

New Direction for TPC

by

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Outline

- ◆ 1985
- ◆ 1985-88
- ◆ PAFS
- ◆ TPC-H
- ◆ The future

1985

- ◆ Jim Gray writes debit-credit benchmark
 - ◆ And gets his friends to be co-authors
 - ◆ Commercial systems do about 25 TPS
 - ◆ Obviously inadequate
- ◆ Jim Gray starts HPTS
 - ◆ Goal is 1000 TPS (x40)

1985-88

- ◆ Lots of ideas generated on improving OLTP performance
 - ◆ Facilitated by HPTS
 - ◆ Lots of apples-to-oranges debit-credit benchmarks
 - ◆ With conventional vendor marketing spin
 - ◆ But performance improves by an order of magnitude

Obvious Need for

- ◆ A level playing field for debit-credit
- ◆ A non-vendor organization to carry debit-credit forward
- ◆ Enter TPC and TPC-A

Characteristics of Debit-Credit

- ◆ Pressing need
 - ◆ for better OLTP performance
- ◆ Application focused
 - ◆ Cash a check
- ◆ Simple
 - ◆ 5 commands, 5 pages of specification
- ◆ Result was vendor focus and much better OLTP systems

Meta - Characteristics

- ◆ Find a Pressing need
- ◆ Find a simple Application
- ◆ Focus the vendor community
- ◆ To provide better Systems

PAFS!

TPC-H (**PAFS**)

- ◆ Application/schema doesn't correspond to an obvious business problem
 - ◆ schema seems unnatural
 - ◆ see Pat's O'Neil's talk

TPC-H (PAFS)

- ◆ Way too many queries (22)
- ◆ And queries seem politically gerrymandered
 - ◆ Can't use materialized views

TPC-H (**PAFS**)

- ◆ No load component in TPC-H
- ◆ Users want the ability to perform incremental/trickle load

TPC-H (**PAFS**)

- ◆ Out-of-box experience awful for most systems
- ◆ Data base design way too hard – too many knobs
- ◆ And automatic tools don't work very well
- ◆ RDBMS considered too hard to use by many

TPC-H (**PAFS**)

- ◆ Scalability over a range of sizes is a big issue
- ◆ Ability to add resources on the fly is a big issue

TPC-H (**PAFS**)

- ◆ Nobody recovers from the data base log
- ◆ No replication in TPC-H

TPC-H (PAFS)

- ◆ Major warehouse vendors (e.g. Teradata, Netezza) ignore TPC-H
- ◆ Analysts (Forrester, Gartner) say TPC-H is irrelevant

TPC-H (PAFS)

- ◆ Current leaders run on silly hardware configurations
 - ◆ E.g. 1 Terabyte of disk for a 30 Gbyte configuration (32 X)

TPC-H

- ◆ A failure by PAFS standards
- ◆ At the very best is “long in the tooth”
 - ◆ Follow-on effort (TPC-DS) is worse by PAFS standards
 - ◆ And TPC progress is at the speed of molasses

TPC-H

- ◆ A failure by PAFS standards
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 - ◆ Follow-on effort (TPC-DS) is worse by PAFS standards
 - ◆ And TPC progress is at the speed of **very slow molasses**
 - ◆ E.g. little stomach to fix these issues

TPC-C

- ◆ Essentially same comments apply

Summary of TPC

- ◆ Is very slow moving
- ◆ Seems vendor dominated
 - ◆ Political and not user focused
 - ◆ Not focused on PAFS

So What to Do?

- ◆ Go back to your roots
- ◆ E.g. PAFS
 - ◆ In your traditional market
 - ◆ In new markets

