, contents of the package must be disclosed. Pricing source(s) and effective date(s) of price(s) must also be reported.

A detailed list of all hardware and software, including the 3-year support, is provided in the Executive Summary in the Abstract section of this report. The price quotations are included in Appendix A.

#### 7.2 Three Year Price

The total 3-year price of the entire configuration must be reported including: hardware, software, and maintenance charges. Separate component pricing is recommended. The basis of all discounts used must be disclosed.

The pricing details for this disclosure are contained in the executive summary pages.

#### 7.3 Availability Dates

The committed delivery date for general availability of products used in the price calculations must be reported. When the priced system includes products with different availability dates, the availability date reported on the executive summary must be the date by which all components are committed to being available. The full disclosure report must report availability dates individually for at least each of the categories for which a pricing subtotal must be provided.

All components of the SUT will be available on the date of publication.

# **Supporting File Index**

An index for all files included in the supporting files archive as required by Clause 8.3.2 through 8.3.8 must be provided in the report.

**Table 8.0: Supporting File Index** 

Clause	Description	Archive File	Pathname			
	Device setup	benchmark_scripts.zip	/sysinfo/mount.out /sysinfo/df_ah.out			
	Installation and configuration	benchmark_scripts.zip	/sysinfo/config.dat /sysinfo/vectorwise.conf			
Clause 1	OS Tunable Parameters	benchmark_scripts.zip	/sysinfo/sysctl.conf /sysinfo/sysctl-A.out			
	DB creation scripts	benchmark_scripts.zip	/ddl/create_index.sql /ddl/create_tables.sql /ddl/grant.sql /scripts/create_db.sh			
Clause 2	QGen Modifications	benchmark_scripts.zip	None			
Clause 3			None  acid/Makefile acid/acidkeys.sc acid/acidquery.sh acid/acidtrans.sc acid/acidtrans_rb.sc acid/create_history.sql acid/pskeys.sc acid/pskeys.sc acid/run_aci.sh acid/atom/atom1.sh acid/atom/atom2.sh acid/cons/Consist.sh acid/cons/consist_condition.sc acid/dur/Makefile acid/dur/Acidtrans_dur.sc acid/dur/post-failure.sh acid/iso/iso6_q1.sql			

	1	1	+1/ 1 .
			acid/console.out
			acid/atom/output:/atom*_output
	ACID Test Results		acid/cons/output/consist_output
			acid/cons/output/step*_stream*_output
			acid/cons/output/stream*_rnd
			acid/dur/output.diskf/console.out
			acid/dur/output.diskf/POST_FAILURE_HISTORY_TABLE
			acid/dur/output.diskf/SUCCESS_FILE
		benchmark_scripts.zip	acid/dur/output.diskf/step*_stream*_output
			acid/dur/output.diskf/stream*_rnd
			acid/dur/output.pwrf/console.out
			acid/dur/output.pwrf/POST_FAILURE_HISTORY_TABLE
			acid/dur/output.pwrf/SUCCESS_FILE
			acid/dur/output.pwrf/step*_stream*_output
			acid/dur/output.pwrf/stream*_rnd
			acid/iso/output/iso*_output
			acid/iso/output/output_iso*_Txn*
			1/console.out 1/customer.count
			1/lineitem.count
			1/load_report.txt
	Qualification db load		1/nation.count
	results	benchmark_scripts.zip	1/orders.count
			1/part.count
			1/partsupp.count
			1/region.count
			1/supplier.count
	Qualification db validation results	benchmark_scripts.zip	1G/query-output/q*.output
Clause 4	DBGEN Modifications	benchmark_scripts.zip	None
	Database Load Scripts	benchmark_scripts.zip	/scripts/load_test.sh
	Test db Load results		16/console.out
			16/customer.count
			16/lineitem.count
		benchmark_scripts.zip	16/load_report.txt
			16/nation.count
			16/orders.count 16/part.count
			16/partsupp.count
			16/region.count
			16/supplier.count
			18/power_test_report.txt
	Run 1		18/results/rf1/setnum1_output
			18/results/rf1/times1
Clause 5			18/results/rf2/setnum1_output
			18/results/rf2/times1
			18/stream0/q*.output
			18/stream0/timing_intervals
		run1results.zip	19/tput_test_report.txt
			19/results/rf1/setnum*_output
			19/results/rf1/times*
			19/results/rf2/setnum*_output
			19/results/rf2/times*
			19/results/stream[1-11] /q*.output
			19/results/stream[1-11]/timing_intervals

	Run 2	run1results.zip	20/power_test_report.txt 20/results/rf1/setnum1_output 20/results/rf1/times1 20/results/rf2/setnum1_output 20/results/rf2/times1 20/stream0/q*.output 20/stream0/timing_intervals 21/tput_test_report.txt 21/results/rf1/setnum*_output 21/results/rf2/setnum*_output 21/results/rf2/times* 21/results/rf2/times* 21/results/stream[1-11]/q*.output 21/results/stream[1-11]/timing_intervals		
Clause 6	implementation scripts	benchmark_scripts.zip	/scripts/performance_test.sh /scripts/power_test.sh /scripts/tput_test.sh		
Clause 7	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	Executable query test	benchmark_scripts.zip	1G/EQT/*_q*.sql		
Clause 8	Query substitution parameters and seeds	benchmark_scripts.zip	1G/params/q*_param		
	RF function source code	benchmark_scripts.zip	/scripts/*rf*		

# **Auditors' Information and Attestation Letter**

The auditor's agency name, address, phone number, and Attestation letter with a brief audit summary report indicating compliance must be included in the full disclosure report. A statement should be included specifying who to contact in order to obtain further information regarding the audit process.

