TPC BenchmarkTM H Full Disclosure Report for Lenovo[®] ThinkSystemTM SR665 using Microsoft[®] SQL Server[®] 2019 Enterprise Edition and Red Hat[®] Enterprise Linux[®] 8.3

TPC-HTM Version 2.18.0



First Edition Submitted for Review March 29, 2021

First Edition – March 2021

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Notes

¹ GHz and MHz only measures microprocessor internal clock speed, not application performance. Many factors affect application performance.

 2 When referring to hard disk capacity, GB, or gigabyte, means one thousand million bytes. Total user-accessible capacity may be less.

Abstract

Lenovo conducted the TPC Benchmark H (TPC-H) on the Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665. This report documents the full disclosure information required by the TPC Benchmark H Standard Specification, Revision 2.18.0, including the methodology used to achieve the reported results. All testing fully complied with this revision level.

The software used on the Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665 system included Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.3 and Microsoft SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition.

Standard metrics, Composite Query-per-Hour (QphHTM@size), price per QphH (\$/QphH@size) and Availability Date, are reported as required by the TPC Benchmark H Standard Specification.

The benchmark results are summarized in the following table:

Hardware	Software	Total System Cost (\$USD)	QphH @3,000	\$ USD / QphH @3,000	Total Solution Availability Date
Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665	Microsoft SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.3	\$149,906.00	624,778.0	\$0.24	April 28, 2021

The benchmark implementation and results were audited by Doug Johnson for InfoSizing (<u>www.sizing.com</u>). The auditor's attestation letter is contained in this report.

Executive Summary

The Executive Summary is included on the next several pages.

Total Syster \$149,90	m Cost		-H Compos 62	ChinkSy SR665 ite Query per 24,778.0 H [™] @3,000GI	TPC-H TM 2.18.0 TPC Pricing 2.7.0 Report Date: 3/29/21 Revision Date: 3/29/21 Price/Performance \$0.24 \$ / QphH@3,000GB					
Database Size	DBMS I	Janager	-1	tware		lability Date				
3,000GB*	Micro SQL Serv Enterpris	osoft [®] ver [®] 2019	Red H	rating System at [®] Enterp inux [®] 8.3			April 28, 2021			
12.66 - RF2 RF1 Q22 Q21 Q20 Q19 Q19 Q18 Q17 Q16 Q15 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q13 Q12 Q14 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q14 Q13 Q14 Q15 Q14 Q15 Q14 Q15 Q14 Q16 Q15 Q16 Q17 Q16 Q17 Q16 Q17 Q16 Q17 Q16 Q17 Q16 Q19 Q19 Q19 Q19 Q19 Q19 Q19 Q19	rower lest	Geometric N		-	Aean of Query Tir	wer Run oughpu ometric				
0	100	200		300	400		500	600		
Database Load 00d 04h 02n	-	Load Includes Y	s Backup	Memory/D	atabase Size Percer 34.1%	ntage		atabase Size 74		
Storage Redundan Zero	ncy Level	Base Tables No RAID		y Structures RAID	DBMS Temp S _I No RAID		OS and RA I	DBMS [D-1		
Storage Stor T	ores/Threads Memory otal Memory controllers age Devices otal Storage	16 1 2 2 6	 AMD EPYCTM 72F3 8-Core Processor, 3.7GHz, 256MB L3 Cache 64GB TruDDR4 3200 MHz RDIMM 1TB ThinkSystem RAID 930-8i 2GB PCIe 12Gb Adapter 2.5" 5210 960GB Entry SATA 6Gb Hot Swap SSD U.2 CM5-V 1.6TB Mainstream NVMe PCIe 3.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD U.2 PM1733 3.84TB Entry NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD 26,226.04GB es only raw data (e.g., no temp, index, redundant storage space, etc.). 							

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Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665

TPC-H 2.18.0 TPC Pricing 2.7.0 Report Date: 3/29/21 Revision Date: 3/29/21

					Revision	29/21		
Description		Part	Price	Unit	Quantity	Extended	3-Yr. Maint.	
		Number	Source	Price		Price	Price	
Server Hardware								
Server : ThinkSystem SR665-3yr Warranty		7D2VCTO1WW	1	60,999	1	60,999		
ThinkSystem 2U 2.5" Chassis with 8, 16 or 24 Bays		B8LZ			1			
ThinkSystem AMD EPYC 72F3 8C 180W 3.7GHz I		BF7H			2			
ThinkSystem 64GB TruDDR4 Performance+ 3200		BCZZ			16			
ThinkSystem RAID 930-8i 2GB Flash PCIe 12Gb A	Adapter	AUNJ			1			
ThinkSystem 1610-8P NVMe Switch Adapter		B4PA			1			
ThinkSystem 2.5" 5210 960GB Entry SATA 6Gb H	•	B9AC			2			
ThinkSystem U.2 Toshiba CM5-V 1.6TB Mainstrea		B21X			2			
ThinkSystem U.2 PM1733 3.84TB Entry NVMe PC	Cle 4.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD	BC4Z			6			
ThinkSystem 2U/4U 8x2.5" NVMe Backplane		BCQM			2			
ThinkSystem 2U 8x2.5" SAS/SATA Backplane		B8LU			1			
ThinkSystem Marvell QL41232 10/25GbE SFP28 2	•	B5SW			1			
ThinkSystem 2U PCIe Gen4 x16/x16 Slot 1&2 Rise		B8LQ			1			
ThinkSystem 1100W (230V/115V) V2 Platinum Hot	t-Swap Power Supply	B8QC			2			
2.8m, 13A/100-250V, C13 to C14 Jumper Cord	and a state state	6400			2			
ThinkSystem XClarity Controller Standard to Enterp	brise Opgrade	AUPW			I			
ThinkSystem 2U Performance Fan Option Kit		B8LY			6			
ThinkSystem Toolless Slide Rail Kit v2		B8LA			1			
ThinkSystem 2U EIA Latch Standard (Left)		B8L7			1			
Lenovo 1m Passive 25G SFP28 DAC Cable ThinkSystem SR665 2U Refresh MB		AV1W BF6Z			1			
		B8M9			1			
ThinkSystem 2U EIA Latch with FIO (right) ThinkSystem 2U MS Air Duct Filler(For 2U Gap)		B8MP			1			
FBU345 SuperCap		AUNP			2			
MS 2FH Riser Filler		BC4X			1			
ThinkSystem 2U MS 3FH Riser Filler		B8MM			1			
ThinkSystem 20 MS 3FH Riser1 Cage		B8MN			1			
Premier Essential - 3Yr 24x7 4Hr Resp + YDYD SF	2665	5PS7A78552	1	2,786	1		2,786	
	1005	JI 37A70332	I	2,700	Subtotal	60,999	2,786	
Server Software						00,000	2,700	
SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition (2 Core Licens	se)	N/A	2	13,748	8	109,984		
RHEL Server Physical or Virtual Node, 2 Skt Prem	,	2020	1	5,290	1	5,290		
Microsoft Problem Resolution Services (1 Incident)		N/A	2	259	1	-,	259	
					Subtotal	115,274	259	
Infrastructure						- /		
S2 42U Standard Rack		93074RX	1	1,565	1	1,565		
ThinkSystem Pref. Pro II USB Keyboard - US Engli	lish	AXTL	1	29	1	29		
ThinkSystem Optical Wheel Mouse - USB		B0LN	1	39	1	39		
ThinkVision T1714p 17 Inch Square LED Backlit LC	CD Monitor	60FELAR1US	1	159	1	159		
Essential Service - 3Yr 24x7 4Hr Response (Rack)		41L2760	1	315	1		315	
					Subtotal	1,792	315	
					Total	178,065	3,360	
Dollar Volume Discount (See Note 1)		44.28%	1			31,519		
Pricing: 1 - Lenovo 1-877-782-7134; 2 - Microsoft				Three-Year	r Cost of Owne	ership USD:	\$149,906.00	
Note 1: Discount applies to all line items where Sou	urce=1; pricing is for these or similar quantities				Qphł	l@3000GB:	624,778.0	
Discounts for similarly sized configurations will be s	similar to what is quoted here, but may vary				\$ USD/Qphł	l@3000GB:	\$0.24	
based on the specific components priced.								
Benchmark results and test methodology a	audited by Doug Johnson for InfoSizin	g, Inc. (www.sizir	ng.com)					
Prices used in TPC benchmarks reflect the actual p	rices a customer would pay for a one-time pur	chase of the stated of	component	s. Individually n	egotiated			
discounts are not permitted. Special prices based					•			
pricing policies for the listed components. For com								
prices are not available according to these terms, p	lease inform the TPC at pricing@tpc.org. The	ank you.						