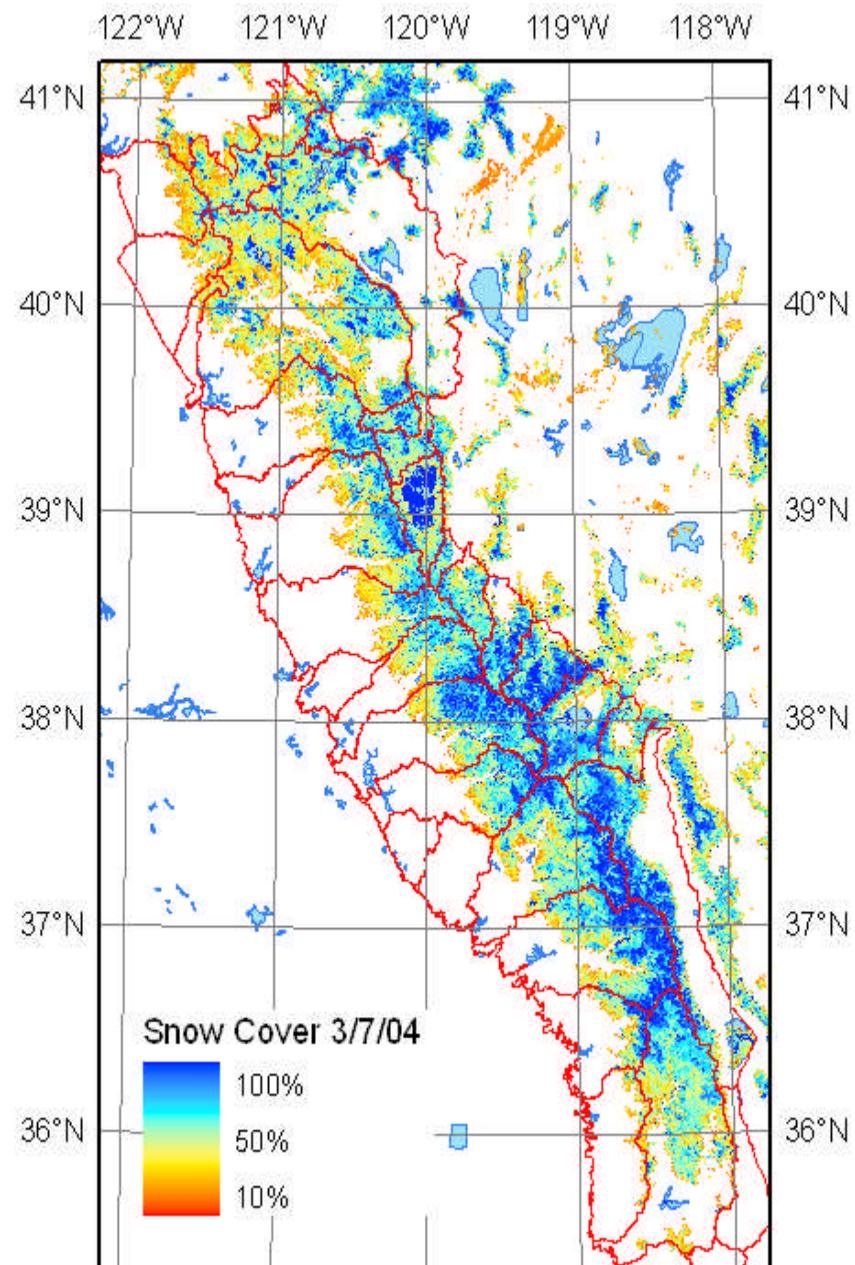