The auditor's letter is included in the following section.

This benchmark was audited by:

Lorna Livingtree Performance Metrics, Inc. PO Box 984 Klamath, CA 95548 Phone: 707-482-0523

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# PERFORMANCE METRICS INC. TPC Certified Auditors

February 6, 2012

Mr. Raghunath Nambiar Cisco Systems Inc. 3000 Zanker Road San Jose, CA 95134

I have verified on-site and remote the TPC Benchmark™ H for the following configuration:

Platform: Cisco UCS C250 M2
Database Manager: VectorWise 2.0.1

Operating System: Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.0

CPU's	Memory	Total Disks	Qpph@ 100GB	QthH @100GB	QphH@100GB
2 Intel Xeon @ 3.47 Ghz	192 GB	8 @ 146 GB	367,972.7	300,413.8	332,481.7

In my opinion, these performance results were produced in compliance with the TPC requirements for the benchmark. The following attributes of the benchmark were given special attention:

- The database tables were defined with the proper columns, layout and sizes.
- The tested database was correctly scaled and populated for 100GB using DBGEN. The version of DBGEN was 2.14.0.
- The data generated by DBGEN was successfully compared to reference data.
- The qualification database layout was identical to the tested database except for the size of the files.
- The query text was verified to use only compliant variants and minor modifications.
- The executable query text was generated by QGEN and submitted through a standard interactive interface. The version of QGEN was 2.14.0.
- The validation of the query text against the qualification database produced compliant results.
- The refresh functions were properly implemented and executed the correct number of inserts and deletes.

PO Box 984 Klamath, CA 95548 (707) 482-0523 fax: (707) 482-0575

Page 1 email: LornaL@PerfMetrics.com

# PERFORMANCE METRICS INC. TPC Certified Auditors

- The load timing was properly measured and reported.
- The execution times were correctly measured and reported.
- The performance metrics were correctly computed and reported.
- The repeatability of the measurement was verified.
- The ACID properties were successfully demonstrated and verified.
- The system pricing was checked for major components and maintenance.
- The executive summary pages of the FDR were verified for accuracy.

Auditor's Notes: None.

Sincerely,

Lorna Livingtree Auditor

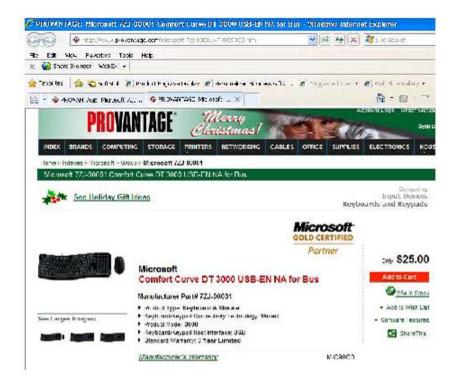
TPC PERFORMANCE COUNCIL

CERTIFIED AUDITOR

Sorna Swingtree

# Appendix A





# ACTIAN Order Confirmation

Actian Corporation 500 Arguello Street Suite 200 Redwood City, CA 94063 United States

Phone: (650) 587-5500 Fax: (650) 649-2358 Order Number: 04-12804 Account Number: 123457 Agreement ID: Payment Terms: Net 30

Partner:

Prepared by: Mark Van de Wiel (650) 587-5538 mark.vandewiel@actian.com

Message:

SHIP TO
Server Access & Virtualization Business Unit
Cisco Systems Inc.
Attn. Raghunath Nambiar
3800 Zanker Road
San Jose, CA 95134

Product item	Memo	Contract Start	Contract End	Unit	Qty	Price		Extended Price
VW-3Y-GB- CISCO	3 year license, 1 GB source data, Cisco server	01-Feb- 2012	31-Jan- 2015	GB	100	USD 250	10	USD 22,500
VW-3Y-GB- CISCO-SUP	1 year professional support, bug fixes only, 1 GB source data, Cisco server	01-Feb- 2012	31-Jan- 2015	GB	300	USD 25	10	USD 6,750

Grand USD Total: 29,250

<sup>\*</sup>Fees herein are exclusive of taxes, withholding, levies, imposts, and duties ("Taxes"), and Customer, not Actian, is responsible for any such Taxes.

ACCEPTANCE	Actian
SIGNATURE:	
NAME:	
TITLE:	
DATE:	

ACCEPTANCE	Customer
SIGNATURE:	
NAME:	
TITLE:	
DATE:	