Lenovo

Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665

4153.76

Measurement	Results:

Database Scale Factor	3,000
Total Data Storage/Database Size	8.74
Memory/Database Size	34.1%
Start of Database Load	2021-03-14 12:58:01
End of Database Load	2021-03-14 17:00:10
Database Load Time	00d 04h 02m 09s
Query Streams for Throughput Test	8
TPC-H Power (QppH TM @3,000)	853,014.6
TPC-H Throughput (QthH TM @3,000)	457,609.5
TPC-H Composite Query-per-Hour Metric (QphH@3,000GB)	624,778.0
Total System Price over 3 Years	\$149,906.00 USD
TPC-H Price/Performance Metric (\$/QphH@3,000GB)	\$ 0.24 USD

Measurement Intervals:

Measurement Interval in Throughput Test (Ts)

Duration of Stream Execution:

	Seed	Query Start Time	Total Time	RF1 Start Time	RF2 Start Time	
Power Run	Seed	Query End Time	(hh:mm:ss)	RF1 End Time	RF2 End Time	
Power Kull	314170010	2021-03-14 22:52:54	00:07:51	2021-03-14 22:52:35	2021-03-14 23:00:47	
	514170010	2021-03-14 23:00:45	00.07.31	2021-03-14 22:52:52	2021-03-14 23:01:40	
Throughput	Seed	Query Start Time	Total Time	RF1 Start Time	RF2 Start Time	
Stream	Jeeu	Query End Time	(hh:mm:ss)	RF1 End Time	RF2 End Time	
1	314170011	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00:58:21	2021-03-15 00:01:03	2021-03-15 00:01:20	
1 	5141/0011	2021-03-15 00:00:01	00.56.21	2021-03-15 00:01:20	2021-03-15 00:02:14	
2	314170012	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00:58:06	2021-03-15 00:02:14	2021-03-15 00:02:32	
Z		2021-03-14 23:59:46	00.58.00	2021-03-15 00:02:32	2021-03-15 00:03:28	
3	314170013	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00:56:05	2021-03-15 00:03:29	2021-03-15 00:03:46	
3	514170015	2021-03-14 23:57:45	00:56:05	2021-03-15 00:03:46	2021-03-15 00:04:43	
4	314170014	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00:59:21	2021-03-15 00:04:43	2021-03-15 00:05:00	
4		2021-03-15 00:01:01	00.59.21	2021-03-15 00:05:00	2021-03-15 00:05:56	
F	314170015	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00.50.20	2021-03-15 00:05:56	2021-03-15 00:06:15	
5		2021-03-15 00:00:18	00:58:38	2021-03-15 00:06:15	2021-03-15 00:07:10	
6	244470046	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00.59.54	2021-03-15 00:07:11	2021-03-15 00:07:28	
0	314170016	2021-03-15 00:00:34	00:58:54	2021-03-15 00:07:28	2021-03-15 00:08:26	
7	314170017	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00.57.40	2021-03-15 00:08:26	2021-03-15 00:08:43	
/		2021-03-14 23:59:20	00:57:40	2021-03-15 00:08:43	2021-03-15 00:09:41	
8	214170010	2021-03-14 23:01:40	00.54.46	2021-03-15 00:09:41	2021-03-15 00:09:58	
ð	314170018	2021-03-14 23:56:26	00:54:46	2021-03-15 00:09:58	2021-03-15 00:10:54	