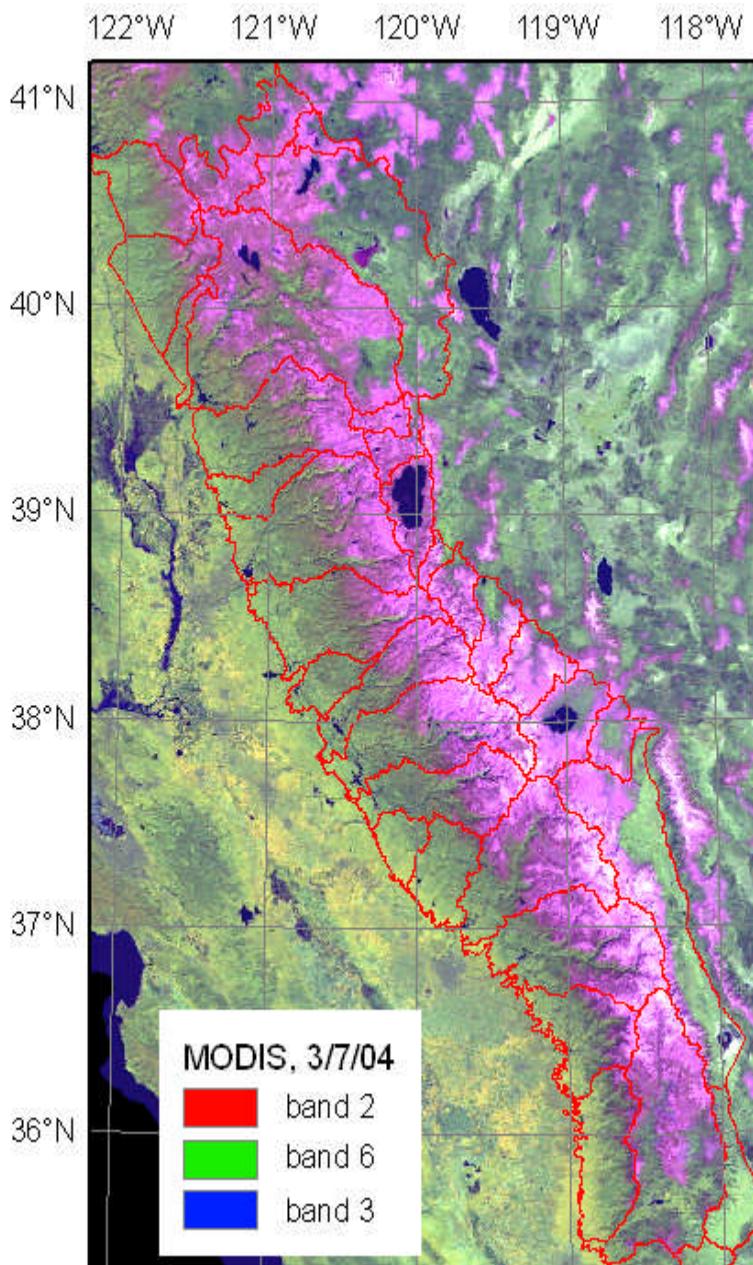
Example – One Among Many