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Timing Int	tervals (in	seconds	<u>):</u>									
Stream ID	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12
0	10.97	3.18	14.41	15.03	18.61	0.51	11.97	15.08	67.52	9.10	21.93	5.83
1	60.72	16.91	123.09	61.73	125.89	4.11	158.41	338.81	347.00	111.01	82.39	91.7
2	66.32	25.08	248.57	95.95	127.67	1.28	92.92	182.40	345.44	79.29	48.52	114.0
3	102.13	15.87	83.02	78.45	181.13	8.27	133.37	220.99	303.00	115.73	46.45	42.4
4	107.94	20.10	14.36	86.47	134.99	3.46	82.29	221.40	617.73	75.21	55.57	189.1
5	67.85	20.69	101.84	101.56	127.82	4.91	83.89	357.94	580.85	65.41	92.47	157.5
6	70.56	19.77	85.22	103.69	94.99	6.36	101.16	349.78	325.28	74.26	129.06	210.2
7	83.28	22.38	88.82	94.22	125.45	2.30	156.69	208.05	499.77	150.69	48.61	44.7
8	75.26	22.09	166.75	132.41	172.49	12.58	74.09	340.8	266.51	65.85	45.2	144.8
QI Min	10.97	3.18	14.36	15.03	18.61	0.51	11.97	15.08	67.52	9.10	21.93	5.8
QI Avg	71.67	18.45	102.90	85.50	123.23	4.86	99.42	248.36	372.57	82.95	63.36	111.1
QI Max	107.94	25.08	248.57	132.41	181.13	12.58	158.41	357.94	617.73	150.69	129.06	210.2
Stream ID	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	RF1	RF
0	86.31	3.63	3.12	15.89	6.77	78.36	3.57	10.26	43.74	23.61	17.01	53.4
1	485.65	23.44	81.28	98.37	65.63	591.40	89.41	99.72	264.66	178.88	16.40	53.6
2	563.01	26.29	17.76	171.83	57.86	435.26	24.89	114.11	525.89	120.81	17.85	55.9
3	430.24	27.36	25.53	152.11	51.20	681.62	32.27	104.32	420.97	107.75	17.66	56.4
4	434.43	23.42	17.89	169.12	57.11	778.76	27.94	10.19	306.48	126.33	16.63	55.7
5	533.13	22.88	24.46	90.05	51.24	409.22	152.69	113.03	277.79	79.81	19.05	54.8
6	609.66	31.72	24.05	125.23	40.61	681.55	45.92	93.65	136.61	173.38	16.93	58.2
7	486.15	20.63	17.86	120.67	53.18	535.24	55.81	97.60	381.20	166.08	16.85	57.3
8	403.32	22.74	66.56	112.25	47.1	421.72	40.4	105.4	437.46	108.7	16.58	56.5
QI Min	86.31	3.63	3.12	15.89	6.77	78.36	3.57	10.19	43.74	23.61	16.40	53.4
QI Avg	447.99	22.46	30.95	117.28	47.86	512.57	52.54	83.14	310.53	120.59	17.22	55.8
QI Max	609.66	31.72	81.28	171.83	65.63	778.76	152.69	114.11	525.89	178.88	19.05	58.2

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Preface

TPC Benchmark H Standard Specification was developed by the Transaction Processing Performance Council (TPC). It was initially released on February 26, 1999. Revision 2.18.0 is the most recent version. This is the full disclosure report for benchmark testing of the Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665 according to the TPC Benchmark H Standard Specification.

The TPC Benchmark H is a decision support benchmark. It consists of a suite of business-oriented ad hoc queries and concurrent data modifications. The queries and the data populating the database have been chosen to have broad industrywide relevance while maintaining a sufficient degree of ease of implementation. This benchmark illustrates decision support systems that:

- Examine large volumes of data;
- Execute queries with a high degree of complexity;
- Give answers to critical business questions.

TPC-H evaluates the performance of various decision support systems by the execution of set of queries against a standard database under controlled conditions. The TPC-H queries:

- Give answers to real-world business questions;
- Simulate generated ad-hoc queries (e.g., via a point-and-click GUI interface);
- Are far more complex than most OLTP transactions;
- Include a rich breadth of operators and selectivity constraints;
- Generate intensive activity on the part of the database server component of the system under test;
- Are executed against a database complying with specific population and scaling requirements;
- Are implemented with constraints derived from staying closely synchronized with an on-line production database.

The TPC-H operations are modeled as follows:

- The database is continuously available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for ad-hoc queries from multiple end users and data modifications against all tables, except possibly during infrequent (e.g., once a month) maintenance sessions.
- The TPC-H database tracks, possibly with some delay, the state of the OLTP database through ongoing refresh functions, which batch together a number of modifications impacting some part of the decision support database.
- Due to the worldwide nature of the business data stored in the TPC-H database, the queries and the refresh functions may be executed against the database at any time, especially in relation to each other. In addition, this mix of queries and refresh functions is subject to specific ACIDity requirements, since queries and refresh functions may execute concurrently.
- To achieve the optimal compromise between performance and operational requirements, the database administrator can set, once and for all, the locking levels and the concurrent scheduling rules for queries and refresh functions.

The minimum database required to run the benchmark holds business data from 10,000 suppliers. It contains almost 10 million rows representing a raw storage capacity of about 1 gigabyte. Compliant benchmark implementations may also use one of the larger permissible database populations (e.g., 100 gigabytes), as defined in Clause 4.1.3.

The performance metrics reported by TPC-H is called the TPC-H Composite Query-per-Hour Performance Metric (QphH@Size), and reflects multiple aspects of the capability of the system to process queries. These aspects include the selected database size against which the queries are executed, the query processing power when queries are submitted by a single stream, and the query throughput when queries are submitted by multiple concurrent users. The TPC-H Price/Performance metric is expressed as \$/QphH@Size. To be compliant with the TPC-H standard, all references to TPC-H results for a given configuration must include all required reporting components (see Clause 5.4.6). The TPC believes that comparisons of TPC-H results measured against different database sizes are misleading and discourages such comparisons.

The TPC-H database must be implemented using a commercially available database management system (DBMS), and the queries executed via an interface using dynamic SQL. The specification provides for variants of SQL, as implementers are not required to have implemented a specific SQL standard in full.

Benchmarks results are highly dependent upon workload, specific application requirements, and systems design and implementation. Relative system performance will vary as a result of these and other factors. Therefore, TPC-H should not be used as a substitute for specific customer application benchmarking when critical capacity planning and/or product evaluation decisions are contemplated.

General Items

Benchmark Sponsor

A statement identifying the benchmark sponsor(s) and other participating companies must be provided.

This benchmark was sponsored by Lenovo.

Parameter Settings

Settings must be provided for all customer-tunable parameters and options that have been changed from the defaults found in actual products, including but not limited to:

- Database tuning options
- Optimizer/Query execution options
- Query Processing tool/language configuration parameters
- *Recovery/commit options*
- Consistency/locking options
- Operating system and configuration parameters
- Configuration parameters and options for any other software component incorporated into the pricing structure
- Compiler optimization options

See the Supporting Files, "Tunable Parameters," which contains a list of all database parameters and operating system parameters.

Configuration Diagrams

Diagrams of both measured and priced configurations must be provided, accompanied by a description of the differences.

Measured Configuration

: III	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	(O) D
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ThinkSystem	SAS 500GB 500WW123		SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS SOUCE SOUCE	SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS SOUCH SO	SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS SOUCH SO	SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS 500GB 00WW123	SAS 500GB 50WW123	SAS SOUCH SO	SAS SOUCH SO	SAS 500GB 00WW123	NVMe 5000B 500WV123	NVMe 500GB COWW123	NVMe S2503B 507AW123	NVMe 20008 0000WV123	NVMe 509GB COWW123	NVMe 50008 00WW123	NVMe S2008 S00WW123	N1746 500 GB 500 GB 500 WV 123	SR665

Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665

Table 0-1. Measured Configuration Details

Quantity	Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665 Configure-To-Order, includes:			
1	ThinkSystem 2U 2.5" Chassis with 8, 16 or 24 Bays			
2	ThinkSystem AMD EPYC 72F3 8-Core 180W 3.7GHz Processor 2 / 16 / 32 Total Processors/Cores/Threads 1 x 256MB L3 cache per processor 8 x 512KB L2 cache per processor			
16	ThinkSystem 64GB TruDDR4 Performance+ 3200 MHz RDIMM 1TB Total System Memory			
1	ThinkSystem RAID 930-8i 2GB Flash PCIe 12Gb Adapter			
1	ThinkSystem 1610-8P NVMe Switch Adapter			
2	ThinkSystem 2.5" 5210 960GB Entry SATA 6Gb Hot Swap QLC SSD			
2	ThinkSystem U.2 Toshiba CM5-V 1.6TB Mainstream NVMe PCIe 3.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD			
4	ThinkSystem U.2 PM1733 3.84TB Entry NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD			
2	ThinkSystem 2U/4U 8x2.5" NVMe Backplane			
1	ThinkSystem 2U 8x2.5" SAS/SATA Backplane			
1	ThinkSystem Marvell QL41232 10/25GbE SFP28 2-Port OCP Ethernet Adapter			
1	ThinkSystem 2U PCIe Gen4 x16/x16 Slot 1&2 Riser 1 or 2			
2	ThinkSystem 1100W (230V/115V) V2 Platinum Hot-Swap Power Supply			
6	ThinkSystem 2U Performance Fan Option Kit			
1	ThinkSystem SR665 2U Refresh MB			
1	Premier Essential Support - 3Yr 24x7 4Hr Resp + YDYD SR665			
	SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition			
	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.3			

Priced Configuration

Table 0-2. Priced Configuration Details

Quantity	Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665 Configure-To-Order, includes:
1	ThinkSystem 2U 2.5" Chassis with 8, 16 or 24 Bays
2	ThinkSystem AMD EPYC 72F3 8-Core 180W 3.7GHz Processor 2 / 16 / 32 Total Processors/Cores/Threads 1 x 256MB L3 cache per processor 8 x 512KB L2 cache per processor
16	ThinkSystem 64GB TruDDR4 Performance+ 3200 MHz RDIMM 1TB Total System Memory
1	ThinkSystem RAID 930-8i 2GB Flash PCIe 12Gb Adapter
1	ThinkSystem 1610-8P NVMe Switch Adapter
2	ThinkSystem 2.5" 5210 960GB Entry SATA 6Gb Hot Swap QLC SSD
2	ThinkSystem U.2 Toshiba CM5-V 1.6TB Mainstream NVMe PCIe 3.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD

6	ThinkSystem U.2 PM1733 3.84TB Entry NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 Hot Swap SSD
2	ThinkSystem 2U/4U 8x2.5" NVMe Backplane
1	ThinkSystem 2U 8x2.5" SAS/SATA Backplane
1	ThinkSystem Marvell QL41232 10/25GbE SFP28 2-Port OCP Ethernet Adapter
1	ThinkSystem 2U PCIe Gen4 x16/x16 Slot 1&2 Riser 1 or 2
2	ThinkSystem 1100W (230V/115V) V2 Platinum Hot-Swap Power Supply
6	ThinkSystem 2U Performance Fan Option Kit
1	ThinkSystem SR665 2U Refresh MB
1	Premier Essential Support - 3Yr 24x7 4Hr Resp + YDYD SR665
	SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition
	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.3

Differences between the Priced and Measured Configurations

The priced configuration was the same as the measured configuration with the exception that the priced configuration included two additional ThinkSystem U.2 PM1733 3.84TB Entry NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 Hot Swap SSDs, for a total of six. These additional drives were priced as space to hold the database backup.

Substitution

Some hardware components of the Priced Configuration may be substituted after the test sponsor has demonstrated to the auditor's satisfaction that the substituting components do not negatively impact the reported performance metric or numerical quantities. All substitutions must be reported in the FDR and noted in the auditor's attestation letter. Any information and/or measurement results used to prove the validity of a Component substitution must be included in the section of the FDR that describes the differences between the measured and Priced Configuration. Original and substituted Components must be clearly identified.

No components were substituted.

Clause 1 – Logical Database Design Related Items

Database Table Definitions

Listings must be provided for all table definition statements and all other statements used to set-up the test and qualification databases.

See the Supporting Files for the scripts that were used to set up the TPC-H test and qualification databases.

Database Physical Organization

The physical organization of tables and indices within the test and qualification databases must be disclosed. If the column ordering of any table is different from that specified in Clause 1.4, it must be noted.

See the Supporting Files for the scripts that were used to create the indexes on the test and qualification databases.

No column reordering was used.

Horizontal/Vertical Partitioning

Horizontal partitioning of tables and rows in the test and qualification databases (see Clause 1.5.4) must be disclosed. Horizontal partitioning on L_SHIPDATE and O_ORDERDATE was used and granularity was week.

Replication

Any replication of physical objects must be disclosed and must conform to the requirements of Clause 1.5.7. Replication was not used.

Clause 2 – Query and Refresh Function Related Items

Query Language

The query language used to implement the queries must be identified (e.g., "RALF/SQL-Plus").

SQL was the query language used.

QGen

The version number, release number, modification number, and patch level of QGen must be disclosed.

QGen version 2.18.0 was used to generate all database populations.

Query Text and Output Data from Database

The executable query text used for query validation must be reported in the supporting files archive along with the corresponding output data generated during the execution of the query text against the qualification database. If minor modifications (see Clause 2.2.3) have been applied to any functional query definitions or approved variants in order to obtain executable query text, these modifications must be disclosed and justified. The justification for a particular minor query modification can apply collectively to all queries for which it has been used.

See the Supporting Files for the query text and query output. The following modifications were used:

- In Q1, Q4, Q5, Q6, Q10, Q12, Q14, Q15 and Q20, the "dateadd" function is used to perform date arithmetic.
- In Q7, Q8 and Q9, the "datepart" function is used to extract part of a date (e.g., "YY").
- In Q2, Q3, Q10, Q18 and Q21, the "top" function is used to restrict the number of output rows.
- In Q1, the "count_big" function is used in place of "count".

Query Substitution Parameters and Seeds Used

All the query substitution parameters used during the performance test must be disclosed in tabular format, along with the seeds used to generate these parameters.

See the Supporting Files for the seed and query substitution parameters used.