- ◆ Science applications (e.g. Chemistry, Earth Sciences, Remote Sensing,)
- ◆ Universally hate current RDBMS



Nearest neighbor queries, time series queries

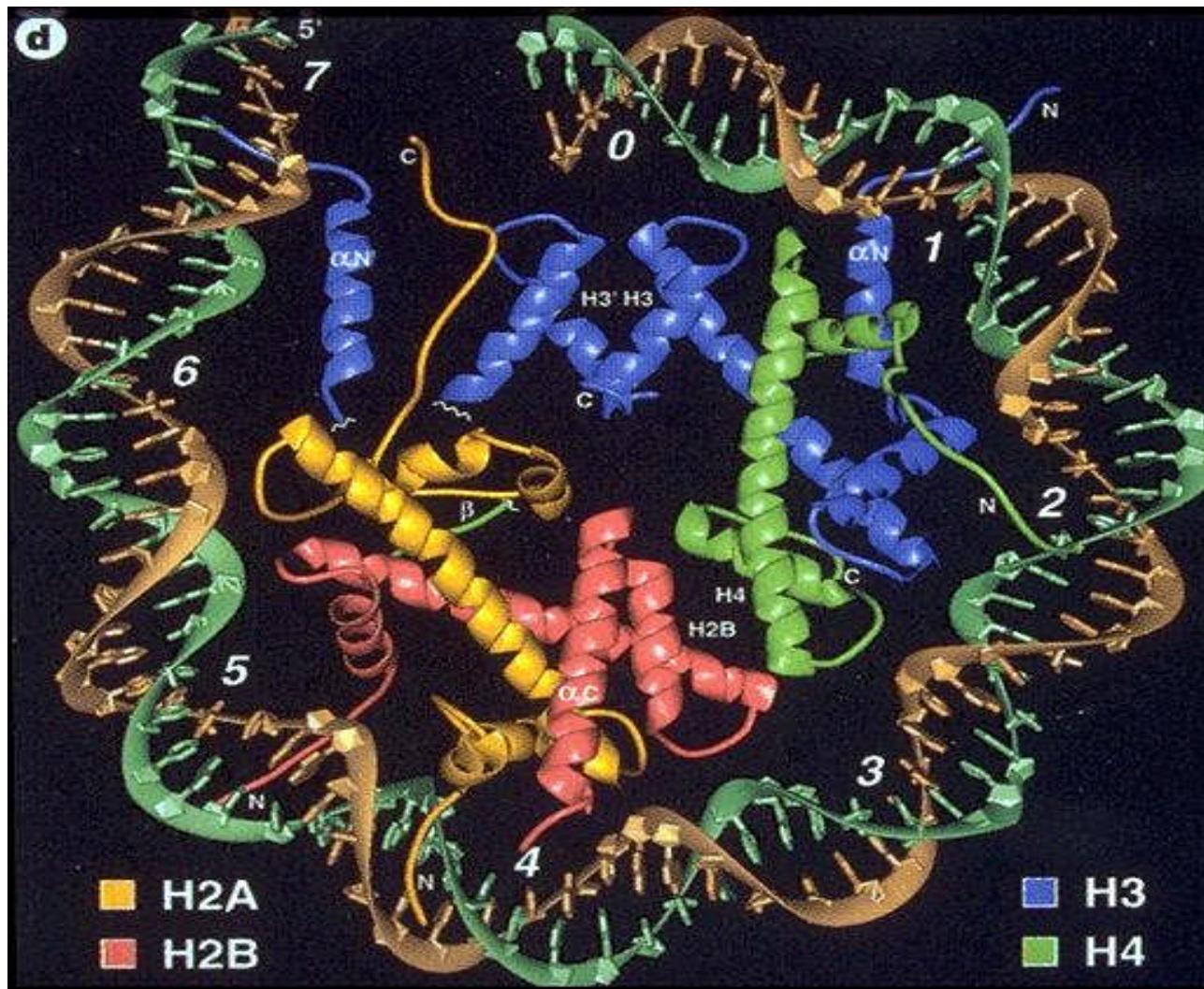
Snow Cover in the Sierras



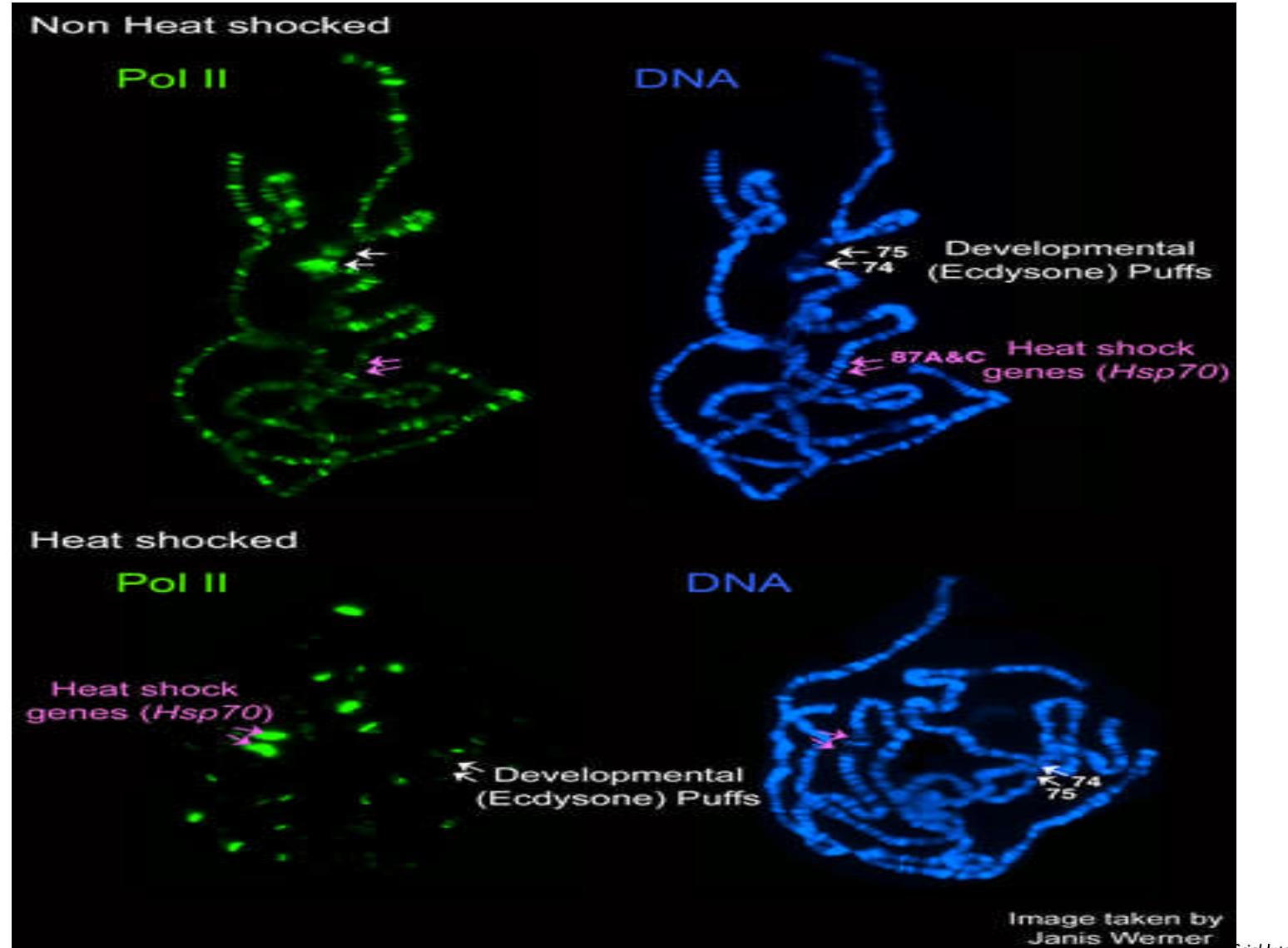
Protein Structure



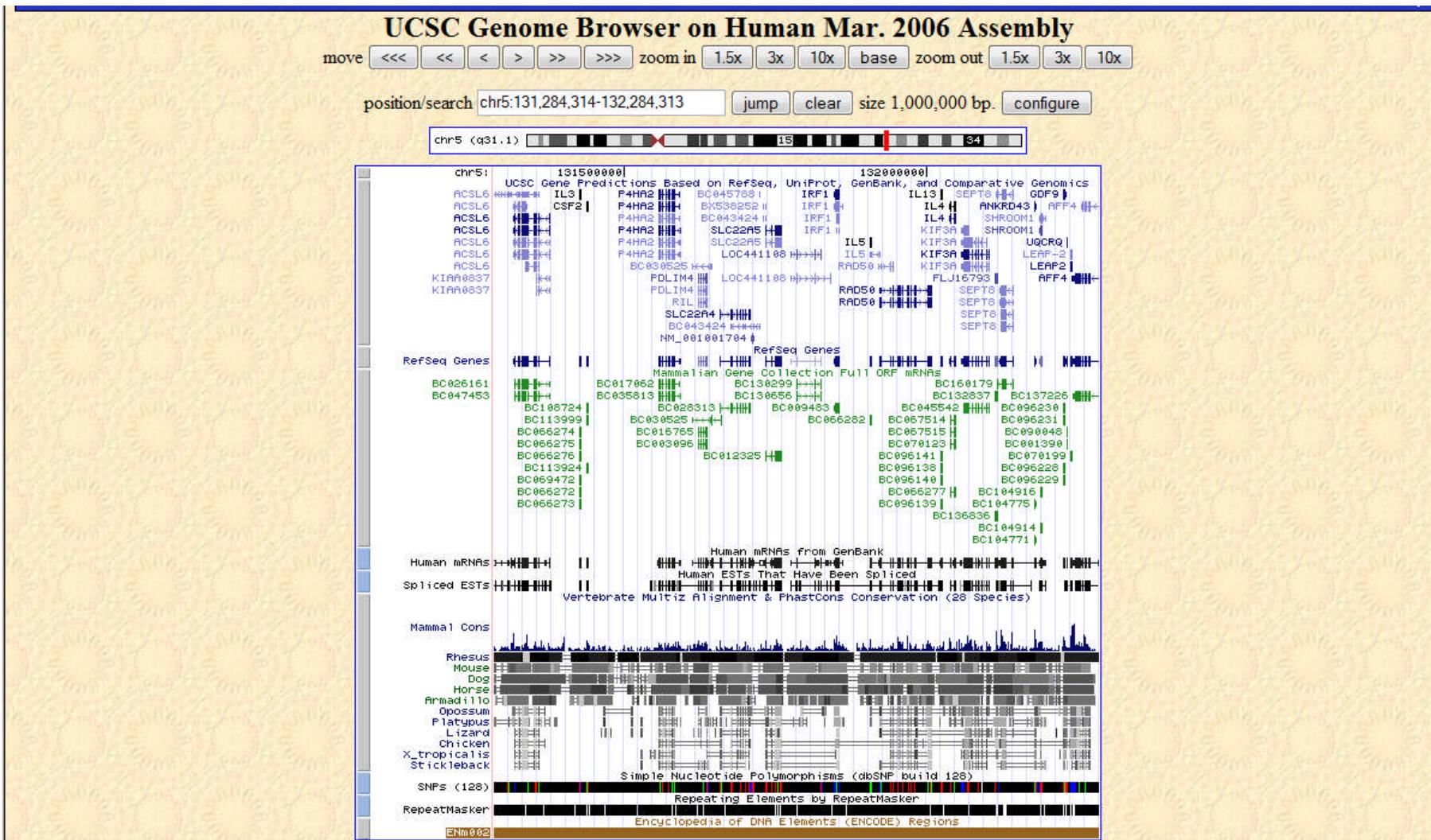
Chromatin Structure



DNA



Human Genome Matching



Why?

- ◆ Wrong data model
 - ◆ Remote sensing guys want arrays
 - ◆ Which are horribly inefficient and usually very unnatural to simulate on top of tables

Why?

- ◆ Wrong operations
 - ◆ Consider two satellite imagery data sets, one with 50m cells in lat-long and one with 75 meter cells in mercator
 - ◆ Need to regrid one to the other as a DBMS operation
 - ◆ Regrid needs to be built in

Why?

- ◆ Wrong features
 - ◆ Need provenance (i.e. ability to tell how a data element was derived)