Query Isolation Level

The isolation level used to run the queries must be disclosed. If the isolation level does not map closely to one of the isolation levels defined in Clause 3.4, additional descriptive detail must be provided.

The queries and transactions were run with repeatable read isolation level.

Refresh Function Implementation

The details of how the refresh functions were implemented must be reported in the supporting files archive (including source code of any non-commercial program used).

See the Supporting Files for the source code for the refresh function.

Clause 3 – Database System Properties Related Items

The results of the ACID tests must be disclosed along with a description of how the ACID requirements were met.

All ACID tests were conducted according to specifications. The Atomicity, Isolation, Consistency and Durability tests were performed on the Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665 server. See the Supporting Files for the ACID transaction source code.

Atomicity Requirements

The system under test must guarantee that transactions are atomic; the system will either perform all individual operations on the data, or will assure that no partially-completed operations leave any effects on the data.

Atomicity of Completed Transactions

Perform the ACID Transaction (see Clause 3.1.5) for a randomly selected set of input data and verify that the appropriate rows have been changed in the ORDERS, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.

The following steps were performed to verify the Atomicity of completed transactions:

- 1. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
- 2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1.
- 3. The ACID Transaction committed.
- 4. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key. It was verified that the appropriate rows had been changed.

Atomicity of Aborted Transactions

Perform the ACID Transaction for a randomly selected set of input data, substituting a ROLLBACK of the transaction for the COMMIT of the transaction. Verify that the appropriate rows have not been changed in the ORDERS, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.

The following steps were performed to verify the Atomicity of the aborted ACID transaction:

- 1. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
- 2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1. The transaction was stopped prior to the commit.
- 3. The ACID Transaction was ROLLED BACK.
- 4. The total price from the ORDER table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key used in steps 1 and 2. It was verified that the appropriate rows had not been changed.

Consistency Requirements

Consistency is the property of the application that requires any execution of transactions to take the database from one consistent state to another. A TPC-H database, when populated as defined in Clause 4.2, must meet the consistency condition defined in Clause 3.3.2.1:

A consistent state for the TPC-H database is defined to exist when

 $O_TOTALPRICE = SUM(trunc(trunc(L_EXTENDEDPRICE *(1 - L_DISCOUNT), 2) * (1+L_TAX), 2))$ for each ORDERS and LINEITEM defined by (O_ORDERKEY = L_ORDERKEY)

If data is replicated, as permitted under Clause 1.5.7, each copy must meet the consistency condition defined in Clause 3.3.2.1.

Consistency Tests

To verify the consistency between the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables, perform the following steps:

- 1. Verify that the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables are initially consistent as defined in Clause 3.3.2.1, based on a random sample of at least 10 distinct values of O_ORDERKEY.
- 2. Submit at least 100 ACID Transactions from each of at least the number of execution streams (# query streams + 1 refresh stream) used in the reported throughput test (see Clause 5.3.4). Each transaction must use values of (O_KEY, L_KEY, DELTA) randomly generated within the ranges defined in Clause 3.1.6.2. Ensure that all the values of O_ORDERKEY chosen in Step 1 are used by some transaction in Step 2.
- 3. Re-verify the consistency of the ORDERS, and LINEITEM tables as defined in Clause 3.3.2.1 based on the same sample values of O_ORDERKEY selected in Step 1.

Consistency was tested as part of the durability tests.

Isolation Requirements

Operations of concurrent transactions must yield results which are indistinguishable from the results which would be obtained by forcing each transaction to be serially executed to completion in some order.

The six tests described here are designed to verify that the system under test is configured to support the required isolation levels, as defined in Clause 3.4.1. All Isolation Tests are performed using a randomly selected set of values (P_KEY, S_KEY, O_KEY, L_KEY, DELTA).

Isolation Test 1 - Read-Write Conflict with Commit

This test demonstrates isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the readwrite transaction is committed.

The following steps were performed to satisfy the test of isolation for a read-only and a read-write committed transaction:

- 1. An ACID Transaction was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA. The ACID Transaction was suspended prior to Commit.
- 2. An ACID query was started for the same O_KEY used in step 1. The ACID query blocked and did not see any uncommitted changes made by the ACID Transaction.
- 3. The ACID Transaction was resumed and committed.
- 4. The ACID query completed. It returned the data as committed by the ACID Transaction.

Isolation Test 2 - Read-Write Conflict with Rollback

This test demonstrates isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the readwrite transaction is rolled back.

The following steps were performed to satisfy the test of isolation for read-only and a rolled back read-write transaction:

- 1. An ACID transaction was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA. The ACID Transaction was suspended prior to Rollback.
- 2. An ACID query was started for the same O_KEY used in step 1. The ACID query did not see any uncommitted changes made by the ACID Transaction.
- 3. The ACID Transaction was ROLLED BACK.
- 4. The ACID query completed.

Isolation Test 3 - Write-Write Conflict with Commit

This test demonstrates isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is committed.

The following steps were performed to verify isolation of two update transactions:

- 1. An ACID Transaction T1 was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA. The ACID transaction T1 was suspended prior to Commit.
- 2. Another ACID Transaction T2 was started using the same O_KEY and L_KEY and a randomly selected DELTA.
- 3. T2 waited.
- 4. The ACID transaction T1 was allowed to Commit and T2 completed.
- 5. It was verified that: T2.L_EXTENDEDPRICE = T1.L_EXTENDEDPRICE+(DELTA1*(T1.L_EXTENDEDPRICE/T1.L_QUANTITY))

Isolation Test 4 - Write-Write Conflict with Rollback

This test demonstrates isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is rolled back.

The following steps were performed to verify the isolation of two update transactions after the first one is rolled back:

- 1. An ACID Transaction T1 was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA. The ACID Transaction T1 was suspended prior to Rollback.
- 2. Another ACID Transaction T2 was started using the same O_KEY and L_KEY used in step 1 and a randomly selected DELTA.
- 3. T2 waited.
- 4. T1 was allowed to ROLLBACK and T2 completed.
- 5. It was verified that T2.L_EXTENDEDPRICE = T1.L_EXTENDEDPRICE.

Isolation Test 5 - Concurrent Read and Write Transactions on Different Tables

This test demonstrates the ability of read and write transactions affecting different database tables to make progress concurrently.

The following steps were performed:

- 1. An ACID Transaction T1 for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA. The ACID Transaction T1 was suspended prior to Commit.
- 2. Another ACID Transaction T2 was started using random values for PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY.
- 3. T2 completed.
- 4. T1 completed and the appropriate rows in the ORDER, LINEITEM and HISTORY tables were changed.

Isolation Test 6 - Update Transactions during Continuous Read-Only Query Stream

This test demonstrates that the continuous submission of arbitrary (read-only) queries against one or more tables of the database does not indefinitely delay update transactions affecting those tables from making progress.

The following steps were performed:

- 1. An ACID Transaction T1 was started, executing a modified version of Q1 against the qualification database.
- 2. Before T1 completed, another ACID Transaction T2 was started using randomly selected values of O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA.
- 3. Transaction T3 was started like T1, executing a modified version of Q1 against the qualification database.
- 4. T1 completed while T2 and T3 were running.
- 5. T2 completed while T3 was running.
- 6. It was verified that the appropriate rows in the ORDER, LINEITEM and HISTORY tables were changed.

Durability Requirements

The SUT must guarantee durability: the ability to preserve the effects of committed transactions and ensure database consistency after recovery from any one of the failures listed in Clause 3.5.3.

The test sponsor is required to guarantee that the test system will preserve the database and the effects of committed updates after recovery from any of the failures listed below. The intent of these tests is to demonstrate that all transactions whose output messages have been received by the driver have in fact been committed in spite of any single failure from the list in Clause 3.5.3 and that all consistency conditions are still met after the database is recovered.

Permanent Irrecoverable Failure of Any Single Durable Medium (Database Tables) Permanent Irrecoverable Failure of Any Single Durable Medium (Database Log)

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across a permanent irrecoverable failure of any single durable medium containing TPC-H database tables. The media to be failed is to be chosen at random by the auditor and cannot be specially prepared.

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across a permanent irrecoverable failure of any single durable medium containing TPC-H recovery log data. The media to be failed is to be chosen at random by the auditor and cannot be specially prepared.

The OS was stored on two SATA SSDs in a RAID-1 array. The database tables were stored on four non-RAIDed NVMe SSDs. The database log was stored on a 2-disk NVMe RAID-1 array. The tests were conducted on the qualification database. The steps performed are shown below:

- 1. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was verified.
- 2. Nine streams of ACID transactions were started. Each stream executed a minimum of 100 transactions.
- 3. While the test was running, one of the database log drives was removed. Since the database log array was RAID-1, the database continued processing.
- 4. While the test was running, one of the disks holding database table data was removed.
- 5. The 9 streams of ACID transactions failed and recorded their number of committed transactions in success files.
- 6. The database log was dumped to disk.
- 7. A checkpoint was issued to force a failure, terminating SQL Server.
- 8. The root database file was deleted, insuring SQL Server could not access the database when started.
- 9. The removed drives were replaced and the log array was rebuilt.
- 10. SQL Server was started and the database was restored from backup.
- 11. A command was issued directing the database to run through its roll-forward recovery.
- 12. The success file and the HISTORY table counts were compared and were found to match.
- 13. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was verified.

System Crash Memory Failure SUT Power Failure

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across an instantaneous interruption (system crash/system hang) in processing which requires system reboot to recover.

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across the failure of all or part of memory (loss of contents) which may be caused by a loss of external power or the permanent failure of a memory board.

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across the loss of all external power to the SUT for an indefinite time period.

These tests were all combined. The following steps were performed:

- 1. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was verified.
- 2. Nine streams of ACID transactions were started. Each stream executed a minimum of 100 transactions.
- 3. The system was powered off.
- 4. Power was restored and the system booted.
- 5. The database was restarted.
- 6. The database went through a recovery period.
- 7. The success file and the HISTORY table counts were compared and were found to match.
- 8. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was verified.

Clause 4 – Scaling and Database Population Related Items

Initial Cardinality of Tables

The cardinality (e.g., the number of rows) of each table of the test database, as it existed at the completion of the database load (see Clause 4.2.5), must be disclosed.

Table 4-1. Initial Cardinality of Tables

Table Name	Row Count
Order	4,500,000,000
Lineitem	18,000,048,306
Customer	450,000,000
Part	600,000,000
Supplier	30,000,000
Partsupp	2,400,000,000
Nation	25
Region	5

Distribution of Tables and Logs

The distribution of tables and logs across all media must be explicitly described for both the tested and priced systems.

The distribution of database tables and logs was the same for the measured and priced configurations except that the priced configuration had extra drives to hold database backups.

The database data files and tempdb were spread out across four ThinkSystem U.2 PM1733 3.84TB Entry NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 SSDs. The database log was configured on a 2-disk RAID-1 array of ThinkSystem U.2 CM5-V 1.6TB Mainstream NVMe PCIe 3.0 x4 SSDs.

The database table and log distribution is shown in table 4-2.

Table 4-2. Physical Distribution of Tables and Logs

Controller	Drives	RAID	Volume Size	Format	Files	Mount Point
			(TB)			
930-8i 2GB Flash PCle 12Gb Adapter	2x 960GB SATA	RAID-1	0.872	XFS	OS, SQL Server	/
1610-8P NVMe Switch Adapter						
Slots 1 & 2	2x 1.6TB NVMe	RAID-1 (Software)	1.5	XFS	Log	/mnt/dblog
Slot 3	1x 3.84TB NVMe	No RAID	2.0	XFS	Data, tempdb	/mnt/data/data1
Slot 4	1x 3.84TB NVMe	No RAID	2.0	XFS	Data, tempdb	/mnt/data/data2
Slot 5	1x 3.84TB NVMe	No RAID	2.0	XFS	Data, tempdb	/mnt/data/data3
Slot 6	1x 3.84TB NVMe	No RAID	2.0	XFS	Data, tempdb	/mnt/data/data4
Slot 7	1x 3.84TB NVMe	No RAID	2.0	XFS	Backup (Priced Cfg)	/mnt/backup
Slot 8	1x 3.84TB NVMe	No RAID	2.0	XFS	Backup (Priced Cfg)	/mnt/backup2
Totals (TB)	28.16		14.37			

Database Partition / Replication Mapping

The mapping of database partitions/replications must be explicitly described.

The database was not replicated.

Storage Redundancy

Implementations may use data redundancy mechanism(s). The type of data redundancy mechanism(s) and any configuration parameters (e.g., RAID level used) must be disclosed for each device. If data redundancy mechanism(s) are used in an implementation, the logical intent of their use must be disclosed.

The Storage Redundancy Level of this result is zero (no redundancy).

The operating system and database software were placed on a RAID-1 array.

RAID-1 was used for the array that held the database log.

The database data and the temporary tablespace were placed on non-RAIDed drives.

Database backups were placed on non-RAIDed drives.

DBGen

The version number, release number, modification number, and patch level of DBGen must be disclosed.

The standard distribution DBGen version 2.18.0 was used for database population. No modifications were made.

Database Load Time

The database load time for the test database (see Clause 4.3) must be disclosed.