 - ◆ Requires a log of all operations and some provenance-oriented operations
 - ◆ And repeatability (i.e. rederive the scientific calculation if necessary)
 - ◆ Requires no-overwrite storage and time-travel

Net Result

- ◆ Science does not use RDBMS (for anything other than metadata)
- ◆ Crying need not being met by current systems!
- ◆ A PAFS effort by TPC could change all this!!

Same Story

- ◆ In RDF
- ◆ In Web 2.0 companies
- ◆ In real-time data manipulation
- ◆ In Map-Reduce style computing

So What is the Best Route Forward?

- ◆ Best benchmarks are written by one person (e.g. debit-credit)
 - ◆ Typically in small numbers of days
 - ◆ And reviewed by the community in small numbers of weeks
 - ◆ And adopted in months (not years or decades)

So What is the Best Route Forward?

- ◆ There are **lots** of academic benchmarks that fit this model and have gained traction, e.g.
 - ◆ Linear road (streaming data)
 - ◆ MR benchmark (MR vs DBMS)
 - ◆ Madden/Abadi RDF benchmark

So What is the Best Route Forward?

- ◆ Troll the research world for such things

So What is the Best Route Forward?

- ◆ Involve research community in your activities
 - ◆ But nobody will do so with your current heavyweight process
 - ◆ you will have to violently streamline

So What is the Best Route Forward?

- ◆ Switch from a vendor-focus to a user-focus
 - ◆ Only way to get PA in PAFS

I.e. It is Time for TPC to Reinvent Itself

- ◆ Mantra has to be PAFS
- ◆ Streamline process
- ◆ Involve research community
- ◆ New charter!
- ◆ Everybody should do this once a decade – you are a decade late

Otherwise

- ◆ TPC will become a legacy world only relevant in some traditional business data processing areas
- ◆ i.e. you will walk into the sunset of irrelevance