The database load time was 4h 2m 9s.

Data Storage Ratio

The data storage ratio must be disclosed. It is computed by dividing the total data storage of the priced configuration (expressed in GB) by the size chosen for the test database as defined in Clause 4.1.3.1.

The calculation of the data storage ratio is shown in table 4-3.

Disk Type	Number of Disks	Space per Disk (GiB)	Total Disk Space (GiB)	Scale Factor	Storage Ratio
960GB SATA SSD	2	894.07	1,788.14		
1.6TB U.2 PCIe 3.0 x4 NVMe SSDs	2	1,490.12	2,980.23		
3.84TB U.2 PCIe 4.0 x4 NVMe SSDs	6	3,576.28	21,457.67		
Total			26,226.04	3,000	8.74

Table 4-3. Data Storage Ratio Calculations

The data storage ratio is 8.74, derived by dividing 26,226.04 GiB by the database size of 3,000 GiB.

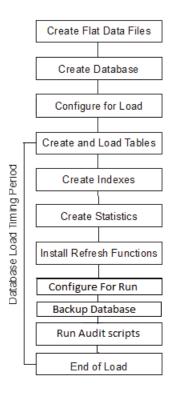
Database Load Details

The details of the database load must be disclosed including a block diagram illustrating the overall process.

Flat files for each of the tables were created using DBGen.

The tables were loaded as depicted in Figure 4.1.

Figure 4-1. Database Load Procedure



Qualification Database Configuration

Any differences between the configuration of the qualification database and the test database must be disclosed.

The qualification database used identical scripts and disk structure to create and load the data with adjustments for size difference.

Memory to Database Size Percentage

The memory to database size percentage must be disclosed. It is computed by multiplying by 100 the total memory size priced on the SUT (see clause 6.2.1) and dividing this number by the size chosen for the test database as defined in Clause 4.1.3.1.

The memory to database size percentage is 34.1%, derived by multiplying 1,024 GB * 100 and then dividing by the database size of 3,000 GB.

Clause 5 – Performance Metrics and Execution Rules Related Items

System Activity between Load and Performance Tests

Any system activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of the load test and the beginning of the performance test must be fully reported in the supporting files archive including listings of scripts, command logs and system activity.

There was no activity between the load test and performance test.

Power Test Steps

The details of the steps followed to implement the power test (e.g., system boot, database restart, etc.) must be reported.

The following steps were used to implement the power test:

- 1. RF1 Refresh function
- 2. Stream 00 Execution
- 3. RF2 Refresh function

Timing Intervals for Each Query and Refresh Function

The timing intervals (see Clause 5.3.7) for each query and for both refresh functions must be reported for the power test. See the Numerical Quantities Summary in the Executive Summary at the beginning of this report.

Number of Query Streams Used for the Throughput Test

The number of query streams used for the throughput test must be disclosed.

Eight query streams and one refresh stream were used for the throughput test.

Start and End Date/Times for Each Query Stream

The start time and finish time for each query stream for the throughput test must be disclosed. See the Numerical Quantities Summary in the Executive Summary at the beginning of this report.

Total Elapsed Time for the Measurement Interval

The total elapsed time of the measurement interval (see Clause 5.3.6) must be disclosed for the throughput test. See the Numerical Quantities Summary in the Executive Summary at the beginning of this report.

Refresh Function Start Date/Time and Finish Date/Time

The start time and finish time for each refresh function in the refresh stream for the throughput test must be disclosed. See the Numerical Quantities Summary in the Executive Summary at the beginning of this report.

Performance Metrics

The computed performance metric, related numerical quantities and the price/performance metric must be disclosed. See the Numerical Quantities Summary in the Executive Summary at the beginning of this report.

Performance Metric and Numerical Quantities from Both Runs

The performance metric (QphH@Size) and the numerical quantities (TPC-H Power@Size and TPC-H Throughput@Size) from both of the runs must be disclosed (see Clause 5.4).

Two consecutive runs of the TPC-H benchmark were performed. Table 5-1 contains the results for both runs.

Table 5-1. Performance Metrics from Both Runs

	QppH @ 3,000GB	QthH @ 3,000GB	QphH @ 3,000GB
Run 1	881,893.8	465,365.7	640,627.1
Run 2	853,014.6	457,609.5	624,778.0

System Activity between Tests

Any activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of Run1 and the beginning of Run2 must be fully disclosed including system activity, listings of scripts or command logs along with any system reboots or database restarts.

There was no activity between Run1 and Run2.

Clause 6 – SUT and Driver Implementation Related Items

Driver

A detailed textual description of how the driver performs its functions, how its various components interact and any product functionalities or environmental settings on which it relies and all related source code, scripts and configuration files must be reported in the supporting files archive. The information provided should be sufficient for an independent reconstruction of the driver.

The TPC-H benchmark was implemented using a Microsoft tool called StepMaster, which is a general purpose test tool that can drive ODBC and shell commands. Within StepMaster, the user designs a workspace corresponding to the sequence of operations (or steps) to be executed. When the workspace is executed, StepMaster records information about the run into a database as well as a log file for later analysis.

StepMaster provides a mechanism for creating parallel streams of execution. This is used in the throughput tests to drive the query and refresh streams. Each step is timed using a millisecond resolution timer. A timestamp T1 is taken before beginning the operation and a timestamp T2 is taken after completing the operation. These times are recorded in a database as well as in a log file for later analysis.

Two types of ODBC connections are supported. A dynamic connection is used to execute a single operation and is closed when the operation finishes. A static connection is held open until the run completes and may be used to execute more than one step. A connection (either static or dynamic) can only have one outstanding operation at any time.

In TPC-H, static connections are used for the query streams in the power and throughput tests. StepMaster reads an Access database to determine the sequence of steps to execute. These commands are represented as the Implementation Specific Layer. StepMaster records its execution history, including all timings, in the Access database. Additionally, StepMaster writes a textual log file of execution for each run.

The stream refresh functions were executed using multiple batch scripts. The initial script is invoked by StepMaster, subsequent scripts are called from within the scripts.

The source for StepMaster and the RF Scripts is disclosed in the supported file archive.

Implementation Specific Layer

If an implementation specific layer is used, then a detailed description of how it performs its functions, how its various components interact and any product functionalities or environmental setting on which it relies must be disclosed. All related source code, scripts and configuration files must be reported in the supporting files archive. The information provided should be sufficient for an independent reconstruction of the implementation specific layer.

See the Driver section above for details.

Profile-Directed Optimization

If profile-directed optimization as described in Clause 5.2.9 is used, such use must be disclosed.

Profile-directed optimization was not used.

Clause 7 – Pricing Related Items

Hardware and Software Components

A detailed list of hardware and software used in the Priced Configuration must be reported. The listing for each separately Orderable item must have vendor Part Number, description and applicable release/revision level, price source, unit price, quantity, extended price, applicable Discounted price and 3-year maintenance price. If package-pricing is used, the vendor Part Number of the package and a description uniquely identifying each of the Components of the package must be disclosed to a sufficient level of detail to meet the requirements of 1.4.1.1.

A detailed list of all hardware, software, and maintenance is provided in the Executive Summary at the front of this report. Price quotations are included in Appendix A.

Three-Year Cost of System Configuration

The total 3-year price of the entire Priced Configuration must be reported, including: hardware, software, and maintenance charges. The justification of any Discounts applied must be disclosed in the price sheet. Sufficient detail of what items are being discounted and by how much they are being discounted must be provided so that the Discount amount used in the computation of the total system cost can be independently reproduced.

A detailed list of all hardware, software, and maintenance, including the total 3-year price and discount information, is provided in the Executive Summary at the front of this report. Price quotations are included in Appendix A.

Availability Date

The committed Availability Date of Components used in the price calculations must be reported. The Availability Date must be reported on the first page of the Executive Summary and with a precision of one day. When the priced system includes products with different availability dates, the reported Availability Date for the priced system must be a date at which all Components are committed to be Generally Available. Each Component used in the Priced Configuration is considered to be Available on the Availability Date unless an earlier date is specified.

For each of the Line Items that are not Orderable on the report date of the FDR, the following information must be included in the FDR:

- Name and Part Number of the item that is not Orderable
- *The date when the Line Item can be ordered (on or before the Availability Date)*
- The method to be used to order the Component (at or below the quoted price) when the order date arrives
- The method for verifying the price

The total solution as priced will be generally available April 28, 2021. All items are Orderable on the report date of the FDR.

Country-Specific Pricing

Pricing must be reported in the currency of the country where the system is priced.

The configuration is priced for the United States of America.

Pricing Calculations

A statement of the benchmark performance metric, as well as the respective calculations for 3-year pricing, price/performance, and the availability date must be included.

The performance metric, pricing calculations, price/performance, and availability dates are all included in the Executive Summary.

Clause 8 – Full Disclosure Report Related Items

Supporting Files Index

An index for all files and/or directories included in the Supporting Files Archive as required by Clauses 8.3.2 through 8.3.8 must be provided in the report.

Table 8-1. Supporting Files Index

Clause	Description	Pathname		
Clause 1	OS and database settings	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause1		
Clause 2	Qualification queries and output	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause2		
Clause 3	ACID scripts and output	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause3		
Clause 4	Database load scripts	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause4		
Clause 5	Queries and output for measured runs	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause5		
Clause 6	Implementation code for measured runs	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause6		
Clause 7	There are no required files for Clause 7			
Clause 8	RFs source and parameters	SupportingFilesArchive\Clause8		

Clause 9 – Audit Related Items

Auditor

The auditor's agency name, address, phone number, and attestation letter with a brief audit summary report indicating compliance must be included in the full disclosure report. A statement should be included specifying whom to contact in order to obtain further information regarding the audit process.

This implementation of the TPC Benchmark H was audited by Doug Johnson of Infosizing. Further information regarding the audit process may be obtained from:

InfoSizing 63 Lourdes Drive Leominster, MA 01453 Telephone: (978) 343-6562 Web address: <u>www.sizing.com</u>

For a copy of this disclosure, go to www.tpc.org

Attestation Letter

The auditor's Attestation Letter is on the next two pages.





Benchmark sponsor:

Lenovo Michael Crutcher Manager - DCG Performance Development 7001 Development Drive Morrisville, NC 27560

March 25, 2021

I verified the TPC Benchmark H (TPC-HTM v2.18.0) performance of the following configuration:

Platform:	Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665
Operating System:	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.3
Database Manager:	Microsoft SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition
Other Software:	n/a

The results were:

Performance Metric	624,7	78.0 QphH	1@3,000GB				
TPC-H Power	853,014.6						
TPC-H Throughput	457,60	09.5					
Database Load Time	00d 04	4h 02m 09s					
<u>Server</u>	Lenovo ThinkSystem SR665, with:						
CPUs	2x AMD EPYC 72F3 8-Core Processor, 3.7 GHz, 256 MB L3 Cache						
Memory	1,024	GiB					
Disks	Qty Size Type						
	2	SATA 6 Gb SSD					
	2	1.6 TB	NVMe				
	6	3.84 TB	NVMe				

In my opinion, these performance results were produced in compliance with the TPC requirements for the benchmark.

The following verification items were given special attention:

- The database records were defined with the proper layout and size
- The database population was generated using DBGen
- The database was properly scaled to 3,000GB and populated accordingly
- The compliance of the database auxiliary data structures was verified
- The database load time was correctly measured and reported

- The required ACID properties were verified and met
- The query input variables were generated by QGen
- The query text was produced using minor modifications and no query variant
- The execution of the queries against the SF1 database produced compliant answers
- A compliant implementation specific layer was used to drive the tests
- The throughput tests involved 8 query streams
- The ratio between the longest and the shortest query was such that no query timings were adjusted
- The execution times for queries and refresh functions were correctly measured and reported
- The repeatability of the measured results was verified
- The system pricing was verified for major components and maintenance
- The major pages from the FDR were verified for accuracy

Additional Audit Notes:

None.

Respectfully Yours,

Jahnso

Doug Johnson, TPC Certified Auditor

Appendix A: Price Quotes

Microsoft Corporation Tel 425 002 002 Fax 425 936 7329 Redmond, WA 98052-6399

http://www.microsoft.com/



Lenovo Corporation Ray Engler 7001 Development Drive Morrisville, NC 27560

Here is the information you requested regarding pricing for several Microsoft products to be used in conjunction with your TPC-H benchmark testing.

All pricing shown is in US Dollars (\$).

Description	Unit Price	Quantity	Price				
Database Management System							
SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition 2 Core License Open Program – No Level - ERP	\$13,748.00	8	\$109,984.00				
Support							
Microsoft Problem Resolution Services <i>Professional Support</i> (1 Incident).	\$259.00	1	\$259.00				

All software components are currently orderable and available. A list of Microsoft's resellers can be found in the Microsoft Product Information Center at http://www.microsoft.com/products/info/render.aspx?view=22&type=how

Defect support is included in the purchase price. Additional support is available from Microsoft PSS on an incident-by-incident basis at \$259 call.

This quote is valid for the next 120 days.

Reference ID: TPCH_dhwuoehj5494279_